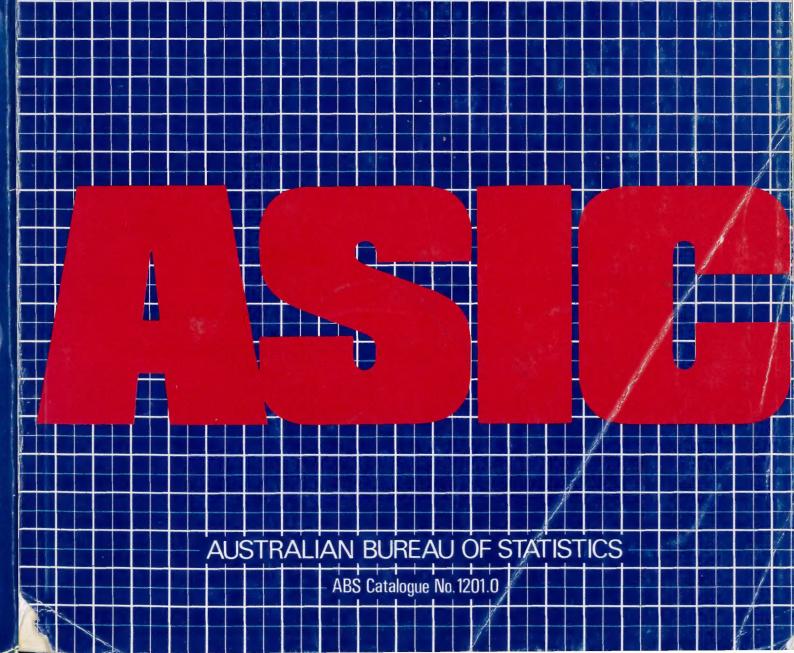


AUSTRALIAN STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION

Volume 1: The Classification

1983



1983 Edition

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Australian Statistician

Volume 1: The Classification

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VOLUME 2 - ALPHABETIC INDEX OF PRIMARY ACTIVITIES

Preface

Alphabetic Index of Primary Activities

PREFACE

This 1983 edition of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) has been prepared by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) for use in the collection, compilation and publication of its statistics. The ABS encourages other organisations to use this Classification in their own statistical work in order to improve the comparability and usefulness of statistics generally.

This edition of the Classification updates the 1978 edition of ASIC with regard to industries in Division G, Transport and storage and the units concepts and rules set out in Chapter 3. In preparing the updated edition the ABS has carried out an extensive review of the transport industries, involving a substantial programme of empirical investigation and analytical work.

Work is now proceeding on a review of the other industries in the Classification and any submissions or suggestions for revisions would be welcomed. On current plans the next edition of the ASIC is expected to be issued in 1989.

The introductory Chapter 1 provides a summary description of the Classification and also contains a key which outlines the main differences between the 1978 and the 1983 editions of the ASIC. A fuller understanding of the Classification may be gained by reading the more detailed material provided in Chapters 2 to 6. Any inquiries about the Classification should be addressed to the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra.

R. J. Cameron AUSTRALIAN STATISTICIAN

December 1984

ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations used in the Classification are:

n.e.c. - not elsewhere classified

mfg - manufacturing

CHAPTER 1 : SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASSIFICATION

The purpose of this Chapter is to provide a relatively brief description of the Classification. It summarises the material contained in the more detailed chapters and presents that material in the form of condensed versions of those chapters.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 2: NATURE, PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES OF THE CLASSIFICATION

Nature of the Classification (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 1-11)

- 2. The Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) has been designed primarily as a system for classifying establishments, e.g. individual mines, factories, shops, etc., by industry. An 'industry' i.e. an individual class or group, etc., in the ASIC, consists of the establishments which have been classified to it.
- 3. The ASIC may also be used for classifying other statistical units such as enterprises.
- 4. The structure of the ASIC comprises four levels, namely Divisions (the broadest level), Subdivisions, Groups and Classes.
- 5. Each ASIC class is defined in terms of a specified range of activities, designated as primary to it. Similarly, each group is defined in terms of the activities designated as primary to the classes within that group, and so on. An establishment which is mainly engaged in activities which have been designated as primary to a particular class is classified to that class, whether or not the establishment is also engaged in other, i.e. 'secondary', activities.
- 6. Normally, an activity is designated as primary to only one class, but in the case of what are called 'overlapping' classes, certain individual activities are designated as primary to more than one class. For example, Classes 0181 and 0185 have been set up to provide, respectively, for farms mainly engaged in growing cereal grains, oilseeds and dry field peas and beans on the one hand, and in raising sheep on the other, with a third Class (0182) to provide for farms mainly engaged in undertaking specified combinations of sheep grazing and cereal grain growing activities.
- 7. There is an important distinction between an industrial classification, such as the ASIC, and a commodity classification, such as the Customs Co-operation Council's Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Customs Tariffs. As an illustration of this distinction, abrasive coated papers and plastic film sheeting, considered as commodities, might be regarded as having few attributes in common, and it might be considered inappropriate to bring them together in one category in a commodity classification. However, if

the activity of producing abrasive coated papers and the activity of producing plastic film sheeting were commonly carried on together at the one establishment, the two activities would be designated as primary to the one industry in an industrial classification, despite the dissimilarity of the articles produced by the respective activities.

- 8. However, the observations in the preceding paragraph do not apply to, so called, industrial origin commodity classifications. In an industrial origin commodity classification, commodities are grouped according to the industries in which they typically originate, i.e. the industries to which the activities of producing the commodities are designated as primary. Thus the broad structure of an industrial origin commodity classification consists of industry of origin headings, and detailed commodity items are shown under each industry of origin heading to cover the types of commodities which typically originate in that industry. Leaving aside the problem of treating commodities which are subject to overlaps between industries, each individual commodity item in an industrial origin commodity classification is usually shown only under one industry heading.
- 9. In practice, of course, a proportion of some commodities is produced by industries to which their production is not primary. This is shown in tabulations of commodity data by industry of production, i.e. industry of the producing unit. However, such tabulations should not be confused with tabulations of the same commodity data by industry of origin (in accordance with a particular industrial origin commodity classification). These show the commodity data according to the industries to which their production is primary (not according to the industries in which their production actually took place).
- 10. Examples of industrial origin commodity classifications are the Australian Standard Commodity Classification (ASCC), issued by the ABS to facilitate the compilation of comparable Australian commodity statistics of imports, exports and domestic production, the draft Combined Trade/Production Goods Classification of the United Nations Statistical Office, and the Common Nomenclature of Industrial Products (NIPRO), issued by the Statistical Office of the European Communities.

Purposes of the Classification (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 12-15)

11. The main purpose of the ASIC is to provide a standard framework for classifying establishments and other statistical units by industry in official statistics. It has been developed as part of an integrated statistical system, which provides for each individual establishment

Chapter 1: Summary Description of the Classification

(or other statistical unit) to be classified to the same industry in all statistical compilations in which it is included. In particular, the ASIC is used in economic censuses and surveys, population censuses and surveys, and in other statistics (national accounts, etc.) derived from the basic statistics.

- 12. Data classified according to the ASIC can generally be converted to conform essentially with the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC).
- 13. The ASIC can also be adopted by authorities and organisations outside the official statistical service for their own purposes.

Principles Underlying the Construction of the Classification (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 16-29)

Principles Underlying the Definition of Classes (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 16-24)

- 14. The basic principle underlying ASIC classes is that they should reflect as realistically as possible the way in which activities are actually organised within establishments.
- 15. Supporting this principle is the principle that classes should be devised in such a way that:
 - (a) a high proportion of the total output of the establishments of which each class is composed should be output of activities which are primary to that class (i.e. the class should have a high 'specialisation ratio');
 - (b) a high proportion of the total output of the activities which are primary to each class should be produced by establishments which are classified to that class (i.e. the class should have a high 'coverage ratio').
- 16. Other general principles are as follows:
 - (a) the individual classes of the ASIC should represent industries which are important (e.g. in terms of size or user interest);
 - (b) where practicable, classes should be devised so that the activities designated as primary to a class are restricted to activities which are engaged in by a high proportion of the establishments making up that class. The aim of this principle is to provide as many detailed

classes as is practicable (consistent with the other principles), to meet the needs of users of detailed industry statistics;

(c) comparability with ISIC.

Principles Underlying the Definition of the Broader Levels (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 25-29)

- 17. Many of the principles adopted in devising the class level are also relevant to the broader levels. Certain additional principles have been taken into account in devising the broad levels of the ASIC, as outlined below.
- 18. At the division level the main purpose is to provide a limited number of categories which will provide a broad overall picture of the economy, and hence be suitable for summary tables in official statistical publications. The subdivision level of the ASIC has been devised specifically to serve two purposes: firstly to provide a means of co-ordinating publication practices in current statistics and, secondly, to provide for somewhat more detailed categories, for use in summary tables.

Comparability with ISIC (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 30-33)

19. The structure of the ISIC, and the criteria used in constructing the ISIC, have been followed to the extent that this could be done without conflicting with the principles mentioned above.

Relationship with Other Sector Classifications (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 34-44)

- 20. The classification of statistical units on the basis of their industry is only one of many ways in which it may be useful to analyse the structure of an economy for different purposes. Thus there are commonly used divisions of the economy into sectors which introduce other criteria, such as ownership (as in the case of the simple dichotomy between the 'public sector' and the 'private sector' or more elaborate institutional classifications such as those employed in national accounting presentations).
- 21. A useful context in which to relate industry classifications to other international and Australian standard classifications of statistical units is a description of the structure of sectors underlying the design of the United Nations System of National Accounts (SNA). Australia accepts the system in principle and

^{1.} United Nations, Statistical Office, Studies in Methods Series F, No 2, Rev 3, New York 1968.

is following it in practice to the extent appropriate to current Australian circumstances and needs.

- 22. The SNA embraces and relates a number of classifications of statistical units in addition to industry classification. Two kinds of broad sectors are basic to the system. One divides the economy into functional sectors classifying transactors according to the fashion in which they participate in the production and use of goods and services. The units classified are establishment-type producing units which are the most appropriate transactor units for which to record transactions in the production, consumption expenditure, and capital formation accounts. The other is an institutional sector classification of enterprise-type units which own establishments and are the appropriate transactors for which to record transactions in the income and outlay, and capital finance accounts.
- 23. These two ways of classifying the economy's establishments and enterprises into broad sectors and their relationships to ASIC are illustrated in the diagram near the end of Chapter 2. The classification of establishment-type (PRODUCING) units by function has, so far, not been used in the Australian National Accounts (ANA), which does, however, classify enterprise-type (OWNING AND FINANCING) units according to an SNA based institutional sector classification. This classification has recently been reviewed and issued by the ABS as the 'Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia' (SISCA) for use in a variety of statistical applications.

Supplementary Classifications (Chapter 2, Paragraphs 45-47)

24. In certain fields of statistics it is appropriate to utilise special purpose classifications in conjunction with the ASIC. This is done either to provide more detailed dissections of statistical data than is usual in a general purpose standard industrial classification or to dissect the data in accordance with criteria not used or appropriate in an industrial classification.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 3 : THE UNITS BEING CLASSIFIED

Introduction (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2)

25. This chapter refers to the types of units encountered in statistical work generally, provides a broad overview of those types of units which are classified by industry and defines, in some detail, the most important of them, i.e. those classes of transactor units which are classifiable by industry and used in the ABS system of integrated economic statistics, viz the location, establishment, ancillary unit, legal entity, enterprise and enterprise group.

- 26. With regard to the transactor units defined in this chapter it is noted that:
 - (a) their definitions were current at mid 1984 and have been extracted from the more detailed ABS units standards document 'Integrated Economic Statistics, Standards for Statistical Units', and
 - (b) some of their definitions (unlike industry definitions which remain constant during the currency of an ASIC edition) may have changed since then, i.e. mid 1984.

Units in General (Chapter 3, Paragraph 3)

27. The term 'units' is used widely in statistical work and refers, in general, to entities from or about which statistics are collected or in respect of which statistics are compiled, tabulated or published. They include, among others, individual organisations, persons, things and events.

Units Classifiable by Industry (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 4-8)

- 28. The units which are classifiable by industry divide into two conceptually distinct categories:
 - (a) directly classifiable units, i.e. those which have an inherent attribute which can be used to classify them directly to industry in their own right, and
 - (b) indirectly classifiable units, i.e. those units which can only be classified to industry indirectly by unique association with a directly classifiable unit.
- 29. Directly classifiable units include all those transactor units which have the attribute of undertaking goods and/or service producing activity which enables them to be classified directly to industry on the basis of that attribute, i.e. according to their major kind of productive activity. The transactor units involved are those listed in paragraph 25 above even though some of them are classified to industry for practical reasons in a manner analogous to indirectly classifiable units. (Other directly classifiable units are all those commodities which are, in the process of constructing industrial origin commodity classifications such as the ASCC, classified by industry of origin, e.g. commodities imported, exported and produced locally.)
- 30. Indirectly classifiable units include, among others,
- employed persons classifiable, for example, according to the industry of the establishment at which they work,

- . commodities (such as individual items of capital equipment) classifiable, for example, according to the industry of the using transactor unit, and
- . events (such as industrial disputes) classifiable according to the industry of the transactor unit at which they occur.

The Transactor Units in Integrated Economic Statistics (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 9 and 10)

31. The different classes of directly classifiable transactor units in the ABS system of integrated economic statistics, mentioned in paragraph 29 above, are the key units being classified by industry and are linked to each other in a hierarchic manner as shown in the diagram in Chapter 3. A units model based on such a diagram provides the standard framework for the systematic recording on the ABS's Integrated Register of all identified Australian resident enterprise groups, enterprises, legal entities, establishments, ancillary units, and locations needed for the conduct by the ABS of its integrated economic censuses and surveys.

General Objectives for Defining Transactor Units in Integrated Economic Statistics (Chapter 3, Paragraph 11)

- 32. In general the objectives are to define units:
 - (a) which conform, as far as possible, with relevant international standards recommended by the United Nations Statistical Office,
 - (b) which fit the needs of the ABS framework of integrated economic statistics for horizontal and vertical integration,
 - (c) which conform, as closely as possible, with actual units in the economy, and
 - (d) about which the required statistical information is generally available.

The Location (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 12-21)

33. A location is defined as a single, unbroken physical area, occupied by an enterprise, at which, or from which, the enterprise is engaged in productive activity on a relatively permanent basis, or at which the enterprise is undertaking capital expenditure with the intention of commencing productive activity on a relatively permanent basis at some time in the future (a location not yet in operation).

34. Locations are the fundamental units of which establishments and ancillary units are composed.

The Establishment (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 22-47)

- 35. The following three operational establishment definitions are used in the Australian system of integrated economic statistics:
 - (a) the establishment is a Single Location (SL) unit, i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from a single location,
 - (b) the establishment is an Enterprise/State/Industry (ESI) unit, i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from all of its locations in a State/Territory predominantly engaged in activities primary to a given industry, and
 - (c) the establishment is an Enterprise/Industry (EI) unit, i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from all of its locations in Australia predominantly engaged in activities primary to a given industry.
- 36. In general, only one of these definitions is relevant to establishments in a particular ASIC industry, although there are variations within some industries between the definition of public sector and private sector establishments. The definitions applicable to each industry are specified in paragraph 35 of Chapter 3.
- 37. From an industry classification point of view establishments, amongst all the classes of transactor units, are the most important, both in terms of
- usage (as the most appropriate type of producing unit and, hence, the principal statistical unit used in the compilation of detailed 'structural' statistics on production classified by such characteristics as industry, size of establishment and geographic location) and
- . their influence on the way industries are defined in the ASIC.
- 38. Although the establishment definitions listed above can be applied in the majority of cases to delimit practical, realistically based and statistically appropriate establishments there are, nevertheless, certain circumstances in which it is necessary to vary these definitions. Thus, in prescribed circumstances where data are not available from respondents to enable establishments to be defined as single location units (in cases where the SL establishment definition

Chapter 1: Summary Description of the Classification

applies) rules have been devised to permit locations to be combined. Similarly, in prescribed circumstances, rules have been devised to allow establishments, which are substantially engaged in activities primary to two or more industries, to be split into two or more establishments in the interests of improving industry coverage and specialisation ratios. These rules for combining and splitting locations are specified in paragraphs 37 to 47 of Chapter 3.

The Ancillary Unit (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 48-63)

39. An ancillary unit is defined, in general, as a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from a single location where those operations are mainly the provision of services to other locations of the same enterprise. Included also are administrative offices, even though many of them have controlling functions in addition to supportive service functions, and public sector own account construction locations - see paragraph 59 of Chapter 3. However, certain types of potential ancillary units are treated as establishments, e.g. captive ship, aircraft and railway repair workshops - see paragraph 62 of Chapter 3.

The Legal Entity (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 64-68)

- 40. For statistical purposes, a legal entity is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of an entity possessing some or all of the rights and obligations of individual persons or corporations or which behaves as such, at least in respect of those matters of concern for economic statistics (i.e. an entity which covers all production and/or capital accumulation undertaken or owned in common or jointly).
- 41. Legal entities are the fundamental units of which enterprises are composed and, for statistical purposes, include, among others, individual corporate entities, sole proprietorships, partnerships, joint ventures (except mineral exploration joint ventures), trusts (set up by a trust deed), statutory entities and government departmental entities.

The Enterprise (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 69-78)

42. In general, an enterprise is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of a single operating legal entity. In applying this definition for the purpose of delimiting enterprises circumstances arise in which certain types of non operating legal entities are merged with related operating legal entities and in which certain types of operating legal entities are split - these are specified in Chapter 3.

The Enterprise Group (Chapter 3, Paragraphs 79-84)

43. An enterprise group is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of a group of companies which are related in terms of the uniform Companies Acts. All other enterprises are, in general, treated as single enterprise, enterprise groups. This definition is a narrow interpretation of the general concept, which is generally expressed as a group of legal entities under common ownership or control.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 4: ASSESSMENT AND APPLICATION OF THE CLASSIFICATION

Standards for Recognising Classes (Chapter 4, Paragraphs 1-22)

- 44. In devising the classes of the ASIC the aim has been to have classes relate to groups of establishments mainly engaged in the same or similar kinds of activity and which represent realistic and recognisable segments of Australian industry, i.e. industry classes should meet quantitative standards relating to homogeneity of output (in terms of minimum acceptable specialisation and coverage ratios) and importance (e.g. in terms of size and user interest).
- 45. Subject to certain conditions, specified in paragraphs 16 and 17 of Chapter 4, the minimum level of specialisation and coverage for an ASIC class is generally 70 per cent.
- 46. In general, an industry class is accepted in the ASIC if it meets at least two of the three standards for recognising classes and there is some demand for separate industry statistics for that class.
- 47. For industries in the ASIC for which estimates of coverage and specialisation ratios could be prepared and for which data on their size were available, the minimum requirements for recognising them as separate industries were met in the great majority of cases. As a result of ASIC reviews to date it is estimated that industry coverage and specialisation ratios have generally been improved and that the minimum requirements for recognising industries are now being met in almost all instances (where estimation has been possible) and, indeed, are being decidedly exceeded in the vast majority of cases.

Principles for Classifying Units (Chapter 4, Paragraphs 23-51)

- 48. There are three basic principles for classifying establishments to the cells of the ASIC:
 - (a) At each level (i.e. division, subdivision, group or class) an establishment can be classified to only one cell (e.g. a particular division).

Chapter 1: Summary Description of the Classification

- (b) The division, subdivision, group and/or class to which an establishment is classified must be related by aggregation or disaggregation.
- (c) Each establishment is to be classified to cells according to its major activity.
- 49. The types of information available for use in classifying establishments are as follows:
 - (a) The respondent's own description of the activities of the establishment and his evaluation of the relative importance of the activities of the establishment.
 - (b) Quantitative information (e.g. value data), relating to the kinds of goods produced or handled or the kinds of services provided, from which the relative importance of individual activities can be deduced.
- 50. Each of these types of information has some advantages and disadvantages. In the case of the respondent's own assessment, whilst he will undoubtedly have a more intimate knowledge of his business than the ABS could attain, it is inevitable that different respondents will have different criteria in mind in assessing importance, and the weight which they give to each activity will differ from respondent to respondent. In classifying on the basis of quantitative data it is possible to avoid such inconsistencies in approach.
- 51. The choice between various types of quantitative data depends largely on the practical question of what information is available for individual activities within all (or most) establishments in a particular collection. Generally, this consideration has led to the adoption of value of gross receipts as the measure for assessing the major activity of establishments in the integrated economic censuses. However, value added has also been adopted in certain circumstances in determining the major division of establishments. In other collections other measures or respondent's description may need to be used.
- 52. In classifying economic units there are basically two alternative methods:
 - (a) Classification to a cell at the broadest level of the Classification in the first instance and subsequently to cells at successively lower levels (e.g. classification to a division of the ASIC, then to a subdivision within the division, and so on until the establishment is finally classified to a class). For convenience this method is referred to as the 'step-by-step' method.

- (b) Classification directly to a cell at the lowest level of the Classification (e.g. direct to a class of the ASIC).
- 53. The step-by-step method of classification has been generally adopted for use in the ASIC, especially where quantitative measures are used to assess major activity.
- 54. However, somewhat different methods are applicable in certain defined cases. For example, establishments of licensed clubs are classified in accordance with the special conditions specified in the relevant class definitions, and locations not yet in operation which are determined to be establishments are to be classified according to their intended main activity, as reported by respondents.
- 55. Administrative offices and ancillary units are assigned a 'reflected' industry code, generally corresponding to the industry which represents the predominant industry of the establishments administered or served by the ancillary unit.
- 56. Enterprises and enterprise groups are assigned a 'reflected' industry code, corresponding to the industry which represents the predominant industry of the establishments owned and operated by the enterprise or enterprise group. The method used in classifying enterprises and enterprise groups should involve the following:
 - (a) Weighting each establishment (in the enterprise or enterprise group as the case may be) by the establishment's total value added or some substitute weight such as total employment.
 - (b) Application of the step-by-step method of classification to determine the predominant industry of the establishments owned and operated.
- 57. The method described above has not, however, been judged to be appropriate to certain kinds of enterprises in the public sector. In view of this, enterprise type units have been divided into two categories as follows:

CATEGORY I : PUBLIC SECTOR GENERAL GOVERNMENT ENTERPRISES,
which:

(a) in respect of each of the three tiers of government (i.e. federal, state, local) have a significant legislative function, e.g. the Houses of Parliament of the Commonwealth and the States, and Local Government Authorities (including enterprise type units, such as Parliamentary Departments, which provide supporting office services to the legislative enterprise type units),

Chapter 1 : Summary Description of the Classification

- (b) in respect of the Commonwealth and the individual States, have significant functions in the fields of taxation and financial management (except banking), and
- (c) in respect of the Commonwealth, have significant functions concerning defence, and foreign policy formulation and representation.

CATEGORY II : ALL OTHER ENTERPRISES

58. All CATEGORY I enterprises are to be classified as a convention, to the appropriate industries in Division J, Public administration and defence, whereas all CATEGORY II enterprises are to be classified in accordance with the general method of classifying enterprises and enterprise groups described above.

Use of ASIC in Publication of Statistics (Chapter 4, Paragraphs 52-57)

- 59. In both population and economic censuses it is recommended that the full detail of the ASIC be used in publication of detailed statistics.
- 60. In some other types of statistics, however, it is not practicable or necessary to classify data by industry in the full detail of the ASIC. To meet this situation, in general, the following rule should be applied in publishing statistical series which are classified by industry. This is that any industry category for which separate particulars are published in any statistical table should be one of the following:
 - (a) a division, subdivision, group or class of ASIC;
 - (b) a combination of subdivisions within the one division of ASIC;
 - (c) a combination of groups within the one subdivision of ASIC;
 - (d) a combination of classes within the one group of ASIC.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 5: TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES

61. The purpose of this Chapter is to explain the treatment of certain categories of activities and to provide guidelines on how these activities should be treated in the Classification in situations where they have not been specifically mentioned in class definitions.

Repair and Maintenance Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 3-13)

- 62. The circumstances where repair activities are carried out by an enterprise on its own equipment are discussed in that part of Chapter 3 dealing with the treatment of ancillary units. Thus the repair by an enterprise of its own motor vehicles falls within ancillary activity category (v) and of other types of equipment can fall within ancillary activity category (vii). Accordingly, locations mainly engaged in repair activities are in certain circumstances treated as ancillary units, and classified accordingly.
- 63. The following discussion is therefore concerned only with the treatment of establishments which are mainly engaged in repair activities.
- 64. There are, in principle, two ways of providing for the classification of such establishments. Firstly, a separate class might be provided for a particular kind of repair activity. Secondly, a particular kind of repair activity might be specified as primary to a class which also covers other activities.
- 65. The first treatment, i.e. of creating a separate industry class for a particular kind of repair activity, has been adopted in only three instances. These classes are all located in Subdivision 48 Retail trade and are as follows:

4846 Shoe repairers

4757 Electric appliance repairers n.e.c.

4865 Smash repairers

- 66. The second treatment, i.e. of assigning a particular type of repair activity as primary to a class which covers other activities, has been adopted for all other types of repair activity.
- 67. In the detailed Classification the treatment of individual repair activities has been specified in the class definitions as far as possible, and establishments mainly engaged in any one of such repair activities are to be classified to the class which includes this repair activity as a primary activity.
- 68. Where an establishment is found to be engaged in a repair or maintenance activity which has not been explicitly specified in a class definition in the ASIC and which is significant enough to influence the determination of the establishment's industry, advice should be sought as to the industry class which covers the particular repair activity as a primary activity, by contacting the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra, before the establishment is classified.

Installation Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 14-25)

- 69. Because of the vague meaning of the term 'installation', no attempt has been made in the Classification to rigorously use the term to describe a particular category of activities as distinct from some other category of similar activities. Instead the term has been used in the Classification to describe activities which are commonly referred to as installation. Where another term such as erection, assembly or fixing, appeared more appropriate, in terms of general usage, for describing an installation type activity, that other term was generally adopted.
- 70. Unlike repair activities, installation and similar activities are not usually considered part of any ancillary activity category. Thus, a location which is mainly engaged in installation activities is not usually treated as an ancillary unit.
- 71. Apart from this difference the treatment of installation and similar activities is based on the same principles as is the treatment of repair or, for that matter, of all other activities.
- 72. Establishments mainly engaged in a specific installation activity (i.e. installation of a specific type of equipment) have been recognised as a separate class in the ASIC, provided the standards for recognising separate classes were met. In general, where this was done, the class is located in Subdivision 42 Special trade construction.
- 73. In all other cases, specific installation activities have been assigned as primary activities of classes covering other kinds of activity, i.e. activities with which those installation activities are commonly associated at establishments.
- 74. However, it has not been practicable to specify all installation type activities in ASIC class definitions. Accordingly, where an establishment is found to be engaged in an installation type activity which has not been explicitly specified in a class definition and which is significant enough to influence the determination of the establishment's industry, advice should be sought as to the industry class which covers the particular installation type activity as a primary activity, by contacting the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra, before the establishment is classified.

Leasing Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 26-29)

75. Broadly speaking, a leasing, hiring or renting activity may involve provision of services such as real estate operation, short-term hire of plant and equipment, or car hire; it may represent a substitute for selling, e.g. by manufacturers or wholesalers of

plant and equipment, or by retailers of domestic appliances; it may involve provision of financial services, i.e. when an establishment engages in leasing of industrial machinery or equipment purely on a financial service basis without taking physical possession of the goods; or it may be closely linked with the operation of the equipment which is leased or hired, e.g. when equipment is hired out with operators provided.

- 76. In general, distinctions between the different kinds of activities which leasing, hiring or renting activity may represent have been based on the type of plant or equipment leased; the term of the lease (e.g. one year or more); whether equipment is leased (or hired) with or without operators; and whether the establishment engaged in leasing takes physical possession of the goods.
- 77. Leasing, hiring or renting activities have been specified in ASIC class definitions as far as practicable. In addition, a comprehensive listing of the various categories of leasing, renting and hiring activities together with guidelines for their treatment in the Classification is provided in paragraph 29 of Chapter 5.

Packing Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 30-38)

- 78. In general, activities which involve physical transformation in materials or goods, including blending and assembly, are regarded as manufacturing activities. However, the mere breaking down of bulk quantities and consequent packing or bottling are generally regarded as service type activities, if performed on a contract, fee or similar basis.
- 79. In the treatment of packing activities a distinction needs to be drawn between:
 - (a) packing services provided on a contract or fee basis for establishments of other enterprises,
 - (b) packing services provided for other establishments of the same enterprise, and
 - (c) captive packing activities undertaken by the establishment as part of its normal process of producing or distributing goods.
- 80. Packing, bottling, filling, canning and similar activities of type (a) and (b) above are referred to in this Classification as CONTRACT PACKING activities. Packing, bottling, filling, canning and similar activities of type (c) above are referred to in this Classification as CAPTIVE PACKING activities.

Chapter 1: Summary Description of the Classification

- 81. Establishments which undertake captive packing activities are generally to be classified, like all other establishments, in accordance with their main revenue earning activity, irrespective of whether the goods produced or services rendered involve some captive packing. However, some situations do exist in which it is not immediately obvious how establishments which seem to do little else than pack goods should be classified. Such situations, together with the appropriate classification treatments applicable to them, are described in some detail in paragraph 34 of Chapter 5.
- 82. The treatment of contract packing activities in the ASIC is broadly as follows:

GOODS ORIGINATING IN SUBDIVISION 01: AGRICULTURE

- (a) Contract packing of fresh fruit and vegetables is primary to Class 4764 Fruit and vegetable wholesalers.
- (b) Contract packing of sun dried fruit is primary to Class 4769 Grocery wholesalers n.e.c.
- (c) Contract packing of other agricultural produce, e.g. hay baling, is generally primary to Class 0206 Services to agriculture n.e.c.

GOODS ORIGINATING IN SUBDIVISION 21: FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO

Most of the common contract packing activities are specified in the class definitions of classes in Subdivisions 21 Food, beverages and tobacco and 47 Wholesale trade. Where the contract packing of a food, beverage or tobacco commodity has not been specified the intention is that the contract packing activity be treated as primary to the industry class in Subdivision 21 which includes, as a primary activity, the manufacture of the commodity.

PACKING OR CRATING GOODS FOR TRANSPORT

This activity is included as a primary activity in Class 5744 Other services to transport n.e.c.

OTHER CONTRACT PACKING

The contract packing of goods (except agricultural produce or food, beverages or tobacco or goods packed for transport) is primary to Class 6388 Contract packing services n.e.c.

Contract Work (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 39-45)

- 83. Generally there is no special difficulty in classifying establishments which produce goods or services on a contract, commission or fee basis for others.
- 84. However, difficulties have been encountered in certain circumstances in classifying establishments (i.e. in determining their major activity) which have goods and/or services produced for them on a contract, commission, or fee basis and where such goods and/or services are included in the final output of such 'client establishments'.
- 85. In classifying establishments of this type the following guidelines apply.
- 86. Sales of goods produced for a 'client establishment' on a contract, commission or fee basis should normally be treated (for industry classification purposes) as sales of goods produced by the client establishment in the following conditions:
 - (a) the contractor operates (i.e. has been engaged to operate) production facilities which the client establishment possesses on its premises,
 - (b) the client establishment itself produces goods and the goods produced for it on commission are of a similar type, or are goods produced from raw materials produced by the client establishment (provided the production of the raw materials is primary to the same ASIC division as the goods produced on commission from them), or
 - (c) the goods produced for the client establishment on contract are construction goods, i.e. houses, other buildings or other structures, and the client establishment actively organises or manages the construction projects.
- 87. If conditions (a), (b) or (c) do not apply \underline{OR} if the goods are merely produced for the client establishment on the basis of a contract purchase, the sale of such goods by the client establishment should be treated (for industry classification purposes) as wholesale or retail sales.

Own Account Construction Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 46-48)

88. For the purposes of the ASIC, own account construction means construction other than contract or speculative construction by an enterprise or private household.

Chapter 1: Summary Description of the Classification

89. The industries in the ASIC do not distinguish between own account and contract construction activities and the industry classes in Division E Construction include both, i.e. PRIVATE SECTOR construction establishments mainly engaged in undertaking contract as well as own account construction activities. In the case of PUBLIC SECTOR units, own account construction is treated as an ancillary activity and classified accordingly.

Operation of Display Centres/Homes (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 49-50)

90. The statistical treatment of display centres is in accordance with the following guidelines:

DISPLAY CENTRES LOCATED AT AN EXISTING ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ENTERPRISE

Such display centres do not form a separate statistical unit and are therefore treated as part of the establishment at which they are located.

SEPARATELY LOCATED DISPLAY CENTRES

A decision needs to be made in the first instance, in accordance with rules for recognising statistical units, whether a display centre qualifies for treatment as a separate statistical unit and, if it does, whether it is an establishment or an ancillary unit (see Chapter 3). If a display centre does not qualify for treatment as a statistical unit (e.g. employees of the enterprise operating the display centre are based at some other location of the enterprise and the display centre is intended to be in existence for only a relatively short period) the display centre is treated as part of the assets of the establishment or ancillary unit which operates the display centre.

Operation of Separately Located Off-Site Workshops (Chapter 5, Paragraph 51)

- 91. Some construction enterprises operate separately located workshops or factories (e.g. motor truck repair workshops or factories manufacturing building components such as roof trusses). For statistical purposes their treatment is as follows:
 - If, in accordance with the rules for combining locations, an off-site workshop is not merged with another location (or unit) of the enterprise, the off-site workshop will be treated either as an establishment or as an ancillary unit and classified accordingly.

Other Matters Concerning the Specification of Activities (Chapter 5, Paragraphs 52-55)

92. The primary activities specified in class definitions (i.e. the industry class descriptions and lists of primary activities) refer, in general, to direct revenue earning activities rather than captive activities. Where it is intended that captive activities form part of the industry specification, reference is specifically made to the captive activities.

SUMMARY OF CHAPTER 6: THE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Basic Character of the Numbering System (Chapter 6, Paragraphs 1-4)

93. The numbering system adopted in the ASIC has been devised with the purpose of providing greater flexibility than a strict decimal four digit system would allow, whilst retaining the advantages of a decimal system as far as practicable, i.e. within each division. There are 13 divisions in the ASIC, each identified by an alphabetic character, 50 subdivisions, each identified by a two digit numeric code, 129 groups, each identified by a three digit numeric code and 466 classes, each identified by a four digit numeric code.

Changes to Code Numbers (Chapter 6, Paragraphs 5 and 6)

94. New code numbers have been allocated to the industries in ASIC Division G, Transport and storage, as that was the only part of the classification substantially revised in the preparation of this edition. In addition, it has been necessary to change the industry codes for ASIC Division H, Communication.

Undefined Classes, Groups, etc (Chapter 6, Paragraphs 7-13)

95. The code number system also makes provision, largely for internal ABS processing purposes, for the use of so called undefined industries to enable units classifiable initially at, say, only the ASIC group level to be given an ASIC class code representing an industry which is co-extensive with the defined ASIC group to which the unit could be classified initially.

KEY BETWEEN THE 1983 AND 1978 EDITIONS OF ASIC

96. The 1983 edition of the ASIC incorporates a completely revised set of transport and storage industries but is in most other respects identical with the 1978 edition of the ASIC. The broad links between the 1983 and the 1978 edition ASIC Division G, Transport and storage, industries are shown in the table below. Other changes, consequent upon the revision of the transport and storage industries are as follows:

1978 EDITION

GROUP 043, FISHING. The classes in this 1983 edition ASIC group have gained the following activities from the 1978 edition ASIC classes indicated below:

- leasing of commercial fishing boats, not built by the establishment, without crew, from stocks physically held, for periods of one year or more, from Class 4867, Boat and caravan dealers, and
- leasing of commercial fishing boats, without crew, from stocks physically held, for periods less than one year, from Class 5306, Services to water transport n.e.c.

CLASS 3243, RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK AND LOCOMOTIVES. This 1983 edition ASIC class has gained the following activities from the 1978 edition ASIC classes indicated below:

- minor repair and maintenance of tramway rolling stock, from Class 5106, Bus and tramway transport, and
- minor repair and maintenance of railway rolling stock and locomotives, from Class 5200, Railway transport. (Class 3243 has previously included major repair only.)

CLASS 3244, AIRCRAFT. This 1983 edition ASIC class has gained the activity of minor aircraft repair and maintenance from 1978 edition ASIC Class 5403, Air passenger and freight transport.

SUBDIVISION 59, COMMUNICATION, GROUP 590, COMMUNICATION, CLASS 5900, COMMUNICATION. These had the codes 56, 560 and 5600 respectively in the 1978 edition of the ASIC but have remained otherwise unchanged.

BROAD LINKS BETWEEN 1983 AND 1978 EDITION DIVISION G, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE, INDUSTRIES

198	3 EDI	TION I	NDUSTRIES	ASIC CLASS REFERENCES
51	F11		ROAD TRANSPORT	
	511	E 1 1 1	ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT	
		5111	Long Distance Interstate Road Freight) Transport)	
		5112	Long Distance Intrastate Road Freight) Transport ()	5105
		5113	Short Distance Road Freight Transport)	
		5114	Road Freight Forwarding	5514 (p)
	512		ROAD PASSENGER TRANSPORT	
		5121	Long Distance Bus Transport)	
		5122	Short Distance Bus Transport (Incl.) Tramway)	5106 (a)
		5123	Taxi and Other Road Passenger Transport	5107

BROAD LINKS BETWEEN 1983 AND 1978 EDITION DIVISION G, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE, INDUSTRIES - contd

198	3 EDI	ITION I	NDUSTRIES		1978 EDITION ASIC CLASS REFERENCES
52			RAIL TRANSPORT		
	520	5000	RAIL TRANSPORT		F000 (I-)
F 3		5200	Rail Transport		5200 (b)
53	530		WATER TRANSPORT WATER TRANSPORT		
	530	5307	International Sea Transport)	
			Coastal Water Transport)	5304
		5309	Inland Water Transport)	J304
54		2303	AIR TRANSPORT	,	
-/ '	540		AIR TRANSPORT		
	,,,	5405)	
		5406)	5403 (c)
		5407	Non-scheduled Air Transport)	
55			OTHER TRANSPORT		
	550		OTHER TRANSPORT		
		5500	Other Transport		5513
57			SERVICES TO TRANSPORT		
	571		SERVICES TO ROAD TRANSPORT		
		5711	Motor Vehicle Hire)	
		5712)	5108
		5713)	
	572		SERVICES TO WATER TRANSPORT		
		5721	Stevedoring .		5305
		5722			5306 (p)
		5723			5514 (p)
		5724	Services to Water Transport n.e.c.		5306 (p)(d)
	573		SERVICES TO AIR TRANSPORT		
		5730	Services to Air Transport		5404
	574	ED / 4	OTHER SERVICES TO TRANSPORT	,	
		5741	Travel Agency Services)	CC1//-\
		5742	Freight Forwarding (Except Road))	5514(p)
		5743	Customs Agency Services)	
-0		5744	Other Services to Transport n.e.c.)	
58	E00		STORAGE STORAGE		
	580	5801			EE2/
			Grain Storage		5524 5525
		5802	Cold Storage Storage n.e.c.		5525 5526
		5803	Storage H.e.C.		2250

NOTES: (a) Includes minor repair and maintenance of tramway rolling stock, now in Class 3243 - see above. (b) Includes minor repair and maintenance of locomotives and railway rolling stock, now in Class 3243 - see above. (c) Includes minor repair and maintenance of aircraft, now in Class 3244 - see above. (d) Includes leasing of commercial fishing boats (without crew, from stocks physically held, for periods less than one year) now in Group 043 - see above. (p) Part of class.

NATURE OF THE CLASSIFICATION

In order to utilise effectively the great mass of statistical information that is collected in the various censuses and surveys of establishments or enterprises, which are conducted by the ABS, it is necessary first to organise that information into categories suitable for economic analysis. This can be done in a number of ways either by classifying individual items of data according to commodity or similar classifications, or by classifying the statistical units themselves, and all the data pertaining to those units, according to such characteristics as industry, size, geographical distribution, nature of ownership, and type of operation.

- 2. The Australian Standard Industrial Classification has been devised for the purpose of classifying statistical units by industry. It has been designed primarily as a system for classifying establishments (e.g. individual mines, factories, shops, etc.), although it may also be used for classifying other units such as enterprises. The concepts and definitions of the establishment and other statistical units are discussed in Chapter 3.
- 3. The structure of the ASIC comprises four levels. The broadest of these is the 'Division' level, which relates to wide categories such as 'Manufacturing', 'Wholesale and Retail Trade', or 'Community Services'. The detailed Classification, in Chapter 7, includes at the beginning of each division a statement indicating broadly the scope of that division. The divisions are subdivided into progressively narrower categories, namely 'Subdivisions', 'Groups', and 'Classes' each occupying a lower level in the hierarchic structure of the Classification.
- 4. The fundamental concept of this classification system is that an industry, that is an individual class, or group, etc., in the ASIC, is an entity composed of the establishments which have been classified to it (an industry may also include administrative offices and ancillary units²). In order to understand the use of the ASIC in official statistics, it is important to have a clear understanding of this concept, and of the way in which individual classes are defined, as well as of the definition of the establishment unit and the method of classifying establishments. Although some of these matters involve technical considerations which are fairly complex, they are discussed in some depth in this and the following chapters, in order to assist users of official statistics in their understanding of this classification system.

^{1.} The term 'statistical units' relates to establishments, enterprises, and other types of units about which statistics are collected and recorded in statistical systems.

^{2.} Administrative offices and ancillary units and the methods according to which they are classified are discussed in Chapter 3 and Chapter 4.

- Each of the broad levels of the ASIC is defined in terms of the categories at the next lower level, of which it is comprised. Thus definition of the broad levels ultimately depends on the definition of the individual classes. Each individual class is defined in terms of a specified range of activities, designated as primary to it. The notion of 'activities primary to a class' (which are sometimes referred to as the 'primary activities of the class') is a basic concept of the ASIC which is referred to repeatedly in what follows. The primary activities of a class are those which characterise that class, distinguishing it from other classes. An establishment which is mainly engaged in activities which have been designated as primary to a particular class is classified to that class, whether or not the establishment is also engaged in other activities. Each class, then, is composed of those establishments which are mainly engaged in activities primary to that class. Except in the case of 'overlapping' classes, explained below, each economic activity is designated as primary to only one class.
- 6. It is not uncommon for an individual establishment to engage in a range of activities wider than the range designated as primary to a particular class - for example a canning factory may engage both in fruit canning (designated as primary to Class 2131, Fruit products) and vegetable canning (designated as primary to Class 2132, Vegetable products). This gives rise to the notion of 'secondary activity', which relates to activities engaged in at the establishment which are primary to a class or classes other than the class to which the establishment is classified. (Thus, in the example, if the canning factory were mainly engaged in canning fruit, then the activity of canning vegetables would be a secondary activity of that establishment.) Some reference is made to secondary activities in various parts of the text of this document, but it should be noted that secondary activity of an establishment plays no part in the definition of the class to which the establishment is classified.
- Reference was made above to overlapping classes. The device of overlapping classes is employed in certain situations where combinations of particular activities are commonly engaged in by establishments, although one or other (or both) of the activities concerned is also commonly engaged in as a relatively specialised activity by other establishments. For example, in Australia there are considerable numbers of relatively specialised sheep farming establishments and relatively specialised cereal grain (e.g. wheat) farming establishments, but there are also many farming establishments at which sheep farming and cereal grain farming each account for a considerable proportion of the activities of the establishment. If all sheep farming were made primary to the sheep farming industry, and all cereal grain farming made primary to the cereal grain farming industry, the establishments engaged to a significant degree in both activities would have to be classified to one or other of those industries on the basis of their major activity. This would lead to considerable numbers of broadly

similar establishments being classified to different industries, and neither of the industries would be very homogeneous in terms of the activities of their component establishments. (Alternatively, if just one class were established, with sheep farming and cereal grain farming both designated as primary to it, useful information on the structure of specialised sheep farms and specialised cereal grain farms would be lost.) To meet this situation, an overlapping industry embracing establishments which engage in specified proportions of both sheep and cereal grain farming has been set up. Each of the three industries then comprises a more homogeneous group of establishments, and the three industries together reflect the organisation of these activities in the economy more adequately, than if there were only one or two industries. In technical terms what has been done here is to designate individual activities as primary to more than one class, the activity being considered primary to one class when it occurs in one defined set of circumstances, and primary to another class when it occurs in another defined set of circumstances.

- The meaning of the term 'industry' in the ASIC, as outlined in 8. paragraphs 4 and 5 in this Chapter, differs from meanings which this term is sometimes given. A fairly wide-spread usage of the term is to relate it to all the units engaged in producing a particular commodity. Thus it may be said that all factories engaged in manufacturing agricultural wheeled tractors are in the agricultural machinery and equipment manufacturing industry. At the same time, if a factory engaged in manufacturing agricultural tractors is also engaged say, in manufacturing bulldozers, it might be said in this sense of the term that it was also in the construction and earthmoving machinery and equipment manufacturing industry. However, in an industrial classification each unit has to be classified uniquely to one class, so that only factories whose major activity is manufacture of agricultural machinery and equipment can be brought together to comprise an agricultural machinery and equipment manufacturing class and only those whose major activity is manufacture of construction and earthmoving machinery and equipment can be brought together to comprise a construction and earthmoving machinery and equipment manufacturing class. In the use of statistics classified according to the ASIC, it is important to keep this distinction in mind.
- 9. Another common connotation of the term 'industry' is the restricted range of economic activities involved in the production of goods, i.e. leaving aside such activities as distribution, transport, personal services, etc. The concept of industry in the ASIC is not restricted in this way, and the term is used to relate to the full range of economic activity.
- 10. It will be appreciated that, when the ASIC is used for classifying enterprises or enterprise groups³, the concept of an industry (as an entity composed of the units classified to it) differs

^{3.} These terms are explained in Chapter 3.

from the concept utilised in classifying establishments. For example, an ASIC division in establishment statistics consists of the establishments classified to that division, whilst an ASIC division in enterprise statistics consists of the enterprises classified to that division. In many cases such enterprises would operate some establishments which would be classified to other ASIC divisions in establishment statistics, whilst some of the establishments which would be classified to that ASIC division in establishment statistics would be operated by enterprises classified to other ASIC divisions in enterprise statistics. As explained in Chapter 4, enterprises are to be classified according to the predominant industry of the establishments they operate.

11. It is also worth observing that, since it is a classification of industries, the ASIC is quite distinct from commodity classifications. In the latter classifications similar commodities are brought together in groups on the basis of such criteria as their physical characteristics, the purposes which they are normally intended to serve, etc. Examples of commodity classifications are the 'Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Custom Tariffs' published by the Customs Co-operation Council (which is used as the basis for the Australian Tariff) and the Australian Import Commodity Classification (which is used in classifying Australian import statistics). Equally the ASIC is distinct from classifications of occupations, in which similar occupations are grouped according to characteristics of the work they entail, such as functions involved and skills, knowledge and abilities required (an example being the 'Classification and Classified List of Occupations' used in Australian Population Censuses).

PURPOSES OF THE CLASSIFICATION

The main purpose of the ASIC is to provide a standard framework for classifying establishments and other statistical units by industry, in official statistics. To achieve effective standardisation of the classification of official statistics by industry it is not, however, sufficient to provide only a standard industrial classification. It is necessary to utilise the Classification in an integrated statistical system, in which statistical units engaged in different fields of activity are defined in as uniform and consistent a manner as possible, and in which standard methods of classifying statistical units in different fields of activity, according to their major activity, are adopted as far as possible. The ASIC has been developed as part of such a system. This system provides that an individual establishment (or other statistical unit) is classified to the same industry in all statistical compilations in which it is included. In addition the integrated system records the hierarchic links between establishments and the enterprises which own them, and between enterprises which are related to one another. These links permit data which were originally compiled for one level of unit (i.e. establishments) to be re-compiled and classified in accordance with the characteristics of a broader level (e.g. enterprises). The integrated system also utilises standard definitions for data items, which have been conceived within the framework of requirements for national accounting purposes (i.e. national income and expenditure, input-output tables, etc.), modified to take account, as far as practicable, of business accounting practices.

- 13. As part of the operations of this integrated statistical system, the ASIC is being used in economic censuses and surveys, population censuses and surveys, and in other statistics (national accounts, etc.) derived from the basic statistics. Besides its use in the classification of statistics compiled in economic censuses and surveys, the ASIC is being used in defining the scope of those collections so as to prevent gaps or overlapping between them.
- 14. The ASIC also facilitates comparison of Australian statistics with statistics for other countries, in that data classified according to the ASIC can generally be converted to conform essentially with the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC)⁴.
- 15. Experience in other countries which have adopted standard industrial classifications has been that such classifications have been used by authorities and organisations outside the official statistical service, for their own purposes e.g. to facilitate comparison between information which they have compiled, and official statistics. A similar practice is developing in this country and it is recommended that any organisation proposing to publish data in terms of the ASIC should draw attention in such publications to any differences in definitions of statistical units, criteria for classifying such units, etc. from those used by the ABS in order to make it as easy as possible for users to compare information in such publications with official statistical series published by the ABS.

PRINCIPLES UNDERLYING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CLASSIFICATION

Principles Underlying the Definition of Classes

16. The basic principle underlying ASIC classes is that they should reflect as realistically as possible the way in which activities are actually organised within establishments. The purpose of this principle is to ensure that the classes represent realistic and recognisable segments of Australian industry, and that data classified according to the ASIC are, therefore, as relevant as possible for analytical purposes. For example, it is a characteristic feature of petroleum distribution activities in Australia that blending and packaging of lubricating oils and greases are usually carried out by establishments mainly engaged in petroleum products wholesaling. For this reason the activities of blending and packaging lubricating oils and greases have been designated amongst the primary activities of the petroleum products wholesaling class, whereas blending of petrol, which is mainly carried out at refineries, has been designated as primary to the petroleum refining class.

^{4.} United Nations, Statistical Papers Series M No. 4, Rev. 2. New York 1968.

- 17. Most of the other principles operate to reinforce the first. Of particular importance is the principle that classes should be devised in such a way that:
 - (a) a high proportion of the total output of the establishments of which each class is composed should comprise output of activities which are primary to that class (i.e. the class should have a high 'specialisation ratio');
 - (b) a high proportion of the output of the activities which are primary to each class should be produced by establishments which are classified to that class (i.e. the class should have a high 'coverage ratio').

Apart from supporting the principle described in paragraph 16 in this Chapter, the purpose of this principle is to enhance the suitability of the classification for use in economic analysis, by minimising the extent to which the output of each class includes output of activities primary to other classes. This principle and its practical implementation are discussed further in Chapter 4.

- 18. The other principles which have been utilised in devising the class level are as follows:
 - (a) The individual classes of the ASIC should represent industries which are economically significant. The purpose of this principle is to avoid setting up a large number of separate classes in the ASIC, relating to specialist but economically unimportant activities.
 - (b) Where practicable, classes should be devised so that the activities designated as primary to a class are restricted to activities which are engaged in by a high proportion of the establishments making up that class. The intention of this principle is to ensure that any group of relatively specialised establishments engaged in similar activities, which might feasibly stand as a separate class in its own right, will not be absorbed into a wider class without good reason. The aim here is to provide as many and as detailed individual classes as practicable, to meet the needs of users of detailed industry statistics. The application of this principle is modified in the light of the application of the principle enunciated in the preceding sub-paragraph.
 - (c) The need for international comparability of Australian industrial statistics should be taken into account in devising the classes, as far as practicable, to allow for convertibility of Australian statistics to the ISIC.

- 19. The principles adopted in devising the class level of the ASIC are essentially the same as the main criteria adopted in devising ISIC Groups (the group level of the ISIC being the most detailed level of that classification) except for considerations specific to the ISIC, such as the importance of particular activities in the world economy.
- Besides the general principles outlined above, attention has 20. also been given to some specific problems relating to the principles to be followed in the treatment of certain types of activities. One such problem concerns the provision to be made for establishments mainly engaged in rendering services to other establishments. The approach usually adopted in the ASIC has been that establishments mainly engaged in providing services of a general character, which may be rendered to establishments in a variety of industries, are included in classes in the 'service' divisions (e.g. Class 6382, Advertising services, in Division I); whereas establishments mainly engaged in providing specialised services which are usually rendered to establishments in specific industries, are included in classes in the same divisions as the industries usually served (e.g. Class 0204, Sheep shearing services, in Division A). Chapter 5 outlines the treatment of certain activities which involve some other particularly difficult problems, namely repair and maintenance; installation; leasing; bottling and repacking.
- 21. The implementation of the principles in devising the class level of the ASIC, and associated work related to the definition of the establishment unit (discussed in Chapter 3 below) involved a large amount of empirical investigation and analysis during the original development of the 1969 edition of the Classification. This included:
 - (a) A detailed analysis of data relating to kinds of economic activity engaged in by some 150,000 business units ranging over the main fields of economic activity, with particular emphasis on analysing the ways in which these activities were organised, and in what combinations these were carried on by the individual business units.
 - (b) Extensive field investigations of a number of the most complex combinations of activities at establishments, with particular reference to determining what items of data these establishments were able to provide at periodic intervals in respect of the individual activities engaged in.
 - (c) A number of special analyses of data from existing economic censuses, particularly those covering manufacturing and retailing, intended to supplement and test the findings of the other investigations.

- (d) A large number of smaller investigations, for example into such matters as the incidence of blending and packaging activities carried out by establishments in different industries, and the practices adopted by other countries in their standard industrial classifications.
- 22. In reviewing the 1969 edition of the Classification (to produce the 1978 edition of the Classification) the principles specified above were adhered to. For purposes of the review extensive empirical investigations and analyses were undertaken, and included the following:
 - (a) A detailed analysis of the activity data collected in economic censuses covering Agriculture, Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity and Gas Production and Distribution, Wholesale and Retail Trade and various services. Further details are provided in paragraph 19 in Chapter 4.
 - (b) A detailed analysis of data collected in a construction units survey, covering approximately 2,000 units, with particular emphasis on analysing the activity composition of these units.
 - (c) Extensive field and other investigations for the purpose of improving the specification of such activities as fish processing, contract packing, installation and finance and investment activities in the Classification.
 - (d) A major analysis of the effect and incidence of location splitting, and a large number of smaller investigations concerning the treatment of specific activities, such as seed cleaning, screen printing or hire of linen, towels, etc.
- 23. In reviewing Division G, Transport and storage, of the 1978 edition of ASIC a considerable body of information was collected in a transport units survey. This information was subjected to intensive analysis and augmented by special field investigations, in the light of ascertained user needs for transport industry statistics, to arrive at the revised transport industries in the 1983 edition of the Classification.
- 24. As a result of the reviews, numerous changes have been made to the Classification, mainly affecting the definitions of individual classes. However, the impact of these changes at the subdivision and division levels has been less, leaving their basic character and composition relatively unchanged.

Principles Underlying the Definition of the Broader Levels

25. The principles adopted in devising the class level have had a substantial influence on the broader levels, since these are defined in terms of the classes which comprise them. Moreover, some of the principles appropriate at the class level are also directly relevant to other levels. Thus in devising the group level, one of the aims has been to set up groups which have high specialisation and coverage ratios.

Chapter 2: Nature, Purposes and Principles of the Classification

For example, if the output of each of two classes were to include a significant amount of output of activities primary to the other class, the application of this principle would indicate that the two classes be included in the one group. Again, at all levels, attention has been given to the structure of economic activity in Australia. Certain other principles which have been taken into account in devising the broad levels of the ASIC are outlined below.

- 26. At the division level the main purpose is to provide a limited number of categories which will provide a broad overall picture of the economy, and hence be suitable for summary tables in official statistical publications. Weight has also been given to the desirability of maintaining a degree of continuity at this level with the previous editions of the Classification. The ordering of the divisions has followed the traditional pattern, also used in the ISIC, beginning with agriculture and extractive industries, continuing through processing and trading, and finishing with services.
- 27. The subdivision level of the ASIC has been devised specifically to serve two purposes. The first of these is to provide a means of co-ordinating publication practices in current statistics. This purpose is discussed more fully in paragraphs 53 to 56 of Chapter 4. The second is to provide for somewhat more detailed categories, for broad analytical purposes, than are provided at the division level, for use in summary tables. Individual divisions have, accordingly, been dissected at the subdivision level as considered appropriate for these publication purposes. In doing this, considerable attention has been given to preserving a degree of continuity with industry groupings formerly used in current and other relevant statistics. As far as practicable, attention has been given to publication requirements for enterprise statistics as well as to those for establishment statistics.
- 28. The structure of the ASIC has followed the structure of the ISIC to the extent that this could be done without conflicting with the principles mentioned above. Part I of the publication setting out the ISIC includes a discussion of criteria relevant to the delineation of the divisions and major groups of that classification (corresponding respectively to the subdivisions and groups of the ASIC). The three main criteria referred to are:
 - (a) the character of the goods and services produced, including the physical composition and stage of fabrication of the items and the needs served by them.
 - (b) the uses to which the goods and services are disposed of.
 - (c) the process, technology and organisation of production.

In considering the question of what weights might be appropriate to these and other criteria, the ISIC observes that in many instances

the various characteristics to which the different criteria relate are so highly correlated that the problem of assigning weights, or an order of priority, to the criteria does not arise. In other cases, the introduction indicates that the tendency is for activities at early stages of production to be grouped in accordance with criteria such as physical composition and stage of fabrication of the items produced, whereas in the case of highly fabricated goods the end-use and the process, technology and organisation of production are more important.

29. This general pattern of grouping of categories is also apparent in the structure of the ASIC.

COMPARABILITY WITH ISIC

- 30. As already indicated, a good deal of attention has been paid, in the work of constructing and reviewing the ASIC, to the question of comparability with the ISIC, the latest revised edition of which was issued in 1968. Australia took an active role in the work of revising the international classification, both by providing written suggestions and by participating in discussions at international working group meetings and at the Fifteenth Session of the United Nations Statistical Commission, which adopted the revised classification.
- The concepts, principles and methods of application of the ISIC 31. are, naturally, expressed in somewhat broad terms, so as to provide some flexibility in adapting the classification to circumstances in different countries. In a standard industrial classification for an individual country it is necessary to provide more precise statements on some of these aspects, particularly with respect to concepts and methods of application of the classification. In some cases, too, it is necessary to give greater emphasis in a national classification to aspects which are of national importance but which warrant less attention in the international classification. For these reasons, the treatment of these matters in the ASIC differs in some respects from that in the ISIC, particularly with respect to the degree of detail in which concepts and methods are specified. Despite these differences, care has been taken to ensure that the concepts, principles and methods of application adopted in the ASIC are consistent with those in the international classification to the fullest extent practicable.
- 32. The broad structure of the ASIC i.e. the divisions, sub-divisions and groups is in most respects either comparable with or convertible to the major divisions, divisions and major groups of the ISIC. However, some differences in structure are necessary in the ASIC, for the purpose of providing continuity with classifications used previously, or to make the classification structure reflect more closely the structure of the Australian economy, or to meet specific requirements for the publication of Australian statistics. Perhaps the most important differences concern the treatment of Hotels, Restaurants and Clubs, which in the ASIC have been brought together in one section

in Division L, and the treatment of repairs of household and personal goods, which is discussed in Chapter 5. Also, the number of categories, particularly at the group level in ASIC (corresponding to the major group level in ISIC) is greater than that provided in ISIC.

33. At the most detailed level - i.e. ASIC classes and ISIC groups the aim has been to devise ASIC classes which, to the fullest extent practicable, either correspond to particular ISIC groups, or can be combined with other ASIC classes to correspond to a particular ISIC group. This feature provides the facility for re-arranging data compiled for ASIC classes in accordance with the structure of the ISIC, even in those areas where the ASIC structure is not directly comparable with the ISIC structure. In some cases, of course, it has not been possible to achieve the complete convertibility of the detailed level of ASIC to the detailed level of ISIC, since in some industries the combinations of activities within establishments in Australia cut across the boundaries of ISIC groups, and in other cases there are separate groups in ISIC relating to activities which are not of sufficient importance in Australia to warrant recognition of a separate class in ASIC. A conversion key has been compiled, showing the ISIC group to which each ASIC class is most closely related.

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER SECTOR CLASSIFICATIONS

- 34. The classification of statistical units on the basis of their industry is only one of many ways in which it may be useful to analyse the structure of an economy for different purposes. Thus there are commonly used divisions of the economy into sectors which introduce other criteria, such as ownership (as in the case of the simple dichotomy between the 'public sector' and the 'private sector' or more elaborate institutional classifications such as those employed in national accounting presentations). Since there can be some misunderstanding of the relationship between industry sectors and some of these other classifications, this section will discuss the manner in which they can be used separately or in complementary fashion in analysing the structure of the economy.
- 35. A useful context in which to relate industry classifications to other international and Australian standard classifications of statistical units is a description of the structure of sectors underlying the design of the United Nations, System of National Accounts (SNA)¹. The SNA is the established comprehensive international framework within which countries are developing and using their national accounts and related basic economic statistics. Australia accepts the system in principle and is following it in practice to the extent appropriate to current Australian circumstances and needs.

¹ United Nations, Statistical Office, Studies in Methods Series F, No 2, Rev 3, New York 1968.

- 36. The SNA embraces and relates a number of classifications of statistical units in addition to industry classification. Two kinds of broad sectors are basic to the system. One divides the economy into functional sectors classifying transactors according to the fashion in which they participate in the production and use of goods and services. The units classified are establishment-type producing units which are the most appropriate transactor units for which to record transactions in the production, consumption expenditure, and capital formation accounts. The other is an institutional sector classification of enterprise-type units which own establishments and are the appropriate transactors for which to record transactions in the income and outlay, and capital finance accounts.
- 37. These two ways of classifying the economy's statistical units into broad sectors are illustrated in the diagram below. The classification of establishment-type (PRODUCING) units by function can be seen to derive from a distinction drawn between those which are producers of marketed-type goods and services and those which are producers of goods and services which are not of a kind normally marketed.
- 38. Since the ASIC can be applied to either establishment-type units or to enterprise-type units it is clear that units classified to any of the establishment-based sectors or to any of the enterprise-based sectors can also be classified to ASIC industries.
- 39. The arrows linking the establishment-based sectors with the enterprise-based sectors illustrate the fact that, for example, the sector which is made up of all the government agencies described as 'general government' is the equivalent of all the establishment-type units belonging to these agencies, but these may include some establishments which are producers of marketed-type goods and services as well as those which are producers of government services of a type not normally marketed. It can also be seen that some of the producers of marketed-type commodities belong to public financial institutions while others belong to public corporations and large public enterprises which are classified to the SNA sector, 'nonfinancial corporate and quasi corporate enterprises' rather than to 'general government'.
- 40. The SNA's sector classifications do not provide directly for a simple distinction between privately owned and government owned statistical units. As the broken arrows indicate, there are elements of the public sector in the first 2 of the SNA's functional sectors or, alternatively, in the first 3 of the SNA's institutional sectors.
- 41. Similarly one should not expect (and one will not find) all the units of the public sector to be directly identifiable as being equivalent to a particular division or grouping of industries in the ASIC because institutional sector of ownership is not a classification criterion in

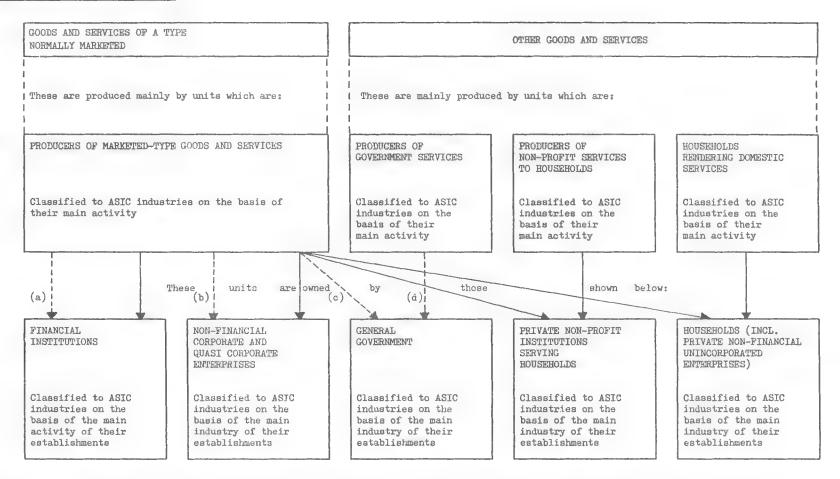
- ASIC. In fact, government owned or controlled enterprise and establishment level transactor units are classifiable to virtually any industry in the ASIC. This is particularly evident in the case of public sector establishment-type units which are producers of 'marketed-type goods and services'. However public sector establishments which are producers of 'government services' would, in the main, be classified to industries in ASIC Division J, Public administration and defence, and ASIC Division K, Community services.
- 42. A full understanding of the rationale and content of the sectors which the SNA recommends as the framework for analysing the flows and stocks of an economy would require a study of the SNA in some depth. This necessarily summary diagrammatic description is simply being used here to help users to appreciate some of the ways in which the structure of the economy may be depicted in presentations for different purposes and to help them to avoid confusing one such system with another.
- 43. For this purpose some liberties have been taken in the terminology used in the diagram. In particular it should be noted that in the SNA the sector described here as 'producers of marketed-type goods and services' is termed 'industries' in the SNA. This term was avoided in the diagram because of the likely difficulty of distinguishing this specific SNA concept from the familiar use of the term to mean the categories of a 'kind of economic activity' classification, such as ASIC.
- 44. Finally, it should be noted that in the Australian National Accounts the SNA's establishment-type functional sectors have not been used in any of the presentations of accounts and tables. The SNA enterprise-type unit institutional sectors are used, but with some combination and renaming. Thus the SNA sector 'private nonprofit institutions serving households' has been incorporated in 'households including unincorporated enterprises'. The first 2 SNA sectors have also been renamed, respectively, 'financial enterprises (including the nominal industry)' and 'corporate trading enterprises (including public trading enterprises)'. However, a new SNA based and more detailed 'Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia' (SISCA) has now been developed for eventual adoption in Australia's national accounts and other statistics. This new sector classification contains the following sectors and subsectors:
 - 1 CORPORATE TRADING ENTERPRISES
 - 1.1 Private Corporate Trading Enterprises
 - 1.2 Public Corporate Trading Enterprises
 - 1.2.1 Commodity Marketing Authorities
 - 1.2.2 Other Public Trading Enterprises
 - 2 FINANCIAL ENTERPRISES
 - 2.1 Private Financial Enterprises
 - 2.2 Public Financial Enterprises
 - 3 GENERAL GOVERNMENT ENTERPRISES
 - 4 HOUSEHOLDS AND OTHER PRIVATE ENTERPRISES
 - 4.1 Households
 - 4.2 Private Unincorporated Trading Enterprises
 - 4.3 Private Non-profit Institutions Serving Households
 - 5 NON-RESIDENT ENTERPRISES IN AUSTRALIA

BROAD RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN ASIC AND SNA SECTOR CLASSIFICATIONS

CLASSIFICATION OF GOODS AND SERVICES AS TYPICALLY MARKETED/NOT MARKETED (SNA)

SNA FUNCTIONAL SECTORS
CLASSIFICATION OF ESTABLISHMENT
TYPE PRODUCTION, CONSUMPTION
EXPENDITURE, AND CAPITAL
FORMATION ACCOUNTS

SNA INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS CLASSIFICATION OF ENTERPRISE TYPE OWNING UNITS FOR THE INCOME AND OUTLAY, AND CAPITAL FINANCE ACCOUNTS



Notes: Producing units belonging to the private sector. ----> Producing units belonging to the public sector (a) Public financial institutions. (b) Other public corporations and large public enterprises. (c) Government producing units which mainly provide for government itself or which are financially integrated with government. (d) Producers of government services.

Chapter 2: Nature, Purposes and Principles of the Classification

SUPPLEMENTARY CLASSIFICATIONS

- 45. In certain fields of statistics it is proposed to utilise special-purpose classifications in conjunction with the ASIC. In some cases these are to provide more detail, in specialised compilations, than is appropriate in a standard classification designed for general use. In other cases these classifications will provide break-downs which are related to the nature of the operations at the establishments concerned, but which are based on criteria not used or appropriate in an industrial classification.
- 46. For example type of ownership has not been utilised in the ASIC as a criterion in defining industries, and a separate classification is used to classify enterprises and the establishments and other units belonging to them as being either in the public sector or the private sector. Further, in statistics of wholesale trade, establishments may be classified according to a classification by type of operation. This would distinguish establishments according to whether they were trading as wholesale merchants, manufacturers' sales branches, commission agents, and so on.
- 47. However, in national accounts and public finance statistics, public authority expenditure will continue to be classified according to purpose; it is not practicable or appropriate to incorporate this kind of classification in a classification of establishments, such as the ASIC.

CHAPTER 3: THE UNITS BEING CLASSIFIED

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides a brief outline of the types of units encountered in statistical work generally, describes those units which are classified by industry, and defines, in some detail, the 'transactor' units classified by industry.

- 2. With regard to the transactor units defined later in this chapter, it is important to note:
 - (a) that their definitions were current at mid 1984,
 - (b) that some of the units definitions (unlike industry definitions, which remain constant during the currency of an ASIC edition) may have been changed since then (i.e. mid 1984) as a result of further research for the introduction of new collections or the improvement of integrated economic statistics generally, and
 - (c) that any changes to units definitions which may have significantly affected the comparability of statistics would have been noted and described in ABS publications which contain the statistics.

UNITS IN GENERAL

The term 'units' is used widely in statistical work and refers, in general, to entities from or about which statistics are collected or in respect of which statistics are compiled, tabulated or published. They include, among others, individual organisations, persons, things and events and tend to be described in generic terms which indicate their statistical role or function or some other characteristic such as their economic or accounting significance. Examples of units described in terms of their statistical role or function are 'fundamental', 'statistical', 'collection', 'tabulation' and 'compilation' units while examples of units described in terms of their economic or accounting significance are 'transactor', 'producing' and 'owning and financing' units. It might also be useful to note in this context that the units terms just cited, by way of examples, are not necessarily mutually exclusive, e.g. producing units overlap largely with transactor units and can be used as both statistical and collection units.

UNITS CLASSIFIABLE BY INDUSTRY

- 4. The units which are classifiable by industry divide into two conceptually distinct categories:
 - (a) DIRECTLY CLASSIFIABLE UNITS, i.e. units which have an inherent attribute which can be used to classify them directly to industry in their own right, and
 - (b) INDIRECTLY CLASSIFIABLE UNITS, i.e. units which can only be classified to industry indirectly by unique association with a directly classifiable unit.
- 5. Directly classifiable units include the following:
 - (a) All those TRANSACTOR UNITS, i.e. resident economic agents, which have the attribute of 'undertaking goods and/or service producing activity' which enables them to be classified directly to industry on the basis of that attribute, i.e. according to the major kind of productive activity carried out. The classes of transactor units which meet this requirement are enterprise groups, enterprises and the legal entities of which they are composed as well as establishments, ancillary units and the locations of which these are composed. (Persons, as distinct from the businesses (i.e. enterprises) they operate, who constitute another class of transactor unit are excluded. Those amongst them who are employed are treated as indirectly classifiable units see paragraph 6.)
 - $\overline{\text{NOTE}}$. The classes of units in this sub paragraph are incorporated in the ABS system of integrated economic statistics and are described and defined in detail in the latter parts of this chapter.
 - (b) All those COMMODITIES which are, in the process of constructing industrial origin commodity classifications such as the Australian Standard Commodity Classification (ASCC), classified according to the industry to which their production is primary as specified in the relevant industry classification manual. Although commodities, i.e. individual goods and services, are usually looked upon as data items they are also, in a conceptual sense, statistical units, i.e. units of observation and classification about which information is collected. Examples of commodities which are classified by industry of origin and examples of the kind of information collected about them are given below:

Chapter 3: The Units being Classified

COMMODITIES CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY OF ORIGIN	INFORMATION COLLECTED
Industrial outputs	Value of sales, value of transfers out and quantity produced
Imports	Value for duty, duty and quantity imported
Exports	Value f.o.b. and quantity exported

6. Indirectly classifiable units include:

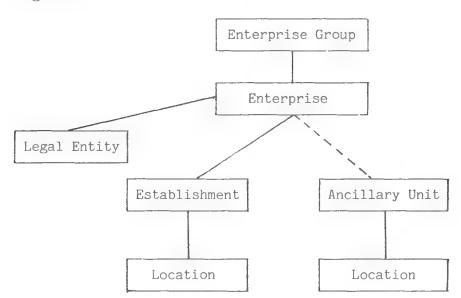
- (a) Employed PERSONS, including self employed persons and working proprietors. Although they engage in productive activity, the work they do is more descriptive of their occupation than their industry. While people's occupation and industry can sometimes coincide, as, for example, in the case of accountants working for accountancy firms, this is not usually so, as, for example, in the case of accountants working in other types of businesses. Accordingly, persons can only be classified universally to industry by assigning them the industry of the transactor unit, i.e. usually the establishment, at which they work.
- (b) All those COMMODITIES which are potentially classifiable by industry of production, use, ownership or control, i.e. according to the industry of the transactor unit which actually produced the commodities, used the commodities, or owns or controls the commodities. Examples are:
 - Industrial outputs classifiable by industry of production,
 - . Industrial inputs classifiable by industry of use,
 - . Stocks of finished goods classifiable by industry of ownership, and
 - Capital equipment classifiable by industry of use or control.

 $\underline{\text{NOTE}}$. Some commodities are, of course, classifiable in a variety of ways, e.g. industrial outputs which are classifiable by industry of origin, industry of production, use and geographic location of production.

- (c) FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, e.g. bank loans and deposits which are classifiable by industry according to the industry of the borrowing unit (in the case of bank loans) or industry of the depositing unit (in the case of bank deposits).
- (d) EVENTS, such as industrial disputes and industrial accidents.
- 7. This listing is thought to cover most of the more common types of directly and indirectly classifiable units. However, it is not complete, nor does it appear possible to devise a complete listing because of the great variety of subjects covered by statistics.
- 8. The remainder of this chapter concentrates on the directly classifiable transactor units listed in paragraph 5(a) above, i.e. the enterprise group, enterprise, establishment, ancillary unit, legal entity and location. It shows how they relate to each other and describes and defines them in detail.

THE TRANSACTOR UNITS IN INTEGRATED ECONOMIC STATISTICS

9. The different classes of transactor units in the ABS system of integrated economic statistics which are classifiable by industry and the main hierarchic links between them are shown in the following diagram:



The links represented by unbroken lines indicate the minimum necessary hierarchic links between the classes of units in an enterprise group. The link represented by the broken line, i.e. between the enterprise and the ancillary unit, means that an enterprise can but need not have

any ancillary units. In addition, each higher level unit in an enterprise group, e.g. each enterprise, can but need not consist of more than one lower level unit, e.g. establishments. However, there is one exception. This is that ancillary units usually consist only of one location each. Other types of relationships between different classes of units (e.g. between ancillary units and the establishments served by them) are described in the detailed units definitions below.

10. A units model based on such a diagram provides the standard framework for the systematic recording on the ABS's Integrated Register of all identified Australian resident enterprise groups, enterprises, legal entities, establishments, ancillary units and locations needed for the conduct by the ABS of its integrated economic censuses and surveys.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES FOR DEFINING TRANSACTOR UNITS IN INTEGRATED ECONOMIC STATISTICS

- 11. In general, the objectives are to define units:
 - (a) which conform, as far as possible, with relevant international standards recommended by the United Nations Statistical Office in its documents 'A System of National Accounts' (SNA) and 'International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities' (ISIC);
 - (b) which fit the needs of the ABS framework of integrated economic statistics for:
 - horizontal integration, i.e. enable statistics from one series (e.g. the Manufacturing Census) to be compared validly with statistics from another series (e.g. the Census of Retail Establishments) - to this end units need to be defined as uniformly as possible and in such a manner that there are no gaps or overlap between them, and
 - vertical integration, i.e. enable statistics about one class of units (e.g. establishments) to be related or aggregated to statistics for another class of units (e.g. enterprises);
 - (c) which conform, as closely as possible, with actual units in the economy; and
 - (d) about which the required statistical information is generally available - in this context the approach is neither to tie the definitions wholly to the recordkeeping practices of individual businesses, nor to

wholly disregard the general record-keeping practices of businesses. As a result, definitions of statistical units are formulated to conform with an assessment of accounting practices in general.

THE LOCATION

Short Definition

12. A location is a single, unbroken physical area, occupied by an enterprise, at which, or from which, the enterprise is engaged in productive activity on a relatively permanent basis, or at which the enterprise is undertaking capital expenditure with the intention of commencing productive activity on a relatively permanent basis at some time in the future (a location not yet in operation).

Elaboration

- 13. Locations are the fundamental units of which establishments and ancillary units are composed. Included in the short definition is a set of general requirements which have to be met for a location to be recognised as a unit. These relate to the delimitation of the unbroken physical area of the location, the nature of its legal occupation by the enterprise and the nature of the activity carried out by the enterprise. These requirements are outlined in the following paragraphs.
- 14. With regard to the concept of <u>UNBROKEN PHYSICAL AREA</u>, the requirement is that it should not be intersected by a road, waterway, or other public thoroughfare, or by another area owned or occupied by some other enterprise.
- 15. In built-up areas some reliance has been placed on the existence of separate street numbers to define separate locations i.e. where the boundary of the productive activity can be delineated by the address. Less clear-cut examples are offices occupied by different enterprises in a multi-tenanted building and shops occupied by different enterprises in a retail shopping mall. Non-contiguous spaces of an enterprise in a building, such as two or more physically separate office areas, which are operated as a single economic unit are usually treated, by convention, as a single location.
- 16. With regard to $\underline{\text{OCCUPATION}}$, the requirement is for the enterprise to have a legal right (e.g. as owner or lessee) to use and occupy the area on a relatively permanent basis.

- 17. As a general rule, locations are not recognised unless an enterprise has a relatively permanent workforce based at the area in question. Thus, unmanned areas and unmanned capital assets (such as pipelines maintained by a manned base of operations elsewhere) while meeting the criteria for definition as a location, are generally not recognised as such. Two exceptions are locations not yet in operation (for which employment is not always relevant) and unmanned warehouses which, it is considered, should be recognised as locations. Further cases may arise where consideration needs to be given to treating unmanned areas as locations. These are addressed via the units determination procedure administered by the Integration area of the ABS.
- 18. In some cases occupancy of the same physical area may be shared by several enterprises, in which case a location may be defined for each occupant, which has the same physical dimensions in each case. However, where the operation at a physical area is carried out by the workforce of one enterprise, on a contract or agency basis for another enterprise, various treatments can apply. These are outlined in the ABS paper: 'Integrated Economic Statistics, Standards for Statistical Units' 1. On the other hand areas or spaces owned by one enterprise but leased to other enterprise(s) are generally not recognised as locations of the lessor enterprise. (In such cases the productive activity of the lessor enterprise is seen as being based at an office or some other location where the enterprise arranges the lease).
- In the case of operations carried out by a mobile work force, such as travelling sales representatives, timber getters, truck owner-drivers, construction workers, etc, although their production activity is carried out over a wide area, these workers and their production are attributed to the location which is their relatively permanent base of operations. In general, building sites and other sites at which an enterprise is carrying out work on the property of another enterprise, are not regarded as locations of the enterprise doing the work unless it establishes a relatively permanent base of operations at the site (i.e. the operations are controlled/managed at the site on a relatively permanent basis). Where individual employees operate from private homes but are controlled from some other location, the location from which they are controlled, rather than their home is treated as their base of operations. However, where individuals work at home (or use their homes as operating bases) on their own account, the home address is regarded as the location. Further, in some cases, locations need to be recognised to accommodate economic activity which has no permanent base of operations. For example, in the case of an enterprise operating a fishing vessel the location to be recognised may need to be an office in the general port area or perhaps the home address of a sole proprietor or the registered office of a company operation.

^{1.} This paper was in draft form at mid 1984 but will, on completion, be available on request from the ABS.

20. With regard to <u>PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITY</u>, the requirement is that the enterprise must be engaged in the production of goods and/or services at the location or use it as a base of operations from which a mobile workforce operates to produce goods and/or services elsewhere. Production in this context includes not only the production of goods and/or services for sale to other enterprises, private households or for transfer to other locations of the same enterprise but also the production of goods and/or services by non-profit organisations and governments free of charge, as well as production of capital goods, such as the construction of a new factory, by enterprises for their own use, or for rental or lease to other enterprises.

Special Treatments

21. Although the definition of the location can be applied in the majority of cases to delimit sensible and statistically appropriate location units, there are, nevertheless, numerous situations for which it is too limited or simplistic. For those situations the definition needs to be modified or augmented by additional rules or conventions. These 'special treatments' are recorded in the ABS document 'Integrated Economic Statistics, Standards for Statistical Units' 2 and cover such cases as railway repair workshops within a railway yard, aircraft repair units within an airport and separate physical plots of land operated by one farm.

THE ESTABLISHMENT

Short Definitions

- 22. The following three establishment definitions are used in the Australian system of integrated economic statistics:
 - (a) Single Location (SL) establishment, i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from a single location;
 - (b) Enterprise/State/Industry (ESI) establishment i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from all of its locations in a State/Territory predominantly engaged in activities primary to a given industry; and
 - (c) Enterprise/Industry (EI) establishment, i.e. a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from all of its locations in Australia predominantly engaged in activities primary to a given industry.
- 23. In general, only one of the above establishment definitions is relevant to a particular ASIC industry, although there are variations within some industries between the definition of public sector and

^{2.} See footnote 1 above.

private sector establishments. The definitions applicable to each industry are specified in the table in paragraph 35 below.

The Role of the Establishment

- 24. From an industry classification point of view establishments are the most important amongst all the classes of transactor units, both in terms of usage in the compilation of industry statistics and their influence on the way industries are defined in the ASIC.
- 25. With regard to usage, the importance of establishments is due to their role as the most appropriate type of producing unit and, hence, the principal statistical unit used in the compilation of detailed 'structural' statistics on production within the ABS framework of integrated economic statistics. The statistics relate to particulars such as employment, wages and salaries, capital expenditure and value added (including components of these particulars), classified by such characteristics as industry, size of establishment and geographical location.
- 26. As a consequence of the foregoing the nature of establishments has a bearing on how industries are defined. This aspect is outlined below.
- 27. Establishments as defined above for ABS operational purposes differ somewhat from the ideal concept of the establishment as defined, for example, in the 'International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities' (ISIC), i.e. as an 'economic unit which engages, under a single ownership or control, i.e. under a single legal entity, in one, or predominantly one, kind of economic activity at a single physical location'.
- 28. However, actual producing units in the economy do not always conform with the ideal conception of the establishment. It has therefore been necessary to formulate somewhat broader, operationally viable establishment definitions which vary from industry to industry, which are closer to reality and for which respondents are generally able to supply the required data.
- 29. One of the features of these operational establishment definitions is that the single activity requirement cannot be applied. As a consequence establishments tend to be multi activity producing units which cannot be grouped into industries with the same degree of flexibility as would have been possible with single activity producing units.

- 30. The reasons for this are to be found in the manner in which the concept of industry has been defined in Chapter 2 and the manner in which establishments relate to that concept. This could be summarised as follows:
 - (a) For official statistical purposes an industry is an entity composed of transactor units of a particular type (e.g. establishments) which are mainly engaged in the 'primary activities' of the industry. (This means, inter alia, that differences can, and usually do, exist between industries composed of establishments and ancillary units, on the one hand, and industries composed of another type of unit, e.g. of enterprises, on the other.)
 - (b) Although the ASIC is suitable for the classification of different types of unit it has been designed primarily as an industry classification for establishments because of their suitability and importance as the principal statistical unit in the compilation of structural statistics on production.
 - (c) In order to achieve a good fit between the definition of an industry and the establishments that constitute it (i.e. in order to maximise industry coverage and specialisation ratios) the primary activity composition of an industry should, among other requirements, reflect or match the typical activity mixes of its constituent establishments.

Application of the Definitions

- 31. The table in paragraph 35 below shows the establishment definitions from paragraph 22 which apply within broad industry groupings. With some exceptions the reference to an 'industry' in the case of multi-location establishment definitions (i.e. in the case of ESI and EI type establishments) is to an industry at the most detailed level of the ASIC, i.e. to an ASIC class. The exceptions, which relate to transport and local government administration industries, are discussed in the following paragraphs.
- 32. In the case of the road freight transport industry (i.e. ASIC Group 511) the establishment is defined, for each of the classes in that ASIC Group, as a unit consisting of all locations of the one enterprise mainly engaged in road freight transport activities (i.e. in activities primary to ASIC Group 511). The establishment, so defined, is classified to industry class on the basis of its predominant activity (i.e. in accordance with usual procedures) and is subject to splitting in the usual way if its secondary activity exceeds the general splitting limit. (See paragraphs 39 to 47.)

- 33. For ASIC Class 7113, Local government administration, the establishment is defined as a unit consisting of all the locations of a 'local government administration' enterprise OTHER THAN its locations mainly engaged in activities primary to:
 - (a) ASIC Divisions A, Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, B, Mining, C, Manufacturing, and F, Wholesale and retail trade,
 - (b) ASIC Sub-divisions 82, Education, museum and library services and 83, Welfare and religious institutions,
 - (c) ASIC Class 9144, Sport and recreation nec, and
 - (d) ASIC Group 923, Restaurants, hotels and accommodation.
- 34. In this context it is important to note that 'local government administration establishments' also may exclude locations mainly engaged in other trading activities because of the manner in which local government administration enterprises are defined see paragraphs 75 to 77 below.
- 35. The private and public sector establishment definitions for ASIC industries are listed below. (The abbreviations in the listing were taken from paragraph 22 and stand for the following:
- . SL means that the establishment is a Single Location unit,
- . ESI means that the establishment is an Enterprise/State/Industry unit, and
- . EI means that the establishment is an Enterprise/Industry unit.)

ESTABLISHMENT DEFINITIONS

ASIC Industry Category	7	Private Sector (a)	Public Sector (a)
	lture, forestry, fishing nting (excl. Classes 0206 04)	SL	SL
Class 0206 - Service Class 0304 - Foresti	es to agriculture nec	SL	ESI
forest		ESI	ESI

ESTABLISHMENT DEFINITIONS - contd

ASIC Industry Category		Private Sector (a)	Public Sector (a)	
Division B	- Mining (However, in the case of own account mineral exploration activities, carried out on non-producing leases, the establishment covers all non-producing leases of the enterprise within one State.)	SL	SL	
Division C	- Manufacturing	SL	SL	
Division D	- Electricity, gas and water	ESI	ESI	
Division E	- Construction	SL	ESI	
Division F	- Wholesale and retail trade	SL	SL	
Division G	- Transport and storage -			
Group 511	- Road freight transport (See paragraph 32 for a special variation of the definition.)	EI	EI	
Class 5121 Class 5122	Long distance bus transportShort distance bus transport	EI	EI	
	(inc. tramway) - Taxi and other road passenger	ESI	ESI	
01033 7123	transport	SL	SL	
Sub-divisio Sub-divisio	*	EI	EI	
PMD-GIAISIO	(excl Class 5309)	EI	EI	
Class 5309	- Inland water transport	ESI	ESI	
Sub-divisio	n 54 - Air transport	ΕI	EI	

Chapter 3 : The Units being Classified

ESTABLISHMENT DEFINITIONS - contd

ASIC Industr	y Category	Private Sector (a)	Public Sector (a)
Sub-divisio	n 55 - Other transport	EI	EI
Class 5711 Class 5712 Class 5713	- Parking services	EI SL SL	EI SL SL
Class 5721 Class 5722 Class 5723 Class 5724	Water transport terminalsShipping agents	SL ESI SL ESI	SL ESI SL ESI
Class 5730	- Services to air transport	EI	EI
Class 5741 Class 5742 Class 5743 Class 5744	- Freight forwarding (except road)	SL EI SL SL	SL EI SL SL
Class 5801 Class 5802 Class 5803	- Cold storage	ESI SL SL	ESI SL SL
Division H	- Communication	EI	EI
Division I	- Finance, property and business services -		
Sub-sivision Sub-division		ESI ESI	ESI ESI
Group 631	- Real estate agents	SL	ESI
Group 632		SL	ESI
Class 6335 Class 6336 Class 6371	Architectural servicesSurveying servicesTechnical services necLegal servicesAccounting services	SL SL SL SL SL	SL ESI ESI ESI SL
Group 638	- Other business services (excl. Class 6383)	SL	SL
Class 6363	- Market and business consultancy services	SL	ESI
Group 639	- Plant hire and leasing nec	SL	SL

ESTABLISHMENT DEFINITIONS - contd

ASIC Industr	ry Category	Private Sector (a)	Public Sector (a)
Division J	- Public administration and defence -		
Class 7111 Class 7112 Class 7113	- State government administration	n.a. n.a. n.a.	ESI ESI n.a.
Class 7120	- Justice	n.a.	ESI
Class 7130	- Foreign government representation	n.a.	SL
Class 7200	- Defence	n.a.	EI
Division K	- Community services -		
Group 814	- Hospitals and nursing homes	SL	SL
Group 815	- Other health (excl. Classes 8153 and 8154)	SL	ESI
Class 8153 Class 8154 Class 8160		SL SL SL	SL SL SL
Group 823	- School education	SL	SL
Group 824	- Post school and other education	ESI	ESI
Group 825	- Libraries, museums and art galleries	SL	SL
Group 830	- Welfare and religious institutions	SL	SL
	Research and scientific institutionsMeteorological services	EI ESI	EI ESI
Group 847	- Business and labour associations	SL	SL
Group 848	- Other community organisations	SL	SL
Class 8491 Class 8492 Class 8493 Class 8494 Class 8495	Prisons and reformatoriesFire brigades	SL n.a. n.a. ESI	SL ESI SL ESI

Chapter 3: The Units being Classified

ESTABLISHMENT DEFINITIONS - contd

ASIC Industry Category		Private Sector (a)	Public Sector (a)
Division L	- Recreation, personal and other services (excl. Clases 9141 -9143)	SL	SL
Class 9142	- Parks and zoological gardens - Lotteries	ESI ESI	ESI ESI
Class 9143	- Gambling services (except lotteries)	ESI	ESI

⁽a) The meaning of the terms public sector and private sector in this Chapter is in accordance with the definitions of these sectors in the Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia (SISCA).

Establishment Definition Variations

Although the establishment definitions listed above can be applied in the majority of cases to delimit practical, realistically based and statistically appropriate establishments, there are, nevertheless, certain circumstances in which it is necessary to vary these definitions. Thus, in prescribed circumstances where data are not available from respondents to enable establishments to be defined as single location units, rules have been devised to allow the establishments to be defined as combinations of locations. Similarly, in prescribed circumstances where the homogeneity of industry statistics in terms of the activities covered would be improved substantially, rules have been devised to allow establishments, which are substantially engaged in activities primary to two or more industries, to be split into two or more establishments. These rules for combining or splitting locations in the process of forming or reforming establishments are described below. In addition, establishments of some large public sector enterprises and of 'divisionalised' transport enterprises are formed to reflect the divisional structure of the enterprises. Nevertheless, care is taken in these cases to minimise location splitting and enable the establishments to be related to the locations and part locations from which they are formed.

Rules For Combining Locations in Forming Establishments

37. For those industries for which a single location establishment has been defined, each separate location mainly engaged in activities primary to one of the industries concerned should generally be treated as a separate establishment. However, there are some specific circumstances in which separate locations may be combined to form establishments. This treatment applies to two kinds of situations:

- (a) Where one location is used merely to accommodate what is obviously an integral part of an establishment operating principally at another location 'close by' e.g. where because of shortage of space some part of an operation (such as, the printing department of a factory) is 'hived off' to a separate location.
- (b) Where two or more locations, situated close by one another, are mainly engaged in activities primary to the same ASIC industry class and their operations are 'inextricably mixed', e.g. they have common employees and combined accounts, which make it obvious that they are operated as one entity. For example in ASIC Class 4862, Used motor vehicle dealers, in ASIC Sub-division 48, Retail trade, it might be found that two used-car yards are operated by the same sales staff and a customer who calls at one yard may be sold a vehicle from the stock at the second yard, and also that only one set of accounts is kept, covering the combined operations of the two yards. In the case of very small locations the operations would be regarded as 'inextricably mixed' if there were either no separate employees or no separate records; for larger locations both these criteria would have to be satisfied.
- 38. For cases of both kinds, locations are combined to form one establishment only when the locations are within the same Statistical Local Area (SLA). Otherwise small area statistics would be affected. (This rule is modified where two locations are extremely close, e.g. on opposite sides of a street, and happen to be separated by an SLA boundary line.) The process of combining locations to form multilocation establishments in these circumstances is referred to in the statistical system as the 'absorption' of one location into an establishment mainly centred on another location.

Rules for Splitting Establishments

39. The rationale for splitting establishments with substantial activities in two or more industries into two or more establishments has its origin in the desire to have establishments which are relatively homogeneous in terms of activity. This desire reflects the related aim to have statistical industries which are as homogeneous as possible in terms of activity carried out in the establishments comprising each industry. At the same time it is important to represent, as realistically as possible, the industries as they are actually organised and structured. These two aims, i.e. to have both homogeneous and realistic industries in the statistical framework, can conflict with each other.

- 40. The approach taken by the ABS on this issue is to give most weight to the need for realistic industries in the ASIC. Accordingly, the ABS has attempted to minimise the degree of artificiality in defining industries and units consistent with the needs for standardised and integrated statistics. The incidence of splitting of establishments into two or more establishments has, therefore, been kept low in an overall sense and is restricted to the kind of situation described in the following paragraphs.
- 41. The situation in which establishments are split relates to cases where establishments engage on a large scale in activities primary to more than one ASIC industry class, i.e. where establishment operations are on a scale such that the activities which are primary to each industry class could be expected to be more commonly organised as separate establishments. For example, a single location establishment engaged both in large-scale production of women's skirts (primary to ASIC Class 2453) and large-scale production of men's trousers (primary to ASIC Class 2451) might be regarded as an exceptional case and split into two establishments, since each of these activities, if engaged in on a large scale, would more commonly be carried on at a separate location.
- 42. In assessing just what size limits should be applied in determining that activities are large in this sense, two factors have an important bearing. Firstly, there are the considerations outlined in paragraphs 39 and 40 above for minimising the degree of artificiality in defining units and industries. Secondly, in a considerable proportion of cases, it would be extremely difficult to obtain reliable data for establishments created by splitting. For these reasons it has been necessary to keep to manageable proportions the incidence of cases which are split, by determining a secondary activity size limit which is relatively high. This 'splitting limit' has been based on past experience and is specified as the value of an establishment's gross receipts from its secondary activities primary to one ASIC class. It is an indexed value which in 1983-84 was set at \$4.0 million.
- 43. It is considered that splitting of establishments is most appropriate where the combination of activities engaged in comprises activities primary to more than one division of the ASIC. In cases where the combination of activities relates wholly to activities primary to the one division, splitting of establishments is considered less important in some ASIC divisions than in others.
- 44. In accordance with the above approach the following splitting criteria have been determined for application in integrated economic censuses and surveys:

(a) ESTABLISHMENTS WITH MAIN AND SECONDARY ACTIVITIES IN ONE ASIC DIVISION

- DIVISION A: In view of the relatively small scale of operations of most producing units in this Division, the ease with which many agricultural or fishing establishments can move into different fields of activity (within their respective sub-division), and the relatively specialised nature of some other establishments within this Division (e.g. in the case of logging) it has been determined that secondary Division A activities of Division A establishments are not split out for treatment as separate establishments.
- DIVISION B: In view of the very specialised nature of most mines in Australia no secondary Division B activities of Division B (i.e. mining) establishments are split out for treatment as separate mining establishments.
- DIVISION C: Prima facie, a manufacturing establishment iii is split if the size of its secondary manufacturing activities equals or exceeds the designated splitting limit. In assessing the size of secondary manufacturing activities of a manufacturing establishment for splitting purposes, gross receipts from its secondary manufacturing (i.e. Division C) activities are linked to the ASIC classes to which they are primary and are then summed to class totals. If one of these 'secondary activity class totals' of the establishment equals or exceeds the designated splitting limit, the establishment is, prima facie, split into two establishments. If two of these 'secondary activity class totals' of the establishment each individually equal or exceed the designated splitting limit, the establishment is, prima facie, split into three establishments, etc. However, in certain situations, establishments within Division C are not split even though they would normally qualify for splitting on the basis of the size of their secondary activities. The situations referred to cover secondary activities arising due to material substitution in a production process or the sale or transfer of byproducts.
- iv DIVISION D: In view of the fact that hardly any establishments within this Division engage in significant intra-divisional secondary activities no secondary Division D activities of Division D establishments are split out for treatment as separate establishments.

- DIVISION E: An establishment classified to one of the classes in Sub-division 41 is split if the size of its secondary construction activities equals or exceeds the designated splitting limit. In assessing the size of secondary construction activities for splitting purposes, gross receipts from the secondary construction (ie Division E) activities are linked to the ASIC classes to which they are primary and are summed to class totals. If one or more of these 'secondary activity class totals' of the establishment (including any in Sub-division 42) equals or exceeds the splitting limit, the establishment is split into two or more establishments. However, a construction establishment classified to one of the classes in Sub-division 42 is only split into further construction establishments if its secondary activities for particular ASIC classes in Sub-division 41 individually equal or exceed the designated splitting limit.
- vi DIVISION F: Division F establishments are not split into further Division F establishments.
- Vii DIVISION G: Establishments classified to a class in Group 511, Road freight transport, with secondary activities primary to other classes within this Group which individually exceed the splitting limit, are split in accordance with the usual splitting procedures into further road freight transport establishments. Additionally, establishments within this Division with secondary activities primary to classes in another industry subdivision within Division G which individually exceed the general splitting limit, are split according to the usual procedures. However, no other intradivisional establishment splits are made in the case of Division G establishments.
- viii DIVISIONS H TO M: No intradivisional establishment splits are made in the case of establishments classified to these divisions.

(b) ESTABLISHMENTS WITH MAIN AND SECONDARY ACTIVITIES IN DIFFERENT ASIC DIVISIONS

If establishments classified to a class in one ASIC division have secondary activities which are primary to another ASIC division then the establishments are split if the size of the secondary activities in the other division equal or exceed the designated splitting limit. In assessing the size of the secondary activities in the other division for splitting purposes, gross receipts from these secondary activities are linked to the ASIC classes in the other division to which they are primary and are then summed to ASIC class totals. If one or more of

these 'secondary activity class totals' in the other division individually equal or exceed the splitting limit, the establishment is normally split into two or more establishments. In view of the practical difficulties involved in identifying and valuing production which is not sold as such but which is used as input to another process in the same establishment this production is not taken into account in measuring the size of activities. Where an establishment has activities in more than one ASIC division and the secondary activities are in a division within which establishments are not normally split, only one establishment should be split off covering all the secondary activities in that division.

- 45. The way in which the foregoing splitting criteria are applied varies according to whether the establishment is a single or multi location establishment. Where the establishment comprises a single location, that location is split into separate parts, one for each of the establishments to be created. Where the establishment comprises more than one location, the following procedures apply:
 - (a) Where the establishment is classified to an industry for which establishments are generally defined as single location units, it will have been created as a multilocation establishment only through application of one of the working rules outlined in paragraphs 37 and 38 above. In such cases, in deciding if the establishment is to be subject to splitting, the secondary activities at each location are considered separately and each location at which the splitting criteria in paragraph 44 are met, should be split and the split off part or parts formed into a new or reconstituted establishment or establishments
 - (b) Where an enterprise/industry (EI) or enterprise/State/
 industry (ESI) establishment qualifies for splitting
 according to the criteria described in paragraph 44 above
 and the secondary activity is primary to an industry for
 which multi-location establishments are defined, then that
 secondary activity in total (i.e. at all locations of the
 establishment where it occurs) is split out as a separate
 establishment or establishments, where relevant. Where the
 secondary activity is primary to an industry for which the
 single location is the defined establishment, this activity
 is split out only as separate (SL) establishments from those
 locations where it exceeds the splitting limit.
- 46. The splitting criteria and rules described above are only relevant to existing establishments and are normally applied only during the processing of integrated economic censuses (or census equivalent surveys). Further, the splitting criteria are intended to operate as 'general' rules and can be waived or varied in certain circumstances, i.e. where their strict application would lead to a result which, on the basis of a consensus of qualitative assessments, would be considered

inappropriate. However, any proposals to vary the application of the criteria in particular cases are only permitted after examination and approval by the Classification Section of the ABS.

47. The detailed splitting procedures (which also provide for the application of resistance tests to inhibit changes to split establishments in response to minor and temporary shifts in activities) are contained in census-specific procedural documents which also specify how establishments, which qualify for splitting, are to be split.

THE ANCILLARY UNIT

Short Definition

48. An ancillary unit is defined, in general, as a unit covering all the operations of an enterprise conducted at or from a single location where those operations are mainly the provision of services to other locations of the same enterprise.

Elaboration

- The concept of the ancillary unit is that of a location mainly engaged in providing services to other locations in the same enterprise. In this respect it is similar to the concept of an administrative office as a location mainly engaged in providing administrative services to other locations in the same enterprise. The two concepts have been distinguished, however, because in many cases administrative offices not only provide services, but also provide policy direction and management; in view of the existence of such cases, the term 'ancillary unit' would not adequately convey the nature of the functions of administrative offices, and accordingly in the integrated statistical system that term is strictly applied only to locations mainly engaged in providing services other than administrative services. However, for the purposes of simplifying the exposition, the term 'ancillary unit' has been used as a convenient shorthand way of referring to both concepts. Likewise the term 'ancillary activity category' has been used to relate to administrative services as well as to other types of services.
- 50. The concept of the ancillary unit has its origin in the fact that it is common to find one economic activity being carried on in a 'service' or 'supporting' role to other activities in the same enterprise. This is particularly so with certain types of service activities, where the results of the activities do not actually form part of the 'end product' of the enterprise, nor do they form 'end products' in their own right. These administrative and service activites owe their whole existence to the other activities of the enterprise.

A number of these service activities are, of course, found to some extent in all kinds of economic units; often they are insignificant in scale and are not even specifically recognised as being there - they are an integral part of the economic activity of the establishment. However, the larger the organisation becomes, the more the supporting activities tend to be organised as separate recognisable sections or departments; when this occurs they may ultimately be located separately from any other activites of the organisation. Generally, business organisations that have such 'service' activities at separate locations regard them as having a supporting role - as existing only to provide services to the 'main activities' of the organisation - and thus in some sense having a different status from that of an ordinary operating location, and they tend not to keep any comprehensive separate records relating to such units. For these reasons, it is necessary to devise some special rules for dealing with these supporting locations.

Application of the Definition

- 52. In the first instance it is necessary to determine if a location is mainly engaged in providing ancillary services. Where a location engaged in relevant administrative or service activities provides half or more of its services to other enterprises, it is regarded as an establishment in its own right. Where it provides more than half its services to other locations within the same enterprise, it is treated as an ancillary unit.
- 53. From the standpoint of industry classification, the essential difference between an establishment and an ancillary unit is that an establishment is classified to industry according to its own major activity, whereas an ancillary unit is not classified to industry on the basis of its own major activity, but is given a 'reflected' industry code corresponding to the industry which represents the predominant industry of the establishments administered or served by the ancillary unit. An ancillary unit which serves only one establishment is called a local ancillary unit and one serving more than one establishment is called a central ancillary unit.
- 54. Locations which might potentially be ancillary units in the sense that they are predominantly engaged in the relevant kinds of service activities come to notice in three ways. Firstly, any location belonging to a multi-location enterprise and engaged predominantly in activities coming within certain defined common categories is treated as a potential ancillary unit and specifically examined to determine whether it meets the conditions for treatment as an establishment or as an ancillary unit. Locations in these categories are:

- i administrative offices
- ii storage depots, warehouses, etc
- iii laboratories
- iv transport depots
- v motor vehicle repair and maintenance workshops and
- vi producers' sales offices.
- 55. Secondly, provision is also made for any other kind of location (belonging to a multi-location enterprise) engaged mainly in service activities to be regarded as a potential ancillary unit and subjected to the specific tests if it happens to come to notice as apparently operating in an ancillary role; such cases are referred to as an ancillary activity category (vii).
- 56. Thirdly, 'own-account' construction carried out by public sector enterprises, even though not strictly a service type activity, is treated as an ancillary activity (for a definition of this activity see paragraph 59 below). Such activity is referred to as ancillary category (viii).
- 57. Locations in categories (ii) to (v) and (vii) are treated as establishments if they have 50 percent or more of their transactions with other enterprises, and as ancillary units otherwise. Some exceptions to this rule, in the case of certain repair activities, are outlined in paragraphs 61 and 62.
- 58. With respect to category (vi), the term 'producers sales offices' relates to sales offices that deal in goods produced by the same enterprise. Such sales offices, if separately located, are treated as establishments if they are mainly engaged in selling and supplying goods (produced by the same enterprise) from stocks physically held at their premises or from stocks under their control at some other premises. If these circumstances do not apply, e.g. the 'sales offices' are mere order taking offices or display centres, they are treated as ancillary units, as are, in general, sales offices of speculative builders. (Separately located 'sales offices', so called, which deal in goods produced by other enterprises are not considered here because they are always treated as establishments and classified accordingly.)
- 59. With respect to category (viii) the term 'public sector own-account construction' refers to the construction or maintenance of facilities used mainly and directly by the constructing public sector enterprises in producing or delivering their end product but not constituting part of their product as such, e.g. construction or maintenance of railway permanent way by a railway authority or construction or maintenance of sewerage mains by a sewerage authority.

On the other hand, construction or maintenance of, for example, roads and bridges by a Department of Main Roads, or by local government authorities, is not regarded as 'own-account' because the work produces the enterprise's end-product, e.g. roads for use mainly and directly by the general public.

- 60. Where administrative or ancillary services are provided by a part of a location (an 'ancillary section'), these activities are not normally recognised as a separate unit of any type but are simply absorbed into the operations of the establishment or part of the establishment at which the ancillary section is located. Exceptions basically arise where 'distortion' of establishment data would occur if the 'ancillary section' in question is not identified as an ancillary unit in its own right.
- 61. Exceptions to the general approach of recognising ancillary units are made in the case of locations engaged in certain types of repair activities, which might come within the scope of ancillary activity category (vii) or, in some cases, of category (v). Exceptions also apply in the case of locations engaged in certain types of transport activity. In each of these cases the locations concerned may be treated as 'captive' establishments. The main criteria used to determine whether these locations are to be treated as 'captive' establishments are the significance of their activity compared to the same activity produced as non-captive output of other enterprises, the availability of the required range of data for the locations concerned (singly or in combination, depending on the establishment definition for the industry involved), and a clearly defined user requirement for inclusion of data relating to the locations with other data for the relevant industry.
- 62. The term 'captive' may be applied to units, e.g. captive transport establishments, or to activity, e.g. captive transport activity. Selected locations mainly engaged in certain types of captive activity are treated (singly, or in combination) as captive establishments rather than as ancillary units. The locations regarded as special cases in this context and their treatments are as follows:
 - (a) SHIP REPAIR YARDS. These are treated as establishments even if predominantly repairing the enterprise's own ships.
 - (b) AIRCRAFT REPAIR WORKSHOPS. These are treated as establishments even if predominantly repairing the enterprise's own aircraft.
 - (c) RAILWAY AND TRAMWAY REPAIR WORKSHOPS. These are treated as establishments even if predominantly repairing the enterprise's own equipment.

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- (d) MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR WORKSHOPS. These are treated as establishments if mainly engaged in engine reconditioning, and as ancillary units if mainly engaged in repairing or maintaining (except engine reconditioning) the enterprise's own trucks, etc. (The latter activity is covered by ancillary activity category (v).)
- (e) RAILWAY TRANSPORT LOCATIONS. All locations of an enterprise mainly engaged in providing rail transport services to other establishments of the same enterprise amounting to greater than 700 million tonne-kilometres of freight carried per year, are treated as a captive railway establishment; all other captive railway locations are treated as ancillary units.
- (f) WATER TRANSPORT LOCATIONS. All locations of an enterprise mainly engaged in providing shipping services to other establishments of the same enterprise using a fleet of greater than 50,000 deadweight tonnes are treated as a captive shipping establishment; and all other captive shipping locations are treated as ancillary units.
- 63. Another category examined as potentially appropriate to be treated as captive establishments was captive pipelines. However, it was decided that each own-account pipeline mainly serving a gas establishment (ASIC Class 3620) is to be an integral, or separately located, part of the gas establishment rather than a separately identified ancillary unit or establishment. The same decision applies to captive pipelines in ASIC Sub-division 37 Water, sewerage and drainage. All other own-account pipeline locations are treated as ancillary units.

THE LEGAL ENTITY

Short Definition

64. For statistical purposes a legal entity is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of an entity possessing some or all of the rights and obligations of individual persons or corporations or which behaves as such, at least in respect of those matters of concern for economic statistics (i.e. an entity which covers all production and/or capital accumulation undertaken or owned in common or jointly).

Elaboration

65. Legal entities are the fundamental units of which enterprises are composed. The concept of the legal entity is derived from the common law under which persons possess certain rights, including the rights of ownership to property, the right to enter into contracts and the right to sue. Appropriate obligations also apply. Persons

who have these rights and obligations include both natural persons and artificial persons, i.e. corporations.

- 66. Other entities operating in the economy assume the rights and obligations of a strict legal entity to varying degrees. In order to recognise as owning and financing units most of the types of entities recommended in the SNA it is necessary to cover in the concept the range of entities from strict legal entities to those which behave as if they are legal entities, at least with respect to those matters which are of statistical relevance. A legal entity, so defined, is used as the basis for defining statistical units of the owning and financing unit type in the Australian system.
- 67. IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR the following are treated as legal entities in the Australian system:
 - (a) Incorporated entities, i.e. entities incorporated under
 - . the uniform Companies Acts,
 - . other 'generalised' Parliamentary Acts (e.g. the Associations Incorporation Acts, the Cooperative Societies Acts and the Mining Companies Acts),
 - a special Act of Parliament (e.g. Acts relating to Royal Agricultural Societies and racing clubs), and
 - . Royal Charter.
 - (b) Unincorporated entities, i.e.
 - . sole proprietorships,
 - . partnerships,
 - joint ventures (except mineral exploration joint ventures),
 - . trusts (set up by a trust deed), and
 - . other unincorporated entities.
- 68. IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR the concept of the legal entity requires further elaboration. In addition to the registered companies owned and/or controlled by governments, which have a direct parallel in the private sector, the following other entities are recognised as legal entities:
 - (a) statutory entities, e.g. the Governor-General and the Governor of each State, each house of the parliaments of the Commonwealth and each State, each court of law, each marketing authority and each local government council; and

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(b) departmental entities, i.e. departments of state, including sub-departments in Western Australia and Queensland, administrative offices in New South Wales and the so-called parliamentary departments in the Commonwealth and those States where they occur.

THE ENTERPRISE

Short Definition

69. In general, an enterprise is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of a single operating legal entity. This definition applies to both the private and public sectors.

Application of the Definition

70. In applying the definition for the purpose of delimiting enterprises circumstances arise in which legal entities are merged or split in the process. These circumstances are described under the relevant headings below.

Merging of Legal Entities

- 71. The word 'operating' is specified in the enterprise definition so that legal entities which have no employees and conduct no business (i.e. 'non-operating' legal entities) are not, subject to the exceptions in paragraph 73 below, treated as separate enterprises. Companies that are non-operating, except those specified in paragraph 73 below, are merged with an individual related operating company to form an enterprise. ('Related' here means part of the same enterprise group.) Other non-operating legal entities which are not covered by paragraphs 73 and 74 below are not recognised in the system.
- 72. The merging of legal entities to form enterprises is also permitted in other cases. For example, companies for which no separate records or accounts are maintained (i.e. no separate accounts for management purposes disregarding minimum accounts for taxation or company registration purposes) are generally merged with a related operating company in the group to form one statistical enterprise.
- 73. However, the following types of companies cannot be merged with another to form an enterprise:
 - (a) companies which could be regarded as non-operating because they have no employees of their own but which belong in the category 'financial enterprises' in the Australian National Accounts (e.g. hire purchase or other instalment credit companies, companies formed to operate superannuation schemes and investment companies holding shares in companies outside the enterprise group) these are treated as separate enterprises, and

- (b) holding or property-owning companies which may or may not have employees are always treated as separate enterprises.
- 74. Similar merging concepts as those outlined above apply also to types of enterprises which are specific to the public sector. Statutory entities must be shown to 'operate as a separate unit' from any department with which they are associated in order to be treated as a separate enterprise; the definition of what constitutes 'operating as a separate unit' is not specified, but at least two criteria have to be satisfied: separate accounts must be available for the unit and staff must mainly be engaged on the functions of the unit. If these criteria are not satisfied the statutory entity is merged with the department to which it 'belongs', to form an enterprise. Most courts of law are treated this way since, in general, they do not have full, separate accounts available for the court as such. Thus, in general, courts of law are merged with the department by which they are administered.

Splitting of Legal Entities

- 75. The general objectives for defining enterprises require that they be units which are reasonably homogeneous in terms of institutional sectors in the 'Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia', (SISCA). It has therefore been found necessary to apply rules to permit the splitting of legal entities to meet this requirement. The relevant splitting rules are described below.
- 76. In the public sector, in a number of significant cases, the general enterprise definition gives units which cut across the boundary between the institutional sectors 'Corporate Trading Enterprises' and 'General Government Enterprises'. Two types of cases occur:
 - (a) cases which are significant numerically and in aggregate but not always individually; these relate mainly to local government authorities, and
 - (b) cases which are few in number but individually of statistical significance.

'Statistical significance' in this context refers to the difference in effect on statistics classified by institutional sector if the existing enterprise definition was retained compared to varying it in some way to 'split out' the cases referred to above.

77. As a result, legal entities which engage in activities classifiable to the 'Public Trading Enterprises' or 'Public Financial Enterprises' institutional sub-sectors and also in activities classifiable to the 'General Government Enterprises' institutional sector are split into separate enterprises if the following circumstances apply:

Chapter 3: The Units being Classified

- (a) The legal entity is a local government authority with any of the following types of trading undertaking classifiable to the 'Public Trading Enterprises' sub-sector:
 - i electricity undertakings,
 - ii gas undertakings,
 - iii abattoir undertakings,
 - iv bus transport undertakings,
 - v water supply undertakings with a total annual current expenditure for all such undertakings greater than \$50,000 measured in 1977-78 prices,
 - vi sewerage undertakings with a total annual current expenditure for all such undertakings greater than \$50,000 measured in 1977-78 prices, or
 - vii any other trading undertaking with annual revenue greater than \$500,000 measured in 1977-78 prices.

Where the above circumstances apply, the legal entity is split into separate enterprises, one for each of the types of undertaking listed above which exist, i.e. one enterprise for all electricity undertakings, one enterprise for all gas undertakings and so on, and one for the balance of the entity.

- (b) The scale of operations of the institutional sector/ sub-sector which is of secondary importance to the legal entity is as follows:
 - i annual revenue classifiable to the 'Public Trading Enterprises' or the 'Public Financial Enterprises' sub-sectors is in excess of \$2,000,000 measured in 1977-78 prices; or
 - ii annual purchases of goods and services classifiable to the 'General Government Enterprises' sector is in excess of \$2,000,000 measured in 1977-78 prices.

Where the above circumstances apply, the legal entity is split into two separate enterprises, one incorporating the secondary activities and the other being the balance of the legal entity. However, in some circumstances the legal entity may be split into more than two enterprises where this accords better with the organisational or accounting structure of the entity. The splitting value limits specified in terms of 1977-78 values above are periodically updated to more current values.

- 78. In addition, legal entities which are self-financing non-profit institutions and which are engaged in both trading and non-profit activities, are split into a trading enterprise and a non-profit institution if the smaller of the following:
- annual gross profit or operating surplus (i.e. sales and other trading income less purchases of trading stock); or
- annual gross non trading receipts (i.e. membership fees, donations and grants)

exceeds a significant amount.

THE ENTERPRISE GROUP

Short Definition

79. An enterprise group is defined as a unit covering all the operations in Australia of a group of companies which are related in terms of the uniform Companies Acts. All other enterprises are, in general, treated as single enterprise, enterprise groups.

Elaboration

- 80. This definition is a narrow interpretation of the general concept, which is generally expressed as a group of legal entities under common ownership or control. The main reason behind the restriction to this narrow interpretation of 'common ownership or control' is that most of the other situations where common control of legal entities might be seen to exist are not capable of being captured in one or a few, unambiguous rules which can be applied with uniformity and objectivity. A more detailed explanation follows of the meaning of 'related in terms of the uniform Companies Acts'.
- 81. The relevant Section of each of the uniform Companies Acts is that which concerns subsidiaries, holding companies and related corporations. In this Section of the Acts subsidiaries are defined in terms of majority shareholdings of voting shares, in terms of control of the composition of the board of directors and in terms of the majority of votes cast at a general meeting of a corporation. All other enterprises, i.e. other than those public sector enterprises outlined in paragraphs 83 and 84, whether incorporated or unincorporated, are treated as single enterprise, enterprise groups.
- 82. Unincorporated joint ventures, other than mining exploration joint ventures, are considered to be separate legal entities and, therefore, unincorporated enterprises. Currently such enterprises are not treated as being related to any of the joint ventures and are therefore single enterprise, enterprise groups. The same rule applies to partnerships of companies.

Chapter 3: The Units being Classified

- 83. For the public sector the control links which exist are complex and not well defined, so that no attempt has been made to define 'common control'. Consequently, with a few exceptions, each enterprise in the public sector is, by convention, treated as a single enterprise, enterprise group. However, public sector enterprises which are related companies in terms of the Companies Acts are treated as part of the one enterprise group. In addition, as a logical extension of this, any other public sector enterprise which, according to law, is entitled to hold property in its own name, (e.g. the legislation establishing the enterprise specifies such), together with any registered companies which are the equivalents of subsidiaries of the enterprise (as defined in the Companies Acts), constitute an enterprise group.
- 84. A further exception arises from the decision to split public sector legal entities which include elements engaged in activities classifiable to different institutional sectors. The separate enterprises thus created from a legal entity are regarded as being under the common control of that entity. Thus, public sector enterprises which are created from the same statutory or departmental entity are regarded as part of the one enterprise group, which is coextensive with the original entity.

CHAPTER 4: ASSESSMENT AND APPLICATION OF THE CLASSIFICATION

STANDARDS FOR RECOGNISING CLASSES

In devising the classes of the ASIC the aim has been to have classes relate to groups of establishments mainly engaged in the same or similar kinds of activity and which represent realistic and recognisable segments of Australian industry i.e. any such group of establishments should meet certain quantitative standards relating to homogeneity of output (in terms of minimum acceptable specialisation and coverage ratios) and importance (in terms of output measures such as sales or gross receipts).

- 2. The extent to which this approach could be applied varies in different areas of the Classification, depending upon the amount and type of quantitative information available for those areas. In the case of classes coming within the scope of the integrated economic censuses it has been possible to estimate specialisation and coverage ratios on the basis of relatively comprehensive data. For classes in other areas this has not been practicable at the present time, and it has been necessary to rely on whatever material is available from other statistical collections.
- The discussion below relating to calculation of homogeneity ratios thus has most relevance, at the present stage of development of the integrated statistical system, to the areas of the ASIC corresponding to the scope of integrated economic censuses held to date namely Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity and Gas Production and Distribution, Construction, Wholesale and Retail Trade, and certain services. The discussion below is also relevant to other areas of the ASIC covered by statistical collections which use units defined and classified in accordance with the ASIC and in which data is collected to enable ratios to be estimated, e.g. Subdivision O1, Agriculture.

Homogeneity Ratios

4. As an industry is normally defined in terms of its characteristic output (i.e. its primary activities), an output measure such as turnover, value added, sales or gross receipts, should ideally be used to calculate homogeneity ratios for industries, rather than measures of input, such as employment or materials used. In the broad sense in which the term output is used here it covers all production whether of goods or of services. Measurement of homogeneity of industries therefore involves selecting the most appropriate output measure available taking into account the items of data that will be collected in the integrated censuses.

^{1.} The term 'homogeneity ratios' is used to relate to both specialisation ratios and coverage ratios.

5. The preferred measure of output for the purpose of calculating homogeneity ratios would be value added, since this would provide a fairer indication of the relative use of resources (labour and capital equipment) by establishments in activities primary to different industries. However, as data relating to value added in individual activities within the one establishment will not usually be available, the best measure which will be available in practice is the value of sales (or gross receipts). This measure, of course, has some deficiencies, arising for example from the fact that receipts for commission or repair work are not comparable with gross receipts for goods which the establishment has produced for sale, or purchased for resale. Because of this sort of deficiency, in some circumstances activities may be given inappropriate weights if specialisation and coverage ratios are calculated on the basis of gross receipts, without any adjustment.

Methods for Calculating Specialisation and Coverage Ratios

6. The following example provides a broad illustration of methods of calculating both specialisation and coverage ratios, as well as illustrating some of the problems encountered in calculating specialisation ratios on the basis of gross receipts. The example illustrates the situation in two hypothetical classes, Class A, 'Retailing of commodity A' and Class B, 'Repair of commodity A', having the pattern of gross receipts, and value added, respectively shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1

	Activity					
Class	Retailing of commodity A	Repair of commodity A	Other activities	All activities		
	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)		
		Rece	ipts			
Class A: Retailing of commodity A	92.0	3.0	5.0	100.0		
Class B: Repair of commodity A	10.0	25.0	3.0	38.0		
Other classes	8.0	3.0				
All classes	110.0	31.0	"			
	Value Added					
Class A: Retailing of commodity A	18.4	2.1	2.5	23.0		
Class B: Repair of commodity A	2.0	17.5	1.5	21.0		
Other classes	1.6	2.1				
All classes	22.0	21.7				

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7. Table 2 illustrates the specialisation ratios obtained on the basis of receipts and value added respectively, and the coverage ratio (which will normally be of the same order for both bases).

TABLE 2

Class	Specialisati the basi	Coverage ratio		
	Receipts	Value Added	ratio	
Class A: Retailing of commodity A	$\frac{92.0}{100.0} = 92\%$	$\frac{18.4}{23.0} = 80\%$	<u>92.0</u> 110.0 = 84%	
Class B: Repair of commodity A	$\frac{25.0}{38.0} = 66\%$	$\frac{17.5}{21.0} = 83\%$	$\frac{25.0}{31.0} = 81\%$	

- It will be observed that the calculation of the specialisation ratio for the 'Repair of commodity A' class on the basis of receipts yields a considerably lower ratio than on the basis of value added. Cases of this nature tend to occur where establishments mainly engaged in the activity primary to one class are also engaged to a substantial extent in activities primary to one or more other classes, with the characteristic that value added in the activities primary to the latter classes represents a significantly lower proportion of receipts in those activities, than is the case in the activity primary to the first class. In these cases, if specialisation ratios are based on receipts, a lower ratio would be more acceptable than for industries where calculation of specialisation ratios on either basis would give much the same result. In calculating specialisation ratios for ASIC classes it is therefore recommended that allowances be made for such situations. It is also possible to have the contrary situation, i.e. where specialisation based on receipts is high, but specialisation based on value added would be relatively low. To guard against this possibility potential classes where it is thought likely that such a situation may arise should be examined and, if possible, ratios should be calculated, based on approximate estimates of value added.
- 9. Another problem in the calculation of specialisation and coverage ratios on the basis of gross receipts relates to classes where a manufacturing or distribution activity is carried out to some extent on a commission basis. Here the establishment's receipts relate to the work it has done, not to the total sale value. This problem is illustrated in Tables 3 and 4, which consider a hypothetical 'Activity A' which is the primary activity of 'Class A'. In Table 3, the first section shows the pattern of receipts and the second section shows the pattern of the sales-value equivalent of those receipts on the assumption that commission receipts represent 25 per cent of sales-value.

TABLE 3

Class			Activity A	6	Other activities	All activities
		Receipts				
		Sales as Principal	Commission on Sales for Others	and Commission	Sales	Total Sales and Commission
		(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)
Class A		100	25	125	50	175
Other class	es	15	15	30		
All class	es	115	40	155		
		Sales-Value Equivalent				
		Sales as Principal	Sales on Commission		Sales	Total Sales Value
		(\$m)	(\$m)	Equivalent (\$m)	(\$m)	Equivalent (\$m)
Class A		100.	100	200	50	250
Other class	es	15	60	75		
All class	es	115	160	275		

10. Table 4 shows specialisation and coverage ratios of Class A on the basis of receipts, and sales-value equivalent, respectively.

TABLE 4

Basis of calculation	Specialisation ratio	Coverage ratio	
Actual receipts	$\frac{125}{175} = 71\%$	$\frac{125}{155} = 81\%$	
Sales-value equivalent	$\frac{200}{250} = 80\%$	$\frac{200}{275} = 73\%$	

11. It can be seen that the existence of commission receipts as part of total receipts for an activity can result in homogeneity ratios different from those obtained if output were measured solely in terms of sales values. The effect is not very important where commission accounts for a relatively small proportion of total receipts. However, for cases where commission is a relatively large proportion of total receipts, commission receipts should be adjusted to an estimated equivalent sales-value for the purpose of calculating ratios.

Specific Problems in the Calculation of Coverage Ratios

- 12. In the calculation of coverage ratios there are two additional factors in particular which give rise to some difficulties. The first of these relates to captive activity, where activities primary to one class are carried out as part of a vertically integrated operation in an establishment whose final products are primary to another class. Since the output of the captive activity is not marketed, it will not be included as a separate category in statistics of sales or gross receipts, and thus if calculation of coverage ratios is based on such statistics, the coverage of the class to which the activity is primary might, on certain assumptions, be overstated i.e. because part of the output of that activity would have been omitted from the denominator in the calculation.
- 13. However, because of difficulties in obtaining data on the value of captive output of individual activities and because of the conceptual complexities involved in including captive production in industry evaluations, captive output is not taken into account in calculating coverage ratios, as a general procedure.
- 14. The second main problem in considering coverage ratios arises in respect of overlapping classes. As explained in Chapter 2, this term relates to the situation where a particular activity is primary to two or more classes, in the sense that the activity is considered as primary to one particular class when it occurs in one defined set of circumstances, and primary to another class when it occurs in another defined set of circumstances (e.g. mens clothing retailing is primary to Class 4814 Department stores when it is carried on in a department store, and primary to Class 4843 Mens and boys wear stores, when it is carried on in any other kind of establishment). In cases where an activity is primary to more than one industry, the coverage ratio of any of those industries would be expected to be lower, on average, than the coverage ratio of industries whose primary activities are not also primary to other industries.
- 15. A possible approach to meet this problem would be to accept lower standard minimum coverage ratios for overlapping industries. However, it is considered that a more effective device is to calculate an adjusted coverage ratio (referred to as a ratio having an 'overlap adjustment') in which the denominator excludes the output of the primary activities which have been produced in the other overlapping industries. This device is illustrated in Tables 5 and 6, relating to three hypothetical classes, 'Sheep and wheat farming', 'Sheep farming' and 'Wheat farming'. Table 5 shows the pattern of receipts of these classes and Table 6 illustrates the coverage ratios, on the normal basis and with overlap adjustment.

TABLE 5

	Receipts from					
Class	Sheep farming activity	Wheat farming activity	Other activities	All activities		
	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)		
Sheep and wheat farming	100	140	38	278		
Sheep farming	710	5	75	790		
Wheat farming	5	73	10	88		
Other classes	38	5				
All classes	853	223				

TABLE 6

		Cor	verage ratio	
Class	Specialisation ratio	Without overlap		
	12010	adjustment	With overlap adjustment	
Sheep and wheat farming	$\frac{100+140}{278} = 86\%$	$\frac{100+140}{853+223} = 22\%$	$\frac{100+140}{(853+223)-(710+73)} = 82\%$	
Sheep farming	710 790 = 90%	$\frac{710}{853} = 83\%$	$\frac{710}{853 - 100} = 94\%$	
Wheat farming	73 88 = 83%	$\frac{73}{223} = 33\%$	$\frac{73}{223 - 140} = 88\%$	

Standards for Recognising ASIC Classes

- 16. The minimum level of specialisation adopted for an ASIC class is generally 70 per cent. In applying this standard, allowance should be made for cases (e.g. in the case of some repair activities) where low specialisation ratios calculated on the basis of gross receipts are known to correspond to high specialisation in terms of value added. Also, in the case of commission receipts, the sales value equivalent is taken into account, where appropriate (and possible), in the calculation of the specialisation ratio to be measured against this standard.
- 17. As a general rule the minimum level of coverage adopted for an ASIC industry is 70 per cent; subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) the sales value of commission receipts is taken into account, where appropriate; and

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- (b) the overlap adjustment is made in the case of overlapping industries.
- 18. It has been difficult to set hard and fast minimum levels of importance, to be applied in recognising ASIC classes. In developing the original 1969 edition of the ASIC, the view was taken that a potential industry with gross receipts of less than \$10,000,000 annually would not be recognised as a separate class unless there were good reasons other than size (e.g. user interest), and that a potential industry with gross receipts of less than \$5,000,000 annually should not be recognised as a separate class. These limits, adjusted in accordance with changes in prices, have generally been applied during the last review of the Classification where data were available.

Application of the Standards

- 19. The standards for recognising ASIC classes have been applied in reviews of the Classification generally as follows:
 - (a) Coverage and specialisation ratios were estimated for those industries for which data were available. This meant that ratios were estimated for most industries in the following areas of the Classification:
 - Subdivision 01, Agriculture
 - Division B, Mining
 - Division C, Manufacturing
 - Subdivision 36, Electricity and gas
 - Division F, Wholesale and retail trade
 - (b) The reasons for any low ratios were examined and the causes remedied, where possible (or to the extent possible).

 E.g. on the basis of the estimated ratios and absolute size, industry Class 2114, Casings of animal origin, in the 1969 edition of the ASIC proved to be not acceptable. The main cause of that situation was that a significant proportion of the "primary" activities of that industry were in fact carried out as secondary activities of establishments in Class 2111 Fresh, preserved and canned meat (including tallow, meal and fertilisers of animal origin). Accordingly the only practical remedy was to amalgamate these two classes. This was done. (The most frequently used remedy, however, was not to amalgamate classes but to transfer primary activities from one class to another.)
 - (c) Where no or only partial data were available to calculate actual ratios, largely subjective judgements had to be made concerning the homogeneity of industries. However, in the case of the industry classes in Subdivision 41, General construction and the industry classes in Division G, Transport and storage, coverage and specialisation ratios were estimated based on data collected in special units surveys.

- (d) The minimum requirement aimed at for retaining classes in the ASIC or accepting new classes (obtained by splitting old classes) was that an ASIC class should meet at least two of the three standards, provided there was some demand for separate industry statistics for that class.
- 20. For industries in the ASIC for which estimates of coverage and specialisation ratios could be prepared and for which data on their size were available, the minimum requirements for recognising them as separate industries were met, in the great majority of cases. As a result of the reviews it is estimated that industry coverage and specialisation ratios have generally been improved and that the minimum requirements for recognising industries are now being met in almost all instances (where estimation has been possible) and, indeed, are being decidedly exceeded in the vast majority of cases.
- 21. In the relatively few instances of ASIC classes where the minimum requirements are probably not being fully met, the industry classes are generally of a type for which there is a strong demand (e.g. Class 0182 Meat cattle) or which are needed but for which high homogeneity ratios cannot be achieved, i.e. industry classes such as Class 0196 Agriculture n.e.c. or Class 4897 Retailing n.e.c.
- 22. Another consideration which has had a bearing on standards for recognising classes concerns the possible confidentiality of data relating to a class, due to the low number of establishments in that class. In general, a constraint of this nature has not been applied in the ASIC, since growth in the number of establishments can change the situation for an individual class over a period of time, and since some industry information is needed for internal analytical purposes in the ABS, even if it cannot be made available for publication outside the ABS. However, in some cases where data for a class would be confidential even at the level of broad Australian totals, and they would appear likely to remain so for many years, a separate class has not been established or retained.

PRINCIPLES FOR CLASSIFYING UNITS

Principles for Classifying Establishments

- 23. There are three basic principles for classifying establishments to the cells of the ASIC:
 - (a) At each level (i.e. division, subdivision, group or class) an establishment can be classified to only one cell (e.g. an establishment may be classified to only one of the divisions).
 - (b) The cells of the different levels to which an establishment is classified must be related by aggregation or disaggregation (e.g. an establishment classified to the Manufacturing Division may only be classified to a subdivision within the Manufacturing Division).

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- (c) Each establishment is to be classified to cells according to its major activity.
- 24. There are no problems in classifying establishments which are engaged in only one kind of activity (i.e. in activities primary to only one class). However, many establishments are engaged in activities which are primary to two or more classes, and for these 'mixed activity' establishments it is necessary to lay down criteria and methods for classifying them according to their major activity.
- 25. The types of information available for use in classifying establishments are as follows:
 - (a) The respondent's own description of the activities of the establishment and his evaluation of the relative importance of the activities of the establishment.
 - (b) Quantitative information (e.g. value data), relating to the kinds of goods produced or handled or the kinds of services provided, from which the relative importance of individual activities can be deduced.
- Each of these types of information has some advantages and disadvantages. In the case of the respondent's own assessment, whilst he will undoubtedly have a more intimate knowledge of his business than the ABS could attain, it is inevitable that different respondents will have different criteria in mind in assessing importance, and the weight which they give to each activity will differ from respondent to respondent. In classifying on the basis of quantitative data it is possible to avoid such inconsistencies in approach. However, experience has shown that strict application of quantitative methods can sometimes lead to assessments of major activity which would be different from what might be expected to be a consensus of qualitative assessments of major activity, and in some cases this can reduce the usefulness of assessments based solely on quantitative methods. In the light of these considerations the procedures to be adopted in using the ASIC for classifying establishments should be based primarily on quantitative methods, but with provision for reference to the respondent's assessment in some cases. In situations where quantitative data is not available classification of establishments will have to depend, of course, on the respondent's description.
- 27. A number of alternative measures for assessing major activity can be considered for use in classifying on the basis of quantitative methods. The measure which generally would be considered first is 'value added'. Value added represents sales, less purchases (after

allowing for movements in stocks) less certain specified expenses. Value added is generally accepted as the most suitable criterion for determining the major activity of establishments where data are available on value added for individual activities within the establishment. This is because value added provides a measure, in one figure, of the contribution made by resources of labour and capital equipment in producing the output of an activity. However, it is generally not possible to obtain data on value added in individual activities within establishments, and this imposes a considerable limitation on the extent to which value added can be used in practice.

- 28. Other measures which can be used are value of sales or gross receipts, wages and salaries, and average number of persons working.
- 29. The choice between the various alternative quantitative measures depends largely on the practical question of what information is available for individual activities within all (or most) establishments in a particular collection. Generally, this consideration has led to the adoption of value of gross receipts as the measure for assessing the major activity of establishments in the integrated economic censuses. However, value added has also been adopted in certain circumstances in determining the major division of establishments. In other collections other measures or respondent's description may need to be used.
- Ideally only one measure should generally be used to assess the major activity (industry) of establishments at each level (i.e. the division level, the subdivision level, etc) of the classification in all collections in order to ensure consistent classification of all establishments. Otherwise a mixed activity establishment may be classified to one industry in one collection and to another industry in another collection depending on the data collected and, hence, measures used to assess major activity in the different collections. However, in practice such inconsistencies are unlikely to pose significant problems in an integrated statistical system because of the unduplicated recording of establishments on an integrated register of business units which is an essential feature of an integrated statistical system. Use of an integrated register would normally ensure that no establishment is included in two or more statistical collections whose scope is mutually exclusive, in which establishments are classified by industry and which are a source for updating establishment industry codes on the integrated register of business units.
- 31. There may be particular instances, however, of establishments having primary activities in two or more ASIC divisions where value of gross receipts may not be thought to be an appropriate measure (apart from its generally recognised and accepted deficiencies) for assessing the size of certain activities of a mixed activity establishment. In

such circumstances estimates of value added should preferably be used, if possible, to determine the major division of the establishment or, failing that, average employment or wages and salaries.

32. When the respondent's description is relied on (as, for example, in the case of small establishments from which detailed quantitative activity information is not collected) the technique generally preferred by the ABS is to request the respondent to indicate firstly the broad sector of activity in which the establishment is engaged (e.g. manufacturing, wholesaling, etc.), and then to state in order of importance the main types of commodities produced or sold, or the main types of services rendered. Experience has indicated that this approach gives results which are generally more in line with results of applying quantitative criteria than an approach which simply uses the respondent's own description of the main activity of the establishment.

Methods of Classification

- 33. In classifying economic units there are basically two alternative methods:
 - (a) Classification to a cell at the broadest level of the Classification in the first instance and subsequently to cells at successively lower levels (e.g. classification to a division of the ASIC, then to a subdivision within the division, and so on until the establishment is finally classified to a class). For convenience this method is referred to as the "step-by-step" method.
 - (b) Classification directly to a cell at the lowest level of the Classification (e.g. direct to a class of the ASIC).
- 34. The step-by-step method of classification has been generally adopted for use in the ASIC, especially where quantitative measures are used to assess major activity.
- 35. However, somewhat different methods are applicable in certain defined cases. For example, establishments of licensed clubs are classified in accordance with the special conditions specified in the relevant class definitions, and locations not yet in operation which are determined to be establishments are to be classified according to their intended main activity, as reported by respondents.

Principles for Classifying Administrative Offices and Ancillary Units

Administrative offices and ancillary units are to be assigned a 'reflected' industry code, corresponding to the industry which represents the predominant industry of the establishments administered or served by the ancillary unit. Accordingly the ideal method of classifying ancillary units is to determine which establishments are served by the ancillary unit and then, by using the total value added of each establishment as a 'weight' of the class of that establishment, to determine the predominant class of the establishments served using the step-by-step method. In practice, it may not always be possible, however, to use the ideal method in a statistical collection. In such circumstances administrative offices and ancillary units should be assigned the ASIC code of the largest establishment served (assessed in terms of some uniformly available employment measure).

Principles for Classifying Enterprises and Enterprise Groups

- 37. Enterprises and enterprise groups are to be assigned a 'reflected' industry code, corresponding to the industry which represents the predominant industry of the establishments owned and operated by the enterprise or enterprise group. The method to be used in classifying enterprises and enterprise groups should involve the following:
 - (a) Weighting each establishment (in the enterprise or enterprise group as the case may be) by the establishment's total value added or some substitute weight such as total employment.
 - (b) Application of the step-by-step method of classification to determine the predominant industry of the establishments owned and operated. This is done as follows: STEP 1: The establishments are grouped according to their ASIC division and the weights are added to division totals. The enterprise (or enterprise group) should then be classified to the division with the greatest weight. STEP 2: Within that division only, the establishments should be grouped according to their ASIC subdivision and their weights added to subdivision totals. The enterprise (or enterprise group) should then be classified to the subdivision with the greatest weight (within the division determined in the first step). STEP 3: Within that subdivision only, the establishments should be grouped according to their ASIC groups and their weights added to ASIC group totals. The enterprise (or enterprise group) should then be classified to the ASIC group with the greatest weight (within the subdivision determined in the previous step). STEP 4: Within that group only, the establishments should be grouped according to their ASIC class codes and their weights added to class totals. The enterprise (or enterprise group) should then be classified to the ASIC class with the greatest weight (within the ASIC group determined in the previous step).

- 38. In choosing the weight to be applied to establishments for the purpose of classifying enterprises or enterprise groups, only one kind of weight should be chosen. This choice will have to depend, of course, on the general availability of the weight for establishments.
- 39. In integrated economic censuses, for example, data for the calculation of value added are collected for each in-scope establishment of a multi establishment enterprise (as well as for most single establishment enterprises). Accordingly, value added can be used in these censuses for weighting establishments in the process of classifying enterprises (and enterprise groups) within the scope of these censuses.
- 40. However, in other statistical collections value added will not generally be available for establishments, nor will value added be generally available for the component establishments of all enterprises recorded on the ABS's Integrated Register. Accordingly value added cannot be used as a universal weight in the process of classifying enterprises and enterprise groups. The only universally available weight would be total establishment employment. Accordingly, employment will generally have to be used as the establishment weight in classifying enterprises and enterprise groups outside the scope of integrated economic censuses.
- 41. A short circuit occurs in applying the step-by-step method described above to single establishment enterprises and enterprise groups because each single establishment enterprise and the enterprise group is assigned the industry code of its establishment.
- 42. The method described above has not, however, been judged to be appropriate to certain kinds of enterprises in the public sector.
- 43. As a consequence, enterprise type units have been divided into two categories as follows:

CATEGORY I: PUBLIC SECTOR GENERAL GOVERNMENT ENTERPRISES, which:

(a) in respect of each of the three tiers of government (i.e. federal, state, local) have a significant legislative function, e.g. the Houses of Parliament of the Commonwealth and the States, and Local Government Authorities (including enterprise type units, such as Parliamentary Departments, which provide supporting office services to the legislative enterprise type units),

- (b) in respect of the Commonwealth and the individual States, have significant functions in the fields of taxation and financial management (except banking), and
- (c) in respect of the Commonwealth, have significant functions concerning defence, and foreign policy formulation and representation.

CATEGORY II: ALL OTHER ENTERPRISES

- 44. All CATEGORY I enterprises are to be classified as a convention, to the appropriate industries in Division J, Public administration and defence.
- 45. All CATEGORY II enterprises are to be classified in accordance with the general method of classifying enterprises and enterprise groups described above.
- 46. Because CATEGORY I enterprises are to be classified to the appropriate classes in Division J without reference to their component establishments, problems of reconciling establishment statistics with enterprise statistics will arise in those instances where, after following normal procedures for classifying establishments, no establishment in the enterprise set is given the same ASIC code as the CATEGORY I enterprise.
- 47. The steps that will be taken to overcome problems of this kind include the following:
 - (a) The composition of CATEGORY I enterprises is to be kept as small as possible.
 - (b) In each case of a CATEGORY I enterprise set in which there is no establishment with the same ASIC code as that of the enterprise, an establishment is to be created, classifiable to the same industry class as the CATEGORY I enterprise, by splitting one of the existing establishments in the set, i.e. the one at which the head office of the enterprise is located.

Resistance Factors

- 48. Cases sometimes occur where combinations of activities are seemingly engaged in by units in proportions such as would make it likely that the units would change from one class to another and back again in successive years, with only minor shifts in activities.
- 49. It is sometimes argued that such temporary fluctuations, based on only very minor shifts in activity, should not be represented in statistics, and that resistance factors or tests should be incorporated in processing systems which would prevent establishments changing industry on the basis of such minor activity shifts.
- 50. However, experience has shown that it is an extremely complicated and costly matter to develop and apply resistance factors or tests during industry classification processing. Such tests require the measurement of change of each of the activities which have contributed to the unit's change of industry class, involving the making of detailed comparisons of the units' 'last' year's outputs with 'this' year's outputs, and assessing the significance of the changes which have occurred. Furthermore, while it may be possible to say after the event that a particular establishment has fluctuated between two industries over the years, it is simply not possible to forecast such behaviour or distinguish such fluctuations from more permanent changes in activity as would be required at the time for the application of resistance factors.
- 51. Accordingly the application of resistance factors or tests to industry classification is not generally recommended by the ABS.

USE OF ASIC IN PUBLICATION OF STATISTICS

Censuses

52. In both population censuses and economic censuses it is recommended that the full detail of the ASIC be used in publication of detailed statistics (in the economic censuses, of course, this will relate only to those areas of ASIC for which censuses are conducted). Further the detailed statistics for ASIC classes should be presented within the hierarchic structure of groups, subdivisions and divisions. In population censuses it is intended that as far as practicable data will be classified by industry on the basis of the class appropriate to the establishment at which each person is employed, rather than on the industry description supplied by the person.

Other Statistics

- In many other types of statistics it is not practicable or necessary to classify data by industry in the full detail of the ASIC. For example, in many current statistical series the interest is in having data available quickly for relatively broad industry categories, and the time and effort involved in obtaining detailed tabulations for the full detail of the ASIC would defeat the main purpose - apart from the question of sampling reliability in the case of sample surveys. Further, the degree of industry detail appropriate for some statistical series may correspond more to the broad levels of ASIC than to the most detailed level. However, it is not practicable to lay down that the industry classification used should comprise one or more of the broad levels of ASIC - e.g. the whole of the division level, or the whole of the division and subdivision levels, because the degree of industry detail required in individual series differs for different areas of the classification (for example in capital expenditure statistics interest naturally is greatest in those industries where there normally are substantial amounts of capital expenditure). Therefore, some flexibility is necessary in applying the ASIC to statistical series which are to be classified on the basis of the broader levels of ASIC. At the same time, if each series were classified solely on the basis of providing detail in those areas of the classification which are of particular interest in that series, much of the benefit of having a standard classification would be lost, in that much of the data compiled for one series could not be compared with the data compiled for others.
- 54. To meet this situation, in general, the following rule should be applied in publishing statistical series which are classified by industry:

Any industry category for which separate particulars are published in any statistical table should be one of the following:

- (a) a division, subdivision, group or class of ASIC;
- (b) a combination of subdivisions within the one division of ASIC;
- (c) a combination of groups within the one subdivision of ASIC:
- (d) a combination of classes within the one group of ASIC.
- 55. This rule provides a reasonable amount of flexibility in classifying individual series in more detail for some parts of ASIC than for others. At the same time it requires that whenever a dissection is shown at one level of the ASIC, for a particular area of the Classification, a total must be shown for the corresponding categories at the next broader level. Data for those categories at that broader level can then be compared with data for that level in other statistical series even though those other series do not provide a breakdown of

Chapter 4: Assessment and Application of the Classification

those categories at the lower level. Thus this approach will not permit individual series to be classified according to headings selected from different levels of the Classification, with other industries being grouped together in a residual category without regard to the hierarchic structure of the Classification.

- 56. It is intended that this rule will be utilised to the fullest practicable extent, although it is recognised that circumstances might arise where it would be particularly difficult to apply this rule to a specific series (e.g. because of confidentiality problems, or sampling considerations). In general it is proposed to apply the rule to statistics utilising enterprise-type units, as well as to establishment statistics.
- 57. Some special considerations also have to be taken into account in the use of ASIC in compilation of input-output tables. For the most part, these relate to Division C Manufacturing. It is intended that manufacturing industries in input-output tables, to be compiled on the basis of data collected in the integrated economic censuses, will be classes of Division C of ASIC, or combinations of such classes where some consolidation is necessary to keep the size of the tables within limits. The situation may arise in a few instances, however, where for purposes of input-output analysis it is desired to utilise data for a group of more homogeneous units than the establishments comprising the relevant ASIC class. In such a situation the specific class concerned would be 're-defined' for the purposes of the input-output tables. It is expected that only a limited amount of such re-definition will be utilised.

CHAPTER 5: TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES

The principles underlying the construction of the Classification, discussed in Chapter 2, provide the decision making framework for determining the 'primary activity' composition of ASIC classes. As such they are used actively only in two kinds of circumstances, viz:

- (a) during the original development or a subsequent review of the Classification in determining or changing the primary activity composition of ASIC classes, and
- (b) during the use of the Classification in resolving how to treat activities not specifically included in class definitions or covered by generalised rules relating to specific categories of activities.
- 2. The purpose of this Chapter is to explain the treatment of certain categories of activities and to provide guidelines on how these activities should be treated in the Classification in situations where they have not been specifically mentioned in class definitions. Such guidelines are needed to enable establishments mainly engaged in such activities to be classified.

REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

- Repair and related activities (e.g. maintenance or servicing) are carried out in respect of a wide range of items of plant, equipment, household appliances, and personal goods. The nature of repair and maintenance activities can vary from engineering operations such as engine reconditioning, to minor servicing operations such as replacing a part in a domestic washing machine. Repair activities are, moreover, carried out in a wide variety of different types of establishment. In these circumstances the question of the treatment of repair activities in the ASIC may require some elaboration.
- 4. The circumstances where repair activities are carried out by an enterprise on its own equipment have been discussed in Chapter 3, dealing with the treatment of ancillary units. Thus the repair by an enterprise of its own motor vehicles falls within ancillary activity category (v) and of other types of equipment can fall within ancillary activity category (vii). Accordingly, locations mainly engaged in repair activities are in certain circumstances treated as ancillary units, and classified accordingly.
- 5. Where repair activities are carried out as a secondary activity by establishments which are mainly engaged in some other activity, such establishments are, of course, classified to the class to which their main activity is primary. The following discussion is therefore concerned only with the treatment of establishments which are mainly engaged in repair activities.

- There are, in principle, two ways of providing for the classification of such establishments. Firstly, a separate class might be provided for a particular kind of repair activity. Secondly, a particular kind of repair activity might be specified as primary to a class which also covers other activities. The choice between these treatments depends in the main on the application of the standards for recognising ASIC classes, which are described in Chapter 4. Where the first treatment has been adopted, it was necessary to determine where the class should be located in the ASIC. Where the second treatment has been adopted, the location of the class depended on the nature of primary activities of the class, other than the repair activities.
- The first treatment, i.e. of creating a separate industry class for a particular kind of repair activity, has been adopted in only three instances. These classes are all located in Subdivision 48 Retail trade and are as follows:

4846 Shoe repairers

4857 Electric appliance repairers n.e.c. 4865 Smash repairers

- The second treatment, i.e. of assigning a particular type of repair activity as primary to a class which covers other activities, has been adopted for all other types of repair activity.
- In deciding the industry class to which a particular repair activity was to be assigned as primary to, the principles adverted to in paragraph 1 were followed as far as possible. Normally this meant that a particular repair activity has been assigned as a primary activity to that industry class which included most of the other activities with which the particular repair activity was found to be most strongly associated at establishments. For example, repair of plumbing was found to be most commonly associated at establishments with the installation of plumbing. Accordingly plumbing repair has been assigned as a primary activity to Class 4242 Plumbing in Subdivision 42 Special trade construction.
- As a consequence of the foregoing, repair activities have been assigned as primary to industry classes in the following areas of the ASIC:

Division C : Manufacturing Division E : Construction

Division F: Wholesale and retail trade

In the detailed Classification the treatment of individual repair activities has been specified in the class definitions as far as possible, and establishments mainly engaged in any one of such repair activities are to be classified to the class which includes this repair activity as a primary activity.

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

- 12. Where an establishment is found to be engaged in a repair or maintenance activity which has not been explicitly specified in a class definition in the ASIC and which is significant enough to influence the determination of the establishment's industry, advice should be sought as to the industry class which covers the particular repair activity as a primary activity, by contacting the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra, before the establishment is classified.
- 13. Concerning the comparability of ASIC with ISIC, there are some problems in the conversion of data classified according to the ASIC, to conform to the ISIC, arising especially from the treatment of repair of household and personal goods which have been provided for in the Personal and Household Services Division of ISIC. In view of industry practice in Australia it was not considered appropriate to adopt this (ISIC) treatment for repairs of such items in the ASIC. To the extent that it has been possible to provide separate classes in the ASIC for various kinds of repair activities, it will, of course, be possible to achieve convertibility to ISIC, but where repairs of some types of household and personal goods are primary to classes which also cover other activities, convertibility is not possible. Some of the more important kinds of repair activities in respect of which convertibility is not possible are:
 - (a) repair of office and business machines,
 - (b) repair of agricultural and construction machinery and equipment,
 - (c) repair of watches, clocks and jewellery,
 - (d) motor vehicle repair (other than smash repairs),
 - (e) repair of sporting and photographic equipment,
 - (f) repair of non-electric household appliances.

INSTALLATION ACTIVITIES

- 14. The term 'installation', even though it seems to defy precise definition and could refer to the placement of virtually any kind of commodity into position for use, is nevertheless useful for referring to a broad category of activities for the purpose of describing their treatment in the Classification.
- 15. Because of the vague meaning of the term 'installation', no attempt has been made in the Classification to rigorously use the term to describe a particular category of activities as distinct from some other category of similar activities. Instead the term has been used in the Classification to describe activities which are commonly referred to as installation (e.g. as in hot water systems

installation, oil heaters installation or elevators installation). Where another term, such as erection, assembly or fixing, appeared more appropriate, in terms of general usage, for describing an installation type activity, that other term was generally adopted.

- 16. Unlike repair activities, installation and similar activities are not considered part of any ancillary activity category. Thus, a location which is mainly engaged in installation activities is not usually treated as an ancillary unit even if that location were to install equipment belonging to the enterprise in one of the other locations of the enterprise.
- 17. Apart from this difference the treatment of installation and similar activities is based on the same principles, i.e. those adverted to in paragraph 1, as is the treatment of repair or, for that matter, of all other activities.
- 18. Considered as a separate kind of activity (because it is undertaken in different combinations with other activities at establishments or as a specialist activity rather than being subsumed in a broader activity), installation activity might be thought of as an activity characteristic of classes in Division E Construction. However, the treatment of specific types of installation activity in the ASIC depends not merely on the nature of the activity itself but, more importantly, on the types of establishments which commonly engage in it. Thus where some types of installation activity are commonly carried out by manufacturing or distribution establishments, the respective installation activities have been made primary to classes in Division C Manufacturing, or Division F Wholesale and netail trade.
- 19. As in the case of establishments engaged in other activities, establishments mainly engaged in a specific installation activity (i.e. installation of a specific type of equipment) have been recognised as a separate class in the ASIC, provided the standards for recognising separate classes were met. In general, where this was done, the class is located in Subdivision 42 Special trade construction.
- 20. In all other cases, specific installation activities have been assigned as primary activities of classes covering other kinds of activity, i.e. activities with which those installation activities are commonly associated at establishments.

Chapter 5 : Treatment of Certain Activities

21.	Examples of the approach descri	bed	above are provided below:
	INSTALLATION OF:		PRIMARY TO:
		_	DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING
	Custon made built-in furniture (a) Joinery (a)	}	Class 2535, Wooden structural fittings and joinery n.e.c.
	Factory assembled commercial or industrial boilers	}	Class 3166, Boiler and plate work
	Elevators Escalators)	Class 3369, Industrial machinery and equipment n.e.c.
		_	DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION
	Boilers (on-site assembly from prefabricated components) Electrical machinery (heavy, on-site assembly) Telephone, telegraph or telex equipment)	Class 4122, Non-building construction n.e.c.
	Structural steel components for buildings or other structures	}	Class 4241, Structural steel erection
	Hot water systems Plumbing (except marine) Septic tanks)	Class 4242, Plumbing
	Domestic exhaust fans Electric light or power wiring and fittings	}	Class 4243, Electrical work
	Air conditioning ductwork Air conditioning equipment Heating equipment (except industrial furnaces) Refrigeration equipment	}	Class 4244, Heating and air conditioning
	Fire alarm systems and sprinklers Blinds and awnings Floor coverings (except ceramic) Insulation materials		Class 4249, Special trades n.e.c.

DIVISION F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE Glass (in windows or doors or) Class 4728, Builders hardware as covered by the term glazing) dealers n.e.c. Business machines Class 4734, Business machines Electronic computers wholesalers Television antennae Class 4857, Electric appliance Household electric appliances repairers n.e.c. (except heating equipment) not requiring electrical work

NOTE: (a) Except on-site assembly.

- 22. The examples listed above do not include every installation or similar type of activity specified in the ASIC. To find other installation or similar activities in the ASIC the entries in the alphabetic index, Volume 2, of the Classification and the individual class definitions in Volume 1 should be referred to.
- 23. However, it has not been practicable to specify all installation type activities in ASIC class definitions. Accordingly, where an establishment is found to be engaged in an installation type activity which has not been explicitly specified in a class definition and which is significant enough to influence the determination of the establishment's industry advice should be sought as to the industry class which covers the particular installation type activity as a primary activity, by contacting the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra, before the establishment is classified.
- 24. The approach that will generally be taken by Classification Section in deciding to what particular industry class a 'missing' installation type activity should be assigned as primary to will be broadly along the following lines:
 - Determination with what other activities at establishments the particular installation activity is most strongly associated with and how strong this association is relative to the situation where the activity is undertaken as a specialist (i.e. sole) activity by establishments.
 - If the installation activity is strongly associated with some particular other activity at establishments the installation activity would normally be assigned as primary to the industry class which includes that other activity as a primary activity.
 - If the installation activity is not strongly associated with any particular other activity at establishments (or the strength of the association cannot be determined for some reason) the installation activity would normally be

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

assigned as a primary activity to the ASIC class which is the nearest equivalent of the ISIC Group which includes that activity. Normally this would mean an ASIC class in Division E, Construction. (The case for including a particular type of installation activity in one of the ASIC classes in Division E might further be strengthened if the installation activity typically includes a considerable element of on-site fabrication or assembly of components.)

- 25. The combination of supply and installation activities requires particular treatment when establishments are being classified. There are several situations that arise and different treatments are applicable.
 - (i) Supply (i.e. manufacture) of a particular commodity and its subsequent installation:
 - (a) if both activities are primary to the same industry class there is no problem the establishment is classified in the usual way.
 - (b) if the activities are primary to different industry classes, the value of each activity is taken into account separately when determining the predominant activity of the establishment.
 - (ii) Supply (i.e. wholesale or retail) of a particular commodity and its subsequent installation:
 - (a) if both activities are primary to the same industry class, there is no problem the establishment is classified in the usual way.
 - (b) if the activities are primary to different industry classes, the following applies:
 - 1. Establishments that are clearly classifiable to ASIC Subdivision 42, Special trade contracting (e.g. plumbing or electrical trades) should be classified to the appropriate class in Subdivision 42 PROVIDED that they are not significantly engaged in selling plumbing or electrical supplies or other builders hardware without installation, OR use subcontractors to do most of the installation or fixing work.
 - Other establishments which purchase goods in order to complete contracts for the supply and installation of goods are industry classified by assessing the respective sizes of the supplying and installing activities.

In the above situations the specified treatments apply to the activity combinations described and therefore to establishments mainly or solely engaged in them. Where such activities are carried out in conjunction with other activities, then the industry classification should be carried out by valuing all activities and applying the step-by-step method of classification.

LEASING ACTIVITIES

- 26. From a legal point of view, leasing or hiring or renting activities might be considered as a single kind of activity which might have been made primary to one class (or at least to several classes in the same part of the ASIC). However, from the standpoint of economic significance, leasing, hiring or renting activities encompass a diverse range of significantly different activities. Broadly speaking, a leasing, hiring or renting activity may involve provision of services such as real estate operation, short-term hire of plant and equipment, or car hire; it may represent a substitute for selling, e.g. by manufacturers or wholesalers of plant and equipment, or by retailers of domestic appliances; it may involve provision of financial services, i.e. when an establishment engages in leasing of industrial machinery or equipment purely on a financial service basis without taking physical possession of the goods; or it may be closely linked with the operation of the equipment which is leased or hired, e.g. when equipment is hired out with operators provided.
- 27. Moreover, leasing activities are widely dispersed over many kinds of establishments, and significant elements of leasing are contained in the activities of establishments in many industries. It would be unrealistic to require the various kinds of leasing activities to be split out from the establishments concerned to form new artificial establishments for classification to a specialist leasing industry, and without some such device it would not be practicable to achieve reasonable coverage of leasing activity within the one class, or group. Accordingly, in the ASIC, leasing activities are treated differently according to the different kinds of circumstances in which they generally occur.
- 28. In general, distinctions between the different kinds of activities which leasing, hiring or renting activity may represent have been based on the type of plant or equipment leased; the term of the lease (e.g. one year or more); whether equipment is leased (or hired) with or without operators; and whether the establishment engaged in leasing manufactures or takes physical possession of the goods.

- 29. Following this approach, the treatment of leasing activities in the ASIC is as follows:
 - (a) Leasing or hiring of industrial machinery, transport equipment (except ships) or other plant or equipment (manufactured by the same establishment) for periods of one year or more, without operators, is primary to the appropriate classes in Division C, Manufacturing.
 - (b) Leasing or hiring of industrial machinery, transport equipment (except ships) or other plant or equipment (not manufactured by the same establishment), without operators, for periods of one year or more from stocks physically held for this purpose, is primary to the appropriate classes in Division F, Wholesale and retail trade.
 - (c) Leasing, hiring or renting of industrial machinery, plant or equipment (except transport equipment) without operators, for periods less than one year, from stocks physically held for this purpose, is primary to Class 6390, Plant hire and leasing n.e.c., in Subdivision 63, Property and business services.
 - (d) Leasing, hiring or renting of transport equipment (except fishing or pleasure boats) without operators, for periods less than one year, from stocks physically held for this purpose is primary to the appropriate classes in Division G, Transport and storage.
 - (e) Leasing (except on a financial service basis) of commercial fishing vessels, with or without crew, for any period, is primary to the appropriate classes in Group 043, Fishing.
 - (f) Leasing of ships (except on a financial service basis) with or without crew, whether for short or long periods, is primary to the appropriate classes of ASIC Division G, Transport and storage.
 - (g) Leasing of aircraft (except on a financial service basis) with crew, for any period, is primary to the appropriate classes in Group 540, Air transport.
 - (h) Leasing or hiring of plant or equipment with operators is primary to the classes appropriate to the type of work being performed. For example, hire of cars with drivers is primary to Class 5123, Taxi and other road passenger transport, in Division G, Transport and storage.
 - (i) Leasing of industrial machinery, transport equipment, or other plant or equipment purely on a financial service basis (i.e. without physically handling the goods) is primary to Class 6156, Financiers n.e.c., in Subdivision 61, Finance and investment.

- (j) Leasing or hiring domestic appliances or most other types of consumer goods for short or long periods, from stocks physically held for this purpose, is primary to the appropriate classes in Subdivision 48, Retail trade.
- (k) Hiring of motion picture films to business, government, charitable or other non-profit organisations or private individuals is primary to Class 9132, Motion picture film hiring, in Division L, Recreation, personal and other services.
- (1) Hiring of pleasure boats, without crew, for periods less than one year is primary to Class 9144, Sport and recreation n.e.c., in Division L, Recreation, personal and other services.
- (m) Hiring of linen, baby napkins or uniforms (e.g. work clothes) is primary to Class 9340, Laundries and dry-cleaners, in Division L, Recreation, personal and other services.
- (n) Renting or leasing of agricultural or pastoral properties for others is primary to Class 4751, Wool selling brokers; stock and station agents, in Subdivision 47 Wholesale trade.
- (o) Renting or leasing of houses or other real property (except of agricultural or pastoral properties) for others is primary to Class 6310, Real estate agents, in Subdivision 63, Property and business services.
- (p) Renting or leasing of real property (owned or leased by the establishment) is primary to the appropriate classes in Group 632, Real estate operators and developers, in Subdivision 63, Property and business services.
- (q) Lease broking (except of real property) is primary to Class 6172, Services to finance and investment n.e.c., in Subdivision 61, Finance and investment.

PACKING ACTIVITIES

- 30. In general, activities which involve physical transformation in materials or goods, including blending and assembly, are regarded as manufacturing activities. However, the mere breaking down of bulk quantities and consequent packing or bottling are generally regarded as service type activities, if performed on a contract, fee or similar basis.
- 31. In discussing the treatment of packing activities a distinction needs to be drawn between:
 - (a) packing services provided on a contract or fee basis for establishments of other enterprises,

- (b) packing services provided for other establishments of the same enterprise, and
- (c) captive packing activities undertaken by the establishment as part of its normal process of producing or distributing goods.
- 32. Packing, bottling, filling, canning and similar activities of type (a) and (b) above are referred to in this Classification as CONTRACT PACKING activities. (Type (b) is included here because packing services for other establishments are being provided which, incidentally, should give rise to the recording of intra enterprise imputed or actual (transfer) receipts and payments for packing services performed between the establishments concerned.)
- 33. Packing, bottling, filling, canning and similar activities of type (c) above are referred to in this Classification as CAPTIVE PACKING activities. Because captive packing activities are (by definition) not of themselves direct revenue earning activities they are not to be valued and taken into account in classifying establishments. For the same reason, the activities specified in class definitions are, in general, meant to relate to direct revenue earning activities rather than captive activities.

Captive Packing

34. Establishments which undertake captive packing activities are generally to be classified, like all other establishments, in accordance with their main revenue earning activity, irrespective of whether the goods produced or services rendered involve some captive packing. However, some situations do exist in which it is not immediately obvious how establishments which seem to do little else than pack goods should be classified. Such situations occur where establishments (on their own account or as agents) purchase (or transfer in) goods, repack these goods, and then sell (not transfer out) the repacked goods to other establishments or final consumers. Establishments solely or mainly engaged in such activities should generally be treated as follows:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE (UNPROCESSED)

(a) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) and washing, grading or repacking unprocessed fresh fruit, vegetables or other agricultural produce (including sun dried fruit) for resale to other establishments should be classified to the appropriate classes in Subdivision 47 Wholesale trade.

(b) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) and washing, grading or repacking unprocessed fresh fruit or vegetables for resale to final consumers for personal or household consumption should be classified to Class 4883 Fruit and vegetable stores.

SEAFOODS (FRESH OR FROZEN)

- (a) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) and repacking fresh or frozen seafoods for resale to other establishments without further processing should be classified to Class 4763 Fish wholesalers.
- (b) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) and repacking fresh or frozen seafoods for resale without further processing to final consumers for personal or household consumption should be classified to Class 4886 Fish shops; take away food and milk bars.

NOTE. The treatment of establishments mainly engaged in processing seafoods, whether or not captive packing is involved, is specified in the descriptions of Class 2174 Processed seafoods, and Class 4763 Fish wholesalers.

MANUFACTURED FOODS, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO

Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in):

- (a) Food products (including beverages in powder form but excluding all liquid beverages) which are then packed into cans, bottles or jars and then vacuum sealed for sale to other establishments, should be classified to the appropriate classes of Subdivision 21, Food, beverages and tobacco.
- (b) Liquid beverages (except wine or spirits) which are then packed into cans, bottles or cartons, for sale to other establishments should be classified to the appropriate classes in Subdivision 21, Food, beverages and tobacco.
- (c) Wine or spirits which are then bottled or otherwise packed, without further processing (such as blending), for sale to other establishments should be classified to Class 4767, Beer, wine and spirits wholesalers.
- (d) Food products (including beverages in powder form) which are then repacked (except as specified in (a), (b) or (c) above) without any further processing for sale to other establishments should generally be classified to the appropriate classes in Group 476, Food, drink and tobacco.

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

OTHER GOODS

- (a) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) chemicals (except petroleum products) and packing these into airtight containers or pressure vessels for sale to other establishments should be classified to the appropriate classes in Subdivision 27 Chemical, petroleum and coal products.
- (b) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) goods (except petroleum products, chemicals or foodstuffs) and repacking these goods without any further processing for sale to other establishments should generally be classified to the appropriate classes in Subdivision 47 Wholesale trade.
- (c) Establishments mainly engaged in buying (or transferring in) goods (except petroleum products, chemicals or foodstuffs) and subjecting these to further processing and repacking for sale to other establishments should generally be classified to the appropriate classes in Division C Manufacturing.
- 35. The treatments specified above are intended as general guidelines for classifying establishments which undertake significant captive packing or repacking activities. Where difficulty is experienced in applying these guidelines or where an instance is found where the general guidelines do not cover some particular captive packing activity or appear to conflict with the specification of activities in class definitions the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra should be contacted for advice.

Contract Packing

36. The treatment of contract packing activities in the ASIC is broadly as follows:

GOODS ORIGINATING IN SUBDIVISION 01 : AGRICULTURE

- (a) Contract packing of fresh fruit and vegetables is primary to Class 4764 Fruit and vegetable wholesalers.
- (b) Contract packing of sun dried fruit is primary to Class 4769 Grocery wholesalers n.e.c.
- (c) Contract packing of other agricultural produce, e.g. hay baling, is generally primary to Class 0206 Services to agriculture n.e.c.

GOODS ORIGINATING IN SUBDIVISION 21: FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO

Most of the common contract packing activities are specified in the class definitions of classes in Subdivisions 21 Food, beverages and tobacco and 47 Wholesale trade. Where the contract packing of a food, beverage or tobacco commodity has not been specified the intention is that the contract packing activity be treated as primary of the industry class in Subdivision 21 which includes, as a primary activity, the manufacture of the commodity.

PACKING OR CRATING GOODS FOR TRANSPORT

This activity is included as a primary activity in Class 5744 Other services to transport n.e.c.

OTHER CONTRACT PACKING

The contract packing of goods (except agricultural produce or food, beverages or tobacco or goods packed for transport) is primary to Class 6388 Contract packing services n.e.c.

- 37. The treatments specified above are intended as general guidelines or pointers to the specification of contract packing activities in the Classification. Where difficulty is experienced in using these guidelines or where it appears that a particular contract packing activity does not appear to be covered by either the class definitions or the above guidelines the Classification Section of the ABS in Canberra should be contacted for advice.
- 38. It should also be noted that in the detailed Classification not every packing, bottling or similar activity has been designated as 'on a contract or fee basis'. Where such a designation has been omitted the intention nevertheless is that the activity refer to a direct revenue earning activity, i.e. usually a contract packing or bottling activity. Further, it might also be noted that both terms 'packing' and 'repacking' have been used in the Classification. Where this has occurred, generally the more appropriate of the two terms has been used in the given circumstances without intending to imply that different classification treatments apply. In other words, for industry classification purposes the terms packing and repacking have the same meaning.

CONTRACT WORK

39. Generally there is no special difficulty in classifying establishments which produce goods or services on a contract, commission or fee basis for others.

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

- 40. However, difficulties have been encountered in certain circumstances in classifying establishments (i.e. in determining their major activity) which have goods and/or services produced for them on a contract, commission, or fee basis and where such goods and/or services are included in the final output of such establishments.
- 41. A typical example of the situation just described would be an establishment which purchases cloth and then enters into a contract with a clothing manufacturer according to which the clothing manufacturer uses the cloth to manufacture women's jeans for the client establishment on a commission basis. The first, i.e. the client establishment, after receiving the jeans, then sells these to retail establishments.
- 42. The question as to which industry the client establishment belongs is not readily answerable. For example, if one were merely relying on information about inputs (purchased cloth) and outputs (sales of women's jeans) the establishment should be classified to Class 2453 Women's outerwear n.e.c. in Division C Manufacturing. However, if one were to consider only the actual activities carried out, i.e. the activities which contribute to the value added of the establishment, a different assessment of the establishment's major activity (industry) would seem to emerge.
- 43. For the purpose of resolving problems of this type the following guidelines are offered.
- 44. Sales of goods produced for a 'client establishment' on a contract, commission or fee basis should normally be treated (for industry classification purposes) as sales of goods produced by the client establishment in the following conditions:
 - (a) the contractor operates (i.e. has been engaged to operate) production facilities which the client establishment possesses on its premises.
 - (b) the client establishment itself produces goods and the goods produced for it on commission are of a similar type or are goods produced from raw materials produced by the client establishment (provided the production of the raw materials is primary to the same ASIC division as the goods produced on commission from them), or
 - (c) the goods produced for the client establishment on contract are construction goods, i.e. houses, other buildings or other structures, and the client establishment actively organises or manages the construction projects. (Note. The terms 'organise' or 'manage' in this context refer to project management as specified in Division E, Construction, and do not mean mere inspection activities for the purpose of authorising payment to contractors or ensuring adherence to building regulations.)

45. If conditions (a), (b) or (c) do not apply <u>OR</u> if the goods are merely produced for the client establishment on the basis of a contract purchase, the sale of such goods by the client establishment should be treated (for industry classification purposes) as wholesale or retail sales.

OWN ACCOUNT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

- 46. For the purposes of the ASIC, own account construction should be interpreted to mean construction other than contract or speculative construction, e.g. the construction of buildings or other structures by an enterprise for its own use, rental or lease i.e. as distinct from construction of buildings or other structures by an enterprise for sale in the market or on contract for another enterprise (regardless of whether the client enterprise is related to the 'constructing' enterprise or not).
- 47. The 'constructing' enterprise may be a business undertaking, a government or non-profit organisation or a private household, and the own account construction activity may be undertaken by a construction unit of the 'constructing' enterprise or as a secondary activity of a non-construction establishment of the 'constructing' enterprise. However, where the own account construction is undertaken by a private household a construction establishment may be created for statistical purposes.
- 48. The industries in the ASIC do not distinguish between own account and contract construction activities, and the industry classes in Division E Construction include both, i.e. PRIVATE SECTOR construction establishments mainly engaged in undertaking contract as well as own account construction activities. In the case of PUBLIC SECTOR units, own account construction is treated as an ancillary activity and classified accordingly. (See paragraph 59 in Chapter 3 for an interpretation of 'own account construction' in the Public Sector.)

OPERATION OF DISPLAY CENTRES/HOMES

- 49. It is not uncommon for business or other organisations to establish display centres, display stalls at shows and the like. A typical example of such centres are display homes established by building companies.
- 50. The statistical treatment of such display centres has posed problems in the past and the following guidelines are provided for their treatment:

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

DISPLAY CENTRES LOCATED AT AN EXISTING ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ENTERPRISE

Such display centres do not form a separate statistical unit and are therefore treated as part of the establishment at which they are located. Any revenue earning activities of such centres are treated as revenue earning activities of the establishment.

SEPARATELY LOCATED DISPLAY CENTRES

A decision needs to be made in the first instance, in accordance with rules for recognising statistical units, whether a display centre qualifies for treatment as a separate statistical unit and, if it does, whether it is an establishment or an ancillary unit (see Chapter 3).

For example, a separately located display centre which operates mainly as a sales office and not merely takes orders but supplies transportable goods to customers, from stocks held at its premises or under its control at some other premises, is treated as a wholesale or retail establishment depending on whether it sells goods to other establishments (including professional or trades people) or to final consumers for personal or household consumption, as specified in the scope statement to Division F in the detailed Classification. On the other hand, i.e. in the case of certain types of non-transportable goods, such as houses or home units, a display centre would normally be treated as an ancillary unit if it is owned and operated by the enterprise which constructed the houses or home units.

If a display centre does not qualify for treatment as a statistical unit (e.g. employees of the enterprise operating the display centre are based at some other location of the enterprise and the display centre is intended to be in existence for only a relatively short period) the display centre is treated as part of the assets of the establishment or ancillary unit which operates the display centre.

OPERATION OF SEPARATELY LOCATED OFF-SITE WORKSHOPS

51. Some construction enterprises operate separately located workshops or factories (e.g. motor truck repair workshops or factories manufacturing building components such as roof trusses). For statistical purposes their treatment is as follows:

If, in accordance with the rules for combining locations (adverted to in Chapter 3), an off-site workshop is merged with another location (or unit) of the enterprise (e.g. a construction base of operations) all the operations of the off-site workshop are included in the operations of the establishment with which it has been merged. (However, the existence of the off-site workshop location will continue to be recorded as one of the component locations of the establishment and will carry the industry code of the establishment.)

If, in accordance with the rules for combining locations, an off-site workshop is not merged with another location (or unit) of the enterprise, the off-site workshop will be treated either as an establishment or as an ancillary unit.

If the off-site workshop is treated as an establishment it should be classified, as any other establishment, in accordance with its major activity.

If the off-site workshop is treated as an ancillary unit it should be classified in accordance with the rules for classifying ancillary units. These are set out in Chapter 4.

OTHER MATTERS CONCERNING THE SPECIFICATION OF ACTIVITIES

- 52. The primary activities specified in class definitions (i.e. the industry class descriptions and lists of primary activities) refer, in general, to direct revenue earning activities rather than captive activities. Where it is intended that captive activities form part of the industry specification captive activities are specifically referred to, e.g. in the case of industry Class 2443 Knitted goods n.e.c. (in Division C, Manufacturing) the industry definition specifies, inter alia, that the industry includes, as a primary activity, the manufacture of knitted blouses FROM FABRIC KNITTED AT THE SAME ESTABLISHMENT i.e. the captive activity of manufacturing knitted cloth for further processing into blouses is specifically mentioned.
- 53. Although, in general, the primary activities specified in class definitions are expressed in terms such as -

copper ores mining,
salt crushing, and
fruit, fresh, retailing -

circumstances exist where it is not possible to use such specific activity descriptions. In such circumstances the activities have

Chapter 5: Treatment of Certain Activities

been expressed in a more general sense. For example:

trading bank operation, investment club operation, and agricultural show operation.

- 54. In cases such as the foregoing the intention is that each primary activity only include those activities which relate strictly to the functions of the organisation described. For example, the primary activity 'trading bank operation' should not be taken to include non banking activities which some trading banks may undertake (e.g. the provision of travel agency services).
- 55. In other cases it has been useful or only possible to specify primary activities by reference to occupational descriptions. For example:

barrister (own account), solicitor (own account), radiologist (own account), herbalist (own account), and author (own account).

In these cases the term 'own account' is used to indicate that the services provided should be those by businesses and other organisations (including self employed persons) and not by wage and salary earners.

CHAPTER 6: THE NUMBERING SYSTEM

BASIC CHARACTER OF THE NUMBERING SYSTEM

A strict decimal numbering system has not been adopted in the ASIC because such a system would either impose limitations on the number of categories which could be established in various parts of the Classification, or would require the use of very long reference numbers. For example, a decimal numbering system in which the first digit was used to identify divisions would require that the number of divisions be limited to ten. Alternatively, if two digits were used for each of the levels of the ASIC, an eight digit reference number system would be necessary.

- 2. On the other hand, a decimal numbering system can be a useful aid in bringing out clearly the hierarchic structure of a classification, and can also provide a good deal of practical convenience in the Bureau's internal work, for example in the specification of procedural instructions for classifying establishments.
- 3. The numbering system adopted in the ASIC has been devised with the purpose of providing greater flexibility than a strict decimal four digit system, whilst retaining the advantages of a decimal system as far as practicable, i.e. within each division. There are thirteen divisions in the ASIC, each identified by an alphabetic character. Each subdivision is identified by a two digit number, each group by a three digit number and each class by a four digit number.
- 4. The number of subdivisions, groups and classes within each division is shown in the table below.

Division	Number of: Subdivisions	Groups	Classes
A	4	9	31
В	6	8	23
C	12	41	173
D	2	3	4
E	2	4	18
F	2	16	77
G	7	11	30
H	i	1	1
I	3	12	38
J	2	4	6
K	4	11	37
L	4	8	27
M	1	1	1
TOTAL	50	129	466

CHANGES TO CODE NUMBERS

- 5. The only part of the Classification that was substantially revised in the preparation of this edition is ASIC Division G, Transport and storage.
- 6. In accordance with previous practice, new code numbers have been allocated to all these industries. In addition, it has been necessary to change the industry codes for ASIC Division H, because of the increase in the number of subdivisions in Division G and the need to maintain a decimal code structure.

UNDEFINED CLASSES, GROUPS, ETC

- For certain statistical operations it is necessary to make provision for classifying establishments by industry in cases where only incomplete information is available on the activities of the establishment. For example, in classifying people in the workforce in a Population Census by industry - i.e. by entering the appropriate ASIC code numbers on the Population Census schedules - a particular Population Census schedule might provide insufficient information to enable the establishment at which a person is employed to be identified (as required for the method of classification described in Chapter 4). Moreover, that census schedule might show only a broad industry description for the place of work at which the person is employed such as 'clothing retailing', without any indication of whether the establishment concerned is mainly engaged in retailing men's clothing or women's clothing. To meet this situation it would be necessary to have provision for classifying the data to some such heading as 'Clothing Retailing undefined'. To avoid having a large number of such 'undefined' headings in the ASIC, the numbering system provides for the same result to be achieved by classifying inadequately described cases to a broader level of the Classification.
- 8. For this purpose provision has been made in the numbering system of the Classification for, so called, undefined classes, groups and subdivisions (Division M, Non-classifiable economic units, represents, in effect, the undefined division) by not using code numbers ending in zero unless there is only one class in a group, or one group in a subdivision, or one subdivision in a division in such situations the lower category always equals the higher, hierarchically related, category in any case.
- 9. For statistical processing purposes undefined categories, i.e. undefined classes, groups and subdivisions, can thus be inserted in the relevant processing systems by using codes ending in zero. Accordingly, there is provision in the Classification for having:

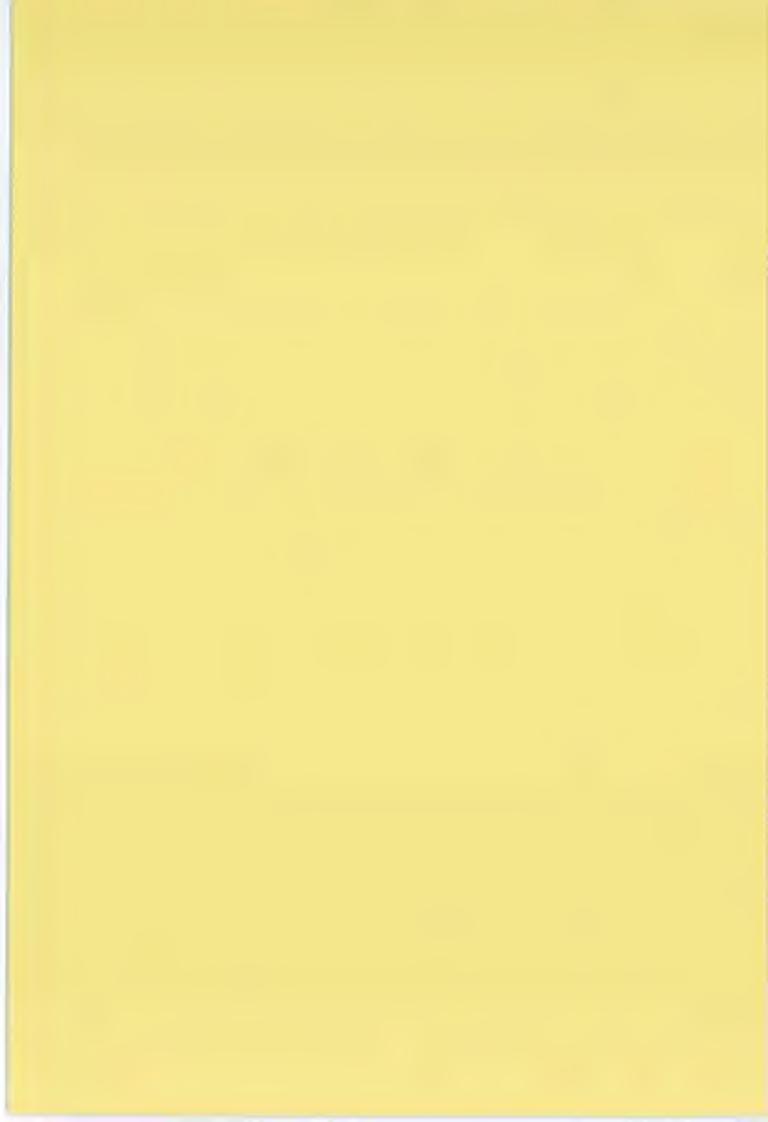
Chapter 6: The Numbering System

- one undefined class within each multi class group (representing the group and having the code of the group with an added zero),
- one undefined group within each multi group subdivision (representing the subdivision and having the code of the subdivision with an added zero),
- one undefined subdivision within each multi subdivision division (representing the division however, their code must be a new number because division codes are alphabetical characters).
- 10. As already mentioned, Division M represents the undefined division.
- 11. Further, each undefined subdivision could be represented as an undefined group or class by the addition of extra zeros to the code. Similarly each undefined group could be represented as an undefined class by the addition of an extra zero to the code number.
- 12. For example, the undefined categories relevant to the industries in Subdivision 24 Clothing and footwear (in Division C, Manufacturing) are included in the full listing of this subdivision as follows.

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
24			CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR
	240	2400	Clothing and footwear undefined
	244		Knitting mills
		2440 2441 2442 2443	Knitting mills <u>undefined</u> Hosiery Cardigans and pullovers Knitted goods n.e.c.
	245		Clothing
		2450 2451 2452 2453 2454	Clothing undefined Men's trousers and shorts; work clothin Men's suits and coats; waterproof clothing Women's outerwear n.e.c. Foundation garments
		2455 2456	Underwear and infants' clothing n.e.c. Headwear and clothing n.e.c.
	246	2460	Footwear

13. The detailed Classification does not list or include these undefined categories. Their use is in processing statistical data and they should not be used for the purpose of presenting or publishing statistical data. For that purpose only the defined industry categories should be used.

CHAPTER 7 - THE CLASSIFICATION



DIVISION, SUBDIVISION AND GROUP TITLES

Division	Subdivision	Group	Title
A			AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING
	01		Agriculture
		012·1 013 ½ 014 5 018 ~ _ 019 %	Poultry Fruit Vegetables Cereal Grains, Sheep, Cattle and Pigs Other Agriculture
	02		Services to Agriculture
		020 9	Services to Agriculture
	03	-	Forestry and Logging
		030	Forestry and Logging
	04		Fishing and Hunting
		043 (Fishing Hunting and Trapping
В			MINING
	11		Metallic Minerals
		111 J	Ferrous Metal Ores Non-Ferrous Metal Cres
	12		Coal
		120	Coal
	13		Oil and Gas
1		130 14	Oil and Gas
	14		Construction Materials
		140	Construction Materials
	1.5		Other Non-Metallic Minerals
		150	Other Non-Metallic Minerals
	1,6		Services to Mining N.E.C.
		161 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Mineral Exploration (Own Account) Mining and Exploration Services n.e.c.
C			MANUFACTURING
	21		Food, Beverages and Tobacco
		211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219	Meat Products Milk Products Fruit and Vegetable Products Margarine and Oils and Fats n.e.c. Flour Mill and Cereal Food Products Bread, Cakes and Biscuits Other Food Products Beverages and Malt Tobacco Products

Division	Subdivision	Group	Title
C			MANUFACTURING - contd
	23		Textiles
		23417 235 12	Textile Fibres, Yarns and Woven Fabrics Other Textile Products
	24		Clothing and Footwear
		244 ¹⁶ 245 ¹⁹ 246, ³	Knitting Mills Clothing Footwear
	25	1-	Wood, Wood Products and Furniture
		253 12 254 21	Wood and Wood Products Furniture and Mattresses
	26		Paper, Paper Products, Printing and Publishing
		263 3° 264 3\	Paper and Paper Products Printing and Allied Industries
	27	Ÿ.	Chemical, Petroleum and Coal Products
		275 % 276 % 277 % 278 %	Basic Chemicals Other Chemical Products Petroleum Refining Petroleum and Coal Products n.e.c.
	28		Non-Metallic Mineral Products
		285/ 286 287 288	Glass and Glass Products Clay Products and Refractories Cement and Concrete Products Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products
	29		Basic Metal Products
		294 ~ 295 \(\tau \) 296 \(\tau \)	Basic Iron and Steel Basic Non-Ferrous Metals Non-Ferrous Metal Basic Products
	31 :		Fabricated Metal Products
		314 Land 315 216 316 Jin	Structural Metal Products Sheet Metal Products Other Fabricated Metal Products
	32		Transport Equipment
		323 50 324 21	Motor Vehicles and Parts Other Transport Equipment
	33		Other Machinery and Equipment
		335 5 336 5	Photographic, Professional and Scientific Equipment Appliances and Electrical Equipment Industrial Machinery and Equipment

ivision	Subdivision	Group	Title
С			MANUFACTURING - contd
	34		Miscellaneous Manufacturing
		347 -	Leather and Leather Products Rubber Products Plastic and Related Products Other Manufacturing
D			ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER
	36		Electricity and Gas
		361 ~ 5 362 6 9	Electricity Gas
	37		Water, Sewerage and Drainage
		370 **	Water, Sewerage and Drainage
E			CONSTRUCTION
	41		General Construction
		411 61	9
	42		Special Trade Construction
		424 .0%	Concreting, Bricklaying and Tiling Trades Other Special Trades
F		424,0	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE
r	47		Wholesale Trade
		471 99 472 97 473 37 474 98 475 476 477 72 478 72 478 72 479 74	Machinery and Equipment Wholesalers Minerals, Metals and Chemicals Wholesalers Farm Properties and Produce Dealers n.e.c. Food, Drink and Tobacco Wholesalers Textile and Clothing Wholesalers Household Goods Wholesalers
	48		Retail Trade
		481 / · 484 /	Department and General Stores Clothing, Fabrics and Furniture Stores
		485	Household Appliance and Hardware Stores
		486 - 1	Motor Vehicle Dealers; Petrol and Tyre Retailers
		487 488	Milk and Bread Vendors Food Stores
		489	Other Retailers

Division	Subdivision	Group	Title
G			TRANSPORT AND STORAGE
	51		Road Transport
		511 j i	Road Freight Transport Road Passenger Transport
	52		Rail Transport
		520	Rail Transport
	53		Water Transport
		530	Water Transport
	54		Air Transport
		540	Air Transport
	55		Other Transport
		550	Other Transport
	57		Services to Transport
		571 572 573 574	Services to Road Transport Services to Water Transport Services to Air Transport Other Services to Transport
	58		Storage
		580	Storage
H			COMMUNICATION
	59		Communication
		590	Communication
I			FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES
	61		Finance and Investment
		614 615 616 617	Banking Non-Bank Finance Investment Services to Finance and Investment
	62		Insurance and Services to Insurance
		623 624	Insurance Services to Insurance
	63		Property and Business Services
		631 632 633 637 638 639	Real Estate Agents Real Estate Operators and Developers Technical Services Legal and Accounting Services Other Business Services Plant Hire and Leasing n.e.c.

Division	Subdivision	Group	Title
J			PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE
	71		Public Administration
		711 712 713	Government Administration Justice Foreign Government Representation
	72		Defence
		720	Defence
K			COMMUNITY SERVICES
	81		Health
		814 815 816	Hospitals and Nursing Homes Other Health Veterinary Services
	82		Education, Museum and Library Services
		823 824 825	School Education Post School and Other Education Libraries, Museums and Art Galleries
	83		Welfare and Religious Institutions
		830	Welfare and Religious Institutions
	84		Other Community Services
		846 847 848 849	Research and Meteorology Services Business and Labour Associations Other Community Organisations Other Community Services
L			RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES
	91		Entertainment and Recreational Services
		913 914	Entertainment Sport and Recreation
	92		Restaurants, Hotels and Clubs,
		923 924	Restaurants, Hotels and Accommodation Clubs
	93		Personal Services
		934 935 936	Laundries and Dry-Cleaners Hairdressers, Beauty Salons Other Personal Services
	94		Private Households Employing Staff
		940	Private Households Employing Staff
M			NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS
	99		Non-Classifiable Economic Units
		990	Non-Classifiable Economic Units



Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
01			AGRICULTURE
	012		Poultry
		0124 0125	Poultry for Meat Poultry for Eggs
	013		Fruit
		0134 0135 0136	Grapes Plantation Fruit Orchard and Other Fruit
	014		Vegetables
		0143 0144	Potatoes Vegetables (except Potatoes)
	018		Cereal Grains, Sheep, Cattle and Pigs
		0181 0182 0183 0184 0185 0186 0187 0188	Cereal Grains (incl. Oilseeds n.e.c.) Sheep - Cereal Grains Meat Cattle - Cereal Grains Sheep - Meat Cattle Sheep Meat Cattle Milk Cattle Pigs
	019		Other Agriculture
		0191 0192 0193 0194 0195 0196	Sugar Cane Peanuts Tobacco Cotton Nurseries Agriculture n.e.c.
02			SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE
	020		Services to Agriculture
		0204 0205 0206	Sheep Shearing Services Aerial Agricultural Services Services to Agriculture n.e.c.
03			FORESTRY AND LOGGING
	030		Forestry and Logging
		0303 0304	Logging Forestry and Services to Forestry
04			FISHING AND HUNTING
	043		Fishing
		0431 0432 0433 0434	Rock Lobsters Prawns Ocean and Coastal Fishing n.e.c. Oyster Farming and Inland Fishing
	044		Hunting and Trapping
		0440	Hunting and Trapping

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
11			METALLIC MINERALS
	111		Ferrous Metal Ores
		1111 * 1112	Iron Ores Iron Ore Pelletising
	112		Non-Ferrous Metal Ores
		1121 1122 1123 1124 1125 1126 1127 1128 1129	Bauxite Copper Ores Gold Ores Mineral Sands Nickel Ores Silver-Lead-Zinc Ores Tin Ores Uranium Ores Non-Ferrous Metal Ores n.e.c.
12			COAL
	120		Coal
		12Ó1 12O2	Black Coal Brown Coal
13			OIL AND GAS
	130		Oil and Gas
		1300	Oil and Gas
14			CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
	140		Construction Materials
		1401 1404	Sand and Gravel Construction Materials n.e.c.
15			OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERALS
	150		Other Non-Metallic Minerals
		1501 1502 1504 1505	Limestone Clays Salt Non-Metallic Minerals n.e.c.
16			SERVICES TO MINING N.E.C.
	161		Mineral Exploration (Own Account)
		1611 1612	Petroleum Exploration (Own Account) Mineral Exploration n.e.c. (Own Account)
	162		Mining and Exploration Services n.e.c.
		1620	Mining and Exploration Services n.e.c.

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
21			FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO
	211		Meat Products
		2115 2116 2117	Meat (except Smallgoods or Poultry) Poultry Bacon, Ham and Smallgoods n.e.c.
	212		Milk Products
		2121 2122 2123 2124 2125	Liquid Milk and Cream Butter Cheese Ice Cream and Frozen Confections Milk Products n.e.c.
	213		Fruit and Vegetable Products
		2131 2132	Fruit Froducts Vegetable Products
	214		Margarine and Oils and Fats n.e.c.
		2140	Margarine and Oils and Fats n.e.c.
	215		Flour Mill and Cereal Food Products
		2151 2152 2153	Flour Mill Products Starch, Gluten and Starch Sugars Cereal Foods and Baking Mixes
	216		Bread, Cakes and Biscuits
		2161 2162 2163	Bread Cakes and Pastries Biscuits
	217		Other Food Products
		2171 2173 2174 2175 2176	Raw Sugar Confectionery and Cocoa Products Processed Seafoods Prepared Animal and Bird Foods Food Products n.e.c.
	218		Beverages and Malt
		2185 2186 2187 2188 2189	Soft Drinks, Cordials and Syrups Beer Malt Wine and Brandy Alcoholic Beverages n.e.c.
	219		Tobacco Products
		2190	Tobacco Products

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
23			TEXTILES
	234		Textile Fibres, Yarns and Woven Fabrics
		2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349	Cotton Ginning Wool Scouring and Top Making Man-made Fibres and Yarns Man-made Fibre Broadwoven Fabrics Cotton Yarns and Broadwoven Fabrics Worsted Yarns and Broadwoven Fabrics Woollen Yarns and Broadwoven Fabrics Narrow Woven and Elastic Textiles Textile Finishing
	235		Other Textile Products
		2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356	Household Textiles Textile Floor Coverings Felt and Felt Products Canvas and Associated Products n.e.c. Rope, Cordage and Twine Textile Products n.e.c.
24			CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR
	244		Knitting Mills
		2441 2442 2443	Hosiery Cardigans and Pullovers Knitted Goods n.e.c.
	245		Clothing
		2451 2452	Mens Trousers and Shorts; Work Clothing Mens Suits and Coats; Waterproof Clothing
		2453 2454 2455 2456	Womens Outerwear n.e.c. Foundation Garments Underwear and Infants Clothing n.e.c. Headwear and Clothing n.e.c.
	246		Footwear
		2460	Footwear
25			WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE
	253		Wood and Wood Products
		2531 2532 2533 2534 2535	Log Sawmilling Resawn and Dressed Timber Veneers and Manufactured Boards of Wood Wooden Doors Wooden Structural Fittings and Joinery n.e.c.
		2536 2537 2538	Wooden Containers Hardwood Woodchips Wood Products n.e.c.

25			
25			WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd
	254		Furniture and Mattresses
		2541 2542	Furniture (except Sheet Metal) Mattresses (except Rubber)
26			PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING
	263		Paper and Paper Products
		2631 2632 2633 2634 2635	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Paper Bags (including Textile Bags) Solid Fibreboard Containers Corrugated Fibreboard Containers Paper Products n.e.c.
	264		Printing and Allied Industries
		2641 2642 2643 2644 2645	Publishing Printing and Publishing Paper Stationery Printing and Bookbinding Printing Trade Services n.e.c.
27			CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS
	275		Basic Chemicals
		2751 2752 2753 2754 2755	Chemical Fertilisers Industrial Gases Synthetic Resins and Rubber Organic Industrial Chemicals n.e.c. Inorganic Industrial Chemicals n.e.c.
	276		Other Chemical Products
		2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768	Ammunition, Explosives and Fireworks Paints Pharmaceutical and Veterinary Products Pesticides Soap and Other Detergents Cosmetics and Toilet Preparations Inks Chemical Products n.e.c.
	277	,	Petroleum Refining
		2770	Petroleum Refining
	278		Petroleum and Coal Products n.e.c.
		2780	Petroleum and Coal Products n.e.c.
28			NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS
	285		Glass and Glass Products
		2850	Glass and Glass Products

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
28			NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd
	286		Clay Products and Refractories
		2861 2862 2863 2864	Clay Bricks Refractories Ceramic Tiles and Pipes Ceramic Goods n.e.c.
	287		Cement and Concrete Products
		2871 2872 2873 2874	Cement Ready Mixed Concrete Concrete Pipes and Box Culverts Concrete Products n.e.c.
	288		Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products
		2881 2882 2883 2884	Plaster Products and Expanded Minerals Stone Products Glass Wool and Mineral Wool Products Non-Metallic Mineral Products n.e.c.
29			BASIC METAL PRODUCTS
	294		Basic Iron and Steel
		2941 2942 2943 2944 2945	Iron and Steel Basic Products Iron Casting Steel Casting Iron and Steel Forging Steel Pipes and Tubes
	295		Basic Non-Ferrous Metals
		2951 2952 2953 2954 2955 2956	Copper Smelting, Refining Silver, Lead, Zinc Smelting, Refining Alumina Aluminium Smelting Nickel Smelting, Refining Non-Ferrous Metals n.e.c. Smelting, Refining
		2957	Secondary Recovery and Alloying of Non-Ferrous Metals n.e.c.
	296	•	Non-Ferrous Metal Basic Products
		2961 2962 2963	Aluminium Rolling, Drawing, Extruding Non-Ferrous Metals n.e.c. Rolling, Drawing, Extruding Non-Ferrous Metal Casting
31			FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS
	314		Structural Metal Products
		3141 3142 3143	Fabricated Structural Steel Architectural Aluminium Products Architectural Metal Products n.e.c.

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
31			FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd
	315		Sheet Metal Products
		3151 3152 3153	Metal Containers Sheet Metal Furniture Sheet Metal Products n.e.c.
	316		Other Fabricated Metal Products
		3161 3162 3163 3164 3165 3166 3167	Cutlery and Hand Tools n.e.c. Springs and Wire Products Nuts, Bolts, Screws and Rivets Metal Coating and Finishing Non-Ferrous Steam, Gas and Water Fittings Boiler and Plate Work Metal Blinds and Awnings
		3168	Fabricated Metal Products n.e.c.
32			TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT
	323		Motor Vehicles and Parts
		3231 3232 3233	Motor Vehicles Motor Vehicle Bodies, Trailers, Caravan Motor Vehicle Instruments and Electrica Equipment n.e.c.
	704	3234	Motor Vehicle Parts n.e.c.
	324	7044	Other Transport Equipment
		3241 3242 3243 3244 3245	Ships Boats Railway Rolling Stock and Locomotives Aircraft Transport Equipment n.e.c.
33			OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT
	334		Photographic, Professional and Scientific Equipment
		3341 3342 3343	Photographic and Optical Goods Photographic Film Processing Measuring, Professional and Scientific Equipment n.e.c.
	335		Appliances and Electrical Equipment
		3351 3352 3353 3354 3355 3356 3357	Radio and TV Receivers; Audio Equipmen Electronic Equipment n.e.c. Refrigerators and Household Appliances Water Heating Systems Electric and Telephone Cable and Wire Batteries Electrical Machinery and Equipment n.e.c

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
33			OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd
	336		Industrial Machinery and Equipment
		3361 3362 3363 3364 3365 3366 3367 3368 3369	Agricultural Machinery Construction Machinery Materials Handling Equipment Wood and Metal Working Machinery Pumps and Compressors Commercial Space Heating and Cooling Equipment Dies, Saw Blades and Machine Tool Accessories Food Processing Machinery Industrial Machinery and Equipment n.e.c.
34			MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING
	345		Leather and Leather Products
		3451 3452	Leather Tanning and Fur Dressing Leather and Leather Substitute Goods n.e.c.
	346		Rubber Products
		3461 3462	Rubber Tyres, Tubes, Belts, Hose and Sheets Rubber Products n.e.c.
	347	1	Plastic and Related Products
		7,3471 7,3472 3473 € 3474	Flexible Packaging and Abrasive Papers Rigid Plastic Sheeting Hard Surface Floor Coverings n.e.c. Plastic Products n.e.c.
	348		Other Manufacturing
		3481 3482 3483 3484 3485 3486 3487	Ophthalmic Articles Jewellery and Silverware Brooms and Brushes Signs and Advertising Displays Sporting Equipment Writing and Marking Equipment Manufacturing n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION D : ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
36			ELECTRICITY AND GAS
	361		Electricity
		3610	Electricity
	362		Gas
		3620	Gas
37			WATER, SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE
	370		Water, Sewerage and Drainage
		3701 3702	Water Supply Sewerage and Stormwater Drainage

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
41 `			GENERAL CONSTRUCTION ·
	411		Building Construction
		4111 4112 4113	House Construction Residential Building Construction n.e.c. Non-Residential Building Construction
	412		Non-Building Construction
		4121 4122	Road and Bridge Construction Non-Building Construction n.e.c.
42			SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION
	423		Concreting, Bricklaying and Tiling Trades
		4231 4232 4233 4234	Concreting Bricklaying Roof Tiling Floor and Wall Tiling
	424		Other Special Trades
		4241 4242 4243 4244 4245 4246 4247 4248 4249	Structural Steel Erection Plumbing Electrical Work Heating and Air Conditioning Plastering and Plaster Fixing Carpentry Painting Earthmoving and Dredging Special Trades n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
47			WHOLESALE TRADE
	471 -		General Wholesalers
		4710	General Wholesalers
	472		Builders Hardware Dealers
		4727 4728	Timber Merchants Builders Hardware Dealers n.e.c.
	473		Machinery and Equipment Wholesalers
		4731 4732 4733 4734 4735	Farm and Construction Machinery Wholesaler Motor Vehicle Parts Wholesalers Professional Equipment Wholesalers Business Machines Wholesalers Electrical and Electronic Equipment Wholesalers n.e.c. Machinery and Equipment Wholesalers n.e.c
	474		Minerals, Metals and Chemicals Wholesalers
		4741 4742 4743 4744 4745	Petroleum Products Wholesalers Iron and Steel Merchants Metal Scrap Merchants Minerals and Metals Wholesalers n.e.c. Chemicals Wholesalers n.e.c.
	475		Farm Properties and Produce Dealers n.e.c.
		4751 4752 4753 4754	Wool Selling Brokers; Stock and Station Agents Wool Buyers and Merchants Cereal Grains Wholesalers Farm Produce Wholesalers n.e.c.
	476		Food, Drink and Tobacco Wholesalers
		4761 4762 4763 4764 4765 4766 4767 4768 4769	Meat Wholesalers Smallgoods and Dairy Products Wholesalers Fish Wholesalers Fruit and Vegetable Wholesalers Egg Wholesalers Confectionery and Soft Drink Wholesalers Beer, Wine and Spirits Wholesalers Tobacco Products Wholesalers Grocery Wholesalers n.e.c.
	477		Textile and Clothing Wholesalers
		4771 4772 4773 4774	Menswear Wholesalers Womens and Infants Wear Wholesalers Footwear Wholesalers Textile Products Wholesalers
	478		Household Goods Wholesalers
		4781 4782 4783 4784	Household Appliance Wholesalers Domestic Hardware Wholesalers Furniture Wholesalers Floor Coverings Wholesalers

Australian Standard Industrial Classification
Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles
DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
47			WHOLESALE TRADE - contd
	479		Other Specialist Wholesalers
		4791 4792 4793 4794 4795	Photographic Equipment Wholesalers Jewellery and Watches Wholesalers Toys and Sporting Goods Wholesalers Books and Paper Products Wholesalers Pharmaceuticals and Toiletries Wholesalers Wholesalers n.e.c.
48			RETAIL TRADE
	481		Department and General Stores
		4814 4815	Department Stores General Stores
	484		Clothing, Fabrics and Furniture Stores
		4843 4844 4845 4846 4847 4848 4849	Mens and Boys Wear Stores Womens and Girls Wear Stores Footwear Stores Shoe Repairers Fabrics and Household Textile Stores Floor Coverings Stores Furniture Stores
	485		Household Appliance and Hardware Stores
		4853 4854 4855 4856 4857	Domestic Hardware Stores Watchmakers and Jewellers Music Stores Household Appliance Stores Electric Appliance Repairers n.e.c.
	486		Motor Vehicle Dealers; Petrol and Tyre Retailers
		4861 4862 4864 4865 4866 4867 4868	New Motor Vehicle Dealers Used Motor Vehicle Dealers Service Stations Smash Repairers Motor Cycle Dealers Boat and Caravan Dealers Tyre and Battery Retailers
	487		Milk and Bread Vendors
		4878 4879	Bread Vendors Milk Vendors
	488		Food Stores
		4881 4882 4883 4884 4885 4886	Grocers, Confectioners and Tobacconists Butchers Fruit and Vegetable Stores Liquor Stores Bread and Cake Stores Fish Shops; Take Away Food and Milk Bar

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
48			RETAIL TRADE - contd
	489		Other Retailers
		4891 4892 4893 4894 4895 4896 4897	Pharmacies Photographic Equipment Stores Sports and Toy Stores Newsagents, Stationers and Booksellers Second Hand Goods Dealers Nurserymen and Florists Retailing n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles

DIVISION G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
51		·	ROAD TRANSPORT
	511		Road Freight Transport
		5111 5112 5113 5114	Long Distance Interstate Road Freight Transport Long Distance Intrastate Road Freight Transport Short Distance Road Freight Transport Road Freight Forwarding
	512		Road Passenger Transport
		5121 5122 5123	Long Distance Bus Transport Short Distance Bus Transport (Inc. Tramway) Taxi and Other Road Passenger Transport
52			RAIL TRANSPORT
	520		Rail Transport
		5200	Rail Transport
53 530			WATER TRANSPORT
	530		Water Transport
		5307 5308 5309	International Sea Transport Coastal Water Transport Inland Water Transport
54			AIR TRANSPORT
	540		Air Transport
		5405 5406 5407	Scheduled International Air Transport Scheduled Domestic Air Transport Non-Scheduled Air Transport
55			OTHER TRANSPORT
	550		Other Transport
		5500	Other Transport
57			SERVICES TO TRANSPORT
	571		Services to Road Transport
		5711 5712 5713	Motor Vehicle Hire Parking Services Services to Road Transport n.e.c.
	572		Services to Water Transport
		5721 5722 5723 5724	Stevedoring Water Transport Terminals Shipping Agents Services to Water Transport n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles

DIVISION G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
57			SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd.
	573		Services to Air Transport
9.9		5730	Services to Air Transport
100	574		Other Services to Transport
		5741 5742 5743 5744	Travel Agency Services Freight Forwarding (Except Road) Customs Agency Services Other Services to Transport n.e.c.
58			STORAGE
	580		Storage
		5801 5802 5803	Grain Storage Cold Storage Storage n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION H: COMMUNICATION

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title	
59			COMMUNICATION	
	590		Communication	
		5900	Communication	

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION I: FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
61			FINANCE AND INVESTMENT
	614		Banking
		6141 6142 6143 - 6144 -	Central Bank Trading Banks Development Banks Savings Banks
	615		Non-Bank Finance -
		6151 6152 6153 6154 6155 6156	Permanent Building Societies Terminating Building Societies Credit Unions Authorised Money Market Dealers Money Market Dealers n.e.c. Financiers n.e.c.
	616		Investment
		6161 6162 6163	Unit Trusts, Land Trusts and Mutual Funds Holding Companies n.e.c. Holder-Investors n.e.c.
	617	0105	Services to Finance and Investment
	017	6171	Stock Exchanges
		6172	Services to Finance and Investment n.e.
62			INSURANCE AND SERVICES TO INSURANCE
	623		Insurance
		6231 6232 6233 6234	Life Insurance Superannuation Funds Health Insurance General Insurance
	624		Services to Insurance
		6240	Services to Insurance
63			PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES
	631		Real Estate Agents
		6310	Real Estate Agents
	632		Real Estate Operators and Developers
		6321 6322	Residential Property Operators Property Operators and Developers n.e.c
	633		Technical Services
		6334 6335 6336	Architectural Services Surveying Services Technical Services n.e.c.
	637		Legal and Accounting Services
		6371 6372	Legal Services Accounting Services

Australian Standard Industrial Classification
Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles
DIVISION I: FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
63			PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd
	638		Other Business Services
		6381 6382 6383 6384 6385 6386 6387 6388 6389	Data Processing Services Advertising Services Market and Business Consultancy Services Typing, Copying and Mailing Services Collecting and Credit Reporting Services Pest Control Services Cleaning Services Contract Packing Services n.e.c. Business Services n.e.c.
	639		Plant Hire and Leasing n.e.c.
		6390	Plant Hire and Leasing n.e.c.

Australian Standard Industrial Classification
Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles
DIVISION J: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE

Group	Class	Title
		PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
711		Government Administration
	7111 7112 7113	Federal Government Administration State Government Administration Local Government Administration
712		Justice
	7120	Justice
713		Foreign Government Representation
	7130	Foreign Government Representation
		DEFENCE
720		Defence
	7200	Defence
	711 712 713	711 7111 7112 7113 712 7120 713 7130

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION K: COMMUNITY SERVICES

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
81			HEALTH
	814,		Hospitals and Nursing Homes
		8141 8142 8143	Hospitals (except Psychiatric Hospitals) Psychiatric Hospitals Nursing Homes
	815		Other Health
		8151 8152 8153 8154 8155 8156 8157 8158	Medicine Dentistry Dental Laboratories Optometry and Optical Dispensing Ambulance Services Community Health Centres (Medical) Community Health Centres (Paramedical) Health Services n.e.c.
	816		Veterinary Services
		8160	Veterinary Services
82			EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES
	823		School Education
		8231 8232 8233 8234 8235	Preschools Primary Schools Secondary Schools Combined Primary and Secondary Schools Special Schools
	824		Post School and Other Education
		8241 8242 8243 8244	Universities Colleges of Advanced Education Technical and Further Education Colleges Education n.e.c.
	825		Libraries, Museums and Art Galleries
		8251 8252	Libraries Museums and Art Galleries
83			WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS
	830		Welfare and Religious Institutions
		8304 8305 8306	Welfare and Charitable Homes n.e.c. Welfare and Charitable Services n.e.c. Religious Institutions
84			OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES
	846		Research and Meteorology Services
		8461 8462	Research and Scientific Institutions & Meteorological Services

Australian Standard Industrial Classification
Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles
DIVISION K: COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

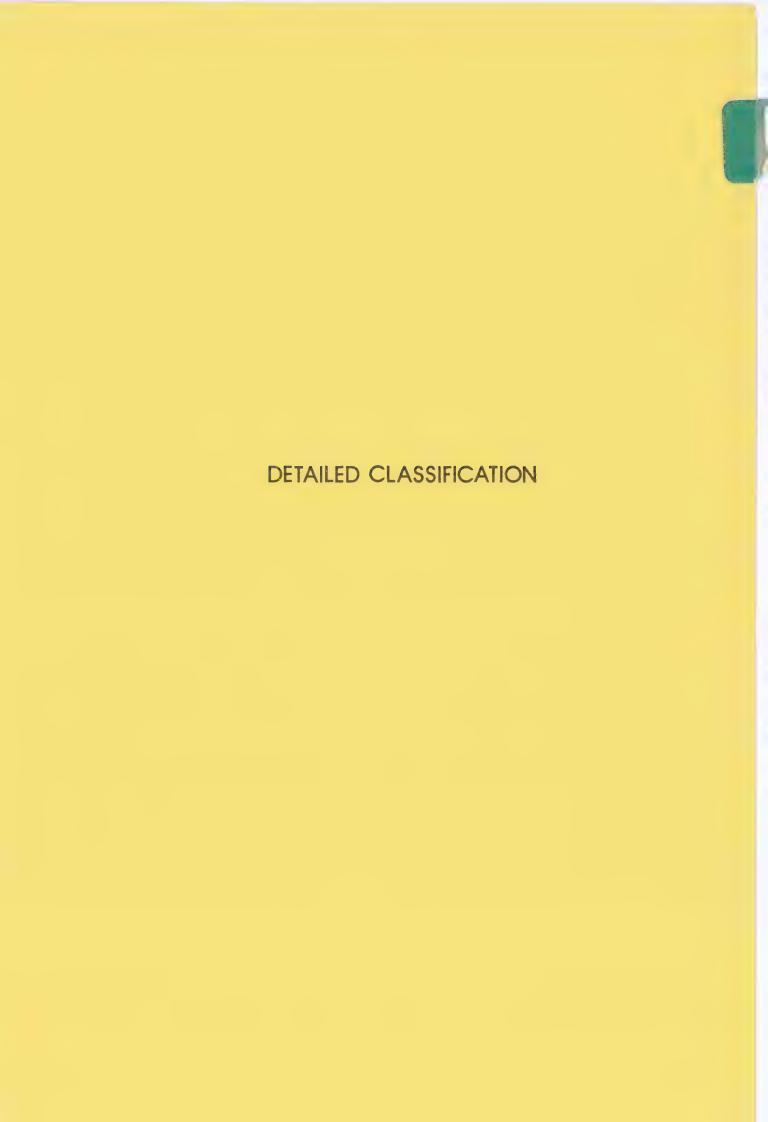
Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
84			OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd
	847		Business and Labour Associations
		8471 8472	Business and Professional Associations Labour Associations
	848		Other Community Organisations,
		8481 8482	Political Parties Community Organisations n.e.c.
	849		Other Community Services
		8491 8492 8493 8494 8495	Employment Services Police Prisons and Reformatories Fire Brigades Sanitary and Garbage Disposal Services

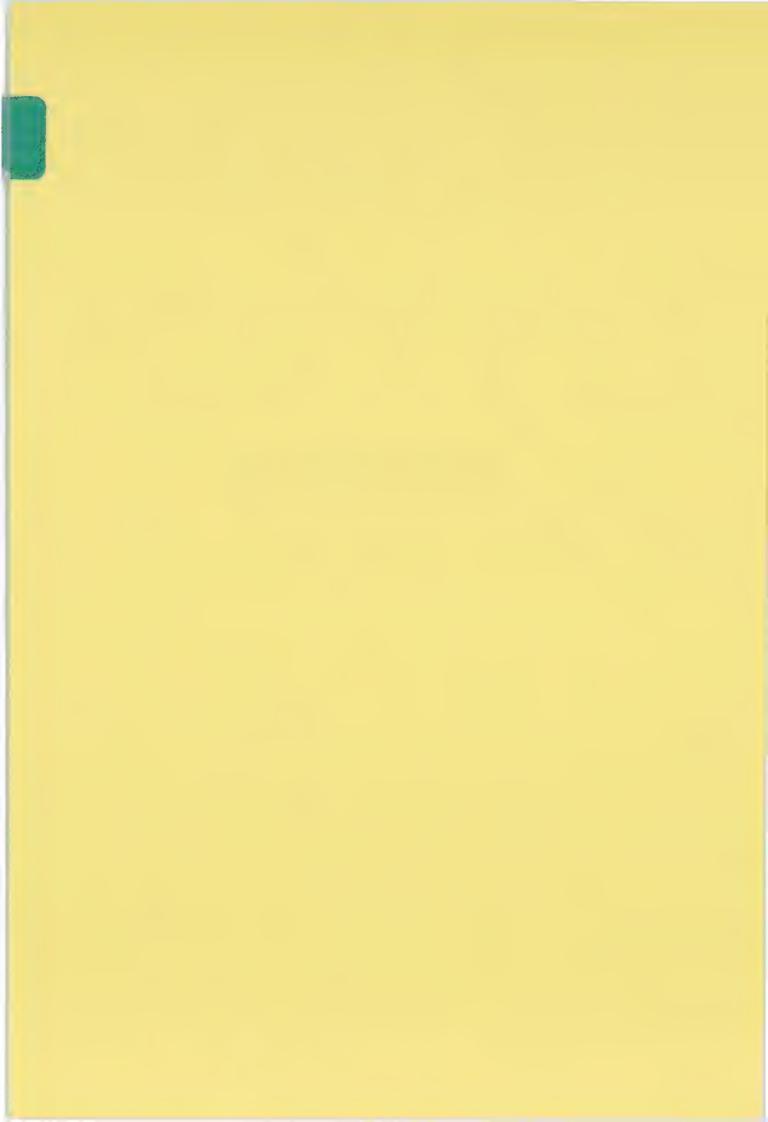
Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
91			ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL SERVICES
	913		Entertainment
		9131 9132 9133 9134 9135 9136 9137 9138	Motion Picture Production Motion Picture Film Hiring Motion Picture Theatres Radio Stations Television Stations Live Theatre, Orchestras and Bands Creative Arts Entertainment n.e.c.
	914		Sport and Recreation
		9141 9142 9143 _9144	Parks and Zoological Gardens Lotteries Gambling Services (except Lotteries) Sport and Recreation n.e.c.
92			RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND CLUBS
	923		Restaurants, Hotels and Accommodation
		9231 9232 9233	Cafes and Restaurants Hotels, etc (Mainly Drinking Places) Accommodation
	924		Clubs
		9241 9242 9243 -9244	Licensed Bowling Clubs Licensed Golf Clubs Licensed Clubs n.e.c. Non-Licensed Clubs n.e.c.
93		. 1	PERSONAL SERVICES
	934		Laundries and Dry-Cleaners
		9340	Laundries and Dry-Cleaners
	935		Hairdressers, Beauty Salons
		9351 9352	Mens Hairdressers Womens Hairdressing and Beauty Salons
	936		Other Personal Services
		9361 9362 9363 9364	Photography Services n.e.c. Funeral Directors Crematoria and Cemeteries Personal Services n.e.c.
94			PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS EMPLOYING STAFF
	940		Private Households Employing Staff
		9400	Private Households Employing Staff

Australian Standard Industrial Classification Division, Subdivision, Group and Class Titles DIVISION M: NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS

Subdivision	Group	Class	Title
99			NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS
	990		Non-Classifiable Economic Units
		9900	Non-Classifiable Economic Units

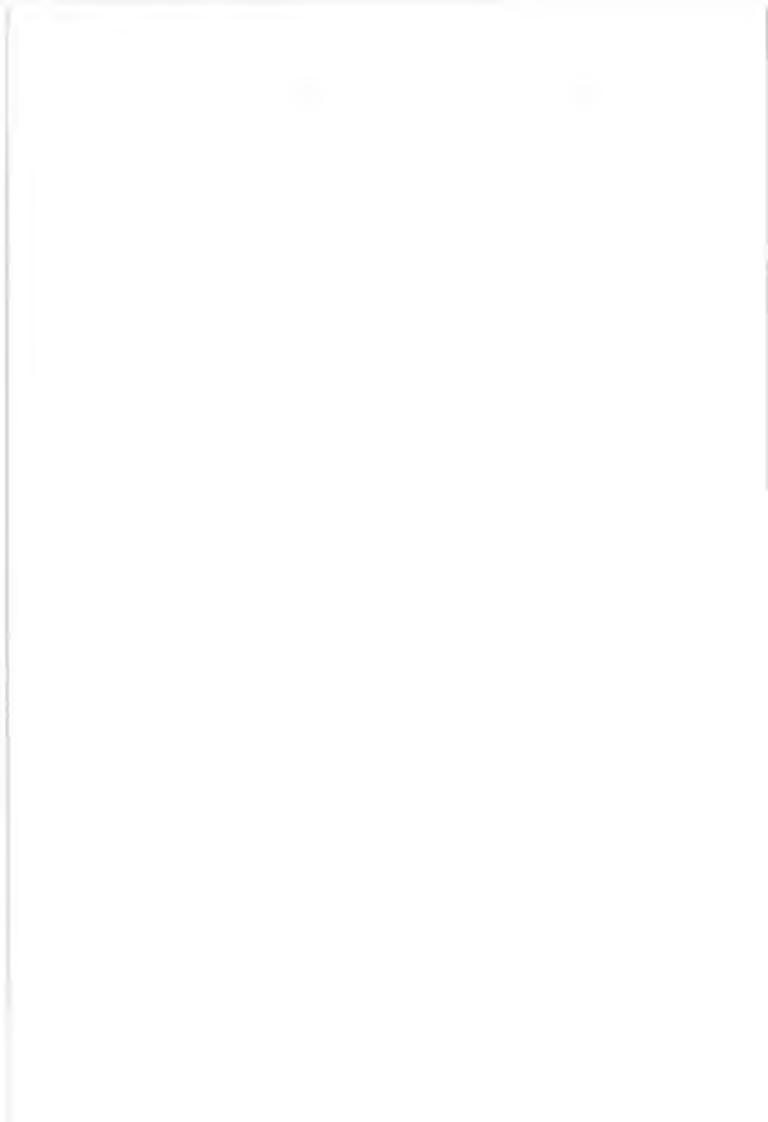




DIVISION A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in 'agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting' or in providing related services, such as sheep shearing, aerial agricultural services, harvesting or forest protection. Agricultural extension or advisory services provided by government departments are, however, included as activities primary to Public Administration in Subdivision 71.

- The term 'agriculture' is used here in the broad sense to include the breeding, keeping or cultivation of all kinds of animal or vegetable life except forest trees and marine life. Sun-drying of fruit is also included in this Division.
- 3 Establishments mainly engaged in 'Agriculture' (Subdivision 01) are classified to the individual groups and classes in accordance with the 'step-by-step' method (explained in Chapter 4).
- 4 Institutional farms such as research farms and prison farms are not included in this Division, but are classified to those classes in Division K, which include the institutions concerned.
- 5 'Forestry' includes afforestation or the harvesting or gathering of forest products. Logging operations such as felling, hewing or rough shaping of timber in the forest are included in this Division.
- 'Fishing' includes the catching, gathering, breeding or cultivation of marine life from ocean, coastal or inland waters (coastal waters include estuaries and inlets). Included also is the processing of ocean and coastal water fishery products aboard vessels mainly engaged in both catching and processing those products.
- 7 'Hunting' includes the catching or taking of all types of animal wildlife on land. The catching or taking of wildlife such as crocodiles in inland waters is also included.



DIVISION

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE

Group	Class	Title and Des	eription
012		POULTRY	
	0124	POULTRY FOR MEAT	
		This class consists of ending raising poultry for publiched chick	
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Broilers farming Chickens farming (for meat production) Ducks farming Geese farming Pheasant farming	Poultry farming (for meat production) Poultry hatchery operation (meat breeds) Turkeys farming
	0125	POULTRY FOR EGGS	
		This class consists of ending farming poultry for pultathening egg breed chicks	
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Chickens farming (for egg production) Egg farm operation	Poultry farming (for egg production) Poultry hatchery operation (egg breeds)
013		ED ITTI	

013

FRUIT

0134 GRAPES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing or sun-drying grapes.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in drying (except sun-drying) or otherwise preserving grapes are included in Class 2131; and
(b) in manufacturing or blending wine or brandy are included in Class 2188.

Primary Activities

Grapes growing Grapes sun-drying Vineyard operation

DIVISION A

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	scription
013		FRUIT - contd	
	0135	PLANTATION FRUIT	
		This class consists of es in growing plantation from	stablishments mainly engaged uit.
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Bananas growing Coconuts growing Passionfruit growing	Pawpaws growing Pineapples growing

0136 ORCHARD AND OTHER FRUIT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing or sun-drying fruit (except grapes or plantation fruit) or in growing tree nuts.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in drying (except sun-drying) or otherwise preserving fruit are included in Class 2131.

Primary Activities

Almonds growing Apples growing Apricots growing Avocados growing Berry fruits growing Cashew nuts growing Cherries growing Chestnuts growing Citrus fruit growing Cumquats growing Currants, red or black, growing Custard apples growing Figs growing Fruit growing (except plantation fruit or grapes) Fruit sun-drying (except plantation fruit or grapes) Gooseberries growing Grapefruit growing

Lemons growing Limes growing Loganberries growing Loquats growing Macadamia nuts growing Mandarins growing Mangoes growing Mulberries growing Nectarines growing Olives growing Oranges growing Peaches growing Pears growing Pecan nuts growing Persimmons growing Plums or prunes growing Quinces growing Raspberries growing Strawberries growing Tree nuts growing Walnuts growing

DIVISION

A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
014		VEGETABLES
	0143	POTATOES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing potatoes (except sweet potatoes).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in growing sweet potatoes are included in Class 0144.
		Primary Activities
		Potatoes growing Seed potatoes growing (except sweet potatoes)

0144 VEGETABLES (EXCEPT POTATOES)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing vegetables (except potatoes, dry field peas or beans or soybeans) for human consumption.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in growing dry field peas or beans or soybeans
(for any purpose) are included in Class 0181; (b) in
growing vegetables (except potatoes, dry field peas or
beans or soybeans) for seed are included in Class 0195;
and (c) in growing vegetables (except potatoes, dry
field peas or beans or soybeans) for fodder are included
in Class 0196.

Primary Activities

Aniseed growing Artichokes growing Asparagus growing Beans growing (except dry field beans or soybeans) Beetroot growing Broccoli growing Brussels sprouts growing Cabbages growing Cantaloupes growing Carrots growing Cauliflowers growing Celery growing Chives growing

Chokoes growing
Cucumbers growing
Egg plant growing
Endive growing
French beans growing
Garlic growing
Gourds growing
Grammas growing
Green peas growing
Herbs growing n.e.c.
Horseradish growing
Leeks growing
Lettuce growing
Marrows growing
Melons growing
Mint growing

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

CHENTYTETON

O1 · ACRICITATIBE - contd

		scription
	<u>VEGETABLES</u> - contd	
0144	VEGETABLES (EXCEPT POTATO	OES) - contd
	Primary Ac	tivities - contd
	Mushrooms growing Onions growing Parsley growing Parsnips growing Peas growing (except dry field peas) Peppers growing Pumpkins growing Radishes growing Rhubarb growing Rockmelons growing Shallots growing Silver beet growing	Spinach growing Squashes growing Swedes growing Sweet potatoes growing Tomatoes growing Turnips growing Vegetable growing (except potatoes, dry field peas or beans or soybeans) Watermelons growing Zucchinis growing
	0144	Primary Accordance Mushrooms growing Onions growing Parsley growing Parsnips growing Peas growing (except dry field peas) Peppers growing Pumpkins growing Radishes growing Rhubarb growing Rockmelons growing Shallots growing

O181 CEREAL GRAINS (INCL. OILSEEDS N.E.C.)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing cereal grains, oilseeds n.e.c., or dry field peas or beans, for any purpose.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in both grazing or farming sheep and growing cereal grains are included in Class 0182 if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other; and (b) in both grazing or farming meat cattle and growing cereal grains are included in Class 0183 if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other.

DIVISION

A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descrip	tion
018		CEREAL GRAINS, SHEEP, CATTLE	AND PIGS - contd
	0181	CEREAL GRAINS (INCL. OILSEEDS	N.E.C.) - contd
		Primary Activit	ies
		Barley growing	Mung beans growing

Canary seed growing (i.e. phalaris canariensis) Cereal grains growing Cow peas growing Dry field beans growing Dry field peas growing (incl. blue or grey peas) Horsebeans growing Linseed growing Lupins growing Maize growing Millet growing (except broom millet)

Mung beans growing
Navy beans growing
(i.e. haricot beans)
Oats growing
Oilseeds growing n.e.c.
Panicum growing
Rapeseed growing
Rice growing
Rye growing
Safflower growing
Sesame growing
Setaria growing
Sorghum growing (except
forage sorghum)
Soybeans growing
Sunflower growing
Wheat growing

0182 SHEEP - CEREAL GRAINS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in both grazing, farming or breeding sheep and growing cereal grains (for any purpose) if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other.

Primary Activities

Cereal grains growing and sheep grazing, farming or breeding Fat lambs raising and cereal grains growing Wheat growing and sheep grazing, farming or breeding

DIVISION

A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
018		CEREAL GRAINS, SHEEP, CATTLE AND PIGS - contd
	0183	MEAT CATTLE - CEREAL GRAINS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in both grazing, farming or breeding meat cattle and

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in both grazing, farming or breeding meat cattle and growing cereal grains (for any purpose) if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other.

Primary Activities

Cereal grains growing and meat cattle grazing, farming or breeding Meat cattle grazing, farming or breeding and cereal grains growing

Wheat growing and meat cattle grazing, farming or breeding

0184 SHEEP - MEAT CATTLE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in both grazing, farming or breeding meat cattle and sheep if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other.

Primary Activities

Meat cattle and sheep grazing, farming or breeding Sheep and meat cattle grazing, farming or breeding

0185 SHEEP

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in grazing, farming or breeding sheep.

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group Class	Title and Description
018	CEREAL GRAINS, SHEEP, CATTLE AND PIGS - contd

0185 SHEEP - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in both grazing, farming or breeding sheep and growing cereal grains are included in Class 0182 if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other; and (b) in both grazing, farming or breeding sheep and meat cattle are included in Class 0184 if the combined gross receipts from these activities during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither activity contributes more than four times the other.

Primary Activities

Fat lambs raising Sheep grazing, farming or breeding

Wool growing

0186 MEAT CATTLE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in grazing, farming or breeding meat cattle, or in operating meat cattle feedlots.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in both grazing, farming or breeding meat cattle
and growing cereal grains are included in Class 0183
if the combined gross receipts from these activities
during a year account for at least 75 per cent of the
total gross farm receipts of the establishment and
neither activity contributes more than four times the
other; and (b) in both grazing, farming or breeding
meat cattle and sheep are included in Class 0184 if the
combined gross receipts from these activities during
a year account for at least 75 per cent of the total
gross farm receipts of the establishment and neither
activity contributes more than four times the other.

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION O1 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
018	0186	CEREAL GRAINS, SHEEP, CAT	TTLE AND PIGS - contd
		Primary Act	tivities
		Buffaloes, domesticated, grazing Meat cattle feedlot operation	Meat cattle grazing, farming or breeding
	0187	MILK CATTLE	
		This class consists of es in grazing, farming or br	stablishments mainly engaged ceeding milk cattle.
		Primary Act	civities
		Dairy farming	Milk cattle grazing, farming or breeding
	0188	PIGS	
		This class consists of es in farming or breeding pi	stablishments mainly engaged .gs.
		Primary Act	civities
		Pig farming or breeding	Pig raising (closed house)
019		OTHER AGRICULTURE	
	0191	SUGAR CANE	
		This class consists of es in growing sugar cane.	tablishments mainly engaged
		Primary Act	ivities

Sugar cane growing

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION 01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

roup	Class	Title and Description
019		OTHER AGRICULTURE - contd
	0192	PEANUTS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing peanuts.
		Primary Activities
		Peanuts growing
0193	0193	TOBACCO
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing tobacco.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in redrying tobacco leaf are included in Class 2190.
	Primary Activities	
		Tobacco growing Tobacco leaf drying
	0194	COTTON
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in growing cotton.
		Primary Activities
		Cotton growing

0195 NURSERIES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the growing of ornamental plants, plants for transplanting into gardens (such as seedlings or young fruit trees), bulbs, or flower or vegetable seed (except seed potatoes, or soybeans or dry field peas or beans for seed).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in growing dry field peas or beans or soybeans for seed are included in Class 0181; (b) in growing seed potatoes are included in Class 0143; and (c) in growing forest nursery stock are included in Class 0304.

DIVISION

A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

01 : AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
019		OTHER AGRICULTURE - contd
	0195	NURSERIES - contd

Primary Activities

Bulbs growing
Flowers growing
Fruit tree nursery
operation
Lawn seed growing
Nursery farm operation
(except forest)
Nursery stock
growing n.e.c.
Ornamental plants
growing

Seed, flower, growing
Seed, vegetable,
growing (except seed
potatoes, or soybeans
or dry field peas or
beans for seed)
Seedlings growing
Turf growing
Vine stock nursery
operation

0196 AGRICULTURE N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in agriculture n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Apiculture Arrowroot growing Bamboo growing Beekeeping Birds breeding (except poultry) Broom millet growing Cats breeding Chicory growing Coffee growing Deer farming Dogs breeding Drug plants growing Farming n.e.c. Flax growing Fodder production n.e.c. Forage sorghum growing Fur skin animals farming Ginger growing Goat farming

Hay growing n.e.c. Hops growing Horses breeding Lavender growing Livestock raising n.e.c. Lucerne growing Mustard growing Pets breeding Rabbit farming Ramie growing Seeds growing n.e.c. Silage production Snake farming Stud farm (horses) Sudan grass growing Vegetables growing (for fodder; except potatoes, dry field peas or beans or soybeans)

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

02 : SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE

Group	Class	Title and Description		
020		SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE		
	0204	SHEEP SHEARING SERVICES		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing sheep shearing services.		
		Primary Activities		
		Sheep shearing service		
	0205	AERIAL AGRICULTURAL SERVICES		

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing aerial seeding, crop or pasture dusting or spraying services.

Primary Activities

Aerial crop spraying or dusting service Aerial fertiliser spreading service Aerial pasture spraying or dusting service Aerial pest control or baiting service Aerial seeding service

0206 SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing services to agriculture n.e.c., including plant quarantine or wool classing services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing cleaned or graded seed from seed purchased or transferred in are included in Class 3487; (b) in providing wool reclassing or bulk classing services are included in Class 4751; (c) in packing fresh fruit are included in Class 4764; (d) in providing wool testing services are included in Class 6336; (e) in providing veterinary, animal hospital or animal quarantine services are included in Class 8160; and (f) in research in agricultural sciences (including the operation of research farms) are included in Class 8461. Note: Establishments of government authorities mainly engaged in providing agricultural advisory or extension services are included in the appropriate classes in Group 711.

DIVISION

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

02 : SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
020		SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE - contd
	0206	SERVICES TO AGRICULTURE N.E.C contd

Primary Activities

Agistment service Agricultural services n.e.c. Artificial insemination service Crop harvesting service Dairy herd testing service Fertiliser spreading service (except aerial) Fruit picking service Grape picking service Hay baling or pressing service Horticultural services n.e.c. Land clearing service (rural)

Livestock dipping service Livestock drafting or droving service Mulesing service Pest extermination service (agricultural: except aerial) Plant quarantine station operation Seed cleaning service Seed grading service Sheep dipping service Soil conservation service (rural) Sugar cane cutting service Tailing service Wool classing service (except reclassing or bulk classing)

DIVISION

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION

03 : FORESTRY AND LOGGING

Group	Class	Title and De	scription		
030		FORESTRY AND LOGGING			
	0303	LOGGING			
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in felling trees, or hewing or rough shaping mine timbers, posts, railway sleepers, etc.			
		,	Establishments mainly engaged sawmills are included in the coup 511.		
		Primary Activities			
		Firewood cutting (forest) Logging Mine timbers hewing (forest)	Posts shaping (forest) Railway sleepers hewing (forest) Timber felling Tree felling		
	0304	FORESTRY AND SERVICES I	O FORESTRY		

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation, maintenance or protection (except the provision of fire-fighting services) of forests or forest plantations, in afforestation, in gathering forest products (except logs), in operating forest nurseries or in providing forestry services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in logging operations are included in Class 0303; (b) in providing bush or forest fire-fighting services are included in Class 8494.

Primary Activities

Afforestation Bark gathering Eucalyptus leaf gathering Eucalyptus oil distilling (forest) Forest maintenance Forest nursery operation Forest plantation maintenance Forest products gathering (except logs) Forestry services

Gum gathering Insect extermination service (forestry: except aerial) Leaf gathering Nursery, forest, operation Pest extermination service (forestry; except aerial) Pine plantation maintenance Reafforestation Timber tracts maintenance

DIVISION

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION 04 : FISHING AND HUNTING

Group	Class	Title and Description		
043		FISHING		
	0431	ROCK LOBSTERS		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in catching rock lobsters from ocean or coastal waters or in operating vessels used in both catching and processing rock lobsters.		
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in operating vessels used only in processing rock lobsters are included in Class 2174; and (b) in wholesaling fresh or frozen rock lobsters are included in Class 4763.		
		Primary Activities		
		Crayfish, saltwater, fishing fishing Fishing boat lease, hire or charter (for commercial rock lobster fishing; except on a financial service basis) Rock lobster fishing		
	0432	PRAWNS		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in catching prawns from ocean or coastal waters or in operating vessels used in both catching and processing prawns.		
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in operating vessels used only in processing prawns are included in Class 2174; and (b) in wholesaling fresh or frozen prawns are included in Class 4763.		
		Primary Activities		
		Fishing boat lease, hire prawn fishing or charter (for commercial prawn fishing; except on a financial service basis) Prawn fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea)		

O433 OCEAN AND COASTAL FISHING N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in ocean or coastal water fishing n.e.c. or in operating vessels used in both catching or taking ocean or coastal water fishery products n.e.c. and processing those products on board.

DIVISION A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION 04 : FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
043		FISHING - ontd	

O433 OCEAN AND COASTAL FISHING N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating vessels used only in processing whales are included in Class 2140; and
(b) in operating vessels used only in processing fish or fishery products n.e.c. are included in Class 2174.

Primary Activities

Abalone fishing Australian salmon fishing Australian salmon fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea) Beche-de-mer fishing Bream fishing Crabs, saltwater, fishing Crustaceans fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea; except cray-fish, lobsters or prawns) Crustaceans, saltwater, fishing (except crayfish, lobsters or prawns) Cuttlefish fishing Fishing boat lease, hire or charter (for commercial ocean and coastal fishing n.e.c.; except on a financial service basis) Flathead fishing Garfish fishing Mackerel fishing Molluscs fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea) Molluscs, saltwater, fishing (except from cultivated oyster beds) Morwong fishing

Mullet fishing Mussels fishing Ocean or coastal water fishery products fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea; except crayfish, lobsters or prawns) Octopus fishing Oyster fishing (except from cultivated oyster beds) Oyster shell gathering Pearling (except pearl oyster farming) Scallops dredging Seaweed gathering Shark fishing Snapper fishing Snoek fishing (i.e. barracouta) Sponges gathering Trepang fishing Trochus shell fishing Tuna fishing Tuna fishing and processing (aboard vessel at sea) Turtle hunting Whaling Whiting fishing

DIVISION

A : AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

SUBDIVISION 04 : FISHING AND HUNTING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
043		FISHING - contd			
	0434	OYSTER FARMING AND INLAND	FISHING		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in oyster farming, cultivating marine life, inland water fishing or providing services to fishing n.e.c.			
		Primary Act	ivities		
		Crayfish, freshwater, fishing Crustaceans breeding or farming Eels,freshwater,fishing English perch fishing Fish breeding or farming Fish hatchery operation Fishing (freshwater) Golden perch fishing	Goldfish breeding Molluscs breeding or farming Murray cod fishing Oyster farming Pearl oyster farming Services to fishing n.e.c. Trout farming Whitebait, freshwater, fishing Yabbie fishing or farming		
944		HUNTING AND TRAPPING			
	0440	HUNTING AND TRAPPING			
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in hunting or trapping animals, birds or reptiles.			
		Primary Activities			
		Bird trapping Buffaloes hunting Crocodiles hunting Dingoes hunting or trapping Fur skin animals	Kangaroos hunting Mutton birds catching Rabbits hunting or trapping Snakes catching		

hunting or trapping

DIVISION B : MINING

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in 'mining', in mineral exploration on own account, in the provision of a wide variety of services to mining and mineral exploration on a contract or fee basis, as well as mining establishments under development. The term 'mining' is used here in the broad sense to include the extraction of minerals occurring naturally as solids such as coal and ores, liquids such as crude petroleum, or gases such as natural gas by such processes as underground or open—cut mining, dredging, quarrying, the operation of wells or evaporation pans, or by recovery from ore dumps or tailings.

- Establishments mainly engaged in dressing or beneficiating ores or other minerals by crushing, milling, screening, washing, flotation or other, including chemical beneficiation, processes, or mainly engaged in briquetting or iron ore pelletising are included in this Division. These activities are generally carried out at or near mine sites as an integral part of mining operations and are therefore regarded as primary to this Division. Natural gas absorption, purifying and similar treatment plants are also included in this Division.
- 3 Excluded from this Division are establishments mainly engaged in refining or smelting of minerals or ores (other than preliminary smelting of gold), or in the manufacture of such products of mineral origin as coke, cement or fertilisers.
- Establishments which are mainly engaged in undertaking mineral exploration on own account, ie establishments classifiable to the classes in Group 161, cannot be classified, as is usual in the case of other establishments, on the basis of their gross receipts. Instead their classification will be determined, where possible, on the basis of their gross expenditures.

DIVISION

B : MINING

SUBDIVISION 11 : METALLIC MINERALS

Group	Class	Title and Description
Group	01000	II vio and Debotip viola
111		FERROUS METAL ORES
	1111	IRON ORES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining iron ores including limonite, magnetite or other iron oxides, or in dressing or beneficiating (except pelletising or agglomerating) such ores.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in iron ore pelletising or agglomerating are included in Class 1112.
		Primary Activities
		Haematite mining Iron ores mining Iron ores mining Iron oxides mining Iron oxides mining Iron oxides mining Iron oxides mining Iron ores mining Iron oxides mining Ir
	1112	IRON ORE PELLETISING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in pelletising or agglomerating iron ores.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in dressing or beneficiating iron ores (except iron ore pelletising or agglomerating) are included in Class 1111
		Primary Activities
		Iron ore agglomerating Iron ore pelletising
112		NON-FERROUS METAL ORES
	1121	BAUXITE
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining bauxite or other aluminium ores, or in dressing or beneficiating such ores.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in

Primary Activities

the production of alumina are included in Class 2953.

Aluminium ores mining Bauxite mining

Bauxite calcination

DIVISION

B : MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION		11 : METALLIC MINERALS - contd
Group	Class	Title and Description
112		NON-FERROUS METAL ORES - contd
	1122	COPPER ORES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining copper ores, copper-gold ores, or oxidised copper ores for fertilisers, or in dressing or beneficiating such ores.
		Primary Activities
		Chalcopyrite mining Copper-gold ores beneficiating or dressing Copper-gold ores mining Copper-gold ores mining Copper-gold ores mining
	1123	GOLD ORES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining gold ores, or in dressing, beneficiating or preliminary smelting of gold ores.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in mining or beneficiating copper-gold ores are included in Class 1122.

Primary Activities

Gold bullion production Gold dredging Gold mining

Alluvial gold mining Gold ores dressing or beneficiating Gold ores preliminary smelting Gold washing or sluicing

1124 MINERAL SANDS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining mineral sands, or in dressing or beneficiating mineral sands.

Primary Activities

Ilmenite mining Leucoxene mining Mineral sands beneficiating or dressing

Mineral sands mining Monazite mining Rutile mining Titanium ores mining Zircon mining

DIVISION B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION 11 : METALLIC MINERALS - contd

Group	Class	Title and	Description
112	1125	NON-FERROUS METAL ORES	C - contd
			establishments mainly engaged in in dressing or beneficiating such
		Primary	Activities
		Nickel ores beneficiating or dressing	Nickel ores mining
	1106	CTITUD TOAD CINC ODDC	

1126 SILVER-LEAD-ZINC ORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining silver, lead or zinc ores, or in dressing or beneficiating such ores.

Primary Activities

Argentite mining
Galena mining
Lead ores
beneficiating
beneficiating
or dressing
Silver ores mining
or dressing
Sphalerite mining
Lead ores mining
Silver-lead-zinc
ores beneficiating
or dressing
Silver-lead-zinc
or dressing
Silver-lead-zinc
ores mining
Silver-lead-zinc
ores mining
Silver-lead-zinc
ores mining

1127 TIN ORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining tin ores, or in dressing or beneficiating such ores.

Primary Activities

Alluvial tin mining Cassiterite mining Stannite mining Tin ores beneficiating or dressing Tin ores dredging Tin ores mining Tin pyrites mining

DIVISION

B : MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION

11 : METALLIC MINERALS - contd

Group	oup Class Title and Description		d Description
112		NON-FERROUS METAL ORE	ES - contd
	1128	URANIUM ORES	
			of establishments mainly engaged in or in dressing or beneficiating
		Primary	Activities
		Uranium ores beneficiating or dressing	Uranium ores mining Uranium oxides mining

1129 NON-FERROUS METAL ORES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining metallic mineral ores n.e.c., or in dressing or beneficiating such ores.

Primary Activities

Antimony ores mining
Beryllium ores mining
Bismuth ores mining
Chromium ores mining
Cinnabar mining
Cobalt ores mining
Iridium ores mining
Iron pyrites mining
Manganese ores mining
Mercury ores mining
Metallic ores mining
n.e.c.
Molybdenite mining

Osmiridium mining
Osmium ores mining
Platinum cres mining
Pyritic ores mining n.e.c.
Pyrolusite mining
Quicksilver ores mining
Scheelite mining
Tantalite-columbite ores
mining
Tantalite mining
Tantalum ores mining
Tungsten ores mining
Wolfram mining

DIVISION

B: MINING - contd

Brown coal mining

SUBDIVISION 12 : COAL

Group	Class	Title and Description
120		COAL
	1201	BLACK COAL
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining bituminous or sub-bituminous coal or in grading, washing or crushing black coal.
		Primary Activities
		Anthracite mining Coal, black, Black coal mining grading, washing Coal, bituminous or or crushing sub-bituminous, mining
	1202	BROWN COAL
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining or in briquetting brown coal.
		Primary Activities

Brown coal briquetting Lignite mining

DIVISION

B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION

13 : OIL AND GAS

Group	Class	Title and Description	
130		OIL AND GAS	

1300 OIL AND GAS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining crude oil, natural gas or condensate, or in treating these products to produce stabilised crude oil, purified natural gas or liquefied hydrocarbon gases. Pipeline transportation of crude oil, natural gas or other petroleum products to storage depots or purification plants, undertaken as an integral part of mining operations by establishments mainly engaged in mining crude petroleum (including natural gas), is included in this class.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in processing natural gas or liquid hydrocarbons
for the manufacture of chemicals of fertilisers are
included in the appropriate classes of Group 275; and
(b) in operating pipelines for the transport of oil,
gas, water or other materials on a contract or fee basis
are included in Class 5500.

Note: The recovery of liquefied hydrocarbons in
conjunction with petroleum refining is primary to Class 2770

Primary Activities

Absorption plant, natural gas, operation Butane, natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) Ethane, natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) Gas, natural, mining Hydrocarbons, liquefied, natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) L.N.G. production L.P.G., natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining)

Liquefied petroleum gas, natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) Natural gas mining Natural gas, purified, production Oil, crude, mining Oil, crude, stabilising Oil sands mining Oil shale mining Petroleum, crude, mining Propane, natural, production (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) Purifying plant, natural gas, operation Separation plant, natural gas, operation

DIVISION

B : MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION

14 : CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

Carana	01000	Mitle and Deposition
Group	Class	Title and Description
140		CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
	1401	SAND AND GRAVEL

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in quarrying sand (except silica for industrial purposes) or gravel, or in washing or screening of sand or gravel.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in quarrying, crushing or screening crushed or broken stone are included in Class 1404; and (b) in quarrying silica for industrial purposes are included in Class 1505.

Note: The quarrying of earth, soil or filling or of other construction materials, if carried out as an integral part of construction operations (ie involving the same employees and plant in both quarrying and construction operations) is primary to the appropriate classes in Division E Construction.

Primary Activities

Gravel quarrying, washing Sand quarrying, washing or screening (except as or screening (except an integral part of construction activities) River sand or gravel quarrying, washing or screening (except as an integral part of construction activities)

silica for industrial purposes; or as an integral part of construction activities)

1404 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in quarrying, crushing or screening crushed or broken stone (including limestone for construction purposes) or in quarrying dimension stone, or construction materials n.e.c., or in producing stone products from stone quarried at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in quarrying river gravel are included in Class 1401; and (b) in quarrying limestone for agricultural or industrial use are included in Class 1501. Note: The quarrying of earth, soil or filling or of other construction materials, if carried out as an integral part of construction operations (ie involving the same employees and plant in both quarrying and construction operations), is primary to the appropriate classes in Division E Construction.

DIVISION

B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION

14 : CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
140		CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS - contd
	1404	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS N.E.C con

Primary Activities

Aggregate quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Base course materials quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Blue metal stone quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Building stone quarrying Construction materials crushing or screening (except as an integral part of construction activities) n.e.c. Construction materials quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) n.e.c. Crushed or broken dolomite, quartz or limestone quarrying (for construction purposes; except as an integral part of construction activities) Crushed or broken stone quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities)

Dimension stone quarrying Earth, soil or filling quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Granite quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Marble quarrying Road sub-base or fill quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Sandstone quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) Slate quarrying Stone cutting, dressing, polishing or shaping (using stone quarried at the same establishment) Stone products mfg (from stone quarried at the same establishment) Stone quarrying (except as an integral part of construction activities) n.e.c.

DIVISION

B : MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION 15 : OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERALS

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription		
150		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERA	LS		
	1501	L501 LIMESTONE			
			tablishments mainly engaged or agricultural or industrial		
		in quarrying limestone as	rt of construction activities)		
		Primary Activities			
		Chalk quarrying	Limestone quarrying (except as a construction material)		
	1502	CLAYS			
		This class consists of es in quarrying clays.	stablishments mainly engaged		
		Primary Act	civities		
		Ball clay quarrying Bentonite quarrying Brick clay quarrying Brick shale quarrying Cement clay quarrying Cement shale quarrying China clay quarrying Clay quarrying Fire clay quarrying Fullers earth quarrying	Kaolin quarrying Marl quarrying Mica clay quarrying Pipe clay quarrying Pottery clay quarrying Shale quarrying (except oil shale) Stoneware clay quarrying Stoneware shale quarrying Tile clay quarrying White clay quarrying		
	1504	SALT			
		in producing salt by evap	stablishments mainly engaged poration of seawater or natural salt beds or rocks,		

or in crushing, screening or washing of salt.

DIVISION

B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION

15 : OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERALS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
150		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERALS - contd		
	1504	1504 SALT - contd		
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments m (a) in manufacturing cooking or table s included in Class 2176; and (b) in sal (except for cooking or table use) are in Class 2755.	alt are t refining	
		Primary Activities		
		Salt crushing Salt mining Salt evaporating Salt screeni Salt harvesting Salt washing	_	

1505 NON-METALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in mining or quarrying non-metallic minerals n.e.c., or in treating such minerals by crushing or screening.

Primary Activities

Alabaster mining Alum mining Alunite mining Asbestos mining Barite mining Diamonds mining Diatomite mining Dolomite mining n.e.c. Emeralds mining Felspar quarrying Flint quarrying Fluorspar mining Gemstones quarrying or dredging Glauconite mining Graphite mining Green sand mining Gypsum mining Kyanite mining Lithium ore mining

Magnesite mining
Mica mining
Mineral pigments
mining
Ochre mining
Opal mining
Peat moss cutting
Perlite mining
Phosphate rock mining
Plumbago mining
Pyrophillite mining
Quartz quarrying
n.e.c.
Silica mining
(for industrial
purposes)
Sillimanite mining
Steatite mining
Talc quarrying
Vermiculite mining
Zeolite mining

DIVISION

B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION		16 : SERVICES TO MINING N.E.C.	
Group	Class	Title and Description	
161		MINERAL EXPLORATION (OWN ACCOUNT)	
	1611	PETROLEUM EXPLORATION (OWN ACCOUNT)	
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in exploring for crude petroleum (including natural gas) on their own account (ie not mainly on a fee or contract basis for other establishments).	
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in undertaking general exploration contracts for particular minerals (not merely contracts for specialised exploration services such as the conduct of seismic surveys) or in providing drilling or related services for purposes of mineral exploration and/or exploitation on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 1620; (b) in providing geological or geophysical surveying services, such as gravimetric or seismic surveys, on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6335; and (c) in providing ore testing, assaying or similar laboratory type services on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6336.	
		Primary Activities	
		Exploration for crude petroleum (own account) (incl. natural prospecting for crude petroleum (incl. gas; own account) Gas, natural, natural gas; own account) exploration (own account)	

1612 MINERAL EXPLORATION N.E.C. (OWN ACCOUNT)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in exploring for minerals (except for crude petroleum or natural gas) on their own account (ie not mainly on a fee or contract basis for other establishments).

DIVISION

B : MINING - contd

16 · SERVICES DO MINIMO N E C

SUBDIVISION		16 : SERVICES TO MINING N.E.C contd
Group	Class	Title and Description
161		MINERAL EXPLORATION (OWN ACCOUNT) - contd
	1612	MINERAL EXPLORATION N.E.C. (OWN ACCOUNT) - contd
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in undertaking general exploration contracts for particular minerals (not merely contracts for specialised exploration services such as the conduct of seismic surveys) or in providing drilling or related services for purposes of mineral exploration and/or exploitation on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 1620; (b) in providing geological or geophysical surveying services, such as gravimetric or seismic surveys, on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6335; and (c) in providing ore testing, assaying or similar laboratory type services on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6336.
		Primary Activities

Exploration for minerals Prospecting for minerals

(except for crude petroleum or natural gas; own account) (except for crude petroleum or natural gas; own account)

162

MINING AND EXPLORATION SERVICES N.E.C.

1620 MINING AND EXPLORATION SERVICES N.E.C.

> This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in undertaking general exploration contracts for particular minerals (not merely contracts for specialised exploration services such as the conduct of seismic surveys) or in providing drilling or related services n.e.c. on a contract or fee basis for purposes of mineral exploration or exploitation.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing geological or geophysical surveying services on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6335; and (b) in providing ore testing, assaying or similar laboratory type services on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 6336.

DIVISION B: MINING - contd

SUBDIVISION 16: SERVICES TO MINING N.E.C. - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
162		MINING AND EXPLORATION	SERVICES N.E.C contd
	1620	MINING AND EXPLORATION SERVICES N.E.C contd	
		Primary A	Activities
		Contract drilling service (for minerals) Drilling service (for minerals; contract or fee basis) Exploration for minerals (contract or fee basis; general contract)	Mineral exploration service (contract or fee basis) n.e.c. Oil or gas field services (contract or fee basis) n.e.c. Prospecting for minerals (contract or fee basis; general contract) Services to mining (contract or fee basis) n.e.c.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing the various categories of products summarised below.

- The term 'manufacturing' is used here in the broad sense to relate to the physical or chemical transformation of materials or components into new products, whether the work is performed by power-driven machines or by hand.
- The conceptual treatment of such activities as repair, installation, assembly, blending, bottling and packing is discussed in Chapter 5. However, in the summary which follows below an indication is given (by no means comprehensive) of the treatment of particular repair, installation, blending, assembly, packing, bottling or other activities which are typically carried on outside the scope of this Division in an attempt to more clearly describe the activity contents of this Division.
- Broadly, then, this Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing:
- a Food, beverages or tobacco products (Subdivision 21). Excluded are establishments mainly engaged in sun-drying fruit, processing fish aboard vessels which also catch fish (these are included in Division A), in washing or packing fresh fruit, pulping or other processing of eggs, bottling wine or spirits, repacking flour, cereal food products, dried fruits or in blending or repacking tea (these are included in Subdivision 47 in Division F). However, milk receiving depots treating milk by grading, testing, filtering or cooling and milk distribution depots mainly engaged in bulk handling of milk are included in this Subdivision.
- b Textiles, clothing and footwear (Subdivisions 23 and 24) including establishments mainly engaged in cotton ginning or other preparation of fibres for further processing. Excluded are establishments mainly engaged in making or installing curtains, in mens or womens custom tailoring or dressmaking or in boot and shoe repairing (these are included in Subdivision 48 in Division F) or in installing blinds or laying carpets or other floor coverings (these are included in Division E). Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing of textiles, clothing and footwear are included in Division I.
- c Wood products and furniture (Subdivision 25). Excluded are establishments mainly engaged in hewing or rough shaping of railway sleepers, posts, etc.in the forest (these are included in Division A) or in fabrication of joinery at construction sites, erecting prefabricated wooden buildings or installing wooden framed windows (these are included in Division E). Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing wooden products and furniture are included in Division I.
- d Paper or paper products (Subdivision 26), including establishments mainly engaged in publishing or in publishing and printing newspapers, magazines, books, music, maps, etc., or in providing printing trade services,

such as electrotyping and bookbinding. Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing of paper and paper products are included in Division I.

- e Chemical, plastic, coal, petroleum, glass, clay, cement or other non-metallic mineral products (Subdivisions 27 and 28 and Group 347 in Subdivision 34). Excluded are establishments mainly engaged in screening, crushing, dressing or other rudimentary treating of minerals, construction materials, etc., in briquetting coal or in purifying natural gas (these are included in Division B), or in blending lubricating oils and greases or in glazing (these are included in Subdivision 47 in Division F). Establishments mainly engaged in plastering, in manufacturing and/or laying of hotmix bituminous paving or in the installation of insulation materials or of bituminous roofing materials are included in Division E. Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing of chemical, plastic, glass etc., products are included in Division I.
- Metals and metal products including machinery, transport or other equipment, scientific apparatus, and household appliances (Subdivisions 29, 31, 32 and 33), leather or rubber products, ophthalmic articles, jewellery, sporting equipment, etc. (Groups 345, 346 and 348 in Subdivision 34). Excluded are establishments mainly engaged in iron ore pelletising or in dressing or other preliminary treating of metallic ores (these are included in Division B), in repairing motor vehicles (except establishments mainly engaged in engine reconditioning - these are included in Division C), most types of household appliances, lawn mowers, marine outboard engines, toys, sporting equipment, photographic equipment, watches, clocks and jewellery, etc., (these are included in Subdivision 48 in Division F), in repairing tractors, farm and construction machinery or business machines (these are included in Subdivision 47 in Division F), in the erection or on-site assembly (from prefabricated components) of boilers, industrial furnaces, heavy electrical machinery, metal silos and storage tanks or structural steel, or in the installation of radio or T.V. broadcasting equipment, telephone or telegraph equipment, hot water systems, domestic exhaust fans, heating, refrigeration and airconditioning equipment, fire alarm and sprinkler systems, metal awnings, screens or windows, etc., (these are included in Division E). Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing of metal products, tools, household appliances, sporting equipment, etc., are included in Division I.
- In general the manufacture of parts or components is a primary activity of the same class as the manufacture of the finished product except where the manufacture of parts or components is specifically shown as a primary activity of another class.
- In some instances two or more activities are vertically integrated in the one manufacturing establishment in that the products of one activity are used as materials in the other. In these cases establishments are generally included in the class to which the final activity is primary. In some cases, however, the classes have been defined so that certain establishments are included in the class to which the initial activity is primary. This occurs for example in the case of Class 2345 Cotton Yarns and Broadwoven Fabrics.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING

SUBDIVISION 21: FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO

Group Class Title and Description

211

MEAT PRODUCTS

2115 MEAT (EXCEPT SMALLGOODS OR POULTRY)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in slaughtering animals (except poultry), boning, freezing, preserving or packing meat (except poultry), canning meat (except bacon or ham), manufacturing sausage casings, gut materials, fertilisers or meals from abattoir by-products (except from products of poultry slaughtering), or rendering tallow.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in slaughtering, dressing, packing (except canning) or freezing poultry are included in Class 2116; (b) in manufacturing or canning bacon or ham are included in Class 2117; (c) in manufacturing refined animal oils or fats (except neatsfoot oil) are included in Class 2140; and (d) in manufacturing musical instrument strings or surgical sutures from animal gut are included in Class 3487.

Primary Activities

Abattoir operation (except poultry slaughter house) Animal glands packing and freezing Animal oils or fats, unrefined, mfg Beefburgers, frozen mfg (except pre-cooked) Blood and bone fertilisers mfg Buffalo meat mfg Bungs, caps or weasands mfg Casings mfg (animal origin) Frozen meat mfg (except poultry) Gut materials, hand or machine split, mfg (for further processing) Kangaroo or wallaby meat mfg Knackery operation Liver meal mfg (except poultry)

Manures or fertilisers of animal origin mfg (without added chemical fertilisers) Meat boning (except poultry) Meat, canned, mfg (except bacon or ham) Meat, dehydrated, mfg (except poultry) Meat extracts or essences mfg Meat mfg (except bacon, ham or uncanned poultry) Meat or bone meal mfg (except fish, poultry or whale meal) Meat packing (except poultry) Meats, canned mixed, mfg (incl. canned sausages or camp pie) Pork, fresh, mfg Poultry meat, canned, mfg Rabbit meat mfg Sausage casings mfg (animal origin)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	escription
211		MEAT PRODUCTS - contd	
	2115	MEAT (EXCEPT SMALLGOODS	OR POULTRY) - contd
		Primary Ac	ctivities - contd
		Sausage skins mfg (animal origin) Slaughtering animals (except poultry) Surgical gut, partly processed, mfg	Tallow, edible or inedible, rendering (except refining) Tripe mfg

2116 POULTRY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in slaughtering, dressing, freezing or packing (except canning) poultry or in manufacturing smallgoods from poultry meat.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in canning poultry are included in Class 2115.

Primary Activities

Abattoir operation Poultry meat mfg (poultry) (except canned) Chicken slaughtering Poultry packing (except canning) or dressing Poultry slaughtering Croquettes mfg (from poultry meat) or dressing Frozen poultry mfg Smallgoods mfg (from Meals, poultry offal, poultry meat) mfg

2117 BACON, HAM AND SMALLGOODS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing bacon or ham (including canned bacon or ham), smallgoods (except from poultry meat), or prepared meat products n.e.c. or in rendering lard.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing smallgoods from poultry meat are included in Class 2116; (b) in refining lard are included in Class 2140; and (c) in manufacturing meat paste (including ham paste) are included in Class 2176.

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
211		MEAT PRODUCTS - contd	
	2117	BACON, HAM AND SMALLGOODS	N.E.C contd
		Primary Act	ivities
		Bacon, canned, green or smoked, mfg Corned meat mfg (except canned) Croquettes mfg n.e.c. Frankfurts mfg Ham, canned, cooked green or smoked, mfg Hamburgers, precooked, mfg	Lard rendering (except refining) Meat, cooked, mfg (except poultry) Meat specialities mfg n.e.c. Sausages mfg (except canned or from poultry meat) Saveloys mfg Smallgoods mfg n.e.c.
212		MILK PRODUCTS	
	2121	LIQUID MILK AND CREAM	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in grading, filtering, testing or chilling fresh liquid whole milk or cream, or manufacturing, bottling or cartoning pasteurised liquid whole milk, flavoured liquid whole milk, liquid skim milk, cream, sour cream, cultured buttermilk or yoghurt.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing unsweetened condensed, concentrated or evaporated skim milk or buttermilk are included in Class 2122; (b) in manufacturing standardised liquid milk are included in Class 2123; and (c) in manufacturing canned cream or condensed, concentrated or evaporated milk (except unsweetened skim milk or buttermilk) are included in Class 2125.

Primary Activities

Buttermilk, cultured, bottling or cartoning Buttermilk, cultured, mfg Cream, pasteurised, bottling or cartoning Cream, pasteurised, mfg (except canned) Flavoured liquid whole milk bottling or cartoning

Flavoured liquid whole milk mfg Milk, processed liquid, bottling or cartoning (except standardised, condensed, concentrated or evaporated milk, or liquid buttermilk)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descr	ription
212		MILK PRODUCTS - contd	
	2121	LIQUID MILK AND CREAM - cor	
		Primary Activ	rities - contd
		Milk, processed liquid, mfg (except standardised, condensed, concentrated cr evaporated milk, or liquid buttermilk)	Milk receival or distribution depot operation Skim milk, liquid, mfg Sour cream mfg Yoghurt mfg

2122 BUTTER

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing butter, casein, anhydrous milk fat (butteroil), clarified butter (ghee), buttermilk (except cultured), or dried skim milk (including unsweetened condensed, concentrated or evaporated skim milk).

Primary Activities

Anhydrous milkfat mfg
(butteroil)
Butter, clarified,
 mfg (ghee)
Butter mfg
Butter powder mfg
Buttermilk, dried,
 mfg
Buttermilk, liquid,
 mfg (except
 cultured)

Buttermilk, unsweetened
condensed, mfg (incl.
concentrated or evaporated)
Casein mfg (except hardened)
Skim milk based stock feed,
dried protein enriched,
mfg
Skim milk, dried, mfg
Skim milk, unsweetened
condensed, mfg (incl.
concentrated or evaporated)

2123 CHEESE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cheese, cheese products or whey.

Primary Activities

Cheddar cheese mfg
Cheese mfg
Cheese paste mfg
Cheese spread mfg
Cottage cheese mfg
Cream cheese mfg

Grating cheese mfg
Processed cheese mfg
Soft cheese mfg
Standardised liquid
milk mfg
Whey or whey powder mfg

DIVISION

C : MANFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and	Description
212		MILK PRODUCTS - contd	
	2124	ICE CREAM AND FROZEN	CONFECTIONS
			f establishments mainly engaged in am or frozen confections.
			Establishments mainly engaged in am mixes or milk based soft serve Class 2125.
		Primary	Activities
		Confections, frozen, mfg Ice cream mfg	Milk ices mfg Water ices or fruit ices, frozen, mfg

2125 MILK PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing condensed, concentrated or evaporated milk or milk products (except unsweetened condensed, concentrated or evaporated skim milk cr buttermilk), full cream milk powder, infants' and invalids' milk based health beverages in powder form, ice cream mixes, milk based soft serve mixes, canned milk or cream, or milk products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing unsweetened condensed, concentrated or evaporated skim milk or buttermilk are included in Class 2122.

Primary Activities

Baby foods, milk based,
mfg (in powder form)
Cream, canned, mfg
Health beverages, infants
or invalids milk based,
mfg (in powder form)
Ice cream mix, liquid or
dried, mfg
Lactose mfg
Malt extract mfg
Malted milk powder mfg
Milk and coffee mixtures,
condensed or
concentrated, mfg

Milk based mixes mfg
 (for soft serves or
 thick shakes)

Milk, canned liquid, mfg

Milk, condensed or
 concentrated, mfg (except
 unsweetened skim milk or
 buttermilk)

Milk, evaporated, mfg
 (except unsweetened skim
 milk or buttermilk)

Milk or cream, liquid, canning

Milk powder, full cream, mfg

Milk products mfg n.e.c.

Sugar of milk mfg

DIVISION

C -: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
213		FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PRODUCTS
	2131	FRUIT PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing canned, bottled, preserved, quick frozen or dried (except sun-dried) fruit products. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in canning or bottling fruit products.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in sun-drying fruit are included in the appropriate classes of Group 013; (b) in manufacturing, canning, bottling or cartoning fruit juices or fruit juice drinks of less than single strength are included in Class 2185; and (c) in packing fresh fruit are included in Class 4764.

Primary Activities

Candied or preserved peel Coconut, dessicated, mfg Crystallised or glace fruit or peel mfg Dehydrated or evaporated fruit mfg (except sundried) Fruit, canned or bottled, Fruit canning or bottling Fruit drying (except sundrying) Fruit, frozen, mfg Fruit juices, single strength or concentrated, (except sun-dried) canning or bottling

Fruit juices, single strength or concentrated, mfg Fruit pulp, puree or spreads, mfg Fruit salad, canned or bottled, mfg Fruit salad, fresh, mfg (in plastic containers) Jam canning or bottling Jam mfg (incl. conserves, jellies or fruit spreads) Marmalade mfg Preserved fruit mfg

2132 VEGETABLE PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing canned, bottled, preserved, quick frozen or dehydrated vegetable products, (including soups, sauces or pickles) or mixed meat and vegetable or cereal products. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in canning or bottling vegetable products.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 21: FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
213		FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PRODUCTS - contd
	2132	VEGETABLE PRODUCTS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing Worcestershire sauce, or potato
crisps or similar snack foods are included in Class 2176;
and (b) in manufacturing wine vinegar are included in

Class 2188.

Primary Activities

Baby foods, canned or bottled, mfg (except milk based) Baked beans mfg Chilli sauce mfg Chutneys or relishes Health, invalid or baby foods mfg (cereal based) Horseradish sauce mfg Ketchup mfg Mixed meat and cereals, canned or bottled, mfg Mixed meat and vegetables, canned or bottled, mfg Olives, preserved, mfg Onions, canned, mfg Pickles mfg Potato shapes mfg (except crisps or flakes) Rice preparations, canned, mfg

Sauces mfg (packeted, canned or bottled; except Worcestershire sauce) Sauerkraut mfg Soup mfg Soup, prepared dry, mfg Spaghetti, canned, mfg Split peas mfg Sweetcorn, canned, mfg Tomato products mfg Vegetable canning or bottling Vegetable juices or soups canning or bottling Vegetable juices or soups Vegetable salads, fresh, mfg (in plastic or similar containers) Vegetables, preserved, mfg (incl. canned, dehydrated, dried or quick-frozen) Vinegar mfg (except wine vinegar)

214 MARGARINE AND OILS AND FATS N.E.C.

2140 MARGARINE AND OILS AND FATS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing crude vegetable or marine oils, fats, cake or meal, margarine, compound cooking oils or fats, blended table or salad oils, or refined or hydrogenated oils or fats n.e.c.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	ass Title and Description	
214		MARGARINE AND OILS AND FATS N.E.C contd	
	2140	MARGARINE AND OILS AND FATS N.E.C contd.	

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing unrefined animal oils or fats (except neatsfoot oil) or in rendering tallow are included in Class 2115; (b) in rendering lard are included in Class 2117; and (c) in distilling or refining essential oils are included in Class 2768.

Primary Activities

Animal oils, refined, mfg Biscuit oils or fats. blended or emulsified, mfg Candlenut oil or meal mfg Castor oil or meal mfg Coconut meal or cake mfg Coconut oil, liquid or solidified, mfg Cod liver oil mfg Cooking oils or fats, blended or emulsified, mfg Cotton linters mfg Cotton seed oil, meal or cake mfg Deodorised vegetable oils mfg Edible oils or fats, blended or emulsified, mfg Fish liver oils mfg Fish or other marine animal oils or meal mfg Frying oils or fats, blended or emulsified, mfg

Grape seed oil mfg Hydrogenated vegetable oils mfg Lard, refined, mfg Linseed oil, meal or cake mfg Maize germ oil or meal mfg Margarine mfg Oleo oil or stearine mfg Olive oil mfg Palm oil mfg Peanut oil, meal or cake mfg Rape seed oil, meal or cake mfg Safflower seed oil, meal or cake mfg Shark oil or meal mfg Soya bean oil, meal or cake mfg Sunflower seed oil, meal or cake mfg Tallow, refined, mfg Tobacco seed oil mfg Tung oil or meal mfg Vegetable meal mfg Vegetable oils mfg Whale oil or meal mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
215		FLOUR MILL AND CEREAL FOOD PRODUCTS

2151 FLOUR MILL PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in milling flour (except cornflour or rice flour).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing cornflour are included in Class
2152; (b) in manufacturing milled rice, rice flour,
meal or offal, hulled or shelled oats, oatmeal for human
consumption, prepared cereal breakfast foods or self
raising flour are included in Class 2153; (c) in
manufacturing prepared animal or bird foods from cereals,
or in manufacturing cereal meal, grain offal or crushed
grain for use as fodder (from whole grain, except from
rice or rye) are included in Class 2175; and (d) in repacking flour or cereal foods are included in Class 4769.

Primary Activities

Atta flour mfg
Barley meal or flour
mfg (for human
consumption; except
prepared breakfast
food)
Bran, wheaten, mfg
(except prepared
breakfast food)
Flour, wheat, mfg
(except selfraising flour)
Pollard mfg (from
wheat, barley or rye)

Rye flour, meal or offal mfg (except prepared breakfast food)
Sausage binder or similar meal mfg (from wheat)
Semolina mfg
Wheat germ mfg
Wheat meal mfg (for human consumption; except prepared breakfast food)

2152 STARCH, GLUTEN AND STARCH SUGARS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cereal starch, gluten, starch sugars or arrowroot.

Primary Activities

Arrowroot mfg Cornflour mfg Dextrin mfg Dextrose mfg Glucose mfg Gluten mfg Starch mfg Starch sugars mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
215		FLOUR MILL AND CEREAL FOOD PRODUCTS - contd

2153 CEREAL FOODS AND BAKING MIXES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing prepared cereal breakfast foods, pasta, milled rice, rice flour, meal or offal, hulled or shelled oats, oatmeal for human consumption, self raising flour, prepared baking mixes, jelly crystals or custard powder.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing prepared animal or bird foods from cereals, or in manufacturing cereal meal, grain offal or crushed grain for use as fodder (from whole grain, except from rice or rye) are included in Class 2175; and (b) in repacking cereal food products are included in Class 4769.

Primary Activities

Baking mixes, prepared. Baking powder mfg Batter mixes mfg Bread dough, frozen, mfg Bread mixes, dry, mfg Cake mixes mfg Cereal breakfast foods, prepared, mfg Cereal foods mfg n.e.c. Crumbs mfg (made from cereal food; except biscuit or breadcrumbs) Custard powder mfg Desserts, prepared, mfg (in dry form) n.e.c. Farina mfg Granulated or rolled breakfast foods mfg Jelly crystals mfg Macaroni mfg Milled rice mfg

Muesli mfg Noodles mfg Oatmeal mfg (for human consumption) Oats, hulled or shelled, mfg Cats, kilned or unkilned, mfg Pasta mfg Pastry dough, frozen, mfg Pastry mixes mfg Pizza mix mfg Porridge mfg Ravioli mfg Rice flour, meal or offal mfg Rice, polished or unpolished, mfg Sago mfg Scone mixes mfg Self raising flour mfg Spaghetti mfg (except canned) Tapioca mfg Vermicelli mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
216		BREAD, CAKES AND BISCUITS
	2161	BREAD
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing bread. It also includes establishments mainly engaged in selling bread, baked on their premises, directly to the general public either by home service delivery or from the bakery itself.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing unleavened bread are included in Class 2163.

Primary Activities

Bread bakery operation (selling bread, (selling bread, Bread rolls mfg baked on its premises, to the general public) Bread rolls mfg Hamburger buns mfg Breadcrumbs mfg

Bread mfg Bread rolls mfg Rye bread mfg

2162 CAKES AND PASTRIES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cakes, pastries, pies or similar bakery products (including canned or frozen bakery products).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in selling cakes or pastries, produced on their premises, directly to the general public are included in Class 4885.

Primary Activities

Cakes, canned, mfg Cakes, frozen, mfg Cakes or pastries mfg Crumpets mfg Doughnuts mfg Meat pies mfg

Pastries, frozen, mfg Pastry mfg (except frozen pastry dough) Pies mfg Plum pudding mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and	l Description
216		BREAD, CAKES AND BIS	CUITS - contd
	2163	BISCUITS	
			of establishments mainly engaged in ts (including unleavened bread).
			S: Establishments mainly engaged biscuits are included in Class 2175.
		Primar	y Activities
		Biscuit crumbs mfg Biscuits mfg (except dog biscuits) Ice cream cones or wafers mfg	Rusks mfg Shortbread biscuits mfg Unleavened bread mfg
217		OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS	
	2171	RAW SUGAR	
			of establishments mainly engaged in unrefined sugar, or molasses.
			S: Establishments mainly engaged in d sugar, treacle or icing sugar are 76.
		Primar	y Activities
		Cane syrup mfg Molasses mfg	Raw sugar mfg Sugar, unrefined, mfg
	2173	CONFECTIONERY AND CO	COA PRODUCTS
		Mhis aless sousists	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing sugar confectionery, chocolate or cocoa products.

Primary Activities

Boiled sweets mfg
Chewing gum mfg
Chocolate mfg
Chocolates mfg
Cocoa butter mfg

Cocoa powder mfg
Cocoa products mfg
Confectionery, sugar,
 mfg (except crystallised
 or glace fruit)

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Class	Title and Des	cription
	OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - con	atd
2173	CONFECTIONERY AND COCOA F	RODUCTS - contd
	Primary Activities - contd	
	Cooking chocolate mfg Drinking chocolate mfg Licorice candy mfg Marshmallows mfg	Marzipan mfg Nuts, candied, mfg Popcorn, candied, mfg Toffees mfg
		OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - con 2173 CONFECTIONERY AND COCOA F Primary Act Cooking chocolate mfg Drinking chocolate mfg Licorice candy mfg

2174 PROCESSED SEAFOODS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in processing fish or other seafoods. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in operating vessels which process but do not catch fish or other seafoods.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating vessels which both catch and process
fish or other seafoods are included in the appropriate
classes in Group 043 Fishing; and (b) in cleaning
or filleting fish on a fee or commission basis, in
freezing whole fin fish, or in shelling or freezing
oysters or bottling oysters in brine are included in
Class 4763.

Note: Fish receival or storage depots which are mainly engaged in providing storage services to other units of the same enterprise are treated as ancillary units and classified accordingly.

Primary Activities

Clams, canned, mfg
Crustaceans, processed,
 mfg (incl. cooked and/
 or frozen) n.e.c.
Fish, canned, mfg
Fish, dried or smoked,
 mfg
Fish, filleted frozen,
 mfg
Fish loaf or cake mfg
Fish paste mfg
Molluscs, processed, mfg
 (incl. shelled; except
 oysters)

Oysters, canned, mfg
Prawn meat mfg
Prawn tails mfg
Prawns, processed, mfg
 (incl. cooked and/or
 frozen)
Rock lobster meat mfg
Rock lobster tails mfg
Rock lobster, processed,
 mfg (incl. cooked and/
 or frozen)
Scallops, preserved, mfg
Seafoods, canned, mfg
Seafoods, preserved, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD. BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
217		OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - contd

2175 PREPARED ANIMAL AND BIRD FOODS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing prepared animal or bird foods, including cereal meal, grain offal or crushed grain for use as fodder (from whole grain, except from rice or rye).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in slaughtering animals for pet food are included in Class 2115; (b) in manufacturing animal feeds prepared from dried skim milk powder are included in Class 2122; (c) in manufacturing crushed rye, or rye flour, meal or offal for use as fodder are included in Class 2151; and (d) in manufacturing crushed rice, or rice flour, meal or offal for use as fodder are included in Class 2153.

Primary Activities

Animal foods, canned, Animal foods, prepared, mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder) Bird foods mfg Bird seed mfg Cat foods, prepared, mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder) Cattle lick mfg Cereal meal mfg (for fodder; except from rice or rye) Chaff mfg Crushed grain mfg (incl. mixed; for fodder) Dehydrated lucerne mfg Dog biscuits mfg Dog foods, prepared, mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder)

Fodder, prepared, mfg Grain offal mfg (for fodder; except from rice or rye) Lucerne cubes mfg Lucerne meal mfg Pet foods, canned, mfg Pet foods, prepared mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder) Poultry foods, prepared, Poultry pellets mfg Prepared animal or bird foods mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder) Sheep lick mfg Sorghum meal mfg Stock foods, prepared, mfg (except uncanned meat or bone meal or protein enriched skim milk powder)

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
217		OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - contd

2176 FOOD PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing food products n.e.c. (including coffee preparations, peanut butter or paste, spices, food seasonings, flavourings or colourings, potato crisps or similar snack foods, honey, ice, cooking or table salt or refined sugar).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing raw or unrefined sugar are included in Class 2171; (b) in refining salt for industrial purposes are included in Class 2755; (c) in egg pulping or drying are included in Class 4765; and (d) in blending or packing tea are included in Class 4769.

Primary Activities

Apricot kernels mfg Bean sprout germination Brown sugar mfg Caster sugar mfg Chicory, ground, mig Chicory, reasted, mfg Chop suey rolls mfg Cinnamon mfg Coffee, blended, mig Coffee essence mfg Coffee extract mfg Coffee, ground, mfg Coffee, roasted, mfg Curry powder mfg Dessert mixes, liquid, mfg Flavoured water packs mfg (for freezing into flavoured ice) Flavouring concentrates Flavourings, food, mfg Food colourings mfg Food mfg n.e.c. French dressing mfg Fried rice mfg Ginger mfg (except confectionery) Gravy powder mfg

Herbs, processed, mfg Honey, blended, mfg Hop extract, concentrated, mfg Ice mfg (except dry ice) Icing sugar mfg Icing sugar mixture mfg Instant coffee mfg Mayonnaise or salad dressings mfg Meals mfg (e.g. T.V. dinners) n.e.c. Meat or ham pastes mfg Mustard, powdered, mfg Mustard, prepared, mfg Nut foods mfg (except candied) Nutmeg mfg Peanut butter or paste mfg Peanut roasting or salting Pearl barley mfg Pepper mfg Pizza pies, frozen, mfg Potato crisps mfg Pretzels mfg Rice preparations mfg n.e.c. Salad dressings mfg Salt, cooking or table, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

21 : FOOD. BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Class	Title and Desc	ription
	OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - cont	5d
2176	FOOD PRODUCTS N.E.C con	atd
	Primary Acti	vities - contd
	Savoury specialities mfg Seasonings, food, mfg n.e.c.	Stock cubes mfg Sugar, refined, mfg Treacle mfg
	Soya bean concentrates, isolates or textured protein mfg Spices mfg	Worcestershire sauce mfg Yeast or yeast extract mfg
		OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS - cont 2176 FOOD PRODUCTS N.E.C con Primary Acti Savoury specialities mfg Seasonings, food, mfg n.e.c. Soya bean concentrates, isolates or textured protein mfg

2185 SOFT DRINKS, CORDIALS AND SYRUPS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing, canning or bottling aerated or carbonated soft drinks, cordials, concentrated cordials, fruit juices or fruit juice drinks of less than single strength, syrups or non-intoxicating brewed beer or cider.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing, canning or bottling single strength or concentrated fruit juices are included in Class 2131.

Primary Activities

Aerated waters or cordials mfg Beer, non-intoxicating, Perry, non-alcoholic, mfg Carbonated waters or cordials mfg Cider, non-alcoholic, mfg Cordial extract, concentrated, mfg Cordials mfg Fruit juices or fruit Soft drinks mfg
juice drinks mfg (less Syrups, fruit, mfg
than single strength) Tonic water mfg

Ginger beer mfg Mineral water mfg mfg Powder flavours mfg (for soft drinks) Soda water mfg Soft drink mix, powdered, mfg Soft drinks bottling Soft drinks canning

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	escription
218		BEVERAGES AND MALT - cor	td
	2186	BEER	
			establishments mainly engaged in or canning beer, ale, stout or
		Primary Activities	
		Ale mfg Beer mfg (except non- intoxicating beers)	Porter mfg Stout mfg
	2187	MALT	
		This class consists of emanufacturing malt.	establishments mainly engaged in
			Establishments mainly engaged in act or malted milk powder are
		Primary Ac	ctivities
		Barley malt mfg	Oaten malt mfg

2188 WINE AND BRANDY

Malt mfg (except malt extract)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wine or brandy, fortifying spirits, fermented cider or wine vinegar. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in blending wine or brandy.

Wheaten malt mfg

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in bottling (but not blending) wine or brandy are included in Class 4767.

Primary Activities

Argol mfg Brandy mfg Carbonated wines mfg Cider, alcoholic, mfg Fortified wines mfg Fortifying spirits mfg Mead mfg Perry, alcoholic, mfg

Port mfg Sherry mfg Sparkling wines mfg Unfortified wines mfg Vermouth mfg Vinegar, wine, mfg Wines, blended, mfg Wines mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVI	STON	21 : FOOD, BEVERAGES AND	TOBACCO - conta
Group	Class	Title and De	scription
218		BEVERAGES AND MALT - con	td
	2189	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES N.E.	С.
		manufacturing or blendin	stablishments mainly engaged in g potable spirits (except brandy iqueurs or other alcoholic
		(a) in manufacturing no in the appropriate class	Establishments mainly engaged: n-potable spirits are included es in Subdivision 27; and t blending) alcoholic beverages ed in Class 4767.
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Alcoholic beverages mfg n.e.c. Distillery or wine making residue mfg Gin mfg Liqueurs mfg	Rum mfg Spirits, potable, mfg n.e.c. Vodka mfg Whisky mfg
219		TOBACCO PRODUCTS	
	2190	TCBACCO PRODUCTS	
			stablishments mainly engaged in , cigars, smoking or chewing rying tobacco leaf.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in drying (except redrying) tobacco leaf are included in Class 0193.

Primary Activities

Chewing tobacco mfg Snuff mfg Tobacco leaf Cigarettes mfg Cigars mfg Cigars mfg redrying Tobacco mfg Pipe tobacco mfg

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 23: TEXTILES

Group	Class	Title and Description
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS
	2341	COTTON GINNING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in ginning cotton.
		Primary Activities
		Cotton, ginned, mfg
	2342	WOOL SCOURING AND TOP MAKING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in fellmongering, scouring, carbonising, carding or combing wool or in manufacturing wool or man-made fibre tops.
		Primary Activities

Carbonised wool mfg
Fellmongered wool mfg
Lanolin mfg
Noils, wool, mfg
Scoured wool mfg
Skin wool mfg

Tops, blended man-made
and wool fibre, mfg
Tops, man-made fibre, mfg
Tops, wool, mfg
Wool, carded or combed, mfg
Wool grease mfg

2343 MAN-MADE FIBRES AND YARMS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing continuous man-made fibre filament, man-made fibre staple or yarns (including mixed yarns predominantly of man-made fibres), or man-made tyre cord yarn or fabric.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing sewing threads of man-made fibres are included in Class 2345; (b) in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric yarns are included in Class 2348; and (c) in manufacturing glass fibres are included in Class 2883.

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 23: TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS - contd	
	2343	MAN-MADE FIBRES AND YARNS - contd	

Primary Activities

Filaments, continuous
man-made fibre, mfg
Man-made continuous
filament yarn throwing,
doubling, twisting,
winding, texturing,
bulking, crimping or
stretching (except
elastic or elastomeric)
Man-made fibre staple mfg
(except glass fibres)
Man-made fibres mfg
(except glass fibres)

Monofilaments, man-made fibre, mfg
Tow, man-made fibre, mfg
Tyre cord yarn or fabric, man-made fibre, mfg
Yarns, discontinuous, mfg (wholly or predominantly of man-made fibres; except elastic or elastomeric)

2344 MAN-MADE FIBRE BROADWOVEN FABRICS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing broadwoven fabrics from man-made fibre yarns or mixed yarns predominantly of man-made fibres, or household textiles (except floor coverings or curtains other than shower curtains) from man-made fibre broadwoven fabrics woven at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric fabrics
are included in Class 2348; (b) in manufacturing
household textiles or shower curtains from fabrics not
woven at the same establishment are included in Class
2351; (c) in manufacturing textile floor coverings
are included in Class 2352; and (d) in making or
installing curtains (except shower curtains) are included
in Class 4847.

Primary Activities

Bedspreads or sheets
mfg (from fabrics,
wholly or predominantly
of man-made fibres,
woven at the same
establishment)

Blankets mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of man-made fibres, woven at the same establishment; except electric blankets)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 23: TEXTILES - contd

Group Class Title and Description 234 TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS - contd 2344 MAN-MADE FIBRE BROADWOVEN FABRICS - contd Primary Activities - contd Blankets, tufted acrylic, Furnishing fabrics. mfg (from fabrics broadwoven, mfg (wholly or woven at the same establishment) predominantly of Broadwoven fabrics mfg man-made fibres; (wholly or predominantly except elastic or of man-made fibres; elastomeric) Household textile goods except elastic or elastomeric) mfg (from fabrics. Canvas-type fabrics mfg wholly or predominantly of man-made fibres, (wholly or predominantly of man-made fibres) woven at the same Crepe fabrics, broadwoven, establishment; except mfg (wholly or floor coverings or predominantly of mancurtains other than made fibres; except shower curtains) elastic or elastomeric) Pillow-cases mfg (from fabrics, wholly or Curtains, shower, mfg (from fabrics, wholly predominantly of or predominantly of man-made fibres, man-made fibres, woven woven at the same at the same establishestablishment) ment) Table-cloths or tablemats mfg (from Dress fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly of fabrics, wholly or man-made fibres; predominantly of except elastic or man-made fibres, elastomeric) woven at the

2345 COTTON YARNS AND BROADWOVEN FABRICS

Fibreglass fabrics mfg

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing yarns or broadwoven fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, sewing threads of any fibre (except elastic or elastomeric), or household textiles (except floor coverings or curtains) from broadwoven fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment.

same establishment)

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

23 : TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS - contd
	2345	COTTON YARNS AND BROADWOVEN FABRICS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric yarns, fabrics or threads are included in Class 2348; (b) in manufacturing household textiles or shower curtains from Sabrics not woven at the same establishment are included in Class 2351; (c) in manufacturing textile floor

coverings are included in Class 2352; and (d) in making

or installing curtains (except shower curtains) are included in Class 4847.

Primary Activities

Baby napkins mfg (from towelling or flannelette, wholly or predominantly of cotton, woven at the same establishment) Bedspreads or sheets mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment) Blankets mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax, or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment) Broadwoven fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk; except elastic or elastomeric) Canvas-type fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly other vegetable fibres) Cotton spinning

Crepe fabrics, broadwoven, mfg (wholly or predominantly of cotton fibres: except elastic or elastomeric) Dress fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk; except elastic or elastomeric) Fire hose, canvas, mfg Flax spinning Furnishing fabrics, broadwoven, mfg (wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk; except elastic or elastomeric) Household textile goods mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment; except floor coverings or curtains) of cotton, flax, hemp or Mercerised cotton broadwoven fabrics mfg (except

elastic or elastomeric)

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 23: TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND V	WOVEN FABRICS- contd
	2345	COTTON YARNS AND BROADWOVE	N FABRICS - contd
		Primary Activ	vities - contd
		Pillow-cases mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment) Sewing threads mfg (except elastic or elastomeric) Table-cloths or table-mats mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk, woven at the same establishment)	Threads mfg (except elastic or elastomeric) Towelling, cotton, mfg Towels mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton or other vegetable fibres, woven at the same establish- ment) Tow mfg (from flax, hemp or jute) Tyre cord yarn or fabric, cotton, mfg Yarns mfg (wholly or predominantly of cotton, flax or other vegetable fibres or silk; except elastic or elastomeric)
	2346	WCRSTED YARNS AND BROADWOVE	EN FABRICS
		This of the state of the	-17:

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing yarns or broadwoven fabrics wholly or predominantly of worsted wool.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric yarns or fabrics are included in Class 2348.

Primary Activities

(wholly or predominantly of worsted wool; except elastic or elastomeric) Dress fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly of worsted wool; except elastic or elastomeric)

Broadwoven fabrics mfg

Furnishing fabrics, broadwoven, mfg (wholly or predominantly of worsted wool; except elastic or elastomeric) Yarns mfg (wholly or predominantly of worsted wool; except elastic or elastomeric)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 23 : TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	ss Title and Description			
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS - contd			

2347 WOOLLEN YARNS AND BROADWOVEN FABRICS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing yarns or broadwoven fabrics wholly or predominantly woollen, or household textiles (except floor coverings or curtains) from woollen broadwoven fabrics woven at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric yarns or fabrics are included in Class 2348; (b) in manufacturing household textiles or shower curtains from fabrics not woven at the same establishment are included in Class 2351; (c) in manufacturing textile floor coverings are included in Class 2352; and (d) in making or installing curtains (except shower curtains) are included in Class 4847.

Primary Activities

Blanketings mfg (wholly or Household textile goods mohair)

Blankets mfg (from fabrics, woven at the same wholly or predominantly woollen or mohair, woven at the same establishment; except electric blankets)

Broadwoven fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly woollen; except elastic or elastomeric)

Dress fabrics mfg (wholly or predominantly woollen; except elastic or elastomeric)

Furnishing fabrics, broadwoven, mfg (wholly or predominantly woollen; except elastic elastomeric) or elastomeric)

predominantly woollen or mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly woollen, establishment; except floor coverings or curtains)

Rugs mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly woollen, woven at the same establishment: except floor rugs)

Table-cloths or tablemats mfg (from fabrics, wholly or predominantly woollen, woven at the same establishment)

Yarns mfg (wholly or predominantly woollen; except elastic or

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

23: TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
234		TEXTILE FIBRES, YARNS AND WOVEN FABRICS - contd
	2348	NARROW WOVEN AND ELASTIC TEXTILES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing woven or braided fabrics (thirty centimetre or narrower in width), or elastic or elastomeric yarns, threads or fabrics (narrow or broadwoven or knitted).

Primary Activities

Bindings, narrow woven, mfg Braids, narrow woven, mfg Broadwoven fabrics, elastic or elastcmeric, mfg Dress fabrics, elastic or elastomeric, mfg Fabrics, elastic or elastomeric, mfg Furnishing fabrics, elastic or elastomeric, mfg Knitted fabrics, elastic or elastomeric, mfg

Labels, woven cloth, mfg
Lacing, narrow woven,
mfg
Narrow fabrics, elastic
or elastomeric, mfg
Narrow fabrics, woven,
mfg
Ribbon mfg
Threads, elastic or
elastomeric, mfg
Webbirg, narrow woven,
mfg
Yarns, elastic or
elastomeric, mfg

2349 TEXTILE FINISHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in bleaching, dyeing, printing, pleating or other finishing of yarns, threads, fabrics or other textiles (except clothing).

Primary Activities

Fabrics bleaching,
dyeing, printing,
pleating, finishing,
pre-shrinking,
moisture proofing,
rot proofing,
fire proofing, or
rubber or plastic
impregnating
Labels, printed cloth,
mfg

Textiles bleaching,
dyeing, printing,
pleating, finishing,
pre-shrinking, moisture
proofing, rot proofing,
fire proofing, or
rubber or plastic
impregnating
Yarns bleaching, dyeing,
finishing, pre-shrinking
or fire proofing

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

23 : TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
235		OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS
	0754	

2351 HOUSEHOLD TEXTILES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing household textiles (except floor coverings or curtains other than shower curtains) from fabrics not woven at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing textile floor coverings are
included in Class 2352; and (b) in making or installing
curtains (except shower curtains) are included in Class
4847.

Primary Activities

Bedspreads mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Blankets mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment; except electric blankets) Blankets, tufted acrylic, mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Chair covers mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Curtains, shower, mfg (from plastic film sheeting or from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Household textile goods mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment; except electric blankets, floor coverings or curtains other than shower curtains) Ironing board covers. textile, mfg

Napkins, infants, mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Pillow-cases mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Place mats mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Quilts mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Rugs mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment; except floor rugs) Serviettes mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same

establishment)
Sheets, bed, mfg (from
fabrics not woven at the
same establishment)
Soft furnishings mfg (from

Soft furnishings mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment)

Table-cloths mfg (from fabrics not woven at the same establishment) Towels mfg (from fabrics

not woven at the same establishment)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

Group	Class	Title and De	escription
235		OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	- contd
	2352	TEXTILE FLOOR COVERINGS	
		manufacturing carpets, coverings (except felt	establishments mainly engaged in rugs or other textile floor floor coverings or underfelt) or matting of jute, twisted paper
		(a) in manufacturing frare included in Class 2 rubber floor coverings Class 3462; and (c) in	Establishments mainly engaged: elt floor coverings or underfelt 353; (b) in manufacturing or underlays are included in manufacturing grass, sisal or e included in Class 3483.
		Primary A	ctivities
		Carpets mfg Door mats, textile, mfg Floor coverings, drum-formed, mfg (except felt or underfelt)	Floor coverings, tufted, mfg Floor coverings, woven, mfg Floor mats, textile, mfg Floor rugs, textile, mfg

2353 FELT AND FELT PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing felt, felt floor coverings, underfelt or other felt products.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing felt headwear are included in Class 2456.

Primary Activities

Felt mfg Floor coverings, felt, mfg

Underfelt mfg

2354 CANVAS AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing blinds, tents, awnings, sails or other goods n.e.c. of canvas or related materials.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

23: TEXTILES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
235		OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS - contd
	2354	CANVAS AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCTS N.E.C contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing canvas fire hose are included in Class 2345; and (b) in manufacturing canvas suitcases, trunks, kitbags or similar containers (except waterbags) are included in Class 3452.

Primary Activities

Awnings, textile, mfg Blinds, textile, mfg Hose, canvas, mfg

Motor vehicle covers, textile, mfg (incl. plastic coated)
Canopies, textile, mfg
Canvas goods mfg n.e.c.
Horse or cow rugs mfg
Tents mfg (except oxygen
tents or toy tents) Stack covers, textile, mfg tents or toy tents) (except fire hose) Waterbags, textile, mfg

2355 ROPE, CORDAGE AND TWINE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing rope, cordage, twine, net or related products from natural or man-made fibres.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing tyre cord yarns or fabrics, wholly or predominantly of man-made fibres, are included in Class 2343; (b) in manufacturing tyre cord yarns or fabrics, wholly or predominantly of cotton, or sewing threads of any fibre (except elastic or elastomeric) are included in Class 2345; (c) in manufacturing elastic or elastomeric threads, or braids or bindings of narrow woven fabrics are included in Class 2348; and (d) in manufacturing wire ropes or cables are included in Class 3162.

Primary Activities

Baler twine mfg Binder twine mfg Braid mfg (except narrow woven) Cable mfg (from natural Rope mfg (except or man-made fibres) Coir rope mfg Cord mfg (except wire rope or tyre cord) Cordage mfg Fish net mfg

Hemp rope mfg Manilla rope mfg Nets mfg n.e.c. Netting, textile, mfg wire rope) Sash cord mfg Seine twine mfg Straw rope mfg String mfg (except paper string)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

23 : TEXTILES - contd

PODITAT	PTOW	2) : TEXTILES - CONTO			
Group	Class	Title and Description			
235		OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS - contd			
	2356	TEXTILE PRODUCTS N.E.C.			
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing textile products n.e.c.			
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing textile bags (except canvas bags) are included in Class 2632; and (b) in manufacturing canvas bags (except waterbags), suitcases, trunks, kitbags or similar containers are included in Class 3452.			

Primary Activities

Baby napkins, disposable, Bandages mfg Banners mfg Belts mfg (dance, suspender, suspensory or sanitary) Bias binding mfg Candlewick mfg Cleaning cloth mfg (from purchased rags) Cotton waste, teased, mfg Cotton wool mfg Crocheted fabrics mfg Dressings, veterinary, Dusters, textile, mfg Embroidered fabrics mfg Extract wool mfg Fabric and plastic foam laminating Fabrics mfg n.e.c. Flags mfg Flock mfg Gas mantles mfg Gauze mfg

Hair cloth mfg Hemp products mfg n.e.c. Hessian goods mfg n.e.c. Kapok mfg Lace fabrics mfg Motor vehicle seat covers, textile, mfg Mungo fibres mfg Padding mfg Parachutes mfg Pennants mfg Piece-goods mig n.e.c. Polishing rags, textile, mfg Powder puffs mfg Sanitary napkins mfg Shoddy mfg Shoulder pads, textile, mfg Surgical dressings mfg Surgical gauze mfg Surgical plaster, adhesive, mfg Surgical sutures, textile, mfg Sweat rags mfg Wick mfg

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 24: CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR

Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
244		KNITTING MILLS	
	2441	HOSIERY	
		This class consists of es manufacturing hosiery.	tablishments mainly engaged in
		Primary Act	ivities
		Hosiery mfg Hosiery, surgical, mfg Panty hose mfg (incl. tights)	Seamless hosiery mfg Socks mfg Stockings mfg

2442 CARDIGANS AND PULLOVERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing knitted cardigans, pullovers or similar garments.

Primary Activities

Cardigans, knitted,	Pullovers, knitted,
mfg	mfg
Custom knitting of	Sweaters, knitted,
womens pullovers	mfg
or cardigans	Twin sets, knitted,
Jackets, knitted,	mfg
mfg	Waistcoats, knitted,
Jumpers, knitted, mfg	mfg

2443 KNITTED GOODS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing knitted fabrics (except elastic or elastomeric fabrics) or knitted clothing (except hosiery, cardigans or pullovers) from fabrics knitted at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing knitted elastic or elastomeric fabrics are included in Class 2348; (b) in manufacturing knitted cardigars, pullovers or similar garments are included in Class 2442; and (c) in manufacturing knitted clothing (except hosiery, cardigans or pullovers) from fabrics not knitted at the same establishment are included in the appropriate classes in Group 245.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 24: CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description				
244		KNITTING MILLS - contd				
	2443	KNITTED GOODS N.E.C con	td			
		Primary Activities				
		Blouses, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Clothing, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment; except hosiery, cardigans or pullovers) Custom knitting of womens outerwear (except cardigans or pullovers) Dresses, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Dressing gowns, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Fabrics, knitted, mfg (except elastic or elastomeric fabrics) Frocks, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Jersey cloth mfg Lingerie, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Nightwear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Nightwear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted	Outerwear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment; except hosiery, cardigans or pullovers) Shawls, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Shirts or shirt collars, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Sportswear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment; except hosiery, cardigans or pullovers) Swimwear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment) Tubing, knitted cloth, mfg (except elastic or elastomeric tubing) Underwear, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establish- ment; except foundation garments) Work clothing, knitted, mfg (from fabrics knitted at the same establishment)			

(from fabrics knitted at the same establish-

ment)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 24: CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class		Title	and	Description
245		CLOTHING			

2451 MENS TROUSERS AND SHORTS; WORK CLOTHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing mens or boys trousers or shorts (except uniform or suit trousers) or mens or womens work clothing (except uniforms or work clothing from rubber, leather or plastic or from fabrics knitted at the same establishment).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing knitted work clothing from fabrics knitted at the same establishment are included in Class 2443; (b) in manufacturing mens or boys uniforms (including uniform or suit trousers), waterproof clothing or clothing from plastic or rubber are included in Class 2452; and (c) in manufacturing leather garments are included in Class 2456.

Primary Activities

Dust coats mfg
Jeans, mens or boys,
 mfg
Jodhpurs, mens or
 boys, mfg
Overalls mfg
School trousers mfg
 (except uniform or
 suit trousers)
Shorts, mens or boys,
 mfg
Trousers, mens or boys,
 mfg (except waterproof,
 uniform or suit trousers)

Work clothing mfg
(except waterproof,
or from leather or
fabrics knitted at
the same establishment)
Work shirts, mfg
(except from
fabrics knitted at
the same establishment)

2452 MENS SUITS AND COATS; WATERPROOF CLOTHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing mens or boys suits, coats or uniforms (except from leather) or waterproof clothing of all kinds (except headwear, footwear or leather clothing).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing leather clothing or waterproof
headwear are included in Class 2456; (b) in manufacturing
waterproof footwear are included in Class 2460; and
(c) in mens custom tailoring are included in Class 4843.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

24 : CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
245		CLOTHING - contd	
	2452	MENS SUITS AND COATS; WA	FERPROOF CLOTHING - contd
		Primary Act	ivities
		Clothing, plastic, mfg (except headwear or footwear) Clothing, rubber or rubberised, mfg (except headwear or footwear) Coats or jackets, mens or boys, mfg (except from leather) Oilskin clothing mfg (except headwear or footwear) Overcoats, mens or boys, mfg (except from leather)	Suits, mens or boys, mfg (except from leather) Trousers, mens or boys, mfg (waterproof, uniform or suit trousers) Uniforms, mens or boys, mfg (except from leather) Waistcoats, mens or boys, mfg (except from leather or knitted) Waterproof clothing mfg (except headwear, footwear or leather clothing) Wet suits mfg

2455 WOMENS OUTERWEAR N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing womens or girls outerwear, including uniforms, (except work clothing, waterproof clothing, knitted cardigans, pullovers or similar garments, other knitted clothing made from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or clothing from fur, leather, plastic or rubber).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing knitted cardigans, pullovers or similar garments are included in Class 2442; (b) in manufacturing knitted clothing (except cardigans, pullovers etc) from fabrics knitted at the same establishment are included in Class 2443; (c) in manufacturing womens work clothing (except uniforms or work clothing from rubber, leather or plastic) are included in Class 2451; (d) in manufacturing waterproof clothing (except headwear, footwear or leather clothing) or clothing from plastic or rubber are included in Class 2452; (e) in manufacturing fur or leather clothing or headwear are included in Class 2456; and (f) in womens custom dressmaking are included in Class 4844.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

24 : CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
245		CLOTHING - contd	
	2453	WOMENS OUTERWEAR N.E.C.	

Primary Activities

Blouses or shirts. womens or girls,
mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same

ment or from fur, leather, plastic or rubber) n.e.c.

Frocks or dresses mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or from leather or plastic)

Jeans, womens or girls,

mfg Outerwear, womens or girls, mfg. (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or from fur, leather, plastic or rubber) n.e.c.

Shorts, womens or girls, mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or from leather or plastic)

plastic)
Skirts, womens or girls,
from fabrics knitted
at the same establish or from leather or plastic) n.e.c.

Slacks, womens or girls, mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or from leather or plastic) n.e.c.

Suits, womens or girls, mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment or from leather or plastic) n.e.c.

Tunics, womens or girls, mfg

2454 FOUNDATION GARMENTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing foundation garments.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing dance, suspender, suspensory, sanitary etc. belts are included in Class 2356.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

24 : CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
245		CLOTHING - contd	
	2454	FOUNDATION GARMENTS - con	td
		Primary Act	ivities
		Abdominal supports mfg Brassieres mfg Corsets mfg Foundation garments mfg Girdles mfg	Maternity foundation garments mfg Surgical belts or supports mfg

2455 UNDERWEAR AND INFANTS CLOTHING N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing underwear, nightwear, mens or boys shirts (except workshirts) or infants or babies clothing (except knitted clothing from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing knitted underwear, nightwear,
shirts or infants clothing from fabrics knitted at the
same establishment are included in the appropriate
classes in Group 244; and (b) in manufacturing mens or
boys workshirts are included in Class 2451.

Primary Activities

Dressing gowns mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Infants or babies clothing mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Lingerie mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Nightwear mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment)

Pyjamas mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Shirt collars mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Shirts, mens or boys, mfg (except work shirts or shirts made from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Underwear mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establish-

ment)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

24 : CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group Class	Title and Description
245	CLCTHING - contd

2456 HEADWEAR AND CLOTHING N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing headwear, fur or leather clothing, or clothing n.e.c., or in providing clothing trade services such as hem stitching, basque knitting or buttonholing services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing belts from leather or leather substitutes for clothing are included in Class 3452;
(b) in manufacturing rubber gloves or bathing caps are included in Class 3462; and (c) in manufacturing sports gloves are included in Class 3485.

Primary Activities

Academic gowns mfg Aprons mfg (except from rubber or plastic) Basque knitting service Belts, textile, mfg (for clothing) n.e.c. Boot laces, textile, Burial garments mfg Buttonholing service Caps mfg (headwear) Clothing accessories mfg n.e.c. Clothing accessories or trimmings, fur, mfg Clothing, fur, mfg Clothing, leather, mfg Clothing mfg n.e.c. Clothing trade services n.e.c. Costumes, theatrical, Custom monogramming service Embroidery service Eyewear, protective, mfg n.e.c. Felt hats mfg Gloves mfg (except sports or rubber) Goggles mfg Handkerchiefs mfg

Hats mfg Headwear, plastic, mfg Headwear, rubber or rubberised, mfg (except bathing caps) Headwear mig n.e.c. Helmets, plastic, mfg Helmets, protective, mig Hemstitching service Leather suits, coats or uniforms mfg Life jackets mfg Millinery mfg Regalia mfg Scarves mfg Shoe laces, textile, mfg Suspenders mfg (except from leather or leather substitute) n.e.c. Swimwear mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Ties mfg Toys, fur, mfg Track suits mfg (except from fabrics knitted at the same establishment) Waterproof clothing, leather, Work clothing, leather, mfg Work gloves mfg (except from rubber)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 24: CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR - contd

Group	Class	Title	and Description
246		FOOTWEAR	
	2460	FOOTWEAR	
			s of establishments mainly engaged in wear or footwear components n.e.c.
		(a) in manufactur included in Class footwear component	CES: Establishments mainly engaged: ing wooden footwear components are 2538; (b) in manufacturing rubbers are included in Class 3462; and ing plastic footwear components are 3474.
		Prim	ary Activities
		Boots mfg Clogs mfg	Orthopaedic footwear

Footwear mfg Footwear components mfg (except of plastic, rubber or wood) Goloshes, rubber, mfg (incl. waders or splashers) Gumboots mfg

Sandals mfg Sandshoes mfg Shoes mfg Slippers mfg Surgical footwear mfg Thongs, rubber, mig

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE

Group	Class	Title and Description
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS
	2531	LOG SAWMILLING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in producing rough sawn timber, sleepers, palings, scantlings, etc, resawn timber from logs sawn at the same establishment, or softwood (coniferous) woodchips. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in chemically preserving timber.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in hewing or rough shaping mine timbers, posts, railway sleepers, etc, or cutting firewood in forests are included in Class 0303; (b) in kiln drying or seasoning timber are included in Class 2532; (c) in manufacturing hardwood woodchips are included in Class 2537; (d) in producing timber shingles are included in Class 2538; and (e) in both cutting and retailing firewood are included in Class 4897.

Primary Activities

Bark, ground, mfg
Firewood, sawn, mfg
n.e.c.
Mine props, sawn timber,
mfg
Palings, sawn timber,
mfg
Scantlings mfg
Shooks mfg (for
containers)

Sleepers, sawn timber,

mfg
Timber preserving (except
kiln drying or seasoning)
Timber, resawn, mfg (from
logs sawn at the same
establishment)
Timber, rough sawn, mfg
Woodchips, softwood,
mfg (coniferous)

2532 RESAWN AND DRESSED TIMBER

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in producing dressed timber such as floorboards, weather-boards or mouldings, or resawn timber from timber already sawn at other establishments, or in kiln drying or seasoning timber.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in chemically preserving timber are included in Class 2531.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS -	contd	
	2532	RESAWN AND DRESSED TIMBER	- contd	
		Primary Act	ivities	
		Architraves, dressed timber, mfg Building timber, dressed, mfg Floorboards, dressed timber, mfg Kiln dried timber mfg Mouldings, timber, mfg Seasoned timber mfg	Skirtings, dressed timber, mfg Timber, dressed, kiln dried or seasoned, mfg Timber, resawn, mfg (from timber sawn at other establishments) Weatherboards, dressed timber, mfg	

2533 VENEERS AND MANUFACTURED BOARDS OF WOOD

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing plywood, veneers, particle boards, chip boards or other manufactured boards of wood, or laminations of timber and non-timber materials (including decorative plastic laminates on boards or other substrates).

Primary Activities

Case plywood mfg
Chip boards mfg
Cores, plywood or
veneer mill, mfg
Corestock mfg
Decorative plastic
laminates on boards
or other substrates
mfg
Hardboards mfg
Manufactured boards,
wooden, mfg

Particle boards mfg
Plywood mfg
Resin-bonded boards
mfg (of wood chips,
wood particles, wood
wool or sawdust)
Rotary veneers mfg
Sliced veneers mfg
Softboards mfg
Veneer or veneer sheets,
wooden, mfg

2534 WOODEN DOORS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wooden or wooden framed doors (except small cupboard type doors, door-window units or firedoors).

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS - contd

2534 WOODEN DOORS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing corestock (for sale or transfer out as such) are included in Class 2533; (b) in manufacturing wooden doors of the small cupboard type, wooden window frames, door-window units or gates are included in Class -2535; and (c) in manufacturing or installing firedoors are included in Class 3143.

Primary Activities

Concertina doors,
wooden or wooden
framed, mfg
Doors, wooden or wooden
framed, mfg (except
small cupboard type
or firedoors)
Louvre doors, wooden,
mfg (except small
cupboard type)

Screen doors, wooden or wooden framed, mfg
Tilting doors, wooden or wooden framed, mfg
Wooden or wooden framed doors, glazed or partly glazed, mfg
(except small cupboard type)

2535 WOODEN STRUCTURAL FITTINGS AND JOINERY N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wooden structural fittings, prefabricated wooden building components (including custom made built-in furniture), prefabricated wooden or timber buildings, assembled windows, shop fronts, etc. (from standard wooden components or from wooden components manufactured at the same establishment) or wooden coffins, caskets or joinery n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in installing (except on-site fabrication) shop fronts made of wood, or joinery (including custom made prefabricated built-in furniture).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing wooden or wooden framed doors
(except small cupboard type doors) are included in
Class 2534; (b) in manufacturing wooden furniture
(except custom made built-in furniture) are included
in Class 2541; and (c) in on-site fabrication of
built-in furniture or other joinery, or in erecting
prefabricated wooden buildings are included in the
appropriate classes in Division E Construction.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS - contd
	2535	WOODEN STRUCTURAL FITTINGS AND JOINERY N.E.C contd

Primary Activities

Built-in furniture, custom made, mfg or installation (except on-site fabrication of built-in furniture) Coffins or caskets, wooden, mfg Door-window units, wooden, mfg Fittings, structural wooden, mfg Gates, wooden, mfg Joinery mfg or installation (except on-site fabrication) n.e.c. Mantlepieces, wooden, mfg Office partitions, wooden, mfg or installation (except on-site fabrication) Overmantles, wooden, mfg

Partitions, prefabricated wooden, mfg or installation (except on-site fabrication) Prefabricated buildings, wooden or timber framed, mfg Prefabricated wooden panels mfg Prefabricated wooden structural fittings mfg Roof trusses, wooden, mfg Sashes, wooden, mfg Shop fronts, prefabricated, mfg or installation (wooden; except on-site fabrication) Window frames, wooden, Window sashes, wooden, mfg Wooden doors mfg (small cupboard type)

2536 WOODEN CONTAINERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wooden containers, pallets or staves.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing shooks for containers are included in Class 2531; and (b) in manufacturing wooden coffins or caskets are included in Class 2535.

Primary Activities

Barrels, wooden, mfg
Boxes, wooden, mfg
Cases, wooden, mfg
Casks, wooden, mfg
Crates, wooden, mfg
Fruit cases, wooden,
mfg

Kegs, wooden, mfg
Packing cases, wooden,
mfg
Pallets, wooden, mfg
Staves mfg
Tea chests, wooden, mfg
Vats, wooden, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS - contd
	2537	HARDWOOD WOODCHIPS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing hardwood woodchips.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing softwood (coniferous) woodchips are included in Class 2531.
		Primary Activities
		Woodchips, hardwood, mfg
	2538	WOOD PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wood, cork, bamboo or cane products, n.e.c. (including carved or turned wood products, ornamental wood work, wooden picture or mirror frames, parquetry flooring or basketware). This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in picture framing.

Primary Activities

Axe handles mfg Bamboo products mfg n.e.c. Basketware mfg (except metal) Bobbins, wooden, mfg Breadboards, wooden, mfg Cane products mfg n.e.c. Carved goods, wooden, Clothes pegs, wooden, Clothes props, wooden, mfg Coat hangers, wooden, Cork or cork goods mfg Corkboard mfg Discs, wooden, mfg Dowelling, wooden, mfg Floor tiles, cork, mfg Footwear components, wooden, mfg

Frames, wooden picture or mirror, mfg Handles, wooden, mfg Knobs, wooden, mfg Ladders, wooden, mfg Oars, wooden, mfg Ornamental woodwork mfg Parquetry flooring mfg Patterns, wooden, mfg Picture framing Pipes, wooden, mfg Plugs, wooden, mfg Pulleys, wooden, mfg Reels, wooden, mfg Rollers, wooden, mfg Rolling pins, wooden, mfg Rulers, wooden, mfg Sawdust mfg Scaffolding, wooden, mfg Shingles, timber, mfg Skewers, wooden, mfg Smoking pipes mfg Spools, wooden, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
253		WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS - co	ontd
	2538	WOOD PRODUCTS N.E.C cont	b
		Primary Activ	rities - contd
		Spoons, wooden, mfg Spring rollers, wooden, mfg (for blinds)	Tools, wooden, mfg Toys or games, wooden, mfg
		Strawboard building boards mfg Switchboard bases,	Trays, wooden, mfg Wheels, wooden, mfg Wood flour mfg
		wooden, mfg Tableware, wooden, mfg Textile combs, wooden, mfg	Wood turning Wood wool mfg
254		FURNITURE AND MATTRESSES	

2541 FURNITURE (EXCEPT SHEET METAL)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing furniture (except custom made built-in furniture or furniture predominantly of sheet metal) or in upholstering, re-upholstering or french polishing of furniture. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing or installing shop fittings n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing custom made built-in furniture are included in Class 2535; and (b) in manufacturing furniture predominantly of sheet metal are included in Class 3152.

Primary Activities

Bamboo furniture mfg Bassinettes mfg Bedroom suites mfg Bedsteads mfg Blackboards mfg Bookcases mfg (except sheet metal) Built-in furniture mfg (except custom made) Cabinets, radio, mfg (wooden)

Camp furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Cane furniture mfg Chairs mfg (except dentists) Church furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Cots mfg Cupboards mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. radiogram or television, Desks mfg (except sheet metal)

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

CUDDITION 25 . WOOD WOOD DRODUCING AND ENDNEMEDE

SUBDIVISION		25 : WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AN	ID FURNITURE - contd	
Group	Class	Title and Description		
254	FURNITURE AND MATTRESSES - contd		contd	
	2541 FURNITURE (EXCEPT SHEET METAL) - contd		TAL) - contd	
		Primary Acti	Primary Activities - contd	
		Dining room furniture mfg Display stands mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Divan bases mfg (except upholstered bed bases) Easels, wooden, mfg Filing cabinets mfg (except sheet metal) French polishing of furniture Furniture, fibreglass, mfg Furniture kits mfg Furniture plastic, mfg Furniture, plastic, mfg Furniture, pre-cut, mfg (except sheet metal) Furniture, re-upholstering Furniture, tubular metal,	Laboratory furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Library furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Lockers mfg (except sheet metal) Lounge suites mfg Office furniture mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Prefabricated furniture mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Racks, wooden, mfg Restaurant furniture mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Shelves mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Shop fittings mfg or installation n.e.c.	

mfg Furniture, wooden, mfg n.e.c.

Furniture, wrought iron, mfg

Garden furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Hospital furniture mfg

(except sheet metal) Ice chests mfg (except

metal) Kitchen furniture mfg (except sheet metal)

Shop furniture mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Showcases mfg (except sheet metal) n.e.c. Tables mfg (except sheet metal) Theatre furniture mfg (except sheet metal) Upholstered furniture mfg

2542 MATTRESSES (EXCEPT RUBBER)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing mattresses, pillows or cushions (except of rubber).

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

mfg

SUBDIVISION 25: WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
254		FURNITURE AND MATTRESSES	- contd
	2542	MATTRESSES (EXCEPT RUBBER) - contd
		(a) in manufacturing wir upholstered), of woven wi are included in Class 316	stablishments mainly engaged: e mattress supports (not re, link mesh or wire spring 8; and (b) in manufacturing s or cushions are included in
		Primary Act	ivities
		Bed bases, upholstered, mfg (except rubber) Box spring mattresses mfg Cushions mfg (except rubber)	Mattresses, plastic foam or sponge, mfg Mattresses, upholstered, mfg (except rubber) Pillows or cushions mfg (except rubber)

rubber) mfg (except rubb Innerspring mattresses Sleeping bags mfg

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

Group Class Title and Description 263 PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS

> 2631 PULP. PAPER AND PAPERBOARD

> > This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wood pulp, paper or paperboard.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing (except commission printing) paper stationery are included in Class 2643; (b) in printing paper stationery on a commission basis are included in Class 2644; (c) in manufacturing bitumen or tar treated papers, felts or foils (including laminated or impregnated) are included in Class 2780; (d) in manufacturing chemically treated photocopying paper or sensitised photographic paper are included in Class 3341; and (e) in manufacturing plastic coated paper or paperboard, non-bituminous laminations of paper or paperboard with other materials, non-bituminised building paper or paperboard, or abrasive coated papers are included in Class 3471.

Primary Activities

Absorbent paper mig Art paper mfg Bank paper mfg Blotting paper mfg Bond paper mfg n.e.c. Crepe paper mfg Drawing cartridge paper mfg Duplicating paper chemically treated Ticketboard mfg
photocopying paper) Wood paper mfg mfg (except Filter paper mfg Glassine paper mfg Glazed paper mfg Kraft paper mfg

Kraft paperboard mfg Manilla paperboard mfg Newsprint mfg Paper felts mfg Paper mfg n.e.c. Brown paper mfg Paperboard mfg n.e.c.
Cardboard mfg n.e.c. Paper pulp mfg
Container board mfg Parchment mfg Pasteboard mfg Printing paper mfg Solid fibreboard sheets mfg Strawboard mfg (except building board) Wrapping paper, plain, mfg
Writing paper mfg (except paper stationery)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION		26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd
Group	Class	Title and Description
263		PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS - contd
	2632	PAPER BAGS (INCLUDING TEXTILE BAGS)
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing paper bags (including multiwall bags of paper), meat wraps or textile bags (except canvas bags), or bags or sacks of woven plastic material.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing canvas bags (except water bags) are included in Class 3452; and (b) in manufacturing bags or packets of aluminium, plastic or cellulose sheeting, or of composite material of paper and plastic

Primary Activities

or metal foil are included in Class 3471.

Bags, multiwall paper, mfg Bags, paper and jute, mfg Bags, paper, mfg Bags, textile, mfg (except canvas bags)

Bags or sacks, woven plastic, mfg Bulk material containers, nylon reinforced textile, mfg Calico bags mfg Hessian bags mfg Meat wraps mig

2633 SOLID FIBREBOARD CONTAINERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing solid fibreboard containers.

Primary Activities

Boxes, solid fibreboard, mfg Cartons, solid fibreboard, mfg

Set-up boxes, solid fibreboard, mig Solid fibreboard containers mfg

2634 CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD CONTAINERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing corrugated fibreboard containers or corrugated fibreboard sheeting.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd

Group	Class	Title and I	escription
263		PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCT	S - contd
	2634	CORRUGATED FIBREBOARD C	CONTAINERS - contd
		Primary A	ctivities
		Boxes, corrugated fibreboard, mfg Cartons, corrugated fibreboard, mfg	Corrugated fibreboard containers mfg Corrugated fibreboard sheets mfg

2635 PAPER PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing paper patterns, drinking straws, paper novelties, toilet paper, cigarette papers, cellulose fibre insulation materials or other paper products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing wood pulp, paper or paperboard are included in Class 2631; (b) in manufacturing paper bags, sacks or packets are included in Class 2632; (c) in manufacturing (except commission printing) paper stationery are included in Class 2643; (d) in printing paper stationery on a commission basis are included in Class 2644; (e) in manufacturing bitumen treated papers, felts or foils (including laminated or impregnated) are included in Class 2780; (f) in manufacturing chemically treated photocopying paper or sensitised photographic paper are included in Class 3341; and (g) in manufacturing plastic coated paper or paperboard, nonbituminous laminations of paper or paperboard with other materials, non-bituminised building paper or paperboard, abrasive coated papers, or pressure sensitive adhesive tapes (except surgical tapes) are included in Class 3471.

Primary Activities

Adhesive tapes, gummed,
 mfg (liquid activated)
Cigarette papers mfg
Cigarette tipping mfg
Cones, paper or paper board, mfg
Confetti mfg
Cups, paper or paper board, mfg

Decorations, paper, mfg
Doyleys, paper, mfg
Drinking straws mfg
Egg cartons, paper pulp,
 mfg
Fruit trays and cartons,
 paper pulp, mfg
Fruit wrapping pads,
 paper, mfg

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd SUBDIVISION

Group	Class	Title and Description
263		PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS - contd
	2635	PAPER PRODUCTS N.E.C contd
		Primary Activities - contd
		Constitution of the consti

Greaseproof paper mfg Gummed paper tape mfg Insulation materials, cellulose fibre, mfg Novelties, paper, mfg Paper patterns mfg Paper products mfg n.e.c. Tubes, paper or paper-Papier mache goods mfg Patterns, cardboard, mfg Plates, paper or paperboard, mfg

Serviettes, paper, mfg Table napkins, paper, mfg Tissue or sanitary papers mfg Toilet paper rolls mfg Towels, paper, mfg board, mfg Wallpapers mfg Waxed paper mfg Yarns, paper, mfg

264

PRINTING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES

2641 PUBLISHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in publishing (but not printing) newspapers, magazines, books, sheet music, maps or other printed articles.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in both printing and publishing are included in Class 2642; and (b) in commercial or job printing (but not publishing) are included in Class 2644.

Primary Activities

Art prints publishing Books publishing Magazines publishing Map mounting (except maps printed at the same establishment)

Maps publishing Newspapers publishing Periodicals publishing Sheet music publishing

2642 PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in both printing and publishing newspapers, magazines, books, sheet music, maps or other printed articles.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in publishing (but not printing) are included in Class 2641; and (b) in commercial or job printing (but not publishing) are included in Class 2644.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd

SION	26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCT	rs, Printing and Publishing - cont		
Class	Title and D	escription		
	PRINTING AND ALLIED INDU	JSTRIES - contd		
2642	PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd			
	Primary Ac	ctivities		
	Art prints printing and publishing Books printing and publishing Magazines printing and publishing Map mounting (maps printed at the same establishment)	Maps printing and publishing Newspapers printing and publishing Periodicals printing and publishing Sheet music printing and publishing		
	Class	PRINTING AND ALLIED INDO PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Primary Ad Art prints printing and publishing Books printing and publishing Magazines printing and publishing Magazines printing and publishing Map mounting (maps printed at the		

2643 PAPER STATIONERY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing (except commission printing) paper stationery.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing chemically treated photocopying
paper are included in Class 3341; (b) in printing
paper stationery on a commission basis are included in
Class 2644; and (c) in manufacturing writing or marking
equipment (eg pens, pencils, rubber or metal stamps or
carbon paper) are included in Class 3486.

Primary Activities

Account books mfg (except commission printing) Adding machine paper rolls mfg Albums mfg Calendars mfg (except commission printing) Card index systems mfg (except commission printing) Continuous stationery mfg (except commission printing) Diaries mfg (except commission printing) Drawing books mfg (except commission printing)

Envelopes mfg (except commission printing) Exercise books mfg (except commission printing) Games, printed paper or paperboard, mfg (except commission printing) Graph paper mfg (except commission printing) Greeting cards mfg (except commission printing) Index cards mfg (except commission printing) Labels, paper, mfg (except commission printing)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
264		PRINTING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES - contd	
	2643	PAPER STATIONERY - contd	

Primary Activities - contd

Labels, pressure sensitive, mfg (except commission printing) Ledger sheets mfg (except commission printing) Manilla folders mfg Memo pads mfg (except commission printing) Note books mfg (except commission printing) Office machine paper rolls mfg Paper stationery mfg (except commission printing) Playing cards mfg (except commission printing) Receipt books mfg (except commission printing)

Registers or books of account mfg (except commission printing) Stationery, paper, mfg (except commission printing) Student loose leaf refill packs mfg (except commission printing) Time books mfg (except commission printing) Toys, printed paper or paperboard, mfg (except commission printing) Writing pads mfg (except commission printing)

2644 PRINTING AND BOOKBINDING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in commercial or jobprinting (including commission printing of paper stationery) or in bookbinding.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in both printing and publishing are included in Class 2642; and (b) in manufacturing paper stationery (except in printing paper stationery on a commission basis) are included in Class 2643.

Primary Activities

Bank notes printing
Book gold blocking
or embossing
Book silver blocking
or embossing
Bookbinding
Books printing
Cheque books printing

Commercial printing
Embossing books or
paper
General printing
Intaglio printing
Job printing
Magazines printing
Maps printing

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

26 : PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING - contd

Group	Class	Title and D	escription
264		PRINTING AND ALLIED INDU	STRIES - contd
	2644	PRINTING AND BOOKBINDING	- contd
		Primary Activities - contd	
		Newspapers printing Paper gold blocking or embossing Paper silver blocking or embossing Paper stationery printing (on commission) Periodicals printing Phonograph record covers printing	Plan printing Postage stamps printing Postal notes printing Screen printing Sheet music printing Stationery, paper, printing (on commission) Tickets printing Transfers printing
	2645	PRINTING TRADE SERVICES	N.E.C.
		This class consists of e in providing printing tr	stablishments mainly engaged ade services n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Composing service (printing trade) Electrotype plates mfg Electrotyping service Linotype setting service Lithographic platemaking service Monotype setting service

Offset-litho platemaking service Photo-engraving service Printing trade services n.e.c. Process engraving service Stereotype plates mfg Stereotyping service Typesetting service

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS

Group	Class	Title and Description
275		BASIC CHEMICALS

2751 CHEMICAL FERTILISERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing chemical or chemical based fertilisers. mixed chemical fertilisers or mixed fertilisers containing chemical fertilisers.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing fertilisers from abattoir byproducts only are included in Class 2115; and (b) in manufacturing manures or fertilisers n.e.c. are included in Class 3487.

Primary Activities

Ammonia aqua, fertiliser Fertilisers, leaf or grade, mfg Ammonium nitrate mfg Nitrate of soda Ammonium nitrate, liquid, mfg Ammonium phosphate fertiliser mfg Ammonium sulphate mfg Anhydrous ammonia fertiliser mfg
Chemical fertilisers mfg
Chemical fertilisers,

Superphosphate mfg
Urea, fertiliser grade, mixed, mfg

foliage type, mfg fertiliser mfg Phosphate, ground, mfg Potash fertilisers mfg Prilled ammonium nitrate Sodium nitrate nfg

2752 INDUSTRIAL GASES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing oxygen, acetylene or other industrial gases (except gases obtained from petroleum mining or refining).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in treating crude oil, natural gas or condensate to produce purified natural gas or liquefied hydrocarbon gases (except in conjunction with petroleum refining) are included in Class 1300; (b) in recovering or manufacturing hydrocarbon gases in conjunction with petroleum refining are included in Class 2770; and (c) in manufacturing town gas from coal or petroleum are included in Class 3620.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

~			
Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
275		BASIC CHEMICALS - contd	
	2752	INDUSTRIAL GASES - contd	
		Primary Act	civities
		Acetylene gas mfg Argon mfg Carbon dioxide gas mfg Carbon monoxide mfg Dry ice mfg Helium mfg	Hydrogen mfg Neon mfg Nitrogen mfg Nitrous oxide mfg Oxygen mfg

SYNTHETIC RESINS AND RUBBER 2753

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing plastics materials, synthetic resins or synthetic rubber.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing organic industrial chemicals n.e.c. are included in Class 2754; and (b) in manufacturing synthetic resin adhesives or plastic adhesives are included in Class 2768.

Primary Activities

Acrylic resins mfg Acrylonitrile-butadienestyrene mfg Alkyd resins mfg Allyl plastics mfg Aminoaldehyde resins mfg Carbon black mfg Casein, hardened, mfg Cellulose acetate mfg Cellulose nitrate mfg Cellulosic resins mfg Coal tar resins mfg Cresol formaldehyde mfg Epoxy resins mfg Ethyl cellulose mfg Fluorocarbon resins mfg compounds mfg Gelatin, chemically Polyvinyl chloride hardened, mfg Melamine formaldehyde resins mfg

Methylstyrene mfg Phenol formaldehyde mfg Phenol resins mfg Plastics raw materials mfg Polyamide resins mfg Polyester resins mfg Polyethylene resins mfg Polymethacrylate mfg Polypropylene resins mfg Polystyrene mfg Polyurethane resins mfg Polyvinyl acetate mfg Polyvinyl chloride resins mfg (polymer) Protein, hardened, mfg Rosin esters mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
275		BASIC CHEMICALS - contd	
	2753	SYNTHETIC RESINS AND RUBBI	ER - contd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Styrene butadiene resins mfg Styrene butylene resins mfg Styrene resins mfg Synthetic resins mfg (except adhesives) Synthetic rubber mfg	Urea formaldehyde resins mfg Urea resins mfg Urethane resins mfg Vinyl chloride copolymers mfg Vinyl resins mfg Vulcanised fibre mfg

2754 ORGANIC INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing organic industrial chemicals n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing plastics materials, synthetic resins or synthetic rubber are included in Class 2753; and (b) in manufacturing synthetic resin adhesives or plastic adhesives are included in Class 2768.

Primary Activities

Acetaldehyde mfg Acetic acid mfg Acetic anhydride mfg Acetin mfg Acetone mfg Acetone redistilling or re-refining Acetylsalicylic acid mfg Acids, organic, mfg n.e.c. Alcohol, absolute, mfg Alcohol, industrial, mfg Amyl acetate mfg Amyl alcohol mfg Aniline dyes mfg Aniline oil mfg Ascorbic acid mfg Azo dyes mfg

B.H.C. mfg (except prepared insecticide) Butadiene mfg Butyl acetate mfg Butyl alcohol mfg Carbolic acid mfg Carbon bisulphide mfg Carbon disulphide mfg Carbon tetrachloride mfg Chemical colours, organic, mfg (except prepared tinting colours for paints) Chloroform mfg Citric acid mfg Cresylic acid mfg Cuprene, organic, mfg Cyclic plasticisers mfg D.D.T. mfg (except prepared insecticide)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
275		BASIC CHEMICALS - contd

2754 ORGANIC INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS N.E.C. - contd

Primary Activities - contd

Dibutyl phthalate mfg Di-iso-oxtyl phthalate mfg Dye intermediates mfg Dyes mfg (except hair dyes) Dyestuffs mfg Ethyl acetate mfg Ethyl alcohol mfg Ethyl formate mfg Ethylene mfg Ethylene oxide mfg Fatty acids mfg Fluorocarbons mfg Formaldehyde mfg Industrial chemicals, organic, mfg n.e.c. Lactic acids mfg Lake colours mfg Methanol mfg Methyl alcohol mfg Methyl methacrylate mfg Methylated spirits mfg Naphtha, crude, mfg Natural resins mfg Nitrobenzene mfg Nitrocellulose mfg Nitromethane mfg Nitroparaffins mfg Oil treating compounds mfg Oleic acid mfg Oxalic acid mfg Phenol mfg Phthalic anhydride esters mfg Pigments, organic, mfg

Plasticisers mfg Polymeric plasticisers mfg Power alcohol mfg Rennin mfg Rosin mfg Spirits, non-potable, mfg n.e.c. Stearine pitch mfg Stearate or stearic acid mfg Tannic acid mfg Tanning compounds, organic, mfg Tannins mfg Tartaric acid mfg T.D.E. mfg (except prepared insecticide) Thinners, paint, redistilling or re-refining Toluol mfg Trichloroethylene mfg Tricresyl phosphate mfg Turpentine mfg (except mineral turpentine) Turpentine, mineral, redistilling or rerefining Urea mfg (except fertiliser grade) Vinyl acetate monomer mfg White spirit, non-potable, mfg (except from petroleum) White spirit, non-potable, redistilling or re-refining Wood alcohol mfg Xylol mfg

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
275		BASIC CHEMICALS - contd

INORGANIC INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS N.E.C. 2755

> This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing inorganic industrial chemicals n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cooking or table salt are included in Class 2176.

Primary Activities

Acids, inorganic, mfg Alkalis mfg Aluminium sulphate mfg Ammonia mfg (except fertilizer grade) Ammonium persulphate Barium sulphate, precipitated, mfg Bone char mfg Calcium carbide mfg
Carbide mfg
Charcoal Boracic acid mfg Charcoal mfg Chemical colours, inorganic, mfg (except prepared tinting colours for paints) Chloride of lime mfg Chlorine mfg Chrome oxide mfg Chromium green oxide mfg Copper sulphate mfg Cuprene, inorganic, mfg Degreasing compounds mfg Glaubers salt mfg Graphite, artificial, Hydrochloric acid mfg Hydrofluoric acid mfg Sodium metasilicate mfg

Hydrogen peroxide mfg Hydrogen sulphide mfg Industrial chemicals, inorganic, mfg n.e.c. Lead arsenate mfg Lead chromate mfg Litharge mfg
Lithopone mfg
Muriatic acid mfg
Nitre cake mfg Potassium hydroxide mfg Prussian blue mfg Red lead mfg Salt cake mfg Salt refining (except cooking or table salt) Silicates mfg Soda ash mfg Sodium alginate mfg Sodium aluminate mfg Sodium antimonate mfg Sodium benzoate mfg Sodium bicarbonate mfg Sodium bisulphate mfg Sodium borate mfg Sodium carbonate mfg Sodium cyanide mfg Sodium hydroxide mfg

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 27: CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
275	2755	BASIC CHEMICALS - contd	
		Sodium mfg Sodium peroxide mfg Sodium silicate mfg Sodium silicate mfg Sodium sulphate mfg Sodium sulphide mfg Sulphur compounds mfg Sulphur dioxide mfg Sulphuric acid mfg Tanning compounds, inorganic, mfg Titanium dioxide mfg	Titanium pigments mfg Ultramarine mfg Vitreous enamel frits mfg Water treating compounds mfg Waterproofing compounds mfg White lead mfg Zinc chloride mfg Zinc oxide mfg

276 OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS

2761 AMMUNITION, EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ammunition, explosives, fireworks or matches.

Primary Activities

Ammunition mfg Blasting powder mfg Bombs mfg Bullets mfg Caps, detonating or blasting, mfg Caps, percussion, mfg Cartridges mfg (ammunition) Cordite mfg Detonators mfg Dynamite mfg Explosives mfg Fireworks mfg Flares mfg Fuse, explosive, mfg

Gelatin base blasting explosives mfg Gelignite mfg Grenades mfg Gun cotton mfg Gunpowder mfg Match boxes mfg Matches mfg Mines or depth charges mfg Nitroglycerine mfg Primers, shell, mfg Pyrotechnic goods mfg Safety fuse mfg Shells mfg (munitions) Signal flares mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2762	PAINTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing paints (except bituminous paints), enamels, varnishes, lacquers, prepared paint thinners or removers, prepared tinting colours for paints, or fillers or putty.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing organic chemical colours, dyes or pigments (except prepared tinting colours for paints) are included in Class 2754; (b) in manufacturing inorganic chemical colours, dyes or pigments (except prepared tinting colours for paints) are included in Class 2755; (c) in manufacturing chemical products used as paint thinners, removers, etc, without further preparation are included in the appropriate classes of this Subdivision, e.g. Class 2754 in the case of methylated spirits mfg or Class 2770 in the case of mineral turpentine mfg; (d) in manufacturing bituminous paints are included in Class 2780; and (e) in contract packing of paints, or in contract filling of aerosol containers with paints, are included in Class 6388.

Primary Activities

Aluminium paint mfg Artists colours mfg Casein paints mfg Caulking compounds mfg Ceramic paints mfg Enamel paints mfg Fillers or putty mfg Kalsomines mfg Lacquers mfg Marine paints mfg Marine primers or undercoats mfg Nitrocellulose lacquers mfg Oil paints mfg Paint or varnish

Paints mfg (except bituminous) Paint thinners, prepared, mfg Paint tinting colours, prepared, mfg Plastic paints mfg Plastic wood mfg Primers, paint, mfg Rubbing compounds mfg Shellac mfg Stains mfg Undercoats, paint, mfg Varnishes mfg Water paints mfg Water shedding preparremovers, prepared, mfg ations mfg (masonry surface treatments)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS - contd

2763 PHARMACEUTICAL AND VETERINARY PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing drugs, medicinal chemicals or other pharmaceutical products for human or veterinary use.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing sheep or cattle dips or blowfly specifics are included in Class 2764; and (b) in contract packing of proprietary pharmaceutical or veterinary products are included in Class 6388.

Primary Activities

Anthelmintics mfg Antibacterials mfg Antibiotics mfg Antiseptics mfg Antitoxins mfg Aspirin mfg Barrier cream mfg Coccidiostat feed supplements mfg Codeine mfg Concentrates for veterinary products mfg (for further processing) Cough lozenges mfg Cough mixtures mfg Drenches, animal, mfg Drugs mfg Ether mfg Feed supplements, veterinary, mfg Intramuscular preparations mfg Intravenous preparations mfg Iodine, tincture of, mfg Iodoform mfg Medical gas mfg n.e.c.

Medicines mfg Morphine mfg Nicotine mfg (except sulphate) Oils, medicinal, mfg Ointments mfg Pharmaceutical preparations mfg Pill pelletising Proprietary preparations, veterinary or medicinal, mfg Quinine mfg Saccharin mfg Saline powder mfg Serums mfg Strychnine mfg Sulpha compounds (sulphonamides) mfg Sun tan lotions mfg Toilet lanolin mfg Vaccines mfg Veterinary products mfg n.e.c. Viruses mfg Vitamin products mfg

C : MANUFACTURING - contd DIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd SUBDIVISION

Group	Class	Title and Description
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2764	PESTICIDES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the formulation or preparation of pest control chemicals (including insecticides, weedicides, fungicides, sheep or cattle dips, seed dressings or plant hormones).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing basic organic chemicals used in preparing pesticides, such as D.D.T., B.H.C., or T.D.E., are included in Class 2754; (b) in manufacturing basic inorganic chemicals used in preparing pesticides, such as lead or calcium arsenates or copper sulphate are included in Class 2755; and (c) in contract packing of prepared pest control chemicals are included in Class 6388.

Primary Activities

B.H.C. insecticide mfg Blowfly specifics, sheep, mfg Cattle dips mfg Concentrates for agricultural chemicals or pesticides mfg (for Seed dressings mfg further processing) D.D.T. insecticide mfg Dips, animal, mfg Fly spray mfg Formulated pest control products mfg Fruit sprays mfg Fungicides mfg

Germicides mfg Insect repellant mfg Insecticides mfg Pesticides mfg Plant hormones mig Rat poison mfg Sheep dips mfg Snail poison mfg Soil fumigants mfg Sprays, insecticide or fungicide, mfg T.D.E. insecticide mfg Weedkillers mfg

2765 SOAP AND OTHER DETERGENTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing soap (including shampoo or shaving products) or other detergents, toothpaste, denture cleaners, disinfectants, glycerine or candles.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in contract packing of soap or other detergents are included in Class 6388.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 27: CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Group	Class	Title and Description	
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS -	contd
	2765	SOAP AND OTHER DETERGENTS	- contd
		Primary Act	ivities
		Alkaline detergents mfg Candles mfg Cleansers, abrasive, mfg Cleansing preparations mfg Dentifrices mfg	Laundry bleaches mfg Laundry blue mfg Sand soap mfg Scouring compounds mfg Shampoo mfg Shaving cream, soap or

Denture cleaners mfg sticks, mfg
Detergents mfg Soap flakes mfg Detergents mfg
Disinfectants mfg (incl. phenyl or antiseptic dis-infectant)

Emulsion cleansers mfg Washing powder mfg Glycerine mfg

Soap mfg
Soap powder mfg
Toilet soap mfg Toothpaste mfg Wool scouring soap mfg

COSMETICS AND TOILET PREPARATIONS 2766

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing natural or synthetic perfumes, cosmetics, deodorants or other toilet preparations such as toilet powders or lotions.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing barrier cream, sun tan lotions or toilet lanolin are included in Class 2763; (b) in manufacturing shampoo, toilet soap, shaving soap or cream or toothpaste are included in Class 2765; and (c) in contract packing of cosmetics or toilet preparations are included in Class 6388.

Primary Activities

After shave lotions
or creams mfg
Baby powder mfg
Bath salts mfg or creams mfg
or creams mfg
Baby powder mfg
Bath salts mfg
Beauty creams or
lotions mfg
Cosmetics mfg
Depilatories mfg
Bay Face lotions mfg
Hair creams or
lotions mfg
Hair creams or
lotions mfg
Hair oil mfg
Hair rinses or dyes
mfg
Hair spray mfg

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 27: CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS -	contd
	2766	COSMETICS AND TOILET PREPARATIONS - contd	
		Primary Activities - contd	
		Hairdressers preparations mfg Hand creams or lotions mfg (except barrier cream) Lipsticks mfg Make-up creams, cakes or lotions, mfg Manicure preparations mfg Mascara mfg	Nail polish mfg Perfumes mfg Talcum powder mfg Toilet creams or lotions mfg (except toilet lanolin) Toilet powder mfg Toilet preparations mfg n.e.c. Toilet water mfg

2767 INKS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ink or printers roller composition.

Primary Activities

Ball point pen ink mfg
Carbon ink mfg
Drawing ink mfg
Flexographic ink mfg
Indelible ink mfg
India ink mfg
Inks mfg
Letterpress ink mfg

Lithographic ink mfg
Marking ink mfg
Printers ink mfg
Printers roller
composition mfg
Rotogravure ink mfg
Silk screen ink mfg
Writing ink mfg

2768 CHEMICAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing or formulating polishes or cleaners (except abrasive), waxes, dressings, dry cleaning preparations, essential oils (refined or crude), adhesives (except bituminous mastics or adhesives) or other chemical products n.e.c.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL. PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2768	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing soap or other detergents, or abrasive cleansers or scourers, are included in Class 2765;
(b) in manufacturing bituminous mastics or adhesives are included in Class 2780; (c) in manufacturing liquid soldering or welding flux are included in Class 2957;
(d) in manufacturing powder, paste or crystal soldering or welding flux are included in Class 3357; and (e) in contract packing of chemical products n.e.c. are included in Class 6388.

Primary Activities

Adhesives mfg (except bituminous) Adhesives, rubber, mfg (natural, synthetic or reclaimed rubber) Antifreeze compounds mfg Beeswax mfg Boot dressings mfg Bcot polishes or cleaners mfg Boronia oil distilling Brass polishes mfg Car polishes mfg Casein adhesive paste Citrus oil mfg Concrete additives or masonry surface treatments mfg (except water shedding preparations) Conductive paste mfg Cream polishes mfg Distilled water mfg Dry cleaning compounds Embalming compounds mfg Essential oils distilling Eucalyptus oil distilling (except in forest)

Floor polishes or waxes mig Furniture polishes mfg Gelatin mfg (except chemically hardened) Glue mfg Incense mfg Isinglass mfg Lavender oil distilling Leather dressings or finishes mfg Lemon oil mfg Liquid polishes mfg Metal polishes mfg Motor vehicle polishes mfg Mucilage mfg Neatsfoot oil mfg Oil of cloves distilling Orange oil mfg Oven cleaners mfg Peppermint oil distilling Polishes mfg Polishing powders or preparations mfg Rubber adhesives or cements mfg Rust removers mfg Sandalwood oil distilling Shoe dressings mfg

DIVISION C.: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	scription
276		OTHER CHEMICAL PRODUCTS	- contd
	2768	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd	
		Primary Ac	tivities - contd
		Shoe polishes or cleaners mfg Silver polishes mfg Size mfg Soling dough, rubber, mfg Stain removers mfg	Stove cleaners mfg Synthetic resin or plastic adhesives mfg Tanners grease mfg Ti-tree oil distilling Wax polishes mfg
277		PETROLEUM REFINING	

2770 PETROLEUM REFINING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in refining crude oil or condensate to produce petrol, fuel oils, lubricating oil or grease base stock, petroleum gases or other products from crude petroleum.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in treating crude oil, natural gas or condensate
to produce stabilised crude oil, purified natural gas
or liquefied hydrocarbon gases are included in Class
1300; (b) in the recovery of lubricating oil or grease
from used petroleum waste products are included in
Class 2780; (c) in manufacturing town gas from
petroleum are included in Class 3620; and (d) in
blending oils or greases from base stock are included in
Class 4741.

Primary Activities

Automotive petrol mfg
Aviation fuel mfg
Benzene mfg (from
 petroleum)
Benzol mfg (from
 petroleum)
Bitumen, crude, mfg
Crude petroleum
 refining
Diesel oil mfg
Distillate mfg
Gasoline refining or
 blending

Grease oils mfg
Heating oil mfg
Industrial gases mfg
(from petroleum
refining)
Kerosene mfg
Lighter fluid mfg
Liquefied petroleum
gases mfg (in
conjunction with
petroleum refining)
Mineral turpentine mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and D	escription
277		PETROLEUM REFINING - co	ntd
	2770	PETROLEUM REFINING - co	ntd
		Primary A	ctivities - contd
		Oil or grease base stock, lubricating, mfg Paraffin wax mfg Petrol refining or blending	Petroleum solvents mfg White spirit, non- potable, mfg (from petroleum)
278		PETROLEUM AND COAL PROD	UCTS N.E.C.

2780 PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing petroleum or coal products n.e.c., including bituminous surfacing materials (except hot-mix bituminous paving), bitumen or tar treated papers, felts or foils (including laminated or impregnated), bituminous mastics or adhesives, or refined tar. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in the recovery of lubricating oil or grease from used petroleum waste products.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing non-bituminous laminations of paper or paperboard, or non-bituminous building or packaging papers are included in Class 3471; (b) in manufacturing or laying hot-mix bitumen paving are included in Class 4121; and (c) in blending oils or greases from base stock are included in Class 4741.

Primary Activities

Adhesives, bituminous,

mfg
Building paper or

paperboard, bituminised, mfg
Char mfg (except bone
char)
Coal products mfg n.e.c.
Creosote mfg

Emulsions, bituminous,
mfg
Felt, bituminised, mfg
Foil, bituminised, mfg
Laminates of paper or
paperboard and metal
foil, bituminous, mfg
Mastics, bituminous,
mfg

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 27 : CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
278		PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODU	CTS N.E.C contd
	2780	PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd	
		Primary Activities - contd	
		Naphthalene mfg Packaging paper, bituminised, mfg Paint, bituminous, mfg Paper, bituminised, mfg Paving materials, bitumen or asphalt,	Pitch mfg Recovery of lubricating oil or grease from used petroleum waste products Roofing, bitumen or asphalt, mfg Roofing paper,

mfg (except hot-mix)

Petroleum products mfg

n.e.c.

bituminised, mfg Tar, refined, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS

Group	Class	Title and Description
285		GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS
	2850	GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing glass or glass products.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing glass wool or glass wool products are included in Class 2883; and (b) in manufacturing glass mirrors (except motor vehicle mirrors), in bevelling or coating flat glass, or in glazing are included in Class 4728.

Primary Activities

Automotive glass mfg Balls, glass, mfg Beads, glass, mfg Blocks, glass, mfg Bottles, glass, mfg Bricks, glass, mfg Containers, glass, mfg Crystal glass mfg Domestic glassware mfg Drinking glasses mfg Flint glass mfg Glass or glass products mfg (except glass wool or glass wool products) Glass, flat, mfg Glass, sheet, mfg Heat resistant glassware mfg Insulators, glass, mfg

Jars, glass, mfg Kitchenware, glass, mfg Laboratory glassware mfg Laminated sheet glass mfg Lampshades, glass, mfg Optical glass mfg Ornamental glassware mfg Ovenware, glass, mfg Plate glass mfg Rods, glass, mfg Safety glass mfg Scientific glassware mfg Stained glass sheet mfg Structural glass mfg Table glassware mfg Tiles, glass, mfg Tubing, glass, mfg Window glass mfg Windscreen glass mfg

286

CLAY PRODUCTS AND REFRACTORIES

2861 CLAY BRICKS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing clay bricks (except refractory bricks).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing refractories, including clay refractory bricks, are included in Class 2862.

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

SUBDIVISION		28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd	
Group	Class	Title and Description	
286		CLAY PRODUCTS AND REFRACTORIES - contd	
	2861	CLAY BRICKS - contd	
		Primary Activities	
		Bricks, clay, mfg (except refractory bricks) Bricks, face or texture mfg (except refractory bricks)	
	2862	REFRACTORIES	
		This class consists of establishments mainly engagin manufacturing refractory products.	ged
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly enging in manufacturing non-refractory type silica lime blocks, etc, are included in Class 2884.	
		Primary Activities	
		Blocks, refractory, mfg Bricks, fire clay, mfg Bricks, refractory, mfg Castables, refractory, mfg Cements, refractory, mfg Clay, refractory, mfg Clay refractories mfg Crucibles, refractory mfg Fireclay bricks mfg Craphite crucibles or foundry accessories Refractory products mg Silica bricks, refractory mfg Fireclay bricks mf	mîg Îg

2863 CERAMIC TILES AND PIPES

Clay refractories mfg

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ceramic tiles (including vitreous china or porcelain tiles), ceramic pipes or other ceramic construction goods (except of vitreous china or porcelain).

mfg

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing vitreous china or porcelain pipes, pipe fittings or construction goods are included in Class 2864.

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 28: NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
286		CLAY PRODUCTS AND REFRACTORIES - contd
	2863	CERAMIC TILES AND PIPES - contd

Primary Activities

Agricultural pipes,
ceramic, mfg
Ceramic construction
goods mfg (except
bricks or vitreous
china or porcelain
goods other than
tiles)
Ceramic tiles mfg
Clay roof tiles mfg
Earthenware construction
goods mfg
Mosaic tiles, vitreous
china or porcelain, mfg

Pipes, ceramic, mfg
 (except vitreous china or porcelain)
Ridge caps, terracotta, mfg
Roof tiles, terracotta, mfg
Stoneware pipes or fittings mfg
Terracotta construction goods mfg
Tiles, ceramic, mfg
Wall or floor tiles, ceramic, mfg

2864 CERAMIC GOODS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ceramic kitchen or tableware, non-refractory type ceramic containers or ceramic goods n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Art pottery mfg Bathroom fixtures, vitreous china, mfg China goods mfg (except tiles) Closet pans, vitreous china, mfg Construction goods, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg (except tiles) Crockery mfg Earthenware, table or kitchen, mfg Flower pots, ceramic, mfg

Insulators, porcelain, mfg Kitchen sinks, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg Kitchenware, ceramic, mfg Ornamental china goods mfg (except tiles) Ovenware, ceramic, mfg Pipes or pipe fittings, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg Plumbers fittings, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 28: NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and D	escription			
286		CLAY PRODUCTS AND REFRA	CTORIES - contd			
	2864	CERAMIC GOODS N.E.C	contd			
		Primary A	ctivities - contd			
		Porcelain goods mfg (except tiles) Pottery goods, ornamental, mfg Sanitary ware, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg Stoneware, table or kitchen, mfg	Terracotta ware mfg n.e.c. Toilet cisterns, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg Vases, ceramic, mfg Vitreous china goods mfg (except tiles) Wash basins, vitreous china or porcelain, mfg			
287		CEMENT AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS				
	2871	CEMENT				
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing hydraulic cement.				
		Primary Activities				
		Cement mfg (except adhesive or refractory)	Hydraulic cement mfg Portland cement mfg			
	2872	READY MIXED CONCRETE				
			establishments mainly engaged mixed concrete or mortar.			
			Establishments mainly engaged x concrete or mortar are			
		Primary A	ctivities			
		Ready mixed concrete mfg (except dry mix)	Ready mixed mortar mfg (except dry mix)			

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
287		CEMENT AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS - contd
	2873	CONCRETE PIPES AND BOX CULVERTS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing concrete pipes or concrete box culverts.
		Primary Activities
		Box culverts, concrete, Pipes, pre-stressed concrete, mfg Pipes, concrete, mfg

2874 CONCRETE PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing concrete products (except concrete pipes or box culverts or asbestos cement products).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing concrete pipes or concrete box culverts are included in Class 2873; and (b) in manufacturing asbestos cement products are included in Class 2884.

Primary Activities

Blocks, concrete, mfg Bricks, concrete, mfg Building boards, cement based, mfg (except asbestos cement) Cisterns, concrete, mfg Concrete products mfg (except pipes, box culverts or asbestos cement products) Floor or wall tiles, concrete, mfg Flower pots, concrete, mfg Manhole covers, concrete, mfg Meter boxes, concrete, mfg Monuments or grave markers, concrete, mfg Mouldings, concrete, mfg (except pipes or box culverts)

Ornamental concrete or terrazzo products mfg Panels or sections, prefabricated concrete, mfg Posts or poles, concrete, mfg Prefabricated house units, concrete, mfg Pre-stressed concrete products mfg (except pipes or box culverts) Railway sleepers, concrete, mfg Roof tiles, concrete, mfg Roof components, concrete, Sinks or tubs, concrete, mfg Tanks, concrete, mfg Terrazzo products mfg Tiles, concrete, mfg Wall fittings, terrazzo, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
288		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS
	2881	PLASTER PRODUCTS AND EXPANDED MINERALS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing plaster, plaster board or other products composed wholly or chiefly of gypsum. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing processed lightweight aggregates or other expanded non-metallic minerals.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing dental plaster or cement are included in Class 3343; and (b) in fixing or installing

ıg. plaster are included in Class 4245.

Primary Activities

Acoustic tiles, plaster, mfg Cornices, plaster, mfg Display models, plaster, mfg Expanded non-metallic minerals mfg Fibrous plaster products mfg Insulating board, plaster, mfg Mouldings, plaster, mfg Perlite, expanded, mfg

Plaster board mfg Plaster of Paris mfg Plaster products mfg (except dental or medical plasters) Processed lightweight aggregates mfg Sheets, plaster, mfg Tiles, plaster, mfg Vermiculite, expanded, mfg Wall or ceiling boards, plaster, mfg

2882 STONE PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cut, shaped or polished stone or stone products from stone purchased or transferred in, or in installing headstones.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in quarrying or crushing stone or producing stone products from stone quarried at the same establishment are included in Class 1404.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
288		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2882	STONE PRODUCTS - contd

Primary Activities

Headstones mfg (from stone purchased or transferred in) Installation of headstones Monuments making (from stone purchased or transferred in)

Stone products mfg
(from stone purchased
or transferred in)
Stone cutting, dressing,
polishing or shaping
(using stone not
quarried or produced
at the same establishment)

2883 GLASS WOOL AND MINERAL WOOL PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing glass wool or mineral wool, or products from glass wool or mineral wool (except glass fibre fabrics or fibreglass reinforced rigid sheeting).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing glass fibre fabrics are included in Class 2344; (b) in manufacturing fibreglass reinforced rigid sheeting are included in Class 3472; and (c) in installing glass or mineral wool insulation materials are included in Class 4249.

Primary Activities

Acoustic tiles, panels
or boards, mfg (glass
or mineral wool)
Fibres, glass, mfg
Glass wool insulation
mfg
Glass wool mfg
Glass wool products mfg
Glass wool tiles, panels
or boards mfg

Insulation, glass fibre,
 mfg
Insulation, glass or
 mineral wool, mfg
Mineral wool mfg
Mineral wool products
 mfg
Mineral wool tiles,
 panels or boards mfg
Rockwool mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
288		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2884	NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing agricultural or hydrated lime, abrasives (except abrasive coated papers or textiles), asbestos or asbestos cement products, or other non-metallic mineral products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing refractory products of nonmetallic minerals are included in Class 2862; (b) in
manufacturing processed lightweight aggregates or other
expanded non-metallic minerals are included in Class
2881; (c) in manufacturing dental plaster or cement
are included in Class 3343; (d) in manufacturing
brushes, electrodes or bearings of carbon or graphite
are included in Class 3357; and (e) in manufacturing
abrasive coated papers or textiles are included in Class
3471.

Primary Activities

Abrasive grinding wheels mfg Abrasive paste mfg Abrasives mfg (except abrasive coated papers or textiles) Abrasive stones mfg Aluminium oxide abrasives mfg (except abrasive coated papers or textiles) Asbestos cement products mfg Asbestos products mfg Barites, ground, mfg Boards, asbestos cement, mfg Boron carbide abrasives mfg (except abrasive coated papers or textiles)

Bricks, silica lime, mfg (except refractory silica lime bricks) Building boards, imitation brick or stone, mfg Carbon products mfg (except brushes, electrodes or bearings) Chalk products mfg n.e.c. Concrete, dry mix, mfg Corrugated asbestos cement roofing materials mfg Diamond powder mfg Felspar, ground, mfg Flooring materials, magnesite, mfg Foundry cores, sand, mfg Fullers earth, ground, mfg Graphite products mfg n.e.c. Grinding wheels mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

28 : NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
288		OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS - contd
	2884	NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd
		Primary Activities - contd

Lime, quick, hydrated
or agricultural, mfg
Mica products mfg
Mineral earths, ground,
mfg
Mortar, dry mix, mfg
Mouldings, asbestos
cement, mfg
Oil stones mfg
Paper, asbestos, mfg
Pipe or boiler
coverings, asbestos,
mfg
Pipes or conduit,
asbestos cement, mfg

Polishing wheels mfg
Resin coated sand mfg
Sheet, asbestos, mfg
Sheet or panels,
 asbestos cement, mfg
Silicon carbide abrasives
 mfg (except abrasive
 coated papers or textiles)
Slag crushing
Talc, ground, mfg
Whetstones mfg
Whiting products mfg
Yarns, asbestos, mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS

Group	Class	Title and Description
294		BASIC IRON AND STEEL

2941 IRON AND STEEL BASIC PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing iron or steel, ferro-alloys, electrometallurgical products or metallurgical coke, in hot or cold rolling of steel into primary shapes, in galvanising or tinning sheet or strip steel, or in drawing steel wire.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in iron ore pelletising or agglomerating are included in Class 1112; (b) in iron casting are included in Class 2942; (c) in steel casting are included in Class 2943; (d) in iron or steel forging are included in Class 2944; and (e) in manufacturing ferrous pipes or tubes (except cast or forged) are included in Class 2945.

Primary Activities

Ammoniacal liquor mfg Bands, steel, mfg Bars, iron or steel, mfg Benzol mfg (except from petroleum) Billets, steel, mfg Blanks, steel, mfg (for seamless pipes) Blooms, steel, mfg Coke breeze mfg Cold rolled steel plate or strip mfg Cold rolled steel shapes Electro-galvanised steel sheet or strip mfg Fencing wire mfg (except barbed) Ferro-alloys, manganese, silicon or chrome, mfg Galvanised steel sheet or strip mfg Gas mfg (coke oven byproduct, iron or steel works) High carbon tool steel mfg

High speed steel mfg Hot rolled steel rods, shapes, strip or plate, mfg Ingots, iron or steel, mfg Iron shot or grit, chilled, mfg Merchant steel bars or sections mfg Metallurgical coke mfg Naphtha, solvent, mfg Pig iron mfg Powders, iron or steel, mfg (incl. sponge iron powder) Pyridine mfg Rail fastenings or other rail accessories mfg Rails, steel, mfg Rods, iron or steel, Roof decking, steel, Sections, steel, mfg Sheet steel mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and I	Description
294		BASIC IRON AND STEEL -	contd
	2941	IRON AND STEEL BASIC PR	RODUCTS - contd
		Primary A	Activities - contd
		Skelp mfg Spring steel mfg Stainless steel mfg Steel alloys mfg Steel sheet, expanded, mfg Structural steel shapes mfg	Tar, crude, mfg Tar oils, crude, mfg Tinplate sheet or strip mfg Wire rods, steel, mfg Wire, steel, mfg (except stranded, braided or barbed) Wrought iron mfg

2942 IRON CASTING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in iron casting (including the manufacture of cast iron pipes or tubes, cast iron pipe or tube fittings, or steam, gas or water fittings of cast iron).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing finished or semi-finished products from iron castings by machining or other processing (except pipes, tubes, pipe or tube fittings, or steam, gas or water fittings) are included in the classes covering the manufacture of these articles.

Primary Activities

Castings, iron, mfg
Direct castings, iron,
mfg
Fittings, steam, gas
or water, mfg (cast
iron)
Moulded cast iron
pipes or tubes mfg

Pipe fittings, cast
iron, mfg
Tube fittings, cast
iron, mfg
Tubes, spun-cast iron,
mfg
Valves or valve parts,
steam, gas or water,
mfg (cast iron)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
294		BASIC IRON AND STEEL - contd
	2943	STEEL CASTING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in

steel casting (including the manufacture of cast steel pipes or tubes, cast steel pipe or tube fittings, or steam, gas or water fittings of cast steel).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing finished or semi-finished products from steel castings by machining or other processing (except pipes or tubes, pipe or tube fittings, or steam, gas or water fittings) are included in the classes covering the manufacture of these articles.

Primary Activities

Castings, steel, mfg
Chain, cast steel, mfg
Die-castings, steel, mfg
Direct castings, steel,
 mfg
Fittings, steam, gas or
 water, mfg (cast steel)

Pipe fittings, cast steel, mfg
Pipes or tubes, cast steel,
mfg
Tube fittings, cast steel, mfg
Valves or valve parts,
steam, gas or water,
mfg (cast steel)

2944 IRON AND STEEL FORGING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in iron or steel forging.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing finished or semi-finished products from iron or steel forgings by machining or other processing are included in classes covering the manufacture of these articles.

Primary Activities

Blacksmithing Chain, forged steel, mfg Forgings, iron or steel, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
294		BASIC IRON AND STEEL - contd
	2945	STEEL PIPES AND TUBES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing seamless or welded steel pipes or tubes, or ferrous metal pipe or tube fittings (except of cast

ube fittings (except of cast or forged iron or steel).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing cast iron pipes, tubes or fittings are included in Class 2942; (b) in manufacturing cast steel pipes, tubes or fittings are included in Class 2943; (c) in manufacturing sheet metal conduit tubing or pipes are included in Class 3153; and (d) in manufacturing pipe coils or flexible metal tubing are included in Class 3168.

Primary Activities

Cold drawn steel pipes Stainless steel or tubes mfg Conduit tubing, welded steel, mfg Fittings, steam, gas or water, mfg (ferrous metal; except cast or forged iron or steel) Galvanised seamless or welded steel pipes or tubes mfg Pipe fittings, ferrous, mfg (except cast or forged iron or steel)

seamless pipes or tubes mfg Steel pipes or tubes mfg (except cast) Tube fittings, ferrous, mfg (except cast cr forged iron or steel) Valves or valve parts, steam, gas or water, mfg (ferrous metal; except cast or forged iron or steel)

295

BASIC NON-FERROUS METALS

2951 COPPER SMELTING, REFINING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in smelting copper from ore, in refining copper by electrolytic or other processes, or in the recovery of copper from drosses, ashes or other waste material (except scrap).

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
295		BASIC NON-FERROUS METALS -	- contd
	2951	COPPER SMELTING, REFINING	- contd
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Esthe secondary recovery of alloying copper are included Primary Act:	ded in Class 2957.
		Blister copper mfg Copper, refined, mfg Copper smelting (except secondary recovery from scrap) Electrolytic copper mfg	Recovery of copper from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap) Wirebars, copper, mfg

2952 SILVER, LEAD, ZINC SMELTING, REFINING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in smelting silver, lead or zinc from ore, in refining silver, lead or zinc, or in the recovery of silver, lead or zinc from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the secondary recovery of silver, lead or zinc from scrap or in alloying silver, lead or zinc are included in Class 2957.

Primary Activities

Electrolytic zinc mfg
Lead, refined, mfg
Lead smelting (except
secondary recovery
from scrap)
Recovery of silver,
lead or zinc from
drosses, ashes or
other waste
materials (except
scrap)

Silver-lead bullion mfg
 (except secondary
 recovery from scrap)
Silver, refined, mfg
Spelter mfg (except
 secondary recovery
 from scrap)
Zinc, refined, mfg
Zinc smelting (except
 secondary recovery
 from scrap)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
295		BASIC NON-FERROUS MET	ALS - contd
	2953	ALUMINA	
		This class consists o refining bauxite to f	f establishments mainly engaged in orm alumina.
		Primary	Activities
		Alumina mfg Bauxite refining	Calcined alumina mfg
	2954	ALUMINIUM SMELTING	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in smelting alumina to produce aluminium, in the recovery of aluminium from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap), or in alloying aluminium from primary aluminium smelted at the same establishment.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing aluminium alloys from primary aluminium not smelted at the same establishment or from scrap are included in Class 2957.

Primary Activities

Aluminium alloys mfg
(from primary
aluminium smelted
at the same establishment)
Aluminium smelting
(from alumina)

Electrolytic aluminium
mfg
Recovery of aluminium
from drosses, ashes
or other waste
materials (except
scrap)

2955 NICKEL SMELTING, REFINING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in smelting nickel ores, in refining smelted nickel, or in the recovery of nickel from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the secondary recovery of nickel from scrap or in alloying nickel are included in Class 2957.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
295		BASIC NON-FERROUS METALS	- contd
	2955	NICKEL SMELTING, REFINING	- contd
	Primary Activities		ivities
		Nickel, refined, mfg Nickel smelting (except secondary recovery from -scrap)	Recovery of nickel from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap)

2956 NON-FERROUS METALS N.E.C. SMELTING, REFINING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in primary smelting or refining of non-ferrous metals n.e.c., or in the recovery of such metals from drosses, ashes or other waste materials (except scrap). This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing metal powders or flakes of molybdenum, tantalum or tungsten (except from scrap).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in preliminary smelting of gold ores are included in Class 1123; and (b) in the secondary recovery of non-ferrous metals from scrap, in manufacturing non-ferrous metal powders or flakes from scrap or in alloying non-ferrous metals (except aluminium alloys from primary aluminium smelted at the same establishment) are included in Class 2957.

Primary Activities

Antimony, refined, mfg Bismuth smelting or refining (except secondary recovery from scrap) Gold bullion mfg (except secondary recovery from scrap) Gold, refined, mfg Molybdenum metal powders or flakes mfg (except from scrap) Recovery of non-ferrous metals (from drosses, ashes, or other waste materials except scrap) n.e.c.

Refining of non-ferrous metals n.e.c.
Tantalum metal powders or flakes mfg (except from scrap)
Tin smelting (except secondary recovery from scrap)
Tungsten metal powders or flakes mfg (except from scrap)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
295		BASIC NON-FERROUS METALS - contd
	0057	CONTAIN DECOMEN AND ALLOWING OF

2957 SECONDARY RECOVERY AND ALLOYING OF NON-FERROUS METALS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the secondary recovery of non-ferrous metals from scrap, in manufacturing non-ferrous metal powders or flakes from scrap, in alloying non-ferrous metals (except in manufacturing aluminium alloys from primary aluminium smelted at the same establishment), or in manufacturing tin solder or liquid soldering or welding flux.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in recovery of non-ferrous metals from drosses,
ashes or other waste materials (except scrap) are
included in the classes covering the primary smelting
of the metals concerned; (b) in alloying aluminium
from primary aluminium smelted at the same establishment
are included in Class 2954; and (c) in manufacturing
powder, paste or crystal soldering or welding flux are
included in Class 3357.

Primary Activities

Alloys, non-ferrous
metal, mfg (except
aluminium alloys
from primary
aluminium smelted
at the same
establishment)
Bearing metals, nonferrous, mfg
Flux, soldering or
welding, mfg
(liquid)
Powders or flakes,
non-ferrous metal,
mfg (from scrap)

Recovery of nonferrous metals from
scrap
Resmelting of nonferrous metals
Scrap, non-ferrous
metal, resmelting
Scrap, tinplate,
detinning
Solder, tin, mfg
Specification alloying
of non-ferrous
metals
Type metals, nonferrous, mfg

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NON-FERROUS METAL BASIC PRODUCTS

2961 ALUMINIUM ROLLING, DRAWING, EXTRUDING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in rolling, drawing or extruding aluminium into primary shapes, or in manufacturing aluminium powders or flakes (except from scrap).

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
296		NON-FERROUS METAL BASIC PRODUCTS - contd	

2961 ALUMINIUM ROLLING, DRAWING, EXTRUDING - contd

> EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing aluminium powders or flakes from scrap are included in Class 2957; (b) in manufacturing stranded, braided or insulated aluminium wire, cable or strip are included in Class 3355; and (c) in manufacturing plastic coated aluminium foil, or bags or packets of aluminium foil are included in Class 3471.

Primary Activities

Aluminium foil, household, Rods, aluminium, mfg mfg (except plastic coated) Aluminium rolling, drawing or extruding Bars, aluminium, mfg Foil, aluminium, mfg (except plastic coated) Pipes, aluminium, mfg Plate, aluminium, mfg Powders or flakes, aluminium, mfg (except from scrap)

Sections, aluminium, rolling, drawing or extruding Sheet, aluminium, mfg Strip, aluminium, mfg (except insulated) Tubes, aluminium, mfg Wire, aluminium, mfg (except stranded or insulated)

2962 NON-FERROUS METALS N.E.C. ROLLING, DRAWING, EXTRUDING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in rolling, drawing or extruding non-ferrous metals (except aluminium) into primary shapes, or in manufacturing non-ferrous metal powders or flakes n.e.c. (except from scrap).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing metal powders or flakes of molybdenum, tantalum or tungsten (except from scrap) are included in Class 2956; (b) in manufacturing nonferrous metal powders or flakes from scrap are included in Class 2957; (c) in rolling, drawing or extruding aluminium into primary shapes or in manufacturing aluminium powders or flakes (except from scrap) are included in Class 2961; and (d) in manufacturing nonferrous stranded, braided or insulated wire, cable or strip are included in Class 3355.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION		29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd		
Group	Class	Title and De	scription	
296		NON-FERROUS METAL BASIC :	PRODUCTS - contd	
	2962	NON-FERROUS METALS N.E.C. ROLLING, DRAWING, EXTRUDING - contd		
		Primary Ac	tivities	
		Bars, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except aluminium) Foil, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except aluminium) Non-ferrous metal rolling, drawing or extruding (except aluminium) Pipes, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except	Rods, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except aluminium) Sections, non-ferrous metal, rolling, drawing or extruding (except aluminium) Sheet, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except aluminium) Strip, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except insulated or from	

non-ferrous metal, mfg (except from scrap) n.e.c.

metal, mig (except aluminium)

Plate, non-ferrous Tubes, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except mfg (except aluminium)

Wire, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except stranded, mfg (except stranded, braided or insulated or from aluminium)

2963 NON-FERROUS METAL CASTING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in casting or forging non-ferrous metals or alloys.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing non-ferrous metal steam, gas or water fittings, valves or parts are included in Class 3165; and (b) in manufacturing other finished or semi-finished articles from castings or forgings by machining or other processing are included in the classes covering the manufacture of these articles.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 29 : BASIC METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
296		NON-FERROUS METAL BASIC	PRODUCTS - contd
	2963	NON-FERROUS METAL CASTIN	
		Castings, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except steam, gas or water fittings, valves or valve parts)	Die castings, non-ferrous metal, mfg (except steam, gas or water fittings, valves or valve parts) Forgings, non-ferrous metal, mfg

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS

Group	Class	Class Title and Description	
314		STRUCTURAL METAL PRODUCIS	

3141 FABRICATED STRUCTURAL STEEL

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in fabricating structural steel components for incorporation in buildings or other structures, or in manufacturing prefabricated steel buildings such as sheds or garages.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in the erection or installation of completely prefabricated buildings (including buildings prefabricated off-site to a substantially complete state) are included in the appropriate classes of Division E Construction;
(b) in the construction (including on-site assembly) of complete pipelines or steel towers are included in Class 4122; and (c) in the erection or installation (including on-site fabrication) of metal silos, storage tanks or structural steel components for buildings or other structures are included in Class 4241.

Primary Activities

Buildings, prefabricated steel, mfg Carports, prefabricated steel, mfg Fabricated structural steel mfg (readymade parts for structures) Garages, prefabricated steel, mfg Girders, prefabricated steel, mfg Joists, prefabricated steel, mfg Prefabricated structural steel parts mfg

Rafters, prefabricated steel, mfg
Reinforcing mesh, steel, mfg
Reinforcing steel rods, processed, mfg (from wire or merchant bar)
Roof trusses, prefabricated steel, mfg
Scaffolding, prefabricated steel, mfg
Sheds, prefabricated steel, mfg
Steel plate, perforated, mfg

3142 ARCHITECTURAL ALUMINIUM PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing architectural aluminium products such as doors, railings, gates, ornamental partitions or window frames, or aluminium framed windows, doors or shower screens (complete with glass).

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
314		STRUCTURAL METAL PRODUCTS - contd
	71.40	ADDITIONAL ALIMINITM DOODIGE

3142 ARCHITECTURAL ALUMINIUM PRODUCTS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing sheet metal products for building purposes such as down pipes, guttering or ducts are included in Class 3153; (b) in manufacturing aluminium blinds or awnings are included in Class 3167; and (c) in installing windows or window frames are included in Class 4249.

Primary Activities

Aluminium framed doors, glazed, mfg Architectural aluminium products mfg Ceiling sections, fabricated aluminium. Curtain walls, aluminium, mfg Doors or door frames, aluminium, mfg Fascia, aluminium, mfg Fly screen doors. aluminium, mfg Garage doors, aluminium, mfg Gates, aluminium, mfg Ornamental architectural aluminium work mfg Partitions, prefabricated aluminium. mfg

Railings, aluminium, mfg Roller shutters, aluminium, mfg Shop fronts, aluminium, installation Shop fronts, aluminium, mfg Shower screens, aluminium framed, mfg Shutters, aluminium, mfg Skylights, aluminium, mfg Window frames or sashes, aluminium, mfg Window screens, aluminium. mfg Windows, aluminium framed, mfg (complete with glass)

3143 ARCHITECTURAL METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing architectural steel, wrought iron or other metal (except aluminium) products such as window frames, doors, stairs or staircases, railings, gates, balustrades or ornamental partitions.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group Class	Title and Description
314	STRUCTURAL METAL PRODUCTS - contd

3143 ARCHITECTURAL METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in fabricating structural steel are included in
Class 3141; (b) in manufacturing sheet metal products
for building purposes such as downpipes, guttering or
ducts are included in Class 3153; (c) in manufacturing
metal blinds or awnings are included in Class 3167; and
(d) in installing windows or window frames are included
in Class 4249.

Primary Activities

Architectural metal products mfg (except aluminium) Balconies, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Balustrades, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Curtain walls, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Doors, fire resistant, mfg or installation Doors or door frames, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Fascia, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Fire escapes, prefabricated metal, mfg (except aluminium) Fly screen doors, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Garage doors, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Gates, metal, mfg (except aluminium or wire)

Ornamental architectural metal work mfg (except aluminium) Partitions, prefabricated metal, mfg (except aluminium) Railings, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Roller shutters, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Shop fronts, metal, installation (except aluminium) Shop fronts, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Shutters, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Skylights, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Stairs or staircases, prefabricated metal, mfg (except aluminium) Window frames or sashes, metal, mfg (except aluminium) Window screens, metal,

mfg (except aluminium)

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
315		SHEET METAL PRODUCTS	

3151 METAL CONTAINERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing metal cans, canisters, drums, collapsible tubes or other metal containers n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in reconditioning metal drums.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing vats or storage tanks of sheet
metal are included in Class 3153; and (b) in manufacturing boilers, vats or storage tanks of metal plate are
included in Class 3166.

Primary Activities

Aerosol containers mfg
Barrels, metal, mfg
Cans, extruded
 aluminium, mfg
Canisters, metal, mfg
Casks, metal, mfg
Collapsible tubes,
 metal, mfg

Containers, metal,
mfg n.e.c.
Drum reconditioning
Drums, metal, mfg
Gas cylinders mfg
Kegs, metal, mfg
Packers cans, metal, mfg

3152 SHEET METAL FURNITURE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing furniture, shelving, filing cabinets or other storage equipment predominantly of sheet metal.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing furniture (except of sheet metal) are included in Class 2541.

Primary Activities

Bookcases, sheet metal,
mfg
Camp furniture, sheet
metal, mfg
Cupboards, sheet metal,
mfg
Desks, sheet metal, mfg
Display stands, sheet
metal, mfg
Filing cabinets, sheet
metal, mfg

Furniture, sheet metal,

mfg
Hospital furniture,
sheet metal, mfg
Kitchen furniture, sheet
metal, mfg
Laboratory furniture,
sheet metal, mfg
Library furniture, sheet
metal, mfg
Lockers, sheet metal, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
315		SHEET METAL PRODUCTS - con	ntd
	3152	SHEET METAL FURNITURE - co	ontd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Office furniture, sheet metal, mfg Restaurant furniture, sheet metal, mfg School furniture, sheet metal, mfg Shelving, sheet metal, mfg	Shop furniture, sheet metal, mfg Showcases, sheet metal, mfg Storage equipment, sheet metal, mfg Tables, sheet metal, mfg

3153 SHEET METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in fabricating sheet metal products n.e.c. such as pressed or spun metal hollow ware, air ducts, guttering or bottle closures.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in installing air conditioning ductwork are included in Class 4244.

Primary Activities

Badges, metal, mfg Basins, pressed metal, Bath tubs, pressed metal, mfg Bottle closures, metal, Buckets, metal, mfg Chutes, sheet metal, mfg Coins or medals mfg Conduit tubing, sheet metal. mfg Coppersmithing (except boiler making) Cornices, sheet metal, mfg Crown seals, metal, mfg Downpipe, sheet metal, mfg Ducts, sheet metal, mfg

Ductwork, air conditioning, mfg Eyelets, metal, mfg Funnels, sheet metal, mfg Garbage cans, metal, mfg Guttering, sheet metal, mfg Hollow ware, pressed or spun metal, mfg Hoppers, sheet metal, mfg Kitchen utensils, pressed or spun metal hollow ware, mfg Laundry tubs, pressed metal, mfg Machine guards, sheet metal, mfg Metal stampings mfg n.e.c. Milk or cream cans, metal, mfg (except packers cans)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
315		SHEET METAL PRODUCTS - con	ntd
	3153	SHEET METAL PRODUCTS N.E.	C contd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Motor vehicle number plates mfg Sanitary pans, metal, mfg Sheet metal products mfg n.e.c. Sinks, pressed metal, mfg Spouting, sheet metal, mfg Stainless steel pressed hollow ware mfg Stove pipes, sheet metal, mfg	Tags, sheet metal, mfg Tanks, sheet metal, mfg Tiles, sheet metal, mfg Tool boxes, sheet metal, mfg Vacuum flask covers, metal, mfg Vats, galvanised sheet metal, mfg Ventilators, sheet metal, mfg

316

OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS

3161 CUTLERY AND HAND TOOLS N.E.C.

> This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing cutlery, industrial knives or hand tools (except of wood, pneumatic or power operated) n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing wooden hand tools or tool handles are included in Class 2538; (b) in manufacturing lawn mowers or power operated household appliances (including power operated razors) are included in Class 3353; (c) in manufacturing electrical welding or soldering equipment are included in Class 3357; (d) in manufacturing jack hammers or pneumatic drills (for construction work) are included in Class 3362; (e) in manufacturing pneumatic or power operated wood or metal working hand tools (including pneumatic or power operated hand tools n.e.c.) are included in Class 3364; (f) in manufacturing twist drills, micrometers, vernier calipers, dies, die sets or machine tool accessories are included in Class 3367; and (g) in manufacturing staplers or other office tools are included in Class 3369.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd
	3161	CUTLERY AND HAND TOOLS N.E.C contd

Primary Activities

Bevels mfg Blacksmiths hand tools mfg (except power operated) Blow torches mfg Bottle or can openers mfg (except power operated) Calking tools mfg Carpenters hand tools mfg (except of wood, pneumatic or power operated) Chisels mfg Cutlery mfg (except of solid silver or gold) Cutlery, silver or gold plated, mfg Drilling bits mfg (except twist drills) Drills mfg (hand tool; except pneumatic or power operated or twist drills) Engravers hand tools mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Files mfg Garden tools mfg (except power operated) Grease guns mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Grinding tools, hand held, mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Hammers, hand held, mfg (except pneumatic or power operated)

Hand tools mfg (except of wood, pneumatic or power operated) n.e.c. Industrial knives, hand held, mfg (except power operated) Jewellers hand tools mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Knife blanks mfg Knives, hand held, mfg (except power operated) Levels, carpenters, mfg Machine knives or blades mfg Metal working hand tools mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Mincers, household, mfg (except power operated) Oil cans mfg Pocket knives mfg Razors or razor blades mfg (except power operated) Saw frames mfg Saws, hand, mfg (except power operated) Scissors mfg (except electric) Screwdrivers mfg (incl. bits or blades; except pneumatic or power operated) Shovels mfg (except pneumatic or power operated) Soldering irons mfg (except power operated)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRO	ODUCTS - contd
	3161	CUTLERY AND HAND TOOLS N.I	E.C contd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Spades mfg Spanners mfg Stonecutters hand tools mfg (except pneumatic or power operated)	Vices, bench, mfg Woodworking hand tools mfg (except of wood, pneumatic or power operated)

3162 SPRINGS AND WIRE PRODUCTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing springs, stranded or braided ferrous wire, cable or strip or wire products such as nails, wire screening or netting. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing fence posts or droppers of rolled steel.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing wire mattress supports (except upholstered) of woven wire, link mesh or wire spring are included in Class 3168; and (b) in manufacturing electric or telephone cable or wire are included in Class 3355.

Primary Activities

Barbed wire mfg Braided ferrous wire. cable or strip, mfg Bristles, wire, mfg Cages, wire, mfg Chain mfg (except forged or sprocket chain) Clothes hangers, wire, mfg Cotter pins mfg Cycle spokes mfg Fence droppers, wire, mfg Fence posts or droppers. rolled steel, mfg Fish hooks mfg Gates, wire, mfg Gauze, wire, mfg

Guards, wire, mfg Hooks, wire, mfg Kitchen wire goods mfg Mats, wire, mfg Motor vehicle springs mfg Mouse traps mfg Nails mfg Paper clips, wire, mfg Pins mfg Rope or cable, ferrous wire, mfg Safety pins mfg Screening, wire, mfg Shopping strollers, trolleys or jeeps, mfg Sieves, wire, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	ecription
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PR	ODUCTS - contd
	3162	SPRINGS AND WIRE PRODUCTS	- contd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Skewers, metal, mfg Slings, wire, mfg Spikes, wire, mfg Springs mfg Staples, wire, mfg Stranded ferrous wire, cable or strip, mfg Tacks mfg Trays, wire, mfg Wall ties mfg	Welded link chain mfg Wire mesh mfg (except reinforcing mesh) Wire netting mfg Wire products mfg n.e.c. Woven wire products mfg (except mattress supports)
	3163	NUTS, BOLTS, SCREWS AND R	IVETS
		This class consists of es in manufacturing metal nu or similar fasteners or m	etal washers.
		Dowel pins, metal, mfg Expansion bolts, metal, mfg	Nuts or bolts, metal, mfg Rivets, metal, mfg

Machine screws, metal,

Masonry anchors, metal, mfg

Rivets, metal, mfg Screws, metal, mfg Set screws, metal, mfg Turnbuckles, metal, mfg Washers, metal, mfg

3164 METAL COATING AND FINISHING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in engraving, polishing, heat treating, plating, galvanising, anodising, colouring or other coating or finishing of metals or metal products (except galvanising or tinning of steel sheet or strip). This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in metal coating of non-metal products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in galvanising or tinning steel sheet or strip are included in Class 2941.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVI	SION	31 : FABRICATED METAL PRO	DDUCTS - contd
Group	Class	Title and De	escription
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL 1	PRODUCTS - contd
	3164	METAL COATING AND FINISH	HING - contd
		Primary A	ctivities
		Anodising Brass finishing or plating Cadmium plating Chromium plating Copper plating Enamelling of metal Engraving on metals (except process or photographic) Galvanising (except steel sheet or strip)	Gold plating Heat treating metals or metal products Metal coating of manufactured products n.e.c. Metal polishing or finishing Nickel plating Painting of manufactured metal products Silver plating Vitreous enamelling
	3165	in manufacturing non-ferwater fittings, valves of EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: in manufacturing ferrous	establishments mainly engaged rrous metal steam, gas or
		Primary A	ctivities
		Fittings, steam, gas or water, mfg (non- ferrous metal) Pipe fittings mfg (non-ferrous metal)	Tube fittings mfg (non-ferrous metal) Valves or valve parts, steam, gas or water, mfg (non-ferrous metal)

3166 BOILER AND PLATE WORK

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing power or marine boilers, pressure or non-pressure tanks or similar boiler shop products, or in installing factory assembled industrial or commercial boilers.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd	

3166 BOILER AND PLATE WORK - contd

> EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing metal barrels, casks or gas cylinders or in manufacturing or reconditioning metal drums are included in Class 3151; (b) in manufacturing wash boilers are included in Class 3353; (c) in manufacturing hot water systems are included in Class 3354; (d) in the construction (i.e. on-site assembly) of boilers from prefabricated components are included in Class 4122; (e) in the erection or installation (including on-site fabrication) of metal silos, reservoirs or storage tanks are included in Class 4241; and (f) in the installation of hot water systems are included in Class 4242.

Primary Activities

Boiler making Boilers, commercial or industrial, installation Silos, prefabricated (factory assembled) Boilers mfg (except wash boilers or hot water systems) Chimney stacks, prefabricated metal, mfg Pressure vessels, metal plate, mfg n.e.c.

Reservoirs, prefabricated metal, mfg metal, mfg Soot removers mfg Steam generating boilers mfg Steam superheaters mfg Stills, copper, mfg Storage tanks, metal plate, mfg Vats, metal plate, mfg

3167 METAL BLINDS AND AWNINGS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing venetian blinds of any material or other blinds or awnings of metal (including plastic coated) or components for blinds or awnings (except wooden spring rollers).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing blinds or awnings of canvas or related materials (including plastic coated) are included in Class 2354; (b) in manufacturing bamboo or cane blinds or awnings or wooden spring rollers for blinds are included in Class 2538; (c) in manufacturing fibreglass awnings are included in Class 3474; and (d) in installing or repairing blinds or awnings are included in Class 4249.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	rintion
Groap	Ulass	Title and Desc	ription
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRO	DUCTS - contd
	3167	METAL BLINDS AND AWNINGS -	contd
		Primary Acti	vities
		Awnings, metal, mfg (incl. plastic coated) Blinds, metal, mfg (incl. plastic coated)	Blinds, venetian, mfg Venetian blinds mfg

3168 FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing safes, firearms, gas or water meters, hinges, locks, door handles or other fabricated metal products or hardware n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing woven wire, link mesh or wire spring mattress supports (except upholstered).

Primary Activities

Airguns mfg Aquariums or aquarium stands, metal, mfg Barbecues, solid fuel portable, mfg (fabricated metal) Bathroom or toilet fittings, metal, mfg Baths, cast iron, mfg (porcelain enamelled) Bobbins, metal, mfg Buttons, metal, mfg Cabinets, radio, radiogram or television, mfg (metal framed) Carbide lamps mfg Casters mfg Cigarette lighters mfg Clothes hoists mfg Ccuplings, metal, mfg Display models, metal, mfg Door handles, metal, mfg

Fabricated metal products mfg n.e.c. Firearms mfg Fire sprinklers mig Flash light cases, metal, mfg Freight containers, metal, mfg (except stock crates) Furniture fittings, metal, Handbag frames, metal, mfg Handcuffs mfg Hardware, metal, mfg n.e.c. Hinges mfg Ice chests, metal, mfg Ironing boards, metal, mfg Kerosene lamps mfg Keys mfg Kitchen sinks, metal, mfg n.e.c. Kitchen utensils, metal, mfg n.e.c. Lamps or lamp parts mfg (except electric)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

31 : FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
316		OTHER FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS - contd
	3168	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd
	3168	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS N.E.C contd

Primary Activities - contd

Laundry trolleys or basket carriers mfg Laundry tubs, cast iron, mfg (porcelain enamelled) Livestock yarding equipment, metal, mfg n.e.c. Locks mfg Masts, aluminium, mfg Mattress supports, woven wire, link mesh or wire spring, mfg (except upholstered) Meters, gas or water, mfg Ordnance mfg Padlocks mfg Pipe coils mfg Plumbers fittings, metal, mfg n.e.c. Pressure cookers mfg Safe deposit boxes or chests mfg Safes or vaults installation

Safes or vaults mfg Sinks, cast iron, mfg (porcelain enamelled) Smallarms mfg Soda syphons, metal, mfg Sprocket chain mfg Steel wool mfg Tackle blocks, metal, mfg Television antennae mfg (incl.accessories) Tool boxes, metal, mfg n.e.c. Toys or games, metal, mfg n.e.c. Tubing, flexible metal, mfg Turnstiles, metal, mfg Wash troughs or basins, metal, mfg n.e.c. Welding n.e.c. Window or door fittings, metal, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT

Group	Class	Title and Description
323		MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS
	3231	MOTOR VEHICLES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing or assembling complete passenger cars or station wagons, light commercial vehicles (including panel vans or utilities) trucks (except off-highway type trucks), buses, motor vehicle chassis (including truck chassis complete with cab or cowl), motor vehicle engines (except motor cycle engines), bumper bars, or motor vehicle body panels (except for truck or bus bodies). This class also includes establishments mainly engaged both in manufacturing or assembling motor vehicles and manufacturing motor vehicle parts or equipment of the type covered by Class 3234.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing or assembling complete motor vehicle bodies, or truck or bus body panels, or in assembling motor vehicle bodies on motor vehicle chassis not owned by the same enterprise are included in Class 3232; (b) in manufacturing instruments or electrical equipment (except batteries) for motor vehicles are included in Class 3233; (c) in manufacturing motor vehicle parts or accessories (except in association with motor vehicle manufacturing at the same establishment) n.e.c., or in reconditioning motor vehicle engines are included in Class 3234; (d) in manufacturing motor cycles, motor scooters or motor cycle engines are included in Class 3245; (e) in manufacturing offhighway trucks are included in Class 3362; and (f) in motor vehicle repair (except smash repair or engine reconditioning), including the reconditioning or rebuilding of transmission or gearbox assemblies, are included in Class 4861.

Primary Activities

Bumper bars, motor
vehicle, mfg
Bus chassis mfg
Chassis, motor vehicle,
mfg
Motor cars mfg
Motor vehicle assembly
(except assembly of
motor vehicle bodies
on chassis not owned
by the same enterprise)

Motor vehicle body
panels mfg (except
for truck or bus
bodies)
Motor vehicle engines
mfg (except motor
cycle engines)
Motor vehicle mfg
(except off-highway
trucks or motor
cycles or scooters)

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 32: TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
323		MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS - contd
	3231	MOTOR VEHICLES - contd
		Primary Activities - contd
		Motor vehicle parts or Truck chassis mfg equipment mfg (of the type covered by Class highway truck 3234, if produced in chassis)

3232 MOTOR VEHICLE BODIES, TRAILERS, CARAVANS

association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing, assembling or building motor vehicle bodies (including the assembly of bodies on motor vehicle chassis not owned by the same enterprise), truck or bus body panels, trailer chassis, complete car or truck trailers or caravans.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing motor vehicle body panels
(except for truck or bus bodies) are included in Class
3231; and (b) in manufacturing, assembling or building
bodies for transit concrete mixers or in manufacturing
off-highway trucks are included in Class 3362.

Primary Activities

Boat trailers mfg Bus bodies assembly (on chassis not owned by the same enterprise) Bus bodies mfg Bus body panels mfg Car trailers mfg Caravans mfg Caravan repair or fitting-out Crash tender bodies mfg Fire tender bodies mfg Motor vehicle bodies assembly (on chassis not owned by the same enterprise) Motor vehicle body conversion

Motor vehicle bodies mfg (incl. custom built) Stock crates mfg (for trucks, trailers or semi-trailers) Trailers, motor vehicle, mfg (incl. agricultural type trailers) Truck bodies assembly (on chassis not owned by the same enterprise) Truck bodies mfg Truck body panels mfg Truck trailer chassis mfg Truck trailers mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
323		MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS - contd
	3233	MOTOR VEHICLE INSTRUMENTS AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT N.E.C.
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing instruments, heaters or electrical parts or equipment (except batteries) for motor vehicles or tractors.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing motor vehicle batteries are included in Class 3356.

Primary Activities

Air conditioners, motor vehicle, mfg Alternators, internal combustion engine. mfg Demisters, motor vehicle, mfg Distributors, internal combustion engine, Electric herns, motor vehicle, mfg Generators, internal combustion engine, mfg Heaters, motor vehicle, mfg Ignition coils, internal combustion engine, mfg

Instruments, motor vehicle, mfg n.e.c. Light fittings, vehicle, mfg Motor vehicle electrical parts mfg (except batteries) Spark plugs mfg Starter motors, internal combustion engine, mig Turning indicators or switches, motor vehicle, mfg Voltage regulators, internal combustion engine, mfg Windscreen wipers mfg

3234 MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing motor vehicle parts or accessories n.e.c. or in reconditioning motor vehicle engines.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Group Class Title and Description
323 MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS - contd

3234 MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing motor vehicle springs are included in Class 3162; (b) both in manufacturing or assembling motor vehicles and manufacturing motor vehicle parts or equipment (of the type covered by this class, i.e. by Class 3234), or in manufacturing motor vehicle engines, motor vehicle body panels (except for truck or bus bodies) or bumper bars are included in Class 3231; (c) in manufacturing, assembling or building motor vehicle bodies or body panels for truck or bus bodies are included in Class 3232; (d) in manufacturing motor vehicle instruments, heaters, air conditioners or electrical parts or equipment (except batteries) are included in Class 3233; (e) in manufacturing motor vehicle batteries are included in Class 3356; (f) in manufacturing motor vehicle tyres or tubes are included in Class 3461; and (g) in reconditioning or rebuilding transmission or gearbox assemblies are included in Class 4861.

Primary Activities

Accessories, motor
vehicle, mfg (except
in association with
motor vehicle mfg at
the same establishment)
n.e.c.

Automatic motor vehicle transmission assemblies, complete, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Axles, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Brake components or parts, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Brake linings mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Carburettors, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Clutch assemblies, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Clutch parts, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Cylinder sleeves mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

Title and Description

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

Class

Group

SUBDIVISION 32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

323	MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS	- contd
3234	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS N.E.C	contd
	Primary Act	ivities - contd
	Gaskets, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Gearbox assemblies for motor vehicles, complete, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Gears, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Mirrors, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Motor vehicle engine reconditioning Motor vehicle parts mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) n.e.c. Mufflers, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Piston rings mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Pistons, motor vehicle engine, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Pistons, motor vehicle engine, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the	Radiators, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establish- ment) Roof racks, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Seat belts, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establish- ment) Shock absorbers, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Tow bars, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Transmission assemblies for motor vehicles, complete, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment) Wheels, motor vehicle, mfg (except in association with motor vehicle mfg at the same establishment)

same establishment)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
324		OTHER TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT

3241 SHIPS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in building, converting, refitting or repairing ships, barges, lighters or similar vessels of fifty tonnes displacement or over, or floating structures such as floating docks or drilling rigs. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing, repairing or reconditioning marine diesel inboard engines of 37kW brake power and over.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing, repairing or reconditioning
marine inboard engines (except inboard diesel engines
of 37kW brake power and over) or in manufacturing outboard
motors are included in Class 3369; and (b) in repairing
or reconditioning outboard motors are included in Class
4867.

Primary Activities

Floating docks mfg
Floating drilling
rigs mfg (incl.
self-propelled)
Marine diesel inboard
engines mfg or
repairing (37kW
brake power and
over)

Marine plumbing
Repair of ships
(incl. abrasive
blasting)
Ship breaking up
Ship building
Ship panels or
sections mfg

3242 BOATS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in building, converting, refitting or repairing boats or yachts under fifty tonnes displacement.

Primary Activities

Boat building (except inflatable) Repair of boats (except inflatable) Small crafts building (except inflatable) Yachts building

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

Gliders mfg

Guided missiles mfg

SUBDIVISION 32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descr	ription
droup	Olabb	II VIO MIN BOSON	110000
324		OTHER TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	- contd
	3243	RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK AND	LOCOMOTIVES
			tablishments mainly engaged in of railway locomotives, or g stock.
		Primary	Activities
		Diesel-electric locomotives mfg Electric locomotives mfg Locomotive tenders, railway, mfg Railway cars, trucks, vans or wagons mfg Railway locomotives mfg	Railway wagons assembly Repair of railway locometives or railway or tramway rolling stock Tramcars mfg Trolley cars, railway, mfg
	3244	AIRCRAFT	
			tablishments mainly engaged or repair of aircraft, or
		Primary Activities	
		Aircraft building Aircraft engines mfg Aircraft parts mfg n.e.c. Aircraft rebuilding	Helicopter parts mfg n.e.c. Helicopters mfg Repair of aircraft Target aircraft mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

32 : TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd

Class	Title and Description
	OTHER TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT - contd
	Class

3245 TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing motor cycles, motor scooters, bicycles, perambulators, wheelbarrows or other transport equipment n.e.c., or in manufacturing parts n.e.c. for such equipment. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing large wheeled toys predominantly of metal such as tricycles, dolls perambulators or pedal cars.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing shopping strollers, trolleys or
jeeps are included in Class 3162; and (b) in manufacturing laundry trolleys or basket carriers are included in
Class 3168.

Primary Activities

Air cushion vehicles mfgBaby carriages mfg (incl. metal parts) Bicycle frames mfg Bicycle parts or accessories mfg n.e.c. Bicycles mfg Childrens wheeled vehicles, metal, mfg Go-carts mfg (incl. chassis) Golf buggies mfg Hand trucks mfg Horse drawn vehicles mfg

Motor cycle engines Motor cycle parts mfg n.e.c. Motor cycles mfg Motor scooter parts mfg n.e.c. Motor scooters mfg Pedal cycles, metal, mfg Side-cars, motor cycle, mfg Tricycles, metal, mfg Trotting gigs mfg Wheelbarrows mfg Wheelchairs mfg Wheels, bicycle, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Class	Title and Description
334		PHOTOGRAPHIC, PROFESSIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT
	3341	PHOTOGRAPHIC AND OPTICAL GOODS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing photographic equipment or supplies (including sensitised photographic paper or chemicals) or optical instruments or equipment, or in grinding optical lenses.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing optical glass or blanks for lenses are included in Class 2850; (b) in processing photographic film are included in Class 3342; and (c) in grinding spectacle lenses or in manufacturing ophthalmic articles, including contact lenses, sunglasses, or spectacle or sunglass frames are included in Class 3481.

Primary Activities

Binoculars mfg Cameras or camera accessories mfg Drying presses, photographic, mig Field glasses mfg Flash guns mfg Gun sights, optical, mfg Magnifying glasses mfg Microfilm cameras mfg Microfilm projectors mfg Microscopes mfg Motion picture cameras mfg Motion picture projectors Ophthalmic instruments mfg Optical instruments or equipment mfg Optical lens grinding (except spectacle lens grinding) Photocopying machines mfg Photocopying paper, sensitised, mfg, cutting X-ray film mfg or packaging

Photographic developers or fixers mfg Photographic enlargers mig Photographic equipment mfg Photographic film or plates mfg Photographic light meters or range finders mig Photographic paper, sensitised, mfg Photographic projectors mfg Photostat machines mfg Screens, projecting, mfg Sensitised paper mfg Slide projectors mfg Slide viewers mfg Telescopes mfg Telescopic sights mfg Tripods, camera, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
334		PHOTOGRAPHIC, PROFESSIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT - contd
	3342	PHOTOGRAPHIC FILM PROCESSING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in developing, printing or other processing of motion picture or other photographic film.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in motion picture film production are included in Class 9131; and (b) in portrait or other photography

Primary Activities

Film, photographic,
processing
Home movies film
processing
Motion picture film
processing

are included in Class 9361.

Photofinishing
Photographic film
processing
Slides, photographic,
mfg

3343 MEASURING, PROFESSIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly ergaged in manufacturing measuring, draughting, meteorological, surveying, medical, surgical, dental or other professional or scientific instruments or equipment n.e.c., or watches, clocks or other timing instruments.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing optical instruments or equipment are included in Class 3341; (b) in manufacturing electronic controlling, measuring or testing instruments or equipment are included in Class 3352; (c) in manufacturing electricity measuring, testing or controlling instruments or equipment (e.g. voltmeters) are included in Class 3357; and (d) in manufacturing measuring devices used in metal working (e.g. micrometers, vernier calipers, etc.,) are included in Class 3367.

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 33: OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
334		PHOTOGRAPHIC, PROFESSIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT - contd
	3343	MEASURING, PROFESSIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENT N.E.C - contd

Primary Activities

Aircraft instruments mfg Alarm clocks mfg Artificial limbs mfg Barometers mfg Chronometers mfg Clocks mfg Colorimeters mfg Compasses mfg Dental alloys mfg Dental amalgams mfg Dental cement or plaster mfg Dental instruments or equipment mfg Dental wax mfg Dentists chairs mfg Dentists drills mfg Diagnostic apparatus mfg Draughting instruments mfg Echo-sounding equipment mfg Electric clocks mfg First aid equipment mfg Gas masks, surgical, medical or dental, Geiger counters mfg Hydrometers mfg Hygrometers mfg Hypodermic needles mfg Hypodermic syringes mfg Mathematical instruments mfg Measuring staffs, surveyors', mfg

Measuring instruments mfg n.e.c. Medical equipment mfg Medical instruments mfg Meteorological instruments Nautical instruments mfg Operating theatre equipment mfg Oxygen tents mfg Polariscopes mfg Pyrometers mfg Respirator filters mfg Respirators mfg Resuscitators mfg Scientific instruments or equipment mfg n.e.c. Sextants mfg Spectrometers mfg Spectroscopes mig Sterilising equipment, surgical, medical or dental, mfg Stethoscopes mig Surgical equipment mfg Surgical instruments mfg Surgical splints mfg Surgical trusses mfg Surveying instruments mfg Tachometers mfg Thermometers mfg Timing instruments mfg Veterinary instruments mfg Watch or clock parts mfg Watches mfg Watch straps, metal, mfg Wrist watches mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

3351 RADIO AND TV RECEIVERS; AUDIO EQUIPMENT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing radio receiving sets (except radio transceivers or radio telegraphic or telephonic receivers), television receiving sets, sound reproducing and/or recording equipment, headphones, hearing aids, phonograph records or pre-recorded magnetic tapes.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing television antennae or parts are included in Class 3168; (b) in manufacturing radio transceivers, radio telegraphic or telephonic receivers, radio or television broadcasting equipment (including studio apparatus n.e.c.), closed circuit television equipment or parts for radio, television or audio equipment are included in Class 3352; (c) in repairing record players, tape recorders, or radio or TV receivers are included in Class 4857; and (d) in installing or repairing car radios or cassette players are included in Class 4861.

Primary Activities

Amplifiers, audiofrequency, mfg
Car radics mfg
Earphones mfg
Gramophones mfg
Headphones mfg
Hearing aids mfg
Loudspeakers mfg
Magnetic tapes, prerecorded, mfg
(cassette, cartridge
or reel)
Microphones mfg
Phonographs mfg
Public address equipment mfg

Radio receiving sets mfg
Radiograms mfg
Record players mfg
Records, phonograph, mfg
Sound recording
equipment mfg
Sound reproducing
equipment mfg
Tape recorders mfg
Television receiving
sets mfg
Tuners, AM or FM, mfg
Turntables, phonograph,
mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd

3352 ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing communication, broadcasting or other electronic equipment or parts n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in installing or repairing radio or television broadcasting equipment, or telephone, telegraph or telex equipment are included in Class 4122; and (b) in installing or repairing business machines (including electronic computers) are included in Class 4734.

Primary Activities

Alarm systems, electric or electronic, mfg Amplitude modulation monitors mfg Burglar or fire alarm apparatus mfg Business machines, electronic, mfg Calculating machines, electronic, mfg Capacitors mfg Card punching machines mfg (computer peripherals) Card sorting machines mfg (computer peripherals) Cathode ray tubes mfg Central processing units, computer, mfg Central storage units, computer, mfg Channel tuners, television, mfg Citizens band radios Closed circuit television equipment Communications equipment mfg n.e.c.

Computers or data processors, electronic, mfg Condensers, radio, mfg Control equipment, electronic, mfg Data modem equipment mfg Diodes mfg Frequency modulation monitors mfg High frequency receiving or transmitting equipment mfg n.e.c. Integrated circuits mfg Intercom equipment mfg Line printers mfg (computer peripherals) Loudspeaker parts mfg Magnetic tapes mfg (except pre-recorded) Measuring or testing equipment, electronic, mfg Microphone parts mfg Navigational aids, electronic, mfg (except echo-sounders) Office machines, electronic, Oscillographs mfg Oscilloscopes mfg Piezo-electric crystals mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd
	3352	ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT N.E.C contd

Primary Activities - contd

Photoelectric relays or counters mfg Power packs mfg Printed circuit boards mfg Radar equipment mfg Radio broadcast studio equipment mfg n.e.c. Radio receivers, telegraphic or telephonic, mfg Radio remote control equipment mfg Radio transceivers mfg Radio transmitters mfg Rectifiers mfg (incl. rectifying assemblies) Relays or relay sets mfg (for radio, telegraph or telephone) Resistors mfg Semi-conductors mfg Switchboards, telephone or telegraph, mfg Telecommunications equipment mfg n.e.c.

Telegraph equipment mfg Telephone equipment mfg Teleprinter equipment Television cameras mfg Television studio equipment mfg n.e.c. Television screens or picture tubes mfg Television transmitters mfg Transistors mfg Tubes, radio, mfg Two-way radio equipment mfg Valve or tube testers, radio, mfg Visual display units mfg (computer peripherals) Wire recorders mfg Wireless communication equipment mfg n.e.c. X-ray equipment mfg X-ray tubes mfg

3353 REFRIGERATORS AND HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing refrigerators (including commercial refrigeration equipment), household appliances, room air conditioners or lawn mowers.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 33: OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group Class Title and Description

335 APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd

3353 REFRIGERATORS AND HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing water heating systems are included in Class 3354; (b) in manufacturing commercial or industrial space heating or air conditioning equipment are included in Class 3366; (c) in manufacturing commercial or industrial food processing machinery are included in Class 3368; (d) in undertaking plumbing work arising from the installation of appliances are included in Class 4242; (e) in undertaking electrical work arising from the installation of appliances are included in Class 4243; (f) in installing household, industrial or commercial heating, refrigeration or air conditioning equipment are included in Class 4244: and (g) in installing domestic electric appliances not requiring electrical work, or in repairing electrical appliances are included in Class 4857.

Primary Activities

Blankets, electric, mfg Carpet sweepers, electric, mfg Clothes driers, household, mfg Coffee making machines, electric, mfg Cold store refrigeration plant mfg or installation Compressors, refrigeration or air conditioning, mfg (incl. parts) Coolroom refrigeration plant mfg or installation Deep fryers, household, Dish washing machines, household, mfg Espresso coffee making machines mfg Fans, household electric, mfg Floor polishers, household, mfg

Food mixers, household electric, mfg Freezers mfg Frying pans, electric, Gas heating appliances, household, mfg Gas stoves, household, mfg Hair curlers, electric, mfg Hair driers, household, mfg Heaters, household, mfg Heating pads, electric, Household appliances mfg Ice making machines mfg Irons, household electric, mfg Kerosene heaters mfg Kettles or jugs, electric, mfg Lawn mowers mfg Milk coolers mfg Oil heaters, household, mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd
	3353	REFRIGERATORS AND HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES - contd

Primary Activities - contd

Ovens, household, mfg Percolators, household electric, mfg Polishing machines, household, mfg Portable stoves mfg Refrigerated shop or display counters mfg Refrigeration equipment, commercial, mfg Refrigerators mfg Room air conditioners Scissors, electric, mfg Sewing machines, household, mfg Shavers, electric, mfg

Space heaters, household, Spin driers, household, mfg Sprinklers, garden, mfg (domestic type) Stoves, household, mfg Toasters, household electric, mfg Vacuum cleaners, household, mfg Vending machines, refrigerated. mfg Wash boilers mfg Washing machines, household, mfg Water coolers mfg Water treatment equipment, household, mfg

WATER HEATING SYSTEMS 3354

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing industrial, commercial or household water heating systems, bath heaters, sink heaters or urns.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in installing hot water systems are included in Class 4242; and (b) in undertaking electrical work arising from the installation of hot water systems are included in Class 4243.

Primary Activities

Bath heaters mfg Cafe boilers mfg Hot water systems, industrial, commercial Urns, hot water, mfg or household, mfg Sink heaters mfg Solar water heating systems mfg

Swimming pool heating equipment mfg Water heaters, industrial, commercial or household, mfg n.e.c.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

STEDITTSTON

33 · OTHER MACHINERY AND FOITPMENT

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd
	3355	ELECTRIC AND TELEPHONE CABLE AND WIRE
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing electric or telephone cable, wire or strip, including stranded, braided or insulated non-ferrous wire, cable or strip.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in laying or installing electric or telephone cable or wire are included in Class 4122.
		Primary Activities
		Provided non-formance Ctmonded conductors wife

cable, wire or strip mfg Co-axial cable mfg Fuse wire mfg Insulated non-ferrous cable, wire or strip mfg Magnet winding wire mfg

Braided non-ferrous Stranded conductors mfg Stranded non-ferrous cable, wire or strip Telecommunications cable mfg Telephone wire or cable mfg Wire or cable, electric, mfg

3356 BATTERIES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing electric wet or dry cell storage batteries.

Primary Activities

Accumulators mfg Dry cell batteries mfg Electric batteries mfg

Motor vehicle batteries mfg Torch batteries mfg Wet cell batteries mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd	

3357 ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing electric motors, generators, light bulbs, tubes or fittings, electricity transmission or distribution equipment, switchgear, transformers or other electrical machinery, equipment, supplies or components n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing powder, paste or crystal soldering or welding flux.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing liquid soldering or welding flux are included in Class 2957; (b) in manufacturing motor vehicle or tractor electrical parts (except batteries) are included in Class 3233; (c) in manufacturing electric wet or dry cell storage batteries are included in Class 3356; and (d) in the installation (on-site assembly) of heavy electrical machinery are included in Class 4122.

Primary Activities

Ammeters mfg Arc welding equipment mig Armatures mfg Battery chargers mfg Bells, electric, mfg Brushes, carbon, mfg Bulbs or tubes, electric light, mfg Commutators, electrical, Condensers, electric, mfg (except radio) Control equipment, electrical, mfg Distribution boxes or boards, electricity, mfg Dynamos mfg n.e.c. Electric motors mfg n.e.c. Electric motors rewinding Electric plugs mfg (except spark plugs)

Electric sockets mfg Electrical equipment mfg n.e.c. Electrical instruments mfg n.e.c. Electrical machinery mfg n.e.c. Electrical supplies or components mfg n.e.c. Electricity distribution equipment mfg n.e.c. Electricity meters mfg Electricity wiring devices mfg Electrodes mfg Elements, electrical, Filament lamps, electric, Fittings, electric light, mfg n.e.c. Flashlight bulbs mfg Fluorescent light tubes mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
335		APPLIANCES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - contd
	3357	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT N.E.C contd

Primary Activities - contd

Flux, soldering or welding, mfg (powder, paste or crystal) Furnaces, electric, mfg (except space heaters) Fuses or cutouts mfg Galvanometers mfg Generators mfg n.e.c. Hair driers, electric, mfg (except household) Incandescent lamps, electric, mfg Lamp shades mfg (except glass) Lamp stands mfg Lamps, infra-red or ultra-violet, mfg Lightning arrestors mfg Magnetos mfg n.e.c. Magnets mfg Measuring or testing instruments, electricity, mfg Parking meters mfg Photographic lightbulbs mfg Potentiometers mfg Process control equipment, electrical, mfg Relays or relay sets mfg (except for radio, telegraph or telephone) Resistance boxes or standards mfg n.e.c. Rheostats mfg Searchlights mfg Signalling equipment, electrical, mfg n.e.c. Soldering irons, electrical, mfg Spot-welding equipment Spotlights mfg n.e.c. Starters or controllers, electrical, mfg n.e.c. Switchgear, electrical, mfg n.e.c. Time switches, electrical, mfg Traffic signals, electrical, mfg Transformers, chokes or ballasts, electrical power frequency, mfg Transformers mfg Transmission equipment, electricity, mfg Voltmeters mfg Wattmeters mfg Welding electrodes mfg Welding equipment, electrical, mfg Welding rods mfg

336

INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

3361 AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing agricultural machinery or equipment, or tractors for agricultural purposes (except crawler tractors).

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd	

3361 AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing agricultural type trailers are included in Class 3232; (b) in manufacturing crawler tractors are included in Class 3362; and (c) in repairing agricultural machinery or equipment, including tractors, are included in Class 4731.

Primary Activities

Agricultural implements mfg (except garden tools) Agricultural machinery or equipment mfg Bale or bag loaders, agricultural, mfg Balers mfg Cane cutting machinery mig Chaffcutters mfg Combines mfg Cultivators mig Farm machinery mfg Feed mixers mfg Feedmills mfg (for farms) Fertiliser spreaders mfg Fruit graders mfg Harrows mfg Harvesters mfg Haymaking machines mfg Headers mfg Incubators, poultry, mfg Irrigation equipment mfg (except domestic type sprinklers) Maize huskers, shellers or baggers mfg Milking machines mfg Plough shares mfg

Ploughs mfg Potato diggers mfg Potato planters mfg Power-spray dips mfg (for sheep or cattle) Rotary hoes mfg Scoops, mechanical, mfg (for agricultural purposes) Seed graders mfg Seeders mig Shearing machines, sheep, mfg Spray carts mig Spray-irrigation systems mfg Spraying equipment, agricultural, mfg Sprinklers, agricultural, mfg Strippers mfg Threshing machines mfg Tractor cabins mfg (for agricultural tractors, except crawler tractors) Tractors, agricultural, mfg (except crawler tractors) Vegetable graders mfg Weeding machines mfg Windmills mfg Wool presses mfg

DIVISION C : MANUFACT

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

3362 CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing construction or earthmoving machinery, equipment or attachments, or wheeled tractors for construction or earthmoving purposes, or crawler tractors.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in repairing construction or earthmoving machinery or equipment including tractors are included in Class 4731.

Primary Activities

Back hoes mfg Bitumen mixers or spreaders mfg Bodies mfg (for transit concrete mixers, truck type) Concrete mixers mfg Concrete spreaders or surfacers mfg Crawler tractors mfg Dozer attachments mfg (for construction or earthmoving machinery) Dozers, angle dozers, bulldozers, etc., mfg Drag lines mfg Drilling rigs mfg n.e.c. Earthmoving machinery mfg Excavating machinery mfg Front-end loaders mfg Graders, road, mfg Jack hammers mfg Loader attachments mfg (for construction or earthmoving machinery)

Off-highway trucks mfg Pneumatic drills mfg (for construction work) Post-hole diggers mfg Power shovels mfg Rippers or rooters mfg Rollers, road, mfg Scoops, mechanical, mig (fer construction or earthmoving purposes) Scrapers mfg (for construction or earthmoving purposes) Steamrollers mfg Tractor cabins mfg (for construction or earthmoving type tractors) Tractors mfg (for construction or earthmoving purposes) Trench diggers mfg Wheeled tractors mfg (for construction or earthmoving purposes)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group Class Title and Description		Title and Description
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd
	7767	MAGRICULATO HANDI TAGO DOLLITAMINI

3363 MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing forklift trucks, cranes, winches, hoists or hoisting equipment, conveyors or conveying systems or other materials handling equipment n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing tractors used for moving goods in warehouses, railway stations, airports etc., or tractors n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the erection or installation (including on-site fabrication) of structural steel components for overhead cranes, conveyor systems or similar structures are included in Class 4241.

Primary Activities

Capstans mfg (except
for lathes)
Conveyors or conveying
systems mfg
Cranes mfg
Derricks mfg
Forklift trucks mfg
Hoists or hoisting
equipment mfg
(except clothes
hoists)

Jacking equipment mfg
Pneumatic conveyor
systems mfg
Stacking machinery mfg
Store trucks,
motorised, mfg
Tractor cabins mfg
n.e.c.
Tractors mfg n.e.c.
Winches mfg

3364 WOOD AND METAL WORKING MACHINERY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing wood or metal working machinery or equipment, pneumatic or power operated wood or metal working handtools, or pneumatic or power operated hand tools n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing wood or metal working hand tools
(except pneumatic or power operated) are included in
Class 3161; (b) in manufacturing electrical welding
equipment are included in Class 3357; and (c) in
manufacturing dies, saw blades or machine tool accessories
are included in Class 3367.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd	
	3364	WOOD AND METAL WORKING MACHINERY - contd	

Primary Activities

Dovetailing machines mfg Drilling machinery, woodworking or metalworking, mfg mfg Drop hammers mfg Explosive powered tools mfg (except for construction work) Forging machinery mfg Foundry machinery mfg (except furnaces) Gear-cutting machines mfg Grinding machines, woodworking or metalworking, mfg Hacksaw machines mfg Hand tools, pneumatic or power operated, mfg n.e.c. Hand tools, woodworking or metal-working, mfg (pneumatic or power operated) Honing machines mfg Lapping machines mfg Lathes, woodworking or metal-working, mfg Machine presses, metalworking, mfg

Metal moulding machinery mfg Metal-working machinery mfg n.e.c. Drills, portable electric, Milling machines, metalworking, mfg Pneumatic tools mfg n.e.c. Power saws, woodworking or metal-working, mfg Presses, woodworking or metal-working, mfg Punching machines, metal-working, mfg Sanding machines, woodworking, mfg Saw benches mfg Screwdrivers, power operated, mfg Veneer peeling machinery Welding or cutting equipment, gas, mfg Wood moulding machinery mfg Wood pulverising machinery mfg Woodworking machinery mfg n.e.c.

3365 PUMPS AND COMPRESSORS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing air or gas compressors, pumps or pumping machinery (except refrigeration or air conditioning compressors or parts).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing refrigeration or airconditioning compressors or parts are included in Class 3353; and (b) in installing petrol bowsers are included in Class 4249 .

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group Class		Title and Description	
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND I	EQUIPMENT - contd
	3365	PUMPS AND COMPRESSORS - contd Primary Activities	
		Air compressors mfg Air pumps mfg	Pumping machinery mfg
		Gas compressors mfg (except refrigeration or air conditioning compressors) Petrol bowsers mfg	Pumps mfg Pumps, reciprocating, rotary, centrifugal or mercury vapour, mfg

3366 COMMERCIAL SPACE HEATING AND COOLING EQUIPMENT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing commercial or industrial space heating or air conditioning equipment (except room or motor vehicle air conditioners) or parts for such equipment (except duct work).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing duct work for air conditioning or space heating equipment are included in Class 3153;
(b) in manufacturing motor vehicle air conditioners are included in Class 3233; (c) in manufacturing room air conditioners or household space heaters are included in Class 3353; and (d) in installing household, commercial or industrial space heating equipment or air conditioning equipment (including duct work) are included in Class 4244.

Primary Activities

Air conditioning
equipment mfg
(except room or
motor vehicle air
conditioners)
Air dehumidifying
apparatus mfg

Odour control
equipment mfg
Space heating systems,
commercial or
industrial, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd	
	3367	DIES, SAW BLADES AND MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing dies, die sets, saw blades, machine tool accessories or attachments, or measuring devices used in machine moulding or shaping of materials. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in providing saw sharpening or reconditioning services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing hand tools (except power operated hand tools) are included in Class 3161; and (b) in manufacturing power operated wood or metal working hand tools are included in Class 3364.

Primary Activities

Chucks, machine tool, mfg Dies, forge, foundry or press, mfg Dies, metal-working, mfg (hand or machine tool) Gauges, metal-working, mfg conditioning service Jigs, metal-working machine tool, mfg Machine tool accessories mfg n.e.c.

Machine tool attachments or parts mfg n.e.c. Micrometers mfg Saw blades mfg Saw sharpening or re-Twist drills mfg Tyre matrixes mfg Vernier calipers mfg

3368 FOOD PROCESSING MACHINERY

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing commercial or industrial machinery used in the manufacture of food products.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing household food processing equipment or appliances or commercial, industrial or household refrigeration equipment are included in Class 3353.

Primary Activities

Agitating machinery mfg (food processing) Apple coring machines mfg Bacon cutting or slicing machines mfg

Bakery machinery mfg Biscuit making machinery mfg Bottling machines, food or drink, mfg Butchery machinery mfg Butter making machinery mfg

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION		33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd				
Group	Class	Title and Description				
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd				
	3368	FOOD PROCESSING MACHINERY - contd				
		Primary Activities - contd				
		Can or bottle washing machinery mfg (food processing) Can making or sealing machinery mfg (food or drink processing) Canning machinery, food or drink, mfg Cartoning machinery, food or drink, mfg Cheese making machinery mfg Confectionery making machinery mfg Cooking equipment mfg (except household) Crushing machinery mfg	Juice extractors, fruit or vegetable, mfg (except household) Milk clarifiers mfg Milk processing machinery mfg Mixing machines or plant mfg (food processing) Moulding machines, food, mfg Pasteurisers mfg (food processing) Power mincers mfg (food processing) Presses mfg (food processing) Presses mfg (food processing) Pulpers, egg, fruit or			

Distilling equipment, beverage, mfg

Filters mfg (food processing machinery)

Flour milling machinery mfg Food packing machinery mfg

Food processing or canning machinery mfg Grinding machines, food,

mfg Homogenisers mfg (food processing)

(food processing) vegetable, mine vegetable, mine sausage making machinery Saws, power, mfg (food processing) Slicing machinery, food, mfg Straining machinery, food, mfg Sugar processing machinery mfg Toasters, commercial electric, mfg Wrapping machines,

3369 INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing office, business or other industrial machinery or equipment (including ball or roller bearings) n.e.c. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in installing escalators or lifts, in manufacturing, repairing or reconditioning marine inboard engines (except inboard diesel engines of 37kW brake power and over), or in manufacturing marine outboard motors.

food, mfg

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd	

3369 INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing, repairing or reconditioning
marine diesel inboard engines of 37kW brake power and
over are included in Class 3241; (b) in manufacturing
electronic computers or electronic office or business
machines are included in Class 3352; (c) in manufacturing household appliances are included in Class 3353;
and (d) in repairing or reconditioning marine outboard
motors are included in Class 4867.

Primary Activities

Accounting machines mfg (except electronic) Acetylene gas generating machines mfg Adding machines mfg (except electronic) Addressing machines mfg Agitating machinery mfg n.e.c. Air filters mfg Amusement machines mfg Ball bearings mfg Bearings mfg Beer dispensing equipment mfg Bleaching machines mfg Blowers or exhausters, industrial, mfg Boiler firing units mfg Book presses mfg Bookbinding machines mfg Bottling machines mfg n.e.c. Brick making machinery mfg Burner units, industrial, gas or oil, mfg Business machines mfg (except electronic) Can making or sealing machinery mfg n.e.c. Can or bottle washing machinery mfg n.e.c.

Canning machinery mfg n.e.c. Carding machinery mfg Carnival or fairground equipment, mechanical, mfg Carton making machines mfg Cartoning machines mfg n.e.c. Cash registers mfg (except electronic) Cement making machinery mfg Chain saws mfg Chemical processing machinery mfg Cloth cutting machines mfg Coal cutters or loaders mfg Coin counters mfg Compression-ignition engines mfg n.e.c. Comptometers mfg Computing machines mfg (except electronic) Crushing machinery mfg n.e.c. Crystallisers, chemical plant, mfg Dating devices mfg Diesel engines mfg n.e.c. Distilling equipment, chemical, mfg

DIVISION C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 33: OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group Class		Title and Description		
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd		
	3369	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND E	EQUIPMENT N.E.C contd	
		Primary Acti	vities - contd	
		Drilling machinery mfg n.e.c. Dry cleaning machinery mfg Drying equipment, chemical plant, mfg Duplicating machines mfg (except photocopiers) Dust and fume collecting equipment, industrial, mfg Dyeing machines mfg Elevator installation Elevators or elevator parts mfg Embossing machines mfg Emgines, internal combustion, mfg n.e.c. Enveloping machines mfg Escalator installation Escalators or escalator parts mfg Evaporators, chemical plant, mfg Fans, industrial, mfg Filters, air, mfg n.e.c. Filters mfg n.e.c. Floor polishing or scrubbing machines mfg (except household) Food waste disposal units mfg Furnace burner units mfg Furnaces, industrial, mfg (except electric furnaces or space heaters) Gas burners, industrial, mfg	Gas engines mfg (except agricultural or motor vehicle) Gas generators mfg Gas purifiers, retorts or washers mfg Generators, gas, mfg Grinding machines mfg n.e.c. Guillotines mfg (except woodworking or metal— working) Gummed tape moisteners mfg Hairdressers equipment mfg n.e.c. Hosiery making machines mfg Industrial machinery or equipment mfg n.e.c. Ironing or pressing machinery, laundry, mfg (except household) Knitting machines mfg Laundry machinery mfg (except household) Leather working machinery mfg Letter folding machines mfg Lithographic platemaking equipment mfg Looms mfg Lubricating machinery mfg Magnetic or electrostatic separators mfg Marine engines mfg (except diesel inboard engines 37kW brake power and over)	

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION		33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQ	UIPMENT - contd
Group	Class	Title and Descr	ription
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND E	QUIPMENT - contd
	3369	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND E	QUIPMENT N.E.C contd
		Primary Acti	vities - contd
		Marine jet units mfg Mechanical stokers mfg Mechanical sweepers mfg (except household) Mimeographing machines mfg Mining machinery mfg (except earthmoving) Mixing machines or plant mfg n.e.c. Motors, internal combust- ion, mfg n.e.c. Moulding machines mfg n.e.c. Numbering machines mfg (except electronic) Oil burners, industrial, mfg Cil filters mfg Cre crushing machinery mfg Ore dressing machinery mfg Outboard motors mfg Outboard industrial mfg	Poker machines or parts mfg Polishing machines mfg (except household) Pottery machinery mfg Power mincers mfg n.e.c. Presses, mechanical, manual or hydraulic, mfg n.e.c. Pressure gauges mfg Printing machinery or equipment mfg Pulleys, metal, mfg Regulators, steam, mfg Repair or reconditioning of marine inboard engines (except diesel inboard engines 37kW brake power and over) Roller bearings mfg Rubber making or working machinery mfg Saws, power, mfg n.e.c. Scales or balances mfg Seed cleaning machinery mfg (inel ports)

Outboard motors mfg
Ovens, industrial, mfg
(except electric)
Packing or bottling

Packing or bottling machinery or equipment mfg n.e.c.

Paint making machinery mfg

Paint strainers mfg
Paper making machinery
or equipment mfg
Paperworking machinery

mfg
Pebble mills mfg
Perforating machines mfg
Petrol engines mfg n.e.c.

Plain bearings mfg

mfg (incl. parts)
Sewing machines,

industrial, mfg
Shoemaking machinery mfg
Sintered bearings mfg
Slicing machinery mfg
n.e.c.

Spinning machines mfg
Sporting machinery mfg
n.e.c.

Spraying machinery mfg (except agricultural) Staplers mfg Stationary internal

combustion engines mfg n.e.c.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 33 : OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
336		INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND E	QUIPMENT - contd
	3369	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND E	QUIPMENT N.E.C contd
		Primary Acti	vities - contd
		Steam hammers mfg Steam traps mfg Stereo or electrotyping equipment mfg Straining machinery mfg n.e.c. Tanning machinery mfg Tape dispensers, metal, mfg Taxi meters mfg Textile working machinery mfg Tile making machinery mfg Typewriters or type- writer attachments mfg Tyre retreading or repairing machinery mfg	Vacuum cleaners, commercial, mfg Vending machines mfg (except refrigerated) Vulcanising machinery mfg Water treatment equip- ment mfg (except household) Weighing machinery mfg Wheel alignment equip- ment, motor vehicle, mfg Wire tying machinery mfg Wire working machinery mfg Wrapping machines mfg n.e.c.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING

Group	Class	Title and Description	
345		LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	
	3451	LEATHER TANNING AND FUR DRESSING	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in tanning, currying, dressing, finishing, dyeing, embossing or japanning leather, animal skins or furs.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing fur or leather clothing are included in Class 2456; and (b) in manufacturing leather or substitute leather products n.e.c. are included in Class 3452.

Primary Activities

Bag leather mfg
Belt leather mfg
Bookbinders leather mfg
Case leather mfg
Chamois leather mfg
Composition leather mfg
Furs dressing or dyeing
Glove leather mfg
Harness leather mfg
Hides pickling, wet
blueing, tanning,
currying, dressing,
finishing or dyeing

Leather mfg
Leather tanning,
currying, dressing,
finishing or dyeing
Patent leather mfg
Skins pickling, tanning,
currying, dressing,
finishing or dyeing
Sole leather mfg
Suede leather mfg
Upholstery leather
mfg
Welting leather mfg

3452 LEATHER AND LEATHER SUBSTITUTE GOODS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing products of leather or leather substitutes such as machine belting, packing, saddlery, harness, bags, cases, handbags or wallets (except footwear or leather clothing).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing fur or leather clothing are
included in Class 2456; and (b) in manufacturing
footwear are included in Class 2460.

DIVISION C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION 34: MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
345		LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS - contd	

Primary Activities

3452 LEATHER AND LEATHER SUBSTITUTE GOODS N.E.C. - contd

Airways bags mfg Art leather work mfg Attache cases mfg Bags, leather or leather substitute, mfg Belts, leather or leather substitute, mfg (for clothing) Billfolds mfg Braces, clothing, mfg Brief cases, leather or leather substitute, mfg Camera cases mfg Canvas bags mfg (except water bags) Card cases, leather, Collars, dog, mfg Gadget bags mfg Golf bags mfg Handbags, ladies, mfg (incl. metal mesh handbags) Handles, leather or leather substitute, mfg Harness mfg Kitbags mfg Leashes, leather or leather substitute, mfg

Leather or leather substitute goods mfg n.e.c. Leather packing, industrial, mfg Leggings, leather, mfg Machine belting, leather or leather substitute, mfg Mail bags mfg Novelties, leather or leather substitute, mfg Portmanteaus mfg Purses mfg (incl. metal mesh purses) Razor strops mfg Saddles mfg Safety belts, leather, mfg School bags mfg Shopping bags mfg (except string or paper) Sporting bags mfg Suitcases mfg Toys, leather, mfg Travelling bags mfg Wallets mfg (incl. metal mesh wallets) Washers, leather, mfg Watchstraps, leather or leather substitute, mfg Whips, leather, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
346		RUBBER PRODUCTS	

3461 RUBBER TYRES, TUBES, BELTS, HOSE AND SHEETS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing rubber tyres (except solid or semi-pneumatic), tubes, belting, hose, sheeting or tread rubber. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in tyre reconditioning (including retreading, recapping or rerubbering).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing rubber soling dough are included in Class 2768; (b) in manufacturing solid or semi-pneumatic rubber tyres, or rubber tubing (except hose) are included in Class 3462; and (c) in repairing (except recapping or retreading) tyres are included in Class 4868.

Primary Activities

Belting, rubber, mfg
Conveyor belting,
rubber, mfg
Ground sheets, rubber,
mfg
Hose, rubber, mfg
(except tubing)
Motor vehicle tyres
or tubes mfg
Sheeting, rubber, mfg
Soling sheets, rubber
or rubber
composition, mfg

Textile fabrics, rubber coated, mfg
Tread rubber mfg (camelback)
Tubes, rubber, mfg (for pneumatic tyres)
Tyres, pneumatic rubber, mfg (except semipneumatic)
Tyres, rubber, retreading or recapping
V belts, rubber, mfg

3462 RUBBER PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing rubber toys, footwear components, mattresses, floor coverings, hot water bottles, stationers bands or other rubber products n.e.c.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
346		RUBBER PRODUCTS - contd

3462 RUBBER PRODUCTS N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing rubber clothing are included in Class 2452; (b) in manufacturing rubber footwear are included in Class 2460; (c) in manufacturing rubber adhesives, glues or soling dough are included in Class 2768; and (d) in manufacturing rubber hose or rubber coated textile fabrics are included in Class 3461.

Primary Activities

Balloons, rubber, mfg Bathing caps, rubber, mfg Boats, inflatable, mfg Cushions or pillows, rubber, mfg Dinghies, inflatable, mfg Erasers, rubber, mfg Floor coverings, rubber, mfg Footwear components, rubber or rubber composition, mfg Gloves, rubber, mfg Handles, rubber, mfg Hot water bottles, rubber, mfg Mats, rubber, mfg Mattresses, rubber, mfg

Rubber products mfg n.e.c. Rubber reclaiming Soles or heels, cut or moulded rubber or rubber composition, mfg Sponge or foam rubber mfg Stationers bands, rubber, mfg Tiles, rubber, mfg Toys, rubber, mfg Tubing, rubber, mfg (except hose) Tyres, solid or semipneumatic rubber, mfg Valves, rubber, mfg Washers, rubber, mfg Water bottles, rubber, mfg

347 PLASTIC AND RELATED PRODUCTS

3471 FLEXIBLE PACKAGING AND ABRASIVE PAPERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing flexible plastic sheeting, plastic coated paper, paperboard or metal foil (including non-bituminous laminations of these materials in various combinations), bags, packets or similar containers of these materials, pressure sensitive adhesive tapes (excluding surgical tapes) or abrasive coated papers or textiles.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
347		PLASTIC AND RELATED PRODUCTS - contd

3471 FLEXIBLE PACKAGING AND ABRASIVE PAPERS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing adhesive surgical tapes are
included in Class 2356; (b) in manufacturing paper
bags or woven plastic bags or sacks are included in
Class 2632; (c) in manufacturing gummed (liquid
activated) adhesive tapes are included in Class 2635;
(d) in manufacturing bitumen or tar treated papers,
felts or foils (including laminated or impregnated) or
bituminised building or packaging papers are included
in Class 2780; and (e) in manufacturing rigid plastic
sheeting (including decorative laminated plastic
sheeting) are included in Class 3472.

Primary Activities

Abrasive coated papers or textiles mfg Adhesive friction tapes mfg Adhesive tapes, pressure sensitive, mfg (except surgical) Aluminium foil bags or packets mfg Aluminium foil sheeting, plastic coated, mfg Bags, sacks or packets, plastic film or sheeting, mfg Building paper or paperboard, non-bituminised, Cellulose acetate film or flexible sheeting mfg Cellulose film, polythene coated, mfg Cellulose viscose film or flexible sheeting mfg Emery cloth mfg Film sheeting, plastic, mfg Film sheeting, vinyl chloride, mfg

Flexible packaging mfg n.e.c. Flexible plastic sheeting mfg Glass paper mfg Laminated sheeting of plastic with paper or metal foil mfg Laminates of paper or paperboard and metal foil, nonbituminous, mfg Metal foil bags or packets mfg Metal foil sheeting, plastic coated, mfg Multiwall bags, sacks or packets, mfg (except entirely of paper or of paper and textiles) Paper or metal foil sheeting, plastic coated, mfg Paperboard, plastic coated, mfg Pressure sensitive tapes mfg (except surgical)

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
347		PLASTIC AND RELATED PRODUCTS - contd
	3472	RIGID PLASTIC SHEETING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing rigid plastic sheeting including plastic decorative laminated sheeting, plastic boards or panels or fibreglass reinforced sheeting.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing decorative plastic laminates on boards or other substrates are included in Class 2533.
		Primary Activities
		Fibreglass reinforced Plastic sheeting, sheeting, rigid, mfg rigid, mfg Laminated decorative plastic sheets, rigid, mfg

3473 HARD SURFACE FLOOR COVERINGS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing hard surface floor coverings n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing cork floor coverings are included in Class 2538; and (b) in manufacturing rubber floor coverings are included in Class 3462.

Primary Activities

Floor coverings, enamel Hard surface floor printed felt base, mfg Floor coverings, linoleum or plastic, mfg

coverings mfg n.e.c. Tiles, linoleum or plastic, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
3.17		PLASTIC AND RELATED PRODUCTS - contd	

3474 PLASTIC PRODUCTS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing plastic sponge, foam or blocks, moulded plastic products (including moulded plastic toys, containers or footwear components) or other plastic or fibreglass products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing man-made fibres, yarns or
monofilaments are included in Class 2343; (b) in
manufacturing fibreglass fabrics are included in Class
2344; (c) in manufacturing moulded plastic footwear
are included in Class 2460; and (d) in manufacturing
furniture wholly or predominantly of plastic are
included in Class 2541.

Primary Activities

Awnings, fibreglass, Baths, plastic, mfg Blocks, plastic, mfg Bobbins, plastic, mig Bottle tops, plastic, mfg Bottles, plastic, mfg Boxes, plastic, mfg Buckets, plastic, mfg Buttons, plastic, mfg Canisters, plastic, mfg Cans, plastic, mfg Closures, plastic, mfg Clothes pegs, plastic, Coat hangers, plastic, mfg Containers, moulded plastic, mfg Conveyor belting, plastic, mfg Cups, plastic, mfg Dies mfg (of plastic material)

Electrical or electronic equipment components, plastic, mfg Fibreglass products mfg n.e.c. Flowers, artificial, mfg Foam, plastic, mfg Foam products, plastic, mfg Footwear components, plastic, mfg Garbage bins, plastic, mfg Garden hose, plastic, mfg Gloves, disposable plastic, mfg Hair rollers, plastic, mfg Hose, pipe or conduit, plastic, mfg Household or commercial appliance components, plastic, mfg Kitchenware, plastic, mfg Light diffusers, plastic, mfg Motor vehicle seat covers, plastic, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
347		PLASTIC AND RELATED PRODUCTS - contd	
	3474	PLASTIC PRODUCTS N.E.C contd	

Primary Activities - contd

Moulded plastic products mfg (except footwear or furniture) n.e.c. Novelties, plastic, mfg Pen barrels, plastic, mfg Pencil barrels, plastic, Pipe fittings or unions, plastic, mfg Pipes, plastic, mfg Plastic products mfg n.e.c. Radio cabinets, plastic, mfg Rods, plastic, mfg Sausage skins, plastic, Screening or netting, plastic or fibreglass, mfg (incl. insect screening)

Sections, extruded plastic, mfg (except monofilaments) Sinks or tubs, plastic, mfg Slide fasteners mfg Sponge, plastic, mfg Tableware, plastic, mfg Teeth, plastic, mfg Television cabinets. plastic, mfg Textile fabrics, plastic coated, mfg Toilet cisterns, plastic, mfg Toys, plastic, mfg Transportation equipment components, plastic, mfg Wall coverings, plastic, mfg (except tiles) Wash basins, plastic, mfg Wire products plastic coating

348

OTHER MANUFACTURING

3481 OPHTHALMIC ARTICLES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ophthalmic articles (including contact lenses, sunglasses, or spectacle or sunglass frames) or in grinding spectacle lenses.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing protective eyewear n.e.c. are
included in Class 2456; (b) in manufacturing optical
glass or blanks for lenses are included in Class 2850;
(c) in manufacturing optical or ophthalmic instruments
or in grinding optical lenses (except spectacle lenses)
are included in Class 3341; and (d) in testing sight,
diagnosing sight defects or dispensing spectacles or
contact lenses are included in Class 8154.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
348		OTHER MANUFACTURING - con-	td
	3481	OPHTHALMIC ARTICLES - con	td
		Primary Act	ivities
		Contact lenses mfg Ophthalmic articles mfg Spectacle frames mfg	Spectacle lens grinding Sunglass frames mfg Sunglasses mfg

3482 JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing jewellery or silverware (using precious metals, precious or semi-precious stones or pearls), or in cutting or polishing precious or semi-precious stones. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing costume jewellery.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing silver or gold plated cutlery are included in Class 3161.

Primary Activities

Costume jewellery mfg
Cutlery, silver or
gold, mfg (except
plated)
Diamonds or other
precious stones
cutting or setting
Gems cutting or setting
Gold plated ware mfg
(except cutlery)
Goldsmithing

Jewellery chain mfg
Jewellery mfg
Lapidary work
Pearl jewellery mfg
Religious silver
or goldware mfg
Silver plated ware
mfg (except
cutlery)
Silversmithing
Silverware mfg

3483 BROOMS AND BRUSHES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing brooms or brushes (including brushes used as attachments to machinery or appliances), or coir mats or matting.

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd.

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd.

Group	Class	Title and Description			
348		OTHER MANUFACTURING - c	ontd.		
	3483	BROOMS AND BRUSHES - co	ntd.		
		Primary Ac	tivities		
	3484	manufacturing electrica	establishments mainly engaged ir l, mechanical, cutout or plate		
		ticket writing on a cus	splays, or in signwriting or tom or order basis.		
		Primary Activities			
		Advertising displays or signs mfg Advertising signs painting Electric signs mfg	Nameplates mfg Neon signs mfg Signwriting Ticket writing		
	3485	SPORTING EQUIPMENT			
			establishments mainly engaged in equipment (except clothing,		

transport equipment or footwear).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing sports clothing are included in
the appropriate classes of Subdivision 24; (b) in
manufacturing sports footwear are included in Class 2460;
(c) in manufacturing golf buggies or bicycles are
included in Class 3245; (d) in manufacturing sporting
machinery n.e.c. are included in Class 3369; and
(e) in manufacturing sporting bags are included in
Class 3452.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
348		OTHER MANUFACTURING - contd
	3485	SPORTING EQUIPMENT - contd

Primary Activities

Archery equipment mfg Artificial bait mfg Badminton equipment mfg Balls, sport or game, mfg Baseball equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Basketballs mfg Beach tennis sets mfg Billiard tables mfg Bowls, lawn, ten-pin or carpet, mfg Boxing gloves mfg Clay pigeons mfg Cricket equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Cricket gloves mfg Darts or dartboards mfg Exercising machines mfg Fishing equipment mfg Football equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Game calls or lures mfg

Golf equipment mfg n.e.c. Gymnasium equipment mfg Hang gliders mfg Hockey equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Lawn bowling equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Nets, sport or game, mfg Racquet strings mfg Skates, roller or ice, mfg Skin diving equipment mfg (except wet suits) Skis mfg Softball equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Sporting equipment mfg (except clothing or footwear) Sports gloves mfg Squash equipment mfg Surfboards mfg Table tennis equipment mfg Targets, archery or rifle, mfg Tennis equipment mfg

3486 WRITING AND MARKING EQUIPMENT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing writing or marking instruments such as pens, pencils, crayons, rubber or metal stamps or stamp pads, or in manufacturing carbon paper or typewriter ribbon.

DIVISION

C: MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
348		OTHER MANUFACTURING - cor	ntd
	3486	WRITING AND MARKING EQUIP	PMENT - contd
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Ball point pen refills mfg (except ink) Ball point pens mfg Carbon paper mfg Chalks, writing or marking, mfg Crayons mfg Fountain pens mfg	Pen nibs mfg Pencils mfg Pens mfg Rubber stamps mfg Stamp pads mfg Stencil sets mfg Typewriter ribbon mfg
	3487	MANUFACTURING N.E.C.	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing musical instruments, umbrellas or walking sticks, wigs or other manufactured products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in cleaning or grading seed on a fee or contract
basis are included in Class 0206; (b) in manufacturing
partly processed surgical gut are included in Class 2115;
and (c) in manufacturing textile surgical sutures are
included in Class 2356.

Primary Activities

Architectural model making Beach umbrellas mfg Feather milling Frames, umbrella or parasol, mfg Guitars mfg Handles, umbrella or parasol, mfg Hobby equipment mfg n.e.c. Manufacturing n.e.c. Manures or fertilisers mfg n.e.c. Mouth organs mfg Musical instrument strings mfg

Musical instruments mfg Novelties mfg n.e.c. Organs mfg Ornaments mfg n.e.c. Painting of manufactured products n.e.c. Parasols mfg Piano accordions mfg Pianos mfg Seed, cleaned or graded, mfg (from seed purchased or transferred in) Steam or hot water supply Straw plaits mfg Surgical gut, finished, mfg

DIVISION

C : MANUFACTURING - contd

SUBDIVISION

34 : MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
348		OTHER MANUFACTURING - con-	td
	3487	MANUFACTURING N.E.C con	ntd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Sutures, surgical, mfg (except textile) Tents, childrens toy, mfg Toys or games mfg n.e.c. Umbrellas mfg	Vacuum flasks, complete, mfg Violins mfg Walking sticks mfg Wigs mfg

DIVISION D : ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in the generation, transmission or distribution of electricity; the manufacture of town gas from coal and/or petroleum or the distribution of manufactured town gas, natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas through a mains reticulation system; the storage, purification or supply of water; or the operation of sewerage or stormwater drainage systems including sewage treatment plants.

DIVISION

D : ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER

SUBDIVISION

36 : ELECTRICITY AND GAS

Group	Class	Title and Description
361		ELECTRICITY
	3610	ELECTRICITY
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the generation, transmission or distribution of electricity.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the construction, repair or maintenance of electricity transmission towers or lines, power station buildings or water storage dams are included in Class 4122.
		Primary Activities
		Electricity distribution Electricity generation Electricity supply Sub-station operation (electricity supply)
362		GAS
	3620	GAS
	<i>J</i>	This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the manufacture of town gas from coal and/or petroleum or in the distribution of manufactured town gas, natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas through a system of mains, including pipelines operated on own account.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in treating natural gas to produce purified natural gas or liquefied hydrocarbon gases, or operating natural gas absorption or separation plants are included in Class 1300; (b) in manufacturing liquefied petroleum gases in conjunction with petroleum refining are included in Class 2770; (c) in manufacturing metallurgical coke, gas (as a coke oven by-product), or ammoniacal liquor are included in Class 2941; (d) in construction, repair or maintenance of gas mains are included in Class 4122; (e) in wholesaling or retailing liquefied petroleum gas in bottles or bulk (except through a mains system) are included in Class 4741; and (f) in operating pipelines for the transport of gas on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 5500.

DIVISION

D : ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER - contd

SUBDIVISION

36 : ELECTRICITY AND GAS - contd

Froup	Class	Title	e and Description
362		GAS - contd	
	3620	GAS - contd	

Primary Activities

Coke mfg (except
metallurgical coke)
Fuel gas distribution
(through mains
system)
Gas, coal,
distribution
(through mains
system)
Gas, liquefied
petroleum, distribution (through
mains system)

Gas, liquefied petroleum, reforming (for distribution through mains system)
Gas, natural, distribution (through mains system)
Town gas mfg and/or distribution through mains system (incl. mixtures of manufactured and town gas)

DIVISION

D : ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER - contd

SUBDIVISION

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
370		WATER, SEWERAGE AND DRAIN	AGE
	3701	WATER SUPPLY	
			tablishments mainly engaged in or distribution of water or ystems.
			stablishments mainly engaged in r of water storage dams, mains ncluded in Class 4122.
		Primary Act	ivities
		Dams operation (water supply or irrigation) Desalination plant operation (water supply) Filtration plant operation (water supply) Irrigation systems operation	Pumping station operation (water supply or irrigation) Reservoirs operation (water supply or irrigation) Water supply systems operation

3702 SEWERAGE AND STORMWATER DRAINAGE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating sewerage or stormwater drainage systems or sewage treatment plants.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the construction or repair of sewerage or stormwater drainage systems are included in Class 4122.

Primary Activities

Drainage systems operation (town or stormwater) Pumping station operation (sewerage)

Sewage treatment plant operation Sewerage systems operation Stormwater drainage systems operation

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in constructing buildings (including the on-site assembly and erection of prefabricated buildings), roads, railroads, aerodromes, irrigation projects, harbour or river works, water, gas, sewerage or stormwater drains or mains, electricity or other transmission lines or towers, pipelines, oil refineries or other specified civil engineering projects. In general, establishments mainly engaged in the repair of buildings or of other structures are also included in this Division, as are those engaged in the alteration or renovation of buildings, preparation of mine sites, demolition or excavation. Establishments mainly engaged in organising or managing these kinds of work (e.g. establishments mainly engaged in providing construction project management services) are included in this Division. However, establishments mainly engaged in providing architectural supervision or consultant engineering services are not included though they may be involved in supervising construction work; such establishments are included in Division I. Units of the defence forces, engaged in construction activities, are not included in this Division; the defence forces are included in Division J.

Establishments mainly engaged in certain specified installation activities such as installation of heating and air conditioning equipment, on-site assembly of boilers, installation of fire alarm systems, blinds and awnings, petrol bowsers or electrical wiring, or in special building or construction trades such as structural steel erection, carpentry, bricklaying, concreting, plumbing, painting, plastering, floor and wall tiling or roof tiling as well as the installation or laying of floor coverings such as carpets or linoleum, are included in this Division. However, not all establishments mainly engaged in installing goods are included in this Division, e.g. establishments mainly engaged in glazing are included in Class 4728 in Division F, those mainly engaged in installing household appliances (not requiring electrical or plumbing work in order to be installed) are included in Subdivision 48 in Division F, while establishments mainly engaged in installing lifts, escalators, factory assembled boilers, shop fronts or "built-in" furniture are included in Division C. The concepts and rules underlying the treatment of installation activities are discussed more fully in Chapter 5 of the Classification.

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION

SUBDIVISION

41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

Group	Class	Title and Description
411		BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
	4111	HOUSE CONSTRUCTION
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the construction of houses or in carrying out alterations, additions or general renovation or repairs to houses, or in organising or managing these activities.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in off-site production or manufacture of prefabricated buildings or building components are included in the appropriate classes of Division C, Manufacturing; (b) in providing special trade repair services such as electrical or plumbing repair are included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 42, Special Trade Construction; and (c) in providing architectural or building consultancy services (except organising or managing building or construction projects) are included in the appropriate classes in

Primary Activities

Division I, Finance, Property and Business Services.

Alteration or addition
to houses
House building
House construction,
alteration, renovation
or general repair

Houses, prefabricated,
assembly, erection or
installation (on-site)
Project management
(house construction)
Repair or renovation of
houses (general service)

4112 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the construction of residential buildings (except houses, or such commercial or public buildings as hotels, hostels, hospitals and the like), in carrying out alterations, additions or general renovation or repairs to such buildings, or in organising or managing their construction.

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION 41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
411		BUILDING CONSTRUCTION - contd

4112 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION N.E.C. - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in off-site production or manufacture of prefabricated buildings or building components are included in the appropriate classes in Division C, Manufacturing; (b) in the construction of commercial or public buildings such as hotels, hostels, hospitals and the like are included in Class 4113; (c) in providing special trade repair services, such as electrical or plumbing repair are included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 42, Special Trade Construction; and (d) in providing architectural or building consultancy services (except organising or managing building or construction projects) are included in the appropriate classes in Division I, Finance, Property and Business Services.

Primary Activities

Alteration or addition
to residential
buildings n.e.c.
Apartment building
construction
Duplex houses
construction
Flats construction
Highrise flats
construction

Home units construction
Project management
 (residential building
 construction n.e.c.)
Repair or renovation of
 residential buildings
 (general service)
 n.e.c.
Semi-detached housing
 construction

4113 NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the construction of non-residential buildings (including also hotels, motels, hostels and institutional buildings such as hospitals, prisons, etc), in carrying out alterations, additions or general renovation or repairs to such buildings, or in organising or managing their construction.

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION 41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
411		BUILDING CONSTRUCTION - contd

4113 NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in off-site production or manufacture of
prefabricated buildings or building components are
included in the appropriate classes in Division C,
Manufacturing; (b) in providing special trade repair
services such as electrical or plumbing repair are
included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 42,
Special Trade Construction; and (c) in providing
architectural or building consultancy services (except
organising or managing building or construction
projects) are included in the appropriate classes in
Division I, Finance, Property and Business Services.

Primary Activities

Alteration or addition to non-residential buildings Commercial buildings construction Factory buildings construction Hospital buildings construction Hostels construction Hotels construction Industrial buildings construction Institutional buildings construction Motels construction Non-residential buildings construction Office block construction

Prefabricated nonresidential buildings assembly, erection or installation (on-site: except sheds, garages or car ports) Prison buildings construction Project management (nonresidential building construction) Religious buildings construction Repair or renovation of non-residential buildings (general service) School buildings construction Theatre buildings construction Warehouses construction

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION

41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - comtd

Group	Class	Title and Description
412	NON-BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	

4121 ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the construction or general repair of roads, bridges, aerodrome runways or parking lots or in organising or managing their construction. The quarrying of earth, soil or filling or other construction materials carried out in conjunction with road or bridge construction by the same establishment is included in this class.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in manufacturing bituminous surfacing materials
(except hot-mix bituminous paving) are included in
Class 2780; (b) in the construction of tunnels for
any purpose are included in Class 4122; and (c) in
providing special trade repair services, or in undertaking special trade construction of component parts of
roads or bridges, e.g. in construction of kerbs or
gutters only or in installing electrical wiring for
traffic lights, are generally included in the appropriate
classes in Subdivision 42, Special Trade Construction.

Primary Activities

Aerodrome runway
construction
Asphalt surfacing
Bridges construction
(incl. construction
from prefabricated
components)
Elevated highways
construction
Footpaths construction
(except concrete)
Highways construction
Hot-mix bituminous
paving mfg and/or
laying

Overpasses construction
Parking lot construction
(except buildings)
Project management (road
or bridge construction)
Repair or maintenance
of roads or bridges
Road construction or
sealing
Road sub-base or fill
quarrying (in conjunction
with road construction)
Viaducts construction

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION 41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
412		NON-BUILDING CONSTRUCTION - contd	

4122 NON-BUILDING CONSTRUCTION N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the construction of railway permanent way, dams, irrigation systems, harbour or riverworks, water or gas supply systems, oil refineries (except buildings), pipelines or other construction projects n.e.c., in the on-site assembly of boilers, furnaces or heavy electrical machinery from prefabricated components, in the installation of commercial radio or television broadcasting equipment or of telephone or telegraph equipment, in the general repair of such structures, machinery or equipment, or in organising or managing such construction work.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in the installation of factory assembled commercial or industrial boilers are included in Class 3166;
(b) in the erection or installation (including on-site fabrication) of metal silos, reservoirs or storage tanks are included in Class 4241; (c) in the installation of hot water systems are included in Class 4242; and (d) in providing special trade repair services, or in undertaking special trade construction of component parts for canals, dams, etc., e.g. in constructing stone retaining walls only or in constructing or repairing fences only, are generally included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 42, Special Trade Construction.

Primary Activities

Boilers construction (on-site assembly from prefabricated components) Bowling greens construction Breakwaters construction Cable laying Canals construction Dams construction Distribution lines. electricity or communication, construction Docks construction (except buildings or floating docks)

Electrical machinery, heavy, installation (on-site assembly) Flood control systems construction Furnaces construction (for industrial plants from prefabricated components) Golf courses construction Harbour works construction (except buildings) Irrigation systems construction Jetties construction Kilns construction Lake construction

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION 41 : GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group Class Title and Description

412 NON-BUILDING CONSTRUCTION - contd

4122 NON-BUILDING CONSTRUCTION N.E.C. - contd

Primary Activities - contd

Landscape gardening Mains construction (water, gas or sewerage) Mine site construction n.e.c. Oil refineries construction (except buildings) Ovens construction (for industrial plants) Piers construction Pile driving Pipe laying Pipelines construction Project management (nonbuilding construction n.e.c.) Radio or television broadcasting equipment, commercial, installation Railway permanent way construction Reservoirs construction River works construction Sewage treatment plants construction Sewerage drains or systems construction Sports fields construction

Stormwater drains construction Subway construction (rail) Swimming pools, below ground concrete or fibre glass, construction Telephone, telegraph or telex equipment installation Television transmitting towers construction Tennis courts construction Tram permanent way construction Transmission lines, communications. construction (incl. towers) Transmission lines, electricity, construction (incl. towers) Tunnels construction Water supply or distribution systems construction Water tank construction (except of structural steel) Water towers construction Waterways construction Wharf construction

(except wharf buildings)

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION		42 : SPECIAL TRADE CON	ISTRUCTION	
Group	Class	Title and	l Description	_
423	4231	CONCRETING, BRICKLAYI	ING AND TILING TRADES	
	44 J le	This class consists o	of establishments mainly engaged concrete pouring or other concrete projects.	
		Primary Activities		
		Concrete pumping Concrete work on construction project Concreting Footpaths, concrete, construction Foundations, concrete construction	gutters or other concrete structural products	
	4232	BRICKLAYING		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engage in bricklaying or concrete block laying.		
		Primary	y Activities	
		Bricklaying Concrete block	Repair of brickwork Stonework on	

laying

construction projects

4233 ROOF TILING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in roof tiling.

Primary Activities

Roof tiling

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION		42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUC	CTION - contd
Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
423		CONCRETING, BRICKLAYING AN	ND_TILING_TRADES - contd
	4234	FLOOR AND WALL TILING	
			tablishments mainly engaged in concrete or cut stone wall
			stablishments mainly engaged other tiles or floor coverings
		Primary Acti	vities
		Floor tiling (using ceramic, concrete or cut stone tiles) Mosaic work on construction projects	Tile laying or setting (using ceramic, concrete or cut stone tiles) Wall tiling (using ceramic, concrete or cut stone tiles)
424		OTHER SPECIAL TRADES =	
	4241	STRUCTURAL STEEL ERECTION	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the erection (including on-site fabrication) of metal silos, storage tanks or structural steel components for buildings or other structures such as bridges, overhead cranes or electricity transmission towers.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the construction of complete structures such as buildings, bridges, towers or oil refinery plant (which incorporate structural steel components) are included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 41, General Construction.

Primary Activities

Reinforcing steel erection Silos, metal, erection Storage tanks, metal, erection

Structural steel erection Trusses or joists, steel, erection Welding work on construction projects

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION AO . COMOTAT MDADE CONCUDITON

SUBDIVISION		42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION - contd
Group	Class	Title and Description
424	4242	OTHER SPECIAL TRADES - contd PLUMBING
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in plumbing or draining (except sewerage or stormwater drains construction) or septic tank installation. Plumbing work arising from the installation of appliances is included in this class.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the construction of sewerage or stormwater drains are included in Class 4122.
		Primary Activities

Drains construction, Gas appliance repair Gas plumbing lation or repair

cains construction,
cleaning or repairing installation
(except sewerage or Plumbing (except marine)
Repair of installed Septic tank installation Guttering, roof, instal- Solar hot water systems installation

4243 ELECTRICAL WORK

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the installation of electrical wiring or fittings in buildings or other construction projects. Electrical work arising from the installation of appliances is included in this class.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in installing domestic electrical appliances not requiring electrical work or in repairing electrical appliances are included in Class 4857.

Primary Activities

Domestic exhaust fans installation Electric light or power installation Electric wiring installation on construction projects

Electrical work on construction projects Repair or maintenance of electrical wiring (except of electricity transmission or distribution lines)

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION

42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
424		OTHER SPECIAL TRADES - contd

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING 4244

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the installation of household, industrial or commercial heating, refrigeration or air conditioning equipment or in the installation of air conditioning ductwork.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing air conditioning ductwork are included in Class 3153; (b) in the on-site assembly of industrial furnaces from prefabricated components are included in Class 4122; and (c) in installing motor vehicle air conditioning equipment are included in Class 4861.

Primary Activities

Air conditioning ductwork installation
Air conditioning equipment installation air conditioning equipment)

Heating equipment installation (except industrial furnaces) Oil heaters installation (except motor vehicle Refrigeration equipment installation Ventilation equipment installation n.e.c.

4245 PLASTERING AND PLASTER FIXING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in plastering, plaster fixing or finishing.

Primary Activities

Cement rendering of buildings Fibrous plaster fixing Plaster work on or finishing

Plasterboard fixing or finishing construction projects

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION

42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
424		OTHER SPECIAL TRADES - contd	
	4246	CARPENTRY	
		This class consists of esta in carpentry work or the fi construction projects.	ablishments mainly engaged ixing of wooden formwork on
		in the installation (except	t-in cabinets, cupboards or
		Primary Activities	
		Carpentry work on construction projects Flooring, wooden, fixing Formwork, wooden, fixing	Joinery work on construction projects (on-site fabrication only) Roof trusses, wooden, fixing
	4247	PAINTING	
		This class consists of esta in painting, decorating or structures.	ablishments mainly engaged wall papering houses or other
		Primary Activities	
		House painting Painting of buildings or other structures Paper hanging	Spray painting of buildings or other structures Wall papering

4248 EARTHMOVING AND DREDGING

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in earthmoving or dredging work such as levelling of construction sites, excavation of foundations, trench digging, dredging of harbours or rivers or removal of overburden from mine sites. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in hiring earthmoving plant with operators.

DIVISION

E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION

42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group 424	Class	Title and Description	
		OTHER SPECIAL TRADES - contd	
	4248	EARTHMOVING AND DREDGING - contd	
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in quarrying sand or gravel are included in Class 1401; (b) in quarrying earth soil or filling (except in conjunction with construction activities at	

Primary Activities

the same establishment) are included in Class 1404; and (c) in wholesaling or retailing sand, gravel or other quarried construction materials are included in Class 4728.

Dredging (harbours or rivers) Earthmoving Excavation Land clearing (except rural)

Land reclamation
Levelling (construction sites)
Mine site preparation
(removal of overburden)
Trench digging

4249 SPECIAL TRADES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in special trade contract work n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Acoustical insulation materials installation Alarm systems, fire, installation Awnings installation or repair Bituminous roofing materials installation Blinds installation or repair Bores, water, drilling Carpet or carpet tiles laying Cladding, metal wall or roof, fixing (to buildings) Demolition of buildings or other structures Explosives laying Fence construction

Fire sprinklers installation Floor coverings laying n.e.c. Floor sanding Flywire screens, shutters or blinds installation Garden sprinkler systems installation (except irrigation systems) Insulation materials installation Insulation work on construction projects Linoleum or linotile laying Metal roofing fixing Petrol bowsers installation Roofing materials installation n.e.c.

DIVISION E : CONSTRUCTION - contd

SUBDIVISION 42 : SPECIAL TRADE CONSTRUCTION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
424		OTHER SPECIAL TRADES - con	td
	4249	SPECIAL TRADES N.E.C co	ntd
		Primary Acti	vities - contd
		Sand or other abrasive blasting of building exteriors Scaffolding construction Sheds, garages or carports, metal or wood, erection (from prefabricated components)	Steam-cleaning of building exteriors Waterproofing of buildings Well sinking Windows or window frames installation Window insulation fixing

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in 'wholesale and retail trade'.

- The term 'wholesale trade' is used here in the broad sense to include the resale (as agents or principals) of new or used goods to retailers or other wholesalers, or to institutional (including Government), professional or other business users (including farmers and builders). The more important types of businesses engaged in wholesale trade are wholesale merchants who take title to the goods they sell; separately located sales branches or sales offices (not being retail stores), operated by manufacturing enterprises, which do not merely take orders but supply goods to customers from stocks physically held at their own premises or premises under their control; commission agents, including stock and station agents, import and export agents and purchasing agents; petroleum products distributors; and cooperatives and marketing boards engaged in marketing farm products.
- The term 'retail trade' is used here, generally speaking, to include the resale of new or used goods to final consumers for personal or household consumption. The more important types of business engaged in retail trade are department stores or other shops, stalls, mail order houses, hawkers, door to door sellers, milk or bread vendors, vending machine operators or consumer cooperatives. Establishments mainly selling goods on a commission basis to final consumers for personal or household consumption are included. However, cafes, restaurants, licensed hotels, motels, wine saloons and clubs are included in Division L. Recreation. Personal and Other Services.
- In addition to the foregoing it may be useful to note that while most types of goods can enter wholesale trade, only a subset of goods wholesaled normally enter retail trade. The reason for this is probably well understood, ie that goods entering retail trade are restricted to those types of goods which are normally used for final personal or household consumption. Accordingly, obvious examples of goods not normally entering retail trade include cereal grains, metal ores, crude petroleum, industrial chemicals, iron and steel and industrial and office machinery and equipment.
- 5 However, there is at least one major instance where it is not immediately obvious why sales of goods of a certain type, i.e. those under the broad heading of builder's hardware and supplies, are conventionally treated as wholesale sales only in economic statistics.
- 6 The reason for this convention is that in national accounting (especially in the System of National Accounts (SNA) of the United Nations) private households and private non-profit organisations are treated as businesses in certain circumstances. These circumstances relate mainly to "owner occupation of dwellings" and to "own account construction of dwellings and other structures" by private households or private non-profit organisations.

- Thus, a household which owns the dwelling in which it lives is regarded as a property owning business which rents the dwelling to itself. The business receives an imputed rent and incurs expenses in maintaining the dwelling (the gross operating surplus of such businesses is shown in the production account of the Australian National Accounts).
- Accordingly sales to such households of paint, timber and tools and of other items of builder's hardware to maintain the dwellings are regarded as sales to businesses and, hence, as wholesale sales. Households, private individuals or private non-profit organisations which construct or renovate their own buildings are treated in a similar manner, i.e. as construction undertakings, and sales of building materials to them are likewise treated as wholesale sales.
- 9 On the other hand, sales of paint, timber, tools and other items of builder's hardware to households or private individuals for other purposes, e.g. for use in hobbies, toy making or furniture making, should be conceptually regarded as retail sales.
- 10 However, in view of the practical difficulties of hardware dealers in providing sales data of builder's hardware, dissected in accordance with the foregoing criteria into wholesale and retail sales, the convention has been adopted to treat all sales of builder's hardware and supplies as wholesale sales.
- Accordingly all reselling of timber (whether by wholesale or retail) has been designated as primary to industry Class 4727 Timber Merchants, and all reselling of most other items of builder's hardware and supplies (whether by wholesale or retail) has been designated as primary to industry Class 4728 Builders Hardware Dealers n.e.c. Both industries are in Subdivision 47 Wholesale Trade.
- 12 It might be noted at this point that in the case of some industries, such as the foregoing (i.e. which cover both the wholesale and retail of particular goods), the word "dealing" has usually (though not always) been used in place of "wholesaling and retailing". This practice has been adopted principally to reduce the length of individual primary activity entries and has no other significance.
- 13 Establishments mainly engaged in selling their own goods by auction are included in this Division, but establishments (except stock and station agents) which are mainly engaged in providing auctioning services for others are included in Division I, Finance, Property and Business Services.

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Australian Standard Industrial Classification: Detailed Classification

- 14 Establishments mainly engaged in leasing goods (not manufactured by the same establishment) for periods in excess of one year, without operators, from stocks physically handled by the establishment are included in this Division, as are establishments mainly engaged in the hiring out of most types of consumer goods.
- 15 Certain kinds of activity other than selling are commonly carried out by establishments classified to this Division and have therefore been designated as primary to the relevant classes of either Subdivision 47 or 48. The more important of these activities are:
 - (i) Glazing (Class 4728).
 - (ii) Repairing tractors, agricultural or construction machinery (Class 4731).
 - (iii) Repairing or servicing business machines or equipment (Class 4734).
 - (iv) Blending industrial or lubricating oils from refinery base stock (Class 4741).
 - (v) Washing or packing (incl. contract packing) fresh fruit or vegetables (Class 4764).
 - (vi) Pulping, dehydrating or preserving eggs (Class 4765).
 - (vii) Bottling or breaking down bulk quantities of wine or spirits (incl. contract packing) (Class 4767).
- (viii) Blending or repacking tea (incl. on contract), repacking (incl. on contract) flour, cereal food products, dried fruits or a wide range of other groceries (Class 4769).
 - (ix) Custom tailoring or dressmaking (Classes 4843 and 4844).
 - (x) Repairing footwear (Class 4846).
 - (xi) Making or installing curtains (Class 4847).
 - (xii) Repairing locks or providing key duplicating services (Class 4853).
- (xiii) Repairing non-electric household appliances (Class 4856).
 - (xiv) Repairing or installing household electric appliances (except heating equipment) not requiring electrical work (Class 4857).
 - (xv) Repairing or servicing motor vehicles (Class 4861).
- The conceptual treatment of such activities as repair, installation, assembly, blending, bottling and packing is discussed in Chapter 5. In the detailed Classification the treatment of these activities is usually specified in the class descriptions. Where these activities have not been specified the guidelines in Chapter 5 should be consulted.

- 17 Establishments mainly engaged in both baking and retailing cakes are included in this Division, but establishments mainly engaged in both baking and retailing bread are included in Division C Manufacturing.
- In the case of establishments which have goods manufactured for them on commission or contract a variety of situations are encountered with different treatments applicable to each. These are discussed in Chapter 5. However, in general, if an establishment has no goods producing facilities itself (or, if it has, does not use these or does not employ contractors to use them on its behalf), i.e. the establishment undertakes no goods producing activities at all, then all its sales of goods produced for it on commission are treated for classification purposes as wholesale or retail sales, as appropriate.
- 19 In statistics of wholesale trade, establishments may be classified not only according to ASIC but also according to a supplementary classification by type of operation.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
471		GENERAL WHOLESALERS	
	4710	GENERAL WHOLESALERS	
		in a combination of activi of the other groups in thi receipts from activities p groups does not account for	cablishments mainly engaged ties primary to three or more s subdivision, provided gross orimary to any one of the other or 50 per cent or more of total ablishment from wholesale trade
472		BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS	
	4727	TIMBER MERCHANTS	
		This class consists of est selling timber (except fir	tablishments mainly engaged in cewood).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Es in firewood wholesaling ar	stablishments mainly engaged re included in Class 4796.
		Primary Acti	ivities
		Dressed timber dealing Kiln dried timber dealing Plywood dealing	Timber dealing (except firewood) Veneer, wood, dealing
	4728	BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS	N.E.C.
		Mhig ologo consists of ost	tohliahmenta mainly engaged

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in selling builders hardware or building materials n.e.c. or in cutting, bevelling or coating flat glass or in glazing.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in installing plumbing, insulation, tiles or most other building components are included in the appropriate classes in Division E.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

472 BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS - contd

4728 BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS N.E.C. - contd

Primary Activities

Abrasives dealing (except abrasive cleansers) Asbestos cement sheets, pipes or boards dealing Awnings dealing (except canvas) Basic building materials dealing n.e.c. Bathroom or toilet fittings dealing Baths dealing Bituminised paper or paperboard dealing Bricks dealing Builders hardware dealing Builders supplies dealing n.e.c. Building boards dealing n.e.c. Building materials dealing n.e.c. Building paper or paperboard dealing Carpenters tools dealing Cement dealing Clothes hoists dealing Construction materials dealing n.e.c. Corrugated iron sheets, galvanised, dealing Doors or windows dealing Earthernware construction goods dealing Fibrous plasterboard dealing Floor tiles, ceramic, dealing Galvanised iron products dealing Gas fittings dealing Glass, flat, cutting, bevelling or coating

Glass mirrors mfg or dealing (except motor vehicle) Glass, sheet or plate, dealing Glazing Gravel dealing Guttering or down pipes dealing Gypsum boards dealing Hand tools dealing (incl. power operated) Insulating materials dealing Insulating paper or paperboard dealing Lacquers dealing Locks dealing Marble dealing Mineral turpentine dealing Nails dealing Paint dealing Plaster dealing Plastic decorative laminated sheets dealing Plastic wood dealing Plumbers fittings dealing Plumbers hand tools dealing Reinforcing wire dealing Roller shutters dealing Roof tiles dealing Roofing materials dealing Sand dealing Sanitary ware dealing Screening wire dealing Screens, window, dealing

DIVISION

: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
472		BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS	S - contd
	4728	BUILDERS HARDWARE DEALERS	S N.E.C contd
		Primary Act	tivities - contd
		Screws dealing Sinks dealing Stains dealing Steel roof decking dealing Stone, building, dealing Stone cutters tools dealing Swimming pools, below ground fibre-glass, wholesaling Thinners, paint, dealing	Tiles dealing (except non-ceramic floor tiles) Varmishes dealing Wall or ceiling boards dealing Wallpaper dealing Wash basins dealing Wire netting dealing Wire or cable dealing (except fencing wire or electric cable) Woodworking tools dealing
473		MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT V	WHOLESALERS

4731 FARM AND CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling or repairing agricultural machinery, agricultural implements, tractors, earth-moving or other construction machinery or equipment or parts for such equipment, or in leasing or hiring out such machinery or equipment (which they have not manufactured but which they physically handle) for periods of one year or more (without operators).

Primary Activities

Agricultural implements wholesaling Agricultural machinery wholesaling Agricultural machinery leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Agricultural machinery

repairing

Construction machinery or equipment leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Construction machinery or equipment wholesaling or repairing

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	scription
473		MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	WHOLESALERS - contd
	4731	FARM AND CONSTRUCTION MA	CHINERY WHOLESALERS - contd.
		Primary Act	civities - contd
		Earthmoving machinery leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Earthmoving machinery wholesaling Excavating machinery leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c.	Excavating machinery wholesaling Parts, agricultural or construction machinery, wholesaling Spraying equipment, agricultural, wholesaling Tractor parts wholesaling (except tyres or batteries) Tractor repairing Tractors wholesaling Windmills wholesaling
	4732	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS WHOI	ESALERS
		This class consists of	stablishments mainly engaged

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling new tyres, tubes, batteries (except dry cell batteries) or new motor vehicle parts or accessories (except motor cycle parts or accessories).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in retreading, recapping or rerubbering motor
vehicle tyres are included in Class 3461; (b) in
wholesaling dry cell batteries are included in Class
4735; (c) in wholesaling or retailing new motor
vehicles (except motor cycles) are included in
Class 4861; and (d) in wholesaling or retailing motor
cycle parts or accessories (except tyres, tubes and
batteries) are included in Class 4866.

Primary Activities

Accessories, new motor
vehicle, wholesaling
(except motor cycle)
Batteries wholesaling
(except dry cell
batteries)
Engines, motor vehicle,
wholesaling (except
motor cycle)

Motor vehicle parts,
new, wholesaling
(except motor cycle)
Tractor tyres or
batteries wholesaling
Tyres or tubes, new,
wholesaling

DIVISION F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Class Group Title and Description 473 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS - contd 4733 PROFESSIONAL EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling scientific, medical or other professional equipment or in leasing or hiring out such equipment (which they have not manufactured but which they physically handle) for periods of one year or more (without operators).

Primary Activities

Aeronautical instruments wholesaling Chemists equipment wholesaling Dentists equipment wholesaling or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Draughting instruments wholesaling Echo sounding equipment wholesaling Instruments, surgical, medical, dental or optical, wholesaling Mathematical instruments wholesaling Medical equipment wholesaling or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Meteorological instruments or equipment wholesaling Nautical instruments wholesaling Navigation equipment wholesaling Ophthalmic equipment or instruments wholesaling Optical equipment

wholesaling

Professional equipment leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Professional equipment wholesaling Scientific equipment leasing (from own stocks: for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Scientific equipment wholesaling Seismic instruments wholesaling Spectacle frames wholesaling Sunglasses wholesaling Surgical equipment wholesaling or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Surveying instruments wholesaling Veterinarians instruments or equipment wholesaling or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. X-ray equipment or film wholesaling or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or

more) n.e.c.

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and	l Description

473

4734

BUSINESS MACHINES WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling office or business machines or equipment, electronic computers or other data processing equipment, in installing, servicing or repairing such equipment or in leasing or hiring out such machinery or equipment (which they have not manufactured but which they physically handle) for periods of one year or more (without operators).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling photocopying machines are included in Class 4791.

Primary Activities

Addressing machines wholesaling Business machines or equipment wholesaling (except furniture) Business machines or equipment installing (except furniture) Business machines or equipment leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more; except furniture) n.e.c. Calculating machines wholesaling Calculators, electronic, wholesaling Cash registers wholesaling Computers, electronic, wholesaling Computers, electronic, installing

Computers, electronic, leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Duplicating machines wholesaling Office machines or equipment wholesaling (except furniture) Office machines or equipment installing (except furniture) Office machines or equipment leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more; except furniture) n.e.c. Repair or maintenance of business machines or equipment (incl. electronic computers) Scales, shop or office, wholesaling Typewriters dealing

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

473 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS - contd

4735 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling electrical or electronic equipment n.e.c., or in leasing or hiring out such equipment (which they have not manufactured but which they physically handle) for periods of one year or more (without operators).

Primary Activities

Air conditioning equipment, electric commercial, wholesaling Alarm systems, electric or electronic. wholesaling Batteries, dry cell, wholesaling Bulbs or tubes, electric light, wholesaling Cable or wire, electric, wholesaling Communications equipment, industrial, leasing (from own stocks: without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Communications equipment, industrial, wholesaling Electric fittings dealing n.e.c. Electrical equipment,

Electrical equipment, industrial, leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c.

Electrical equipment, industrial, wholesaling n.e.c.

Electrical distribution equipment wholesaling Electrical measuring or testing instruments wholesaling Electronic equipment,
industrial, leasing
(from own stocks;
without operators;
for periods of one
year or more) n.e.c.
Electronic equipment,
industrial, wholesaling
n.e.c.
Furnaces, electric,
wholesaling (except

wholesaling (except domestic space heaters) Generators, electricity, wholesaling Light fittings, electric, dealing

Motors, electric, wholesaling

Refrigeration equipment, commercial, wholesaling

Sound recording equipment, industrial, wholesaling

Sound reproducing equipment, industrial, wholesaling

Switchgear, electrical, wholesaling

Telephone or telegraph equipment wholesaling

Welding equipment, electrical, wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd.

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS — contd

4736 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling machinery, parts or equipment n.e.c. or in leasing or hiring out such machinery (which they have

Primary Activities

periods of one year or more (without operators).

not manufactured but which they physically handle) for

Air conditioning equipment, nonelectric commercial, wholesaling Aircraft leasing, hiring or renting, (without crew, from own stocks, for periods of one year or more) Aircraft wholesaling Bearings wholesaling Bookbinding machinery or equipment wholesaling Brick or tile making machinery or equipment wholesaling Brushes, industrial, wholesaling Can making machinery or equipment wholesaling Canning machinery or equipment wholesaling Chemical machinery or equipment wholesaling Coin-operated amusement machines hiring or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Compressors, air or gas, wholesaling Distilling equipment

wholesaling

Dry-cleaning machinery or equipment wholesaling Food processing machinery or equipment wholesaling Forging machinery or equipment wholesaling Fork lift trucks wholesaling Foundry machinery or equipment wholesaling Furnaces or furnace equipment, industrial, wholesaling (except electrical) Gas generators or equipment wholesaling Hairdressers equipment wholesaling Industrial machinery or equipment leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Industrial machinery or equipment wholesaling n.e.c. Internal combustion engines wholesaling (except motor vehicle engines) Laundry machinery or equipment wholesaling (except domestic) Leather working machinery or equipment wholesaling Lubricating machinery or equipment wholesaling

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
473		MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHOLESALERS - contd			
	4736	MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WHO	LESALERS N.E.C contd		
		Primary Activities - contd.			
		Machine tool attachments, parts or accessories wholesaling Machine tools wholesaling Marine engines wholesaling (except outboard motors) Materials handling equipment wholesaling Meat saws or blades wholesaling Mechanical handling equipment wholesaling Metal-working machinery wholesaling Milk processing machinery or equipment wholesaling Mining machinery or equipment wholesaling Ore crushing machinery or equipment wholesaling Packing or bottling machinery or equipment wholesaling Paper making machinery or equipment wholesaling	Printing machinery or equipment wholesaling Pumping machinery or equipment wholesaling Rubber making or working machinery or equipment wholesaling Tanning machinery or equipment wholesaling Textile working machinery or equipment wholesaling Vending machines hiring or leasing (from own stocks; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Weighing machinery wholesaling n.e.c. Welding machinery or equipment, non-electric, wholesaling Wire working machinery or equipment wholesaling Woodworking machinery or equipment wholesaling		
474		MINERALS, METALS AND CHEMIC	CALS WHOLESALERS		

4741 PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling petroleum or petroleum products or in retailing liquefied petroleum gas (in bulk or containers), heating oil or other fuel oils. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in blending industrial or lubricating oils from refinery base stock.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in distributing liquefied petroleum gas through a mains system are included in Class 3620.

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
474		MINERALS, METALS AND CHEMICALS WHOLESALERS - contd	
	4741	PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WHOLESA	LLERS - contd
		Primary Acti	vities
		Bitumen wholesaling Crude oil wholesaling Crude petroleum wholesaling Diesel oil wholesaling Distillate wholesaling Fuel oil wholesaling or retailing Heating oil dealing Kerosene wholesaling Liquefied petroleum gas (L.P.G.) dealing (in bulk or in containers)	Lubricating oils blending Oils or greases, industrial or lubricating, blending Oils or greases, industrial or lubricating, wholesaling Paraffin wholesaling Petrol wholesaling Petroleum products wholesaling
	4742	IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS	

IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS 4742

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling pig iron, ingot steel or semi-fabricated products of iron or steel such as sheet, strip, bars, rods, sections, structural steel or tubes.

Primary Activities

Iron wholesaling Steel pipes or tubes (except scrap or ore) wholesaling Steel bars, plates, Structural steel rods, sheets or wholesaling strip wholesaling Steel or steel alloys wholesaling (except scrap)

4743 METAL SCRAP MERCHANTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling metal scrap.

Primary Activities

Metal scrap wholesaling

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

		Title and Description	
474		MINERALS, METALS AND CHEMICALS WHOLESALERS - contd	
4744 MINERALS AND METALS WHOLESALERS N.E.C.		MINERALS AND METALS WHOLESALERS N.E.C.	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling metals or minerals (including coal or coke) n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Aluminium or aluminium alloys wholesaling Bearing metals wholesaling Brass wholesaling Briquettes wholesaling Bronze wholesaling Casting or forging alloys wholesaling Charcoal wholesaling Coal wholesaling Coke wholesaling Copper or copper alloys wholesaling Die-casting alloys wholesaling Foil, non-ferrous metal, wholesaling Iron ore wholesaling

Lead wholesaling Metallic ores wholesaling Metals wholesaling n.e.c. Mineral earths wholesaling Minerals wholesaling n.e.c. Non-ferrous metal bars, plates, rods, sheet or strip wholesaling Non-ferrous metals or alloys wholesaling Phosphate rock, ground, wholesaling Tin wholesaling Zinc wholesaling

4745 CHEMICALS WHOLESALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling chemicals or allied products n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Acids wholesaling
Adhesives wholesaling
Alcohol , industrial,
wholesaling
Animal oils or fats
wholesaling (except
tallow, lard or
cooking oils or fats)
Bleaching compounds
wholesaling
Chemical colours
wholesaling

Chemicals wholesaling
n.e.c.
Cleansers, abrasive,
wholesaling
Dry-cleaning preparations
wholesaling
Dye intermediates
wholesaling
Dyes wholesaling
Dyestuffs wholesaling
Eucalyptus oil
wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
474		MINERALS, METALS AND CHEMICALS WHOLESALERS - contd	
	4745	CHEMICALS WHOLESALERS N.E.C contd	

Primary Activities - contd

Explosives wholesaling (except ammunition) Fish oils wholesaling Gases, industrial, wholesaling (except liquefied petroleum gas) Gelatine wholesaling Glue wholesaling Industrial chemicals wholesaling n.e.c. Laboratory chemicals wholesaling n.e.c. Liquefied gases wholesaling (except liquefied petroleum gas) Marine oils wholesaling Matches wholesaling Methylated spirits wholesaling Oil treating compounds wholesaling Organic pigments wholesaling

Pigments wholesaling Plastic blocks, rods, plates or other unfinished forms wholesaling Plastic film sheeting wholesaling Plasticisers wholesaling Polishing powders or preparations wholesaling Polishes wholesaling Scouring powders wholesaling Synthetic rubber wholesaling Tanning requisites wholesaling Vegetable oils or fats wholesaling (except cooking oils or fats) Water proofing compounds wholesaling

FARM PROPERTIES AND PRODUCE DEALERS N.E.C.

4751 WOOL SELLING BROKERS; STOCK AND STATION AGENTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in selling wool (by auction), or livestock (by auction or private treaty), stock feed, fertilisers, veterinary or other farm supplies. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in valuing, purchasing or selling (by auction or private treaty), or in renting or managing agricultural or pastoral properties for others, or in providing wool reclassing or bulk classing services.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd.

Group	Class	Title and Description
475		FARM PROPERTIES AND PRODUCE DEALERS N.E.C contd
	4751	WOOL SELLING BROKERS: STOCK AND STATION AGENTS - contd
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing wool classing services are included in Class 0206; (b) in providing wool dumping services are included in Class 5744; and (c) in providing wool testing services are included in Class 6336.

Primary Activities

Agricultural chemicals wholesaling Agricultural or pastoral properties broking Animals, live, wholesaling Auctioning of agricultural or pastoral properties Cattle, live, wholesaling Drugs, veterinary, wholesaling Farm supplies wholesaling (except machinery or equipment) n.e.c. Feed wholesaling Fence posts wholesaling (except timber) Fencing wire wholesaling Fertiliser wholesaling Fodder wholesaling Hay wholesaling Horses, live, wholesaling Land broking (agricultural or pastoral)

Livestock buying or selling agents Livestock wholesaling Meat meal wholesaling Orchard supplies wholesaling (except machinery or equipment) n.e.c. Pesticides wholesaling Pigs, live, wholesaling Poultry, live, wholesaling Seeds, farm or garden, wholesaling Sheep, live, wholesaling Sprays, pest control, wholesaling Stock meal wholesaling Stockyard operation Valuing of agricultural or pastoral properties Vegetable oil meal wholesaling Wool re-classing or bulk classing service Wool selling broker

4752 WOOL BUYERS AND MERCHANTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in purchasing wool at auction or in wholesaling wool, skins, hides or tallow.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in selling wool by auction are included in Class 4751.

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
475		FARM PROPERTIES AND PROD	UCE DEALERS N.E.C contd
	4752	WOOL BUYERS AND MERCHANT	S - contd
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Hides wholesaling Leather wholesaling Skins wholesaling	Tallow wholesaling Wool buying broker Wool wholesaling n.e.c.
	4753	CEREAL GRAINS WHOLESALERS	5
		This class consists of eswholesaling establishment authorities) mainly engagor other cereal grains.	ts operated by marketing
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: In wholesaling milled included in Class 4769.	Establishments mainly engaged or polished rice are

Primary Activities

Barley wholesaling Cereal grains wholesaling Maize wholesaling Oats wholesaling

Rice wholesaling (except milled or polished rice) Wheat wholesaling

4754 FARM PRODUCE WHOLESALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments (including wholesaling establishments operated by marketing authorities) mainly engaged in wholesaling agricultural products n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling meat, poultry, eggs, dairy products, fruit (including dried fruit), vegetables, honey, etc., are included in the appropriate classes in Group 476.

Primary Activities

Coconuts wholesaling Copra wholesaling Cotton wholesaling Flowers, cut, wholesaling Sugar, raw, Hops wholesaling Linseed wholesaling Nursery stock, horticultural, wholesaling

Nuts, unshelled, wholesaling (edible) Peanuts wholesaling wholesaling Tobacco leaf wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Greup	Class	Title and Descr	ciption
476		FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WH	OLESALERS
	4761	MEAT WHOLESALERS	
			ablishments mainly engaged ozen meat (except poultry, meat).
		(a) in wholesaling fresh	tablishments mainly engaged: or frozen poultry or rabbit 4762; and (b) in whole- eat are included in Class
		Primary Acti	vities
		Frozen meat wholesaling (except horse, kangaroo or rabbit meat or poultry)	Meat wholesaling (except canned, cured or smoked or horse, kangaroo or rabbit meat or poultry)

4762 SMALLGOODS AND DAIRY PRODUCTS WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling bacon, ham, smallgoods, poultry, rabbit meat, dairy products or ice cream.

Primary Activities

Bacon wholesaling
Butter wholesaling
Cheese wholesaling
Cream wholesaling
Dairy products
wholesaling
Ham wholesaling
Ice cream wholesaling

Milk wholesaling
Poultry wholesaling
(dressed, frozen
or packed; except
canned)
Rabbit meat wholesaling
Sausages wholesaling
Smallgoods wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

476 FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WHOLESALERS - contd

4763 FISH WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling fresh or frozen fish or other seafoods (except canned), in cleaning or filleting fish on a fee or commission basis, in freezing whole fin fish or in processing (except canning) of oysters by cleaning, shelling, freezing or bottling in brine.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating vessels which both catch and process
fish or other seafoods are included in the appropriate
classes in Group 043; and (b) in cleaning, cooking
or freezing crustaceans or molluscs other than oysters
or in freezing filleted fish are included in Class 2174.

Primary Activities

Crustaceans wholesaling (incl. processed, except canned) Fish cleaned, fresh, wholesaling (incl. purchased or transferred in fin fish cleaned at the same establishment) Fish cleaning (on a commission or fee basis; except crustaceans or molluscs other than oysters) Fish filleted, fresh, wholesaling (incl. fish filleted at the same establishment) Fish filleted, frozen, wholesaling Fish filleting (on a commission or fee basis) Fish, whole, freezing (except crustaceans or molluscs other than oysters)

Fish, frozen whole, wholesaling Molluscs wholesaling (incl. processed, except canned) Oyster bottling (in brine) Oysters freezing Oysters, bottled, wholesaling (in brine) Oysters, fresh or frozen, wholesaling Oyster processing (except canning) Prawn tails or meat wholesaling (except canned) Prawns wholesaling (incl. processed, except canned) Rock lobster tails or meat wholesaling (except canned) Rock lobsters wholesaling (except canned) Scallops wholesaling Seafoods, fresh or frozen, wholesaling

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd DIVISION

SION	47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd	
Class	Title and Desc	cription
	FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO W	HOLESALERS - contd
4764	4 FRUIT AND VEGETABLE WHOLESALERS	
	This class consists of establishments (including wholesaling establishments of marketing authorities) mainly engaged in wholesaling, washing or packing fresh fruit or vegetables.	
		stablishments mainly engaged un drying) are included in
	Primary Act	ivities
	Apples wholesaling Bananas wholesaling Citrus fruit wholesaling Fruit, fresh, wholesaling, washing or packing	Pears wholesaling Peas, fresh, wholesaling Pineapples wholesaling Potatoes wholesaling, washing or packing Vegetables, fresh,
		Title and Description FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WAS A FRUIT AND VEGETABLE WHOLES This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling establishments mainly engaged in wholesal fresh fruit or vegetables EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of the stable

4765 EGG WHOLESALERS

Grapes wholesaling Oranges wholesaling

This class consists of establishments (including wholesaling establishments operated by marketing authorities) mainly engaged in wholesaling eggs or in pulping, dehydrating or preserving eggs.

wholesaling, washing

or packing

Primary Activities

Egg	dehydrating	Egg pulp wholesaling
Egg	drying	Egg pulping
Egg	preserving	Eggs wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

476

FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WHOLESALERS - contd

4766

CONFECTIONERY AND SOFT DRINK WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling confectionery or soft drinks.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in canning or bottling soft drinks, aerated waters or cordials are included in Class 2185.

Primary Activities

Aerated waters wholesaling Chewing gum wholesaling Chocolate confectionery wholesaling Confectionery wholesaling Cordials, aerated or carbonated, wholesaling Nuts wholesaling
 (roasted, salted or
 sugar coated)
Potato crisps
 wholesaling
Soft drinks wholesaling

4767 BEER, WINE AND SPIRITS WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling beer, wine or spirits or in breaking down bulk quantities and bottling (except blending) of wine or spirits.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in blending wine or brandy are included in Class 2188.

Primary Activities

Alcohol wholesaling
(except industrial
alcohol)
Ale wholesaling
Beer wholesaling
Brandy wholesaling
Champagne wholesaling
Cider, alcoholic,
wholesaling
Fortified wines
wholesaling

Fortifying spirits
wholesaling
Gin wholesaling
Liqueurs wholesaling
Rum wholesaling
Whisky wholesaling
Wine or spirits
bottling or
rebottling
Wines wholesaling

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descr	iption
476		FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WHO	DLESALERS - contd
	4768	TOBACCO PRODUCTS WHOLESALER	RS
		This class consists of esta in wholesaling cigarettes, products (except leaf tobac	cigars or other tobacco
		·	tablishments mainly engaged are included in Class 4754.
		Primary Activ	vities
		Cigarettes wholesaling Cigars wholesaling Pipe tobacco wholesaling	Tobacco products wholesaling (except leaf tobacco)

4769 GROCERY WHOLESALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling groceries or food n.e.c., in blending or repacking tea or in repacking flour, cereal foods, dried fruits or other groceries the wholesaling of which is primary to this class.

Primary Activities

Arrowroot wholesaling Biscuits wholesaling Bread wholesaling Breakfast cereal foods wholesaling Cakes wholesaling Canned foods wholesaling Cereal foods repacking Cereal foods wholesaling Chinese groceries wholesaling Coffee wholesaling Colourings, food, wholesaling Condiments wholesaling Contract packing of groceries (the wholesaling of which is primary to Class 4769)

Cooking oils or fats wholesaling Crumpets wholesaling Dried fruits repacking Dried fruits wholesaling Dried vegetables wholesaling Flavourings, food, wholesaling Flour repacking Flour wholesaling Food wholesaling n.e.c. Frozen packaged foods wholesaling n.e.c. Fruit spreads wholesaling Frying oils or fats wholesaling Groceries wholesaling n.e.c.

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
476		FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO WHOLESALERS - contd	
	4769	GROCERY WHOLESALERS N.E.C contd	

Primary Activities - contd

Health foods wholesaling Herbs wholesaling Honey wholesaling Jams wholesaling Jellies wholesaling Jelly crystals wholesaling Juices, fruit or vegetable, wholesaling Lard wholesaling Macaroni wholesaling Margarine wholesaling Milk, dried, condensed or concentrated, wholesaling Packing or filling service (on a contract or fee basis for groceries the wholesaling of which is primary to Class 4769) Pastry mixes wholesaling Peanut butter or paste wholesaling Pickles wholesaling Pies wholesaling Prepared baking mixes wholesaling Preserved fruits wholesaling Preserved vegetables wholesaling

Quick frozen fruit or vegetables wholesaling Repacking groceries (the wholesaling of which is primary to Class 4769) Rice, milled or polished, wholesaling Salt, household, wholesaling Sauces wholesaling Seafoods, canned, wholesaling Seasonings, food, wholesaling Self-raising flour wholesaling Soups wholesaling Spaghetti wholesaling Spices wholesaling Starch wholesaling Sugar, refined, wholesaling Tea blending or repacking Tea wholesaling Tomato juice wholesaling Tomato soup wholesaling Vinegar wholesaling or bottling Yeast wholesaling

477

TEXTILE AND CLOTHING WHOLESALERS

4771 MENSWEAR WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling mens or boys clothing.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

477 TEXTILE AND CLOTHING WHOLESALERS - contd

4771 MENSWEAR WHOLESALERS - contd

Primary Activities

Clothing, mens or boys, wholesaling Gloves, mens or boys, wholesaling Handkerchiefs, mens, wholesaling Headwear, mens or boys, wholesaling Hosiery, mens or boys, wholesaling Industrial clothing, mens, wholesaling Knitted clothing, mens or boys, wholesaling Nightwear, mens or boys, wholesaling Outerwear, mens or boys, wholesaling

Plastic clothing, mens or boys, wholesaling Scarves, mens or boys, wholesaling Shirts, mens or boys, wholesaling Sportswear, mens or boys, wholesaling Suits, mens or boys, wholesaling Ties wholesaling Trousers, mens or boys, wholesaling Underwear, mens or boys, wholesaling Work clothing, mens or boys, wholesaling

4772 WOMENS AND INFANTS WEAR WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling womens, girls or infants clothing.

Primary Activities

Babies clothing wholesaling Blouses wholesaling Clothing, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Coats, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Dresses wholesaling Foundation garments wholesaling Frocks wholesaling Fur clothing wholesaling Gloves, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling

Handkerchiefs, womens, wholesaling Headwear, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Hosiery, womens or girls, wholesaling Knitted clothing, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Lingerie wholesaling Maternity garments wholesaling Millinery wholesaling Nightwear, womens, girls or infants. wholesaling

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
477	4772	TEXTILE AND CLOTHING WHOL	
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Outerwear, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Plastic clothing, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Scarves, womens, wholesaling Skirts, womens or girls, wholesaling Slacks, womens or girls, wholesaling	Sportswear, womens or girls, wholesaling Suits, womens or girls, wholesaling Surgical foundation garments wholesaling Underwear, womens, girls or infants, wholesaling Work clothing, womens or girls, wholesaling
	4773	FOOTWEAR WHOLESALERS	
		This class consists of es in wholesaling footwear.	tablishments mainly engaged
		Primary Act	ivities
		Footwear wholesaling	Shoes wholesaling
	4774	TEXTILE PRODUCTS WHOLESAL	ERS
		This class consists of es	tablishments mainly engaged

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling textiles or textile products n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Awnings, canvas,
wholesaling
Bags or sacks, textile,
wholesaling
Blankets wholesaling
Blinds, canvas,
wholesaling
Canvas goods wholesaling n.e.c.
Cordage wholesaling
Dress materials
wholesaling

Elasticised fabrics
wholesaling
Fabrics, textile,
wholesaling
Felt wholesaling
(except floor
coverings)
Furnishing drapery
goods wholesaling
Glass fibre fabrics
wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

477 TEXTILE AND CLOTHING WHOLESALERS - contd.

4774 TEXTILE PRODUCTS WHOLESALERS - contd

Primary Activities - contd

Household linen wholesaling Knitting wool wholesaling Lace wholesaling Manchester wholesaling Napery wholesaling Narrow fabrics wholesaling Netting, textile, wholesaling Piece-goods wholesaling Pillows or cushions wholesaling Rope wholesaling (except wire rope) Sail cloth wholesaling Sewing thread wholesaling

Sheets, bed, wholesaling Soft furnishings wholesaling String wholesaling Tarpaulins wholesaling Tents wholesaling Textiles wholesaling n.e.c. Thread wholesaling Tops, wool or man-made fibre, wholesaling Towels wholesaling Trimmings, textile, wholesaling Upholstery fabrics wholesaling Yarns wholesaling

478

HOUSEHOLD GOODS WHOLESALERS

4781 HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling television or radio receiving sets or household appliances.

Primary Activities

Air conditioners, room,
wholesaling
Electric heating
equipment, household,
wholesaling
Fans, household electric,
wholesaling
Floor polishers, household, wholesaling
Food mixers, household
electric, wholesaling
Frying pans, electric,
wholesaling

Gas heating appliances,
household, wholesaling
Hot water systems
wholesaling
Household appliances
wholesaling
Kerosene heaters,
household, wholesaling
Kettles, household
electric, wholesaling
Kitchen appliances,
household electric,
wholesaling

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
478		HOUSEHOLD GOODS WHOLESALER	RS - contd
	4781	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE WHOLES	SALERS - contd
		Primary Acti	vities - contd
		Oil heaters, household, wholesaling Radio or television parts wholesaling Radio receiving sets wholesaling Radiograms wholesaling Record players wholesaling Refrigerators wholesaling (except commercial refrigeration equipment) Sewing machines, household, whole- saling Shavers, electric, wholesaling	Sound reproducing equipment, house- hold, wholesaling Stoves or heaters, household, whole- saling Tape recorders wholesaling (except industrial sound recording equipment) Television sets wholesaling Vacuum cleaners, household, whole- saling Washing machines, household, whole- saling

4782 DOMESTIC HARDWARE WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling china, glassware, domestic hardware or garden tools or supplies.

Primary Activities

Brushware, household, wholesaling Chinaware wholesaling Cooking utensils wholesaling (except electric appliances) Crockery wholesaling Cutlery wholesaling n.e.c. Lawn mowers Domestic hardware wholesaling

Enamelware wholesaling Garden tools wholesaling Glassware, household, wholesaling Kitchenware wholesaling wholesaling Tableware wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
478		HOUSEHOLD GOODS WHOLESALER	RS - contd
	4783	FURNITURE WHOLESALERS	
		This class consists of est in wholesaling furniture.	ablishments mainly engaged
			stablishments mainly engaged ads are included in Class 4774
		Primary Acti	vities
		Blinds wholesaling (except canvas)	Furniture wholesaling Mattresses wholesaling
	4784	FLOOR COVERINGS WHOLESALER	RS
			cablishments mainly engaged rings (except ceramic tiles).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Es in wholesaling ceramic til	stablishments mainly engaged Les are included in Class 4728
		Primary Acti	vities
		Carpets wholesaling Floor coverings wholesaling Floor tiles wholesaling (except ceramic)	Lino tiles wholesaling Linoleum wholesaling Rugs, floor, wholesaling Underfelt wholesaling
479		OTHER SPECALIST WHOLESALES	<u>RS</u>
	4791	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT WHO	DLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling photographic equipment or supplies.

Primary Activities

Cameras wholesaling
Enlargers, photographic,
wholesaling
Film, photographic,
wholesaling
Paper, photocopying,
wholesaling
Paper, sensitised,
wholesaling

Photocopying machines
wholesaling
Photographic equipment
wholesaling
Photographic chemicals
wholesaling
Photographic supplies
wholesaling
Projectors, photographic,
wholesaling

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 47: WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
479		OTHER SPECIALIST WHOLES	SALERS - contd
	4792	JEWELLERY AND WATCHES V	VHOLESALERS
			establishments mainly engaged or clocks (including parts), ones or silverware.
		Primary A	Activities
		Clocks wholesaling Costume jewellery	Religious silverware or goldware wholesaling

Clocks wholesaling
Costume jewellery
wholesaling
Gem stones
wholesaling
Jewellery wholesaling

Religious silverware or goldware wholesaling Silverware wholesaling Watch or clock parts wholesaling Watches wholesaling

4793 TOYS AND SPORTING GOODS WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling toys, bicycles or bicycle parts, firearms, ammunition, fireworks or hobby or sporting equipment (except tents, sports clothing or footwear).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in wholesaling sports clothing are included in Classes 4771 and 4772; and (b) in wholesaling sports footwear are included in Class 4773.

Primary Activities

Ammunition wholesaling Amusement goods wholesaling Bicycle parts or accessories wholesaling Bicycles wholesaling Cricket equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Fireworks wholesaling Fishing equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Football equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear)

Games or toys wholesaling Golf equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Guns wholesaling Hobby equipment wholesaling (except tools) Hockey equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Playground equipment wholesaling Rifles wholesaling Ski equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear)

DIVISION F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descr	iption
479	OTHER SPECIALIST WHOLESALERS - contd		ERS - contd
	4793	TOYS AND SPORTING GOODS W	HOLESALERS - contd
		Primary Act	ivities - contd
		Skin diving equipment wholesaling Sporting goods wholesaling (except clothing or footwear)	Surfboards wholesaling Tennis equipment wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Toys wholesaling

4794 BOOKS AND PAPER PRODUCTS WHOLESALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling books, periodicals, magazines, stationery, greeting cards, paper or paper products.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling building paper and paper board are included in Class 4728.

Primary Activities

Account books wholesaling Adhesive cellulose tape wholesaling Art prints wholesaling Artists colours wholesaling Artists supplies wholesaling Bags, paper, wholesaling Binders, loose-leaf, wholesaling Books wholesaling Carbon paper wholesaling Containers, paper or paperboard, wholesaling Diaries, desk, trade or pocket, wholesaling Exercise books wholesaling Greeting cards wholesaling Ink wholesaling Magazines wholesaling Manilla folders wholesaling Maps wholesaling Newspapers wholesaling

Newsprint wholesaling Note books wholesaling Office supplies wholesaling (except furniture, machines or equipment) Paper products wholesaling n.e.c. Paper wholesaling (except photographic or sensitised) Paperboard wholesaling Pencils wholesaling Pens wholesaling Periodicals wholesaling Post cards wholesaling Printing paper wholesaling Rubber stamps wholesaling Sacks, paper, wholesaling Sheet music wholesaling Stationery wholesaling Toilet paper wholesaling Wrapping paper wholesaling Writing materials wholesaling

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd.

SUBDIVISION 47 . WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
479		OTHER SPECIALIST WHOLESA	LERS - contd
	4795	PHARMACEUTICALS AND TOIL	ETRIES WHOLESALERS
			stablishments mainly engaged in nes, cosmetics, perfumes, rgents.
			Establishments mainly engaged in edicines are included in Class
		Primary Act	ivities
		Chemists goods wholesaling Contraceptives wholesaling Cosmetics wholesaling Dental supplies wholesaling (except equipment) Detergents wholesaling Drugs wholesaling (except veterinary) Face lotions, creams or powders wholesaling First aid equipment wholesaling	Hairdressers preparations wholesaling Medicines wholesaling (except veterinary) Perfumes wholesaling Pharmaceutical preparations wholesaling Proprietary preparations, medicinal, wholesaling Shampoo wholesaling Soap wholesaling Toilet preparations wholesaling Toilet soap wholesaling Washing powders wholesaling
	4796	wholesaling travel goods	stablishments mainly engaged in containers (except of paper

or paperboard), musical instruments, second hand goods, waste materials (except metal scrap) or goods n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in wholesaling metal scrap are included in Class 4743; (b) in wholesaling paper or paperboard containers are included in Class 4794; and (c) in wholesaling, retailing or hiring car, box or boat trailers are included in Class 4867.

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

47 : WHOLESALE TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
479		OTHER SPECIALIST WHOLESALERS - contd		
	4796	WHOLESALERS N.E.C contd		

Primary Activities

Bottle collection service Bottles, second-hand, dealing Cans, metal, wholesaling Cases, wooden, wholesaling Coffins wholesaling Containers, used, wholesaling Containers wholesaling (except of paper or paperboard) Casks wholesaling Crates, wooden, wholesaling Decorations, cake, wholesaling Firewood wholesaling Fur, dyed or dressed, wholesaling Glass containers wholesaling Handbags wholesaling Horse meat wholesaling Hot water bottles wholesaling Kangaroo meat wholesaling

Leather bags wholesaling Leather goods wholesaling (except clothing or footwear) Luggage wholesaling Motor vehicle trailers wholesaling (except car, box or boat) Musical instruments wholesaling Pet foods wholesaling Pets wholesaling Prams wholesaling Records, phonograph, wholesaling Sausage casings wholesaling Second hand goods wholesaling n.e.c. Shopping bags wholesaling (except of paper) Smoking pipes wholesaling Waste materials wholesaling (except metal scrap) Wholesale trade n.e.c.

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

48 : RETAIL TRADE

Group	Class	Title and Description
481		DEPARTMENT AND GENERAL STORES
	4814	DEPARTMENT STORES
		This class consists of establishments which have a significant proportion of retail sales (or a significant absolute amount of retail sales) in commodities primary to at least four of the following six headings and which employ fifty or more persons.
		 (i) Furniture and floor coverings (Classes 4848, 4849) (ii) Fabrics and household textiles (Class 4847) (iii) Clothing (Classes 4843, 4844) (iv) Footwear (Class 4845) (v) Household appliances, musical instruments and phonograph records (Classes 4855, 4856)

The commodities primary to these headings as well as other commodities are normally sold by separate departments or sections within the establishment with accounting and other records maintained on a departmentalised basis.

(vi) China, glassware and domestic hardware (Class 4853)

4815 GENERAL STORES

This class consists of establishments which have a significant proportion of retail sales in commodities primary to at least four of the following six headings, and which employ less than fifty persons.

- (i) Groceries, smallgoods and tobacco products, fruit and vegetables, confectionery, bread, cakes and pastries (Classes 4881, 4883, 4885)
- (ii) Furniture and floor coverings (Classes 4848, 4849)
- (iii) Fabrics and household textiles (Class 4847)
- (iv) Clothing (Classes 4843, 4844)
- (v) Footwear (Class 4845)
- (vi) China, glassware and domestic hardware (Class 4853)

Establishments having commodity sales in excess of 75% of their total retail sales in any of the listed headings are not treated as general stores but are included in the classes appropriate to their major activity.

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
484		CLOTHING, FABRICS AND FURNITURE STORES
	4843	MENS AND BOYS WEAR STORES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing mens or boys clothing or clothing accessories. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in mens custom tailoring or in repairing or altering mens or boys clothing.

Primary Activities

Accessories, mens or boys clothing, retailing Clothing, mens or boys, repairing or altering Clothing, mens or boys, retailing or hiring Hats, mens or boys,
retailing
Mens custom tailoring
Work clothing, mens or
boys, retailing

4844 WOMENS AND GIRLS WEAR STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing womens, girls or infants clothing or clothing accessories. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in womens custom dressmaking, or in repairing or altering womens or girls clothing.

Primary Activities

Accessories, womens, girls or infants clothing, retailing Clothing, womens, girls or infants, repairing or altering Clothing, womens, girls or infants, retailing or hiring
Foundation garments retailing
Fur clothing, womens, retailing

Gloves, womens or girls,
retailing
Handbags retailing
Hats, womens or girls,
retailing
Hosiery, womens or girls,
retailing
Leather clothing, womens,
retailing
Millinery retailing
Womens custom
dressmaking

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and D	escription
484		CLOTHING, FABRICS AND F	URNITURE STORES - contd
	4845	FOOTWEAR STORES	
		This class consists of retailing boots, shoes	establishments mainly engaged in or other footwear.
		Primary A	ctivities
		Boots retailing Footwear retailing	Shoes retailing
	4846	SHOE REPAIRERS	
		This class consists of repairing footwear.	establishments mainly engaged in
		Primary A	ctivities
		Boot repairing Footwear repairing	Shoe repairing
	4847	FABRICS AND HOUSEHOLD TO	EXTILE STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing fabrics, drapery or household textiles, or in making or installing curtains (except shower curtains).

Primary Activities

Blankets retailing
Buttons retailing
Curtains making or
installing
(except shower
curtains)
Curtains retailing
Drapery retailing
Dressmaking requisites
retailing
Fabrics, textile,
retailing

Household textiles
retailing
Linen, household,
retailing
Manchester goods
retailing
Napery retailing
Narrow fabrics retailing
Piece-goods retailing
Soft furnishings
retailing
Yarns retailing

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

485

Group	Class	Title and D	escription	
484		CLOTHING, FABRICS AND F	URNITURE STORES - contd	
	4848	FLOOR COVERINGS STORES		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing household floor coverings (except ceramic flottiles).		
		(a) in laying floor co- appropriate classes in l	Establishments mainly engaged: verings are included in the Division E; and (b) in retailing our tiles are included in Class	
		Primary A	ctivities	
		Carpets retailing Floor coverings retailing Floor rugs retailing	Floor tiles retailing (lino, vinyl, cork, carpet or rubber) Parquetry retailing	
	4849	FURNITURE STORES		
			establishments mainly engaged in niture, blinds or awnings.	
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES.	Establishments mainly engaged in	

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in the repair or installation of household blinds or awnings are included in Class 4249.

Primary Activities

Antique reproduction furniture retailing Awnings retailing Blinds retailing

Furniture, household, retailing Mattresses retailing

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE AND HARDWARE STORES

4853 DOMESTIC HARDWARE STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing domestic hardware (except builders supplies), china, glassware or garden tools, or in the repair or maintenance of lawn mowers or locks, or in providing key duplicating services.

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
485		HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE AND HARDWARE STORES - contd
	4853	DOMESTIC HARDWARE STORES - contd
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in retailing or wholesaling timber are included in Class 4727; and (b) in retailing or wholesaling builders hardware or supplies (except timber) are included in Class 4728.

Primary Activities

Brushware, household, Key duplicating service retailing Chinaware retailing Lawn mowers retailing Cooking utensils retailing (except Locksmith service (not electric) Crockery retailing Cutlery retailing Enamelware retailing Fertilisers retailing Garden supplies retailing (except nursery stock)

Garden tools retailing Tools, household, Glassware retailing Hardware, domestic, retailing

Kitchenware retailing or repairing manufacturing) Pesticides retailing Picnicware retailing Plastic containers, household, retailing chemicals retailing retailing

4854 WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing or repairing watches, clocks or jewellery.

Primary Activities

Clocks retailing Jewellery retailing Repair of watches, clocks or jewellery

Silverware retailing Watches retailing or repairing

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
485		HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE AND HARDWARE STORES - contd
	4855	MUSIC STORES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing musical instruments, sheet music, phonograph records or magnetic or pre-recorded tapes, or in repairing musical instruments.
		Primary Activities

Magnetic or pre-recorded tapes retailing Musical instruments retailing or repairing Phonograph records retailing Sheet music retailing

4856 HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing or hiring household appliances, radio or television receiving sets, or in repairing non-electric household appliances n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in repairing installed plumbing or in undertaking plumbing work arising from the installation of nouse-hold appliances are included in Class 4242; (b) in undertaking electrical work arising from the installation of household appliances are included in Class 4243; (c) in installing household, industrial or commercial heating, refrigeration or air-conditioning equipment (except industrial furnaces) are included in Class 4244; (d) in retailing bottled liquefied petroleum gas are included in Class 4741; and (e) in installing or repairing household electrical appliances n.e.c. are included in Class 4857.

Primary Activities

Air conditioners, household, retailing or
hiring
Fans, household electric,
retailing
Floor polishers, household electric,
retailing
Food mixers, household
electric, retailing

Frying pans, electric, retailing
Gas heating appliances, household, retailing or hiring
Heating equipment, household electric, retailing or hiring
Household appliances retailing or hiring

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
485		HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE AND HARDWARE STORES - contd	
	4856	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE STORES - contd	

Primary Activities - contd

Jugs, household electric, retailing Kerosene heaters, household, retailing Oil heaters, household, retailing Pocket calculators, electronic, retailing Radiators, household electric, retailing Radio receiving sets retailing or hiring (except car radios) Radiograms retailing or hiring Record players retailing Refrigerators, household, retailing or hiring Repair or maintenance of household nonelectric appliances n.e.c.

Sewing machines, household, retailing or hiring Shavers, electric, retailing Sound reproducing equipment, household, retailing or hiring Stoves or heaters, household, retailing or hiring Tape recorders retailing or hiring Television antennae retailing Television sets retailing or hiring Vacuum cleaners retailing Washing machines, household, retailing or hiring

4857 ELECTRIC APPLIANCE REPAIRERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in repairing or installing household electric appliances n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in undertaking electrical work arising from the installation of household appliances are included in Class 4243; and (b) in installing household, industrial or commercial heating, refrigeration or air-conditioning equipment (except industrial furnaces) are included in Class 4244.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Primary Activities

Air conditioners, household, repairing Heating equipment. household electric, repairing Household appliances installation or repair n.e.c. Radios repairing (except car radios) Refrigerators, household electric, repairing Repair or maintenance of household electric appliances

Sewing machines
repairing
Shavers, electric,
repairing
Stoves or heaters,
household electric,
repairing
Television antennae
installing
Television sets
repairing
Washing machines,
household electric,
repairing

486

MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS; PETROL AND TYRE RETAILERS

4861 NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling or retailing new motor vehicles (including trucks or commercial motor vehicles but not motor cycles), in retailing new motor vehicle parts or accessories (except for motor cycles), in leasing or hiring motor vehicles (which they physically handle) for periods of one year or more (without drivers), or in motor vehicle (except motor cycle) repair (other than motor vehicle smash repair or motor vehicle engine reconditioning).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in reconditioning motor vehicle engines are included in Class 3234; (b) in wholesaling new motor vehicle parts or accessories (including tyres, tubes or batteries) are included in Class 4732; (c) in motor vehicle smash repair are included in Class 4865; (d) in wholesaling or retailing new or used motor cycles or scooters, parts or accessories (except tyres, tubes or batteries) or in repairing motor cycles or scooters are included in Class 4866; and (e) in retailing motor vehicle tyres, tubes or batteries are included in Class 4868.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group Class Title and Description

486 MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS; PETROL AND TYRE RETAILERS - contd

4861 NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS - contd

Primary Activities

Air conditioners, motor vehicle, retailing, installing or repairing Car radios or cassette players retailing, installing or repairing Motor vehicle accessories, new, retailing (except motor cycle accessories) Motor vehicle clutch or brake repairing (except for motor cycles) Motor vehicle electrical repairing (except motor cycles) Motor vehicle parts, new, retailing (except tyres, tubes, batteries or motor cycle parts) Motor vehicle radiator repairing

Motor vehicle repairing (except smash repair. engine reconditioning, or motor cycle repair) Motor vehicle seat conversion Motor vehicles leasing (from own stocks; without drivers; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c. Motor vehicles, new, wholesaling or retailing (except motor cycles) Transmission or gearbox assemblies, motor vehicle, reconditioning or rebuilding (except for motor cycles)

4862 USED MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling or retailing (by auction or private treaty) used motor vehicles (including trucks or commercial motor vehicles but not motor cycles) or used motor vehicle parts (except motor cycle parts or accessories or reconditioned tyres or batteries).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in wholesaling or retailing new or used motor
cycles or scooters, parts or accessories are included in
Class 4866;

(b) in retailing new or reconditioned tyres or batteries are included in Class 4868; and

(c) in providing auctioning or valuing services (except in case of real estate or livestock) are included in Class 6389.

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

486		Title and Description				
		MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS; PETR	OL AND TYRE RETAILERS - conto			
	4862	USED MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS	- contd			
		Primary Activ	ities			
		Motor vehicle parts or accessories, used, wholesaling or retailing (except motor cycle parts or accessories)	Motor vehicles, used, wholesaling or retailing (except motor cycles) Wrecking motor vehicles			
	4864	SERVICE STATIONS				
		This class consists of esta retailing petrol or lubrica vehicle servicing.	blishments mainly engaged in ting oils or in motor			
		Primary Activities				
		Diesel oil retailing Distillate retailing Engine oils retailing Kerosene retailing Lubricating oils or	Lubricating service, motor vehicle Motor vehicle washing or cleaning service Petrol retailing			
		greases retailing	Service station, motor vehicle, operation			
	4865	SMASH REPAIRERS				
		This class consists of esta repairing, panel beating or motor vehicles.	blishments mainly engaged in spray painting smashed			

Primary Activities

Motor vehicle smash repair Panel beating (motor body repair)

Motor body repairing Spray painting (motor Motor trimming body repair) Towing service, motor vehicle

DIVISION

F : WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
486		MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS;	PETROL AND TYRE RETAILERS	_	contd
	4866	MOTOR CYCLE DEALERS			

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling or retailing new or used motor cycles or scooters, or parts or accessories for motor cycles (except tyres, tubes or batteries), or in repairing motor cycles or scooters or in assembling motor cycles

from imported "knocked down kits".

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in retailing motor cycle tyres, tubes or batteries are included in Class 4868.

Primary Activities

Go-Karts, motorised,
retailing
Motor cycle or scooter
assembly (from knocked
down kits)
Motor cycle or scooter
parts or accessories
wholesaling or
retailing (except tyres,
tubes or batteries)

Motor cycles or scooters repairing Motorycycles or scooters wholesaling or retailing (new or used) Motorised minibikes retailing

4867 BOAT AND CARAVAN DEALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in wholesaling or retailing boats, outboard motors or caravans, in hiring caravans, in repairing or reconditioning marine outboard motors or in hiring boats n.e.c.

Note: The treatment of leasing activities is explained in detail in Chapter 5.

Primary Activities

Boats hiring or leasing (from own stocks; without crew; for periods of one year or more) n.e.c.

Boats wholesaling or retailing Caravans hiring, wholesaling or retailing

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	roup Class Title and Description		escription
486	4867	MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS; BOAT AND CARAVAN DEALER	PETROL AND TYRE RETAILERS - contd
		Primary A	activities - contd
		Outboard motors repairing or reconditioning Outboard motors wholesaling or retailing	Sailing or nautical accessories retailing Trailers, car, box or boat, hiring, wholesaling or retailing

4868 TYRE AND BATTERY RETAILERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing motor vehicle tyres (new or reconditioned), tubes or batteries, or in repairing (except retreading, recapping or rerubbering) motor vehicle tyres or tubes.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in retreading, recapping or rerubbering motor vehicle tyres are included in Class 3461.

Primary Activities

Batteries, motor vehicle, Tyres or tubes, motor retailing (new or reconditioned) Tyres or tubes, motor vehicle, repairing (except retreading, recapping or rerubbering)

vehicle, retailing (new or reconditioned)

487 MILK AND BREAD VENDORS

4878 BREAD VENDORS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing bread by home delivery service.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in both baking and retailing bread (including by home delivery service) are included in Class 2161.

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION

48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
487		MILK AND BREAD VENDORS - contd
	4878	BREAD VENDORS - contd
		Primary Activities
		Bread retailing (home delivery service; delivery service) except by establishments which both bake and retail bread) Bread vendor (home delivery service)
	4879	MILK VENDORS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing milk by home delivery service.
		Primary Activities
		Milk retailing (home delivery service) Milk vendor (home delivery service)
488		FOOD STORES
	4831	GROCERS, CONFECTIONERS AND TOBACCONISTS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing groceries, smallgoods, tobacco products or confectionery, whether or not the selling is organised on a self service basis.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in retailing softdrinks, aerated waters, milk drinks or ice cream for immediate consumption are included in Class 4886.
		Primary Activities

Primary Activities

Aerated waters retailing
 (except for immediate
 consumption)
Cigarettes retailing
Confectionery retailing
Cordials retailing
Frozen foods retailing
Groceries retailing

Grocery supermarket
operation
Health foods retailing
Ice cream, packaged,
retailing
Pet foods, prepared.
canned or dry,
retailing

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription
488		FOOD STORES - contd	
	4881	GROCERS, CONFECTIONERS AND	TOBACCONISTS - contd
		Primary Acti	vities - contd
		Poultry, frozen, retailing Seafoods, frozen, retailing Smallgoods retailing	Soft drinks retailing (except for immediate consumption) Tobacco products retailing Vegetables, frozen, retailing
	4832	BUTCHERS	
		This class consists of est retailing fresh meat.	tablishments mainly engaged in
		Primary Acti	ivities
		Butcher's shop operation (retail) Meat retailing (except canned meat)	Poultry, fresh, retailing
	4883	FRUIT AND VEGETABLE STORES	5
		This class consists of est in retailing fresh fruit of	tablishments mainly engaged or vegetables.
		Primary Acti	ivities
		Fruit, fresh, retailing Greengrocery operation (retail)	Vegetables, fresh, retailing

4884 LIQUOR STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing beer, wine or spirits for consumption off the premises only.

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
488		FOOD STORES - contd	
	4884	LIQUOR STORES - contd	
		in selling alcoholic beve premises or in selling al consumption on the premis	icensed clubs) mainly engaged erages for consumption on the coholic beverages both for sees and for consumption off bottle shops located at such
		Primary Act	tivities
		Alcoholic beverages retailing (for consumption off the premises only) Beer retailing (for consumption off the premises only)	Spirits or liqueurs retailing (for consumption off the premises only) Wine retailing (for consumption off the premises only)
	4885	BREAD AND CAKE STORES	
		in retailing bread, cakes	tablishments mainly engaged or pastries from fixed ng and retailing cakes or
			stablishments mainly engaged

in both baking and retailing bread (including home

Primary Activities

delivery service) are included in Class 2161.

Bread retailing (except by establishments which both bake and retail bread, or by bread vendors)

Cakes retailing Pastries retailing

DIVISION

F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION		48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd	
Group	Class	Title and Description	
488		FOOD STORES - contd	
	4886	FISH SHOPS; TAKE AWAY FOOD	AND MILK BARS
		retailing fresh fish, take to eat), sandwiches, ice cr	ream or softdrinks (for other ready to eat take away
			tablishments mainly engaged in consumption on the premises
		Primary Activ	vities
		Aerated waters retailing (for immediate consumption) Chicken, take away, retailing (cooked, ready to eat) Cut lunches retailing Fish and chips, take away, retailing	Milk bar operation (retail) Milk drinks retailing (for immediate consumption) Pizza, take away, retailing (cooked, ready to eat) Sandwiches retailing

away, retailing (cooked, ready to eat) Fish, fresh, retailing Hamburgers retailing Ice cream retailing

(for immediate

Sandwiches retailing Seafoods, fresh, retailing Soft drinks retailing (for immediate conumption) Take away foods retailing (cooked ready to eat)

489

OTHER RETAILERS

consumption)

4891 PHARMACIES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing prescription drugs or patent medicines, cosnetics or toilet preparations.

Primary Activities

Cosmetics retailing Drugs retailing Patent medicines retailing Perfumes retailing

Pharmacy, retail, operation Prescriptions, medicinal, dispensing Toilet preparations retailing

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription
489		OTHER RETAILERS - contd	
	4892	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT S	TORES
			stablishments mainly engaged c equipment or supplies, or hotographic equipment.
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Cameras retailing Photographic apparatus retailing Photographic chemicals retailing Photographic equipment	Photographic equipment repairing Photographic equipment retailing Photographic film or paper retailing
		Photographic equipment hiring	paper retailing Sensitised paper retaili

4893 SPORTS AND TOY STORES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing, hiring or repairing sporting goods, bicycles, toys or hobby equipment.

Primary Activities

Ammunition retailing
Bicycles retailing,
hiring or repairing
Camping equipment
retailing or hiring
Dolls retailing
Fishing tackle
retailing or hiring
Games or toys retailing
Guns or rifles retailing

Hobby equipment retailing or hiring
Snow skis hiring
Sporting equipment
retailing or hiring
(except clothing or footwear)
Sporting goods repairing
Toys retailing or repairing

4894 NEWSAGENTS, STATIONERS AND BOOKSELLERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing books, periodicals, newspapers, stationery or religious goods.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

4894 NEWSAGENTS, STATIONERS AND BOOKSELLERS - contd Primary Activities Artists supplies Periodicals retailing retailing Post cards retailing Religious goods Greeting cards retailing Stationery retailing Magazines retailing Writing materials
Primary Activities Artists supplies Periodicals retailing retailing Post cards retailing Religious goods Greeting cards retailing Stationery retailing
Artists supplies Periodicals retailing retailing Post cards retailing Books retailing Religious goods Greeting cards retailing Stationery retailing
retailing Post cards retailing Books retailing Religious goods Greeting cards retailing retailing Stationery retailing
Magazines retailing Writing materials Newspapers retailing retailing

4895 SECOND HAND GOODS DEALERS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing (by auction or private treaty) antiques, second hand goods (except motor vehicles) or armed services etc disposals.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in wholesaling or retailing second hand motor vehicles are included in Class 4862; and (b) in providing auctioning or valuing services (except in the case of real estate or livestock) are included in Class 6389.

Primary Activities

Antiques retailing or auctioning Coin dealers Disposals retailing Pawnbroker Second hand clothes retailing Second hand furniture
retailing or auctioning
Second hand goods retailing
(except motor vehicles)
Second hand jewellery
retailing
Stamp dealers

4896 NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing cut flowers, or horticultural goods such as seeds, seedlings, shrubs, trees or other nursery stock, or in hiring shrubs or trees.

DIVISION F: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE - contd

SUBDIVISION 48 : RETAIL TRADE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Descr	iption
489		OTHER RETAILERS - contd	
	4896	NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS - contd	
		Primary Activ	ities
		Bulbs, flower, retailing Cut flowers retailing Florist, retail, operation Nursery stock retailing Plants, garden, retailing	Seedlings retailing Seeds, garden, retailing Shrubs or trees retailing or hiring Tubers, flower, retailing
	1807	DEMATITMENT OF C	

4897 RETAILING N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in retailing goods n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Animals, live, retailing Art gallery operation (retail) Artworks restoration Brief cases retailing Briquettes retailing Coal retailing Coke retailing Consumer goods hiring n.e.c. Firewood cutting and retailing Fireworks retailing Harness retailing Ice retailing Leather goods retailing (except apparel)

Luggage retailing Paintings restoration Pet foods retailing n.e.c. Pet shop operation (retail) Pets retailing Prams retailing Restoration service (artworks) Retail trade n.e.c. Shopping bags retailing Souvenirs retailing Travel goods retailing Umbrellas retailing Wigs retailing

DIVISION G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in providing passenger or freight transport by road, rail, water or air; terminal facilities for passengers or freight; services related to transport such as car parking, motor vehicle rental, stevedoring, harbour services, ship broking or leasing, navigation services, airport operation or aircraft broking or rental; booking, travel, forwarding, crating or customs agency services; and storage facilities. Establishments mainly engaged in operating pipelines for the transportation of oil, gas, etc., on a contract or fee basis are included in this Division.

DIVISION

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

SUBDIVISION

: ROAD TRANSPORT 51

Group	Class	Title and Description
511		ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT

LONG DISTANCE INTERSTATE ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT 5111

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the transportation of freight by road across State or Territory borders involving journeys of 100 km or more radial distance from pick up point. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in renting trucks with drivers for long distance interstate road freight transport.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in leasing or hiring trucks (not manufactured by the same establishment), from own stocks, without drivers for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4861; (b) in road freight forwarding are included in Class 5114; (c) in leasing, hiring or renting trucks from own stocks, without drivers for periods less than one year are included in Class 5711: (d) in providing road freight terminal facilities or services on a contract or fee basis to road transport establishments are included in Class 5713; (e) in freight forwarding by rail and/or air and/or sea are included in Class 5742; and (f) in crating or packing for road freight transport on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 5744.

Note: The carriage of mail and parcels by establishments of the Australian postal authority is primary to Class 5900.

Primary Activities

Courier service. long distance interstate (road: 100 km radial distance or more from pick up point) Freight transport service, Road freight transport long distance interstate (road; 100 km radial distance or more from pick up point) Furniture removal service, long distance interstate (road; 100km radial distance or more from pick up point)

Log haulage service. long distance interstate (road; 100 km radial distance or more from pick up point) service, long distance interstate (100 km radial distance or more from pick up point) Truck hire service (with driver for long distance interstate road freight transport of 100 km radial distance or more)

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

51 : ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
511		ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT - contd		

5112 LONG DISTANCE INTRASTATE ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the transportation of freight by road within State or Territory borders involving journeys of 100 km or more radial distance from pick up point. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in renting trucks with drivers for long distance intrastate road freight transport.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in leasing or hiring trucks (not manufactured by the same establishment), from own stocks, without drivers for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4861; (b) in road freight forwarding are included in Class 5114; (c) in leasing, hiring or renting trucks from own stocks, without drivers for periods less than one year are included in Class 5711; (d) in providing road freight terminal facilities or services on a contract or fee basis to road transport establishments are included in Class 5713; (e) in freight forwarding by rail and/or air and/or sea are included in Class 5742; and (f) in crating or packing for road freight transport on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 5744.

Note: The carriage of mail and parcels by establishments of the Australian postal authority is primary to Class 5900.

Primary Activities

Courier service, long
distance intrastate
(road; 100 km radial
distance or more
from pick up point)
Freight transport service,
long distance intrastate
(road; 100 km radial
distance or more from
pick up point)
Furniture removal service,
long distance intrastate
(road; 100 km radial
distance or more from
pick up point).

Log haulage service, long
distance intrastate (road;
100 km radial distance or
more from pick up point)
Road freight transport
service, long distance
intrastate (100 km radial
distance or more from
pick up point)
Truck hire service (with
driver for long distance
intrastate road freight
transport of 100 km radial
distance or more)

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

51: ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
511		ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT - contd

5113 SHORT DISTANCE ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the transportation of freight by road involving journeys of less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in renting trucks with drivers for short distance road freight transport.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in leasing or hiring trucks (not manufactured by the same establishment), from own stocks, without drivers for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4861; (b) in road freight forwarding are included in Class 5114; (c) in leasing, hiring or renting trucks from own stocks, without drivers for periods less than one year are included in Class 5711; (d) in providing road freight terminal facilities or services on a contract or fee basis to road transport establishments are included in Class 5713; (e) in freight forwarding by rail and/or air and/or sea are included in Class 5742; (f) in crating or packing for road freight transport on a contract or fee basis are included in Class 5744; (g) in providing armoured car services are included in Class 6389; and (h) in garbage collection and disposal services are included in Class 8495. Note: The carriage of mail and parcels by establishments of the Australian postal authority is primary to Class 5900.

Primary Activities

Courier service, short distance (road; less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point)

Delivery service, short distance (road; less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point) Freight transport service, short distance (road; less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point)

Furniture removal service, short distance (road; less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point)

DIVISION G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION 51 : ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
511		ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT - contd		
	5113	SHORT DISTANCE ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT - contd		
		Primary Activities - contd		
		Log haulage service, short distance (road; less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point) Road freight transport service, short distance (less than 100 km radial distance from pick up point) Taxi truck service (short distance road freight transport of less than 100 km radial distance road freight transport of less than 100 km radial distance)		
	5114	ROAD FREIGHT FORWARDING		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in contracting to transport goods for other enterprises and in using one or more different enterprises to perform the contracted services by way of road freight transport. (In these cases the 'forwarding' establishment takes on prime responsibility for the entire transport operation, specified in each contract, for a charge or fee which covers the total transport operation and, in turn, pays the actual carriers for the transport services rendered to it.)		
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in freight forwarding by rail and/or air and/or sea, are included in Class 5742.		
		Primary Activities		
		Freight forwarding Road freight forwarding service (road) service		

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

51 : ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

Group Class	Title and Description	
12	ROAD PASSENGER TRANSPORT	

5121 LONG DISTANCE BUS TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating buses for the transportation of passengers over routes of 100 km or greater radial distance from starting point.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in providing road passenger terminal facilities or services on a contract or fee basis to road transport establishments are included in Class 5713.

Primary Activities

Bus hire service (with driver for long distance bus transport, 100 km radial distance or more from starting point) Bus transport service. long distance (100 km radial distance or more from starting point) Charter bus service, long distance (100 km radial distance or more from starting point)

Interstate bus transport service, long distance (100 km radial distance or more from starting point)

Passenger transport service (bus; long distance, 100 km radial distance or more from starting point) Tourist coach service, long distance (100 km radial distance or more

from starting point)

5122 SHORT DISTANCE BUS TRANSPORT (INCL. TRAMWAY)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating buses for the transportation of passengers over routes of less than 100 km radial distance from starting point, or in operating tramways for the transportation of passengers.

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

51 : ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

Group	p Class Title and Description		
512		ROAD PASSENGER TRANSPORT - contd	
	5122	SHORT DISTANCE BUS TRANSPORT (INCL. TRAMWAY) - contd	

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in tramway rolling stock repair are included in
Class 3243; and (b) in providing road passenger terminal
facilities or services on a contract or fee basis to
road transport establishments are included in Class 5713.

Primary Activities

Airport bus service
Bus hire service
(with driver for short distance bus transport, less than 100 km radial distance from starting point)
Bus transport service, short distance (less than 100 km radial distance from starting point)
Charter bus service, short distance (less than 100 km radial distance from starting point)
Charter bus service, short distance (less than 100 km radial distance from starting point)

Metropolitan bus
service
Passenger transport
service (bus; short distance,
less than 100 km radial
distance from starting
point)
School bus service
Tourist coach service,
short distance (less
than 100 km radial
distance from starting
point)
Tramway passenger
transport service

5123 TAXI AND OTHER ROAD PASSENGER TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating taxi cabs or hire cars with drivers, or other forms of road vehicles n.e.c. for the transportation of passengers.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating taxi trucks are included in Class 5113;
(b) in leasing, hiring or renting motor vehicles (except licensed taxi cabs or hire cars) from own stocks, without drivers, for periods less than one year are included in Class 5711; and (c) in leasing taxi cab plates (not the vehicles) are included in Class 6163.

DIVISION G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION 51 : ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

SUBDIVISION		51 : ROAD TRANSPORT -	contd
Group	Class	Title and Descri	iption
512		ROAD PASSENGER TRANSPORT	- contd
	5123	TAXI AND OTHER ROAD PASSEN	NGER TRANSPORT - contd
		Primary Acti	ivities
		Hire car service (with driver) Passenger transport service (by taxi cab, hire car with driver or road vehicles n.e.c.) Road passenger transport n.e.c.	Taxi cab leasing, hiring or renting (licensed cabs only) Taxi cab management service (i.e. operation on behalf of owner) Taxi cab service Taxi radio base operation (except for taxi trucks)

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

52 : RAIL TRANSPORT

Group	Class	Title and Description

520

RAIL TRANSPORT

5200 RAIL TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating railways (except tramways) for the transportation of freight or passengers, in operating railway terminal or depot facilities for receiving, despatching or transferring rail freight or cargo, or in providing services allied to railway transport n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in repairing railway rolling stock or locomotives are included in Class 3243; (b) in constructing or repairing railway permanent way are included in Class 4122; (c) in operating tramways for the transport of passengers are included in Class 5122; (d) in rail freight forwarding are included in Class 5742; (e) in operating railways as a tourist attraction are included in Class 9144; and (f) in providing catering services are included in Class 9231.

Primary Activities

Container terminal
operation (railway)
Freight transport
service (railway)
Passenger transport
service (railway)
Railway station
operation

Railway transport
service
Suburban railway transport
service (except tramway
transport)
Terminal operation
(railway)

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

53 : WATER TRANSPORT

Group	Class	Title and Description	
530		WATER TRANSPORT	

5307 INTERNATIONAL SEA TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation of vessels for the transportation of passengers or freight by sea between Australian and foreign ports. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in chartering or leasing ships with crew for any period, to other enterprises for use in international sea transport.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in repairing, refitting or converting ships of
50 tonnes displacement or over are included in Class 3241;
(b) in operating sea transport terminals are included in
Class 5722; (c) in providing ship or shipping agency
services are included in Class 5723; (d) in leasing,
hiring, or chartering ships without crew for any period
are included in Class 5724; and (e) in sea freight
forwarding are included in Class 5742.

Primary Activities

Freight transport
service (international
sea transport)
Ocean cruise services
(between Australian
and foreign ports)
Passenger transport
service (international
sea transport)

Ship charter, lease or rental (with crew; for any period; for international sea transport)

Ship management service for international sea transport (i.e. operation of ships on behalf of owners)

5308 COASTAL WATER TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation of vessels for the transportation of passengers or freight by sea between Australian ports. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in chartering or leasing ships with crew, for any period, to other enterprises for use in coastal sea transport.

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

53 : WATER TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
530		WATER TRANSPORT - contd

5308 COASTAL WATER TRANSPORT - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in chartering or leasing fishing vessels, with or without crew, for any period, are included in the appropriate classes of Group 043; (b) in repairing, refitting or converting ships of 50 tonnes displacement or over are included in Class 3241; (c) in repairing, refitting or converting boats under 50 tonnes displacement are included in Class 3242; (d) in operating ships or boats within harbours or inland waters for the transportation of passengers or freight are included in Class 5309; (e) in operating sea transport terminals are included in Class 5722; (f) in providing ship or shipping agency services are included in Class 5723; (g) in leasing, hiring or chartering ships without crew for any period are included in Class 5724; (h) in operating tugboats or towing vessels are included in Class 5724; (i) in sea freight forwarding are included in Class 5742; and (j) in hiring, chartering or leasing game fishing boats, with or without crew are included in Class 9144.

Primary Activities

Boat charter, lease or rental (with crew; for any period; for coastal water transport: except pleasure boat hire without crew and fishing boats) Freight transport service (coastal sea transport) Island ferry operation (in coastal waters) Ocean cruise services (between Australian ports)

Passenger transport service
(coastal sea transport)
Ship charter, lease or
rental (with crew; for
any period; for coastal
sea transport)
Ship management service
for coastal sea transport
(i.e. operation of ships
on behalf of owners)
Vehicular ferry operation
(in coastal waters)

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd.

SUBDIVISION

53 : WATER TRANSPORT - contd.

Group	Class	Title and Description
530		WATER TRANSPORT - contd
	5309	INLAND WATER TRANSPORT
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation of vessels for the transportation of freight or passengers in harbours or inland waters (except tug boats or lighters).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in repairing, refitting or converting boats under 50 tonnes displacement are included in Class 3242; (b) in hiring or renting pleasure boats from own stocks without crew for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4867; (c) in operating vehicular punts are included in Class 5713; (d) in providing tug boat or lighterage services are included in Class 5724; and (e) in hiring or renting pleasure boats from own stocks,

Primary Activities

without crew for periods less than one year are included

Boat charter, lease
or rental (with
crew; for any
period; for inland
water transport;
except pleasure boat
hire without crew
and fishing boats)
Cruise operation (river,
harbour or lake; with
or without restaurant
facilities)

in Class 9144.

Freight transport service
(river, harbour or lake)
Passenger ferry operation
(river, harbour or lake)
Passenger transport service
(river, harbour or lake)
Water taxi service (river, harbour or lake)

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

54 : AIR TRANSPORT

Group	Class	Titl	and	Description
540		AIR TRANSPORT		

5405 SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating aircraft on scheduled routes for the transportation of passengers or freight between Australian and foreign ports.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in repairing aircraft are included in Class 3244;
(b) in leasing or hiring aircraft without crew, from own stocks for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4736; (c) in operating aircraft on a nonscheduled basis for the transportation of passengers or freight between Australian and foreign ports are included in Class 5407; (d) in leasing, hiring or chartering aircraft, without crew, for periods less than one year, or in civil airport operation (except air transport terminals) are included in Class 5730; (e) in operating ticket sales or booking offices of non-resident airlines are included in Class 5741; and (f) in international air freight forwarding are included in Class 5742.

Primary Activities

Aircraft charter, lease
or rental (with crew;
for use in scheduled
international air
transport)
Air transport service
(scheduled,
international)
Air transport terminal
operation (for
scheduled international air transport;
except airports)

Freight transport service
(scheduled international
air transport)
Passenger transport
service (scheduled
international air
transport)

5406 SCHEDULED DOMESTIC AIR TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating aircraft on scheduled routes for the transportation of passengers or freight within Australia.

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

54 : AIR TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
10		AIR TRANSPORT - contd

SCHEDULED DOMESTIC AIR TRANSPORT - contd 5406

> EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in repairing aircraft are included in Class 3244; (b) in leasing or hiring aircraft without crew, from own stocks for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4736; (c) in operating aircraft on a non-scheduled basis for the transportation of passengers or freight within Australia are included in Class 5407; (d) in leasing, hiring or chartering aircraft, without crew for periods less than one year, or in civil airport operation (except air transport terminals) are included in Class 5730: and (e) in domestic air freight forwarding are included in Class 5742.

Primary Activities

Aircraft charter, lease or rental (with crew; for use in scheduled domestic air transport) Passenger transport Air transport service (scheduled, domestic) Air transport terminal operation (for scheduled domestic air transport: except airports)

Freight transport service (scheduled domestic air transport) (scheduled domestic air transport)

NON-SCHEDULED AIR TRANSPORT 5407

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating aircraft on other than scheduled routes for the transportation of passengers or freight. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in operating flying schools.

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

54 : AIR TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
540		AIR TRANSPORT - contd

5407 NON-SCHEDULED AIR TRANSPORT - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in aerial crop dusting, helicopter cattle mustering or in the provision of other aerial agricultural services are included in Class 0205; (b) in repairing aircraft are included in Class 3244; (c) in leasing or hiring aircraft without crew, from own stocks for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4736; (d) in leasing, hiring or chartering aircraft without crew for periods less than one year, or in civil airport operation (except air transport terminals) are included in Class 5730; (e) in air freight forwarding are included in Class 5742; and (f) in aerial surveying or photography are included in Class 6335.

Primary Activities

Air charter service
n.e.c.
Aircraft charter,
lease or rental
(with crew; for
use in non-scheduled
air transport)
Air transport service
(non-scheduled)
Air transport terminal
operation (for nonscheduled air transport;
except airports)

Flying school operation
Freight transport service
 (non-scheduled air
 transport)
Passenger transport service
 (non-scheduled air
 transport)

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 55 : OTHER TRANSPORT

Group	Class	Title and Description
550		OTHER TRANSPORT

5500 OTHER TRANSPORT

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in operating pipelines for the transportation of oil, gas, water or other materials on a contract or fee basis,

or in transporting passengers or freight n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in operating chair lifts or ski tows are included in Class 9144.

Primary Activities

Cable car operation Pipeline operation (for (except tramway) Freight transport n.e.c. Passenger transport n.e.c.

the transport of oil, gas, water or other materials on a contract or fee basis) Transport n.e.c.

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT

Group	Class	Title and Description

571

SERVICES TO ROAD TRANSPORT

5711 MOTOR VEHICLE HIRE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in leasing, hiring or renting motor vehicles from own stocks, without drivers for periods less than one year (except licensed taxi cabs or hire cars).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in leasing, hiring or renting motor vehicles (except licensed taxi cabs or hire cars) from own stocks, without drivers, for periods of one year or more are included in Class 4861; (b) in hiring motor vehicles with drivers are included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 51; (c) in leasing, hiring or renting licensed taxi cabs or hire cars are included in Class 5123; and (d) in leasing motor vehicles on a purely financial service basis are included in Class 6156.

Primary Activities

Car lease, hire or rental Truck lease, hire or (from own stocks; without driver; for periods less than one year; except licensed taxi cabs or hire cars) Motor vehicle lease, hire or rental (from own stocks; without driver; for periods less than one year; except licensed taxi cabs or hire cars)

rental (from own stocks; without driver; for periods less than one year)

PARKING SERVICES 5712

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing motor vehicle parking facilities.

Primary Activities

Car park operation

Parking station operation

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
571		SERVICES TO ROAD TRANSPORT - contd

5713 SERVICES TO ROAD TRANSPORT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing services to road transport n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating taxi cab radio bases are included
in Class 5123; and (b) in operating passenger ferries
which may also carry some freight or motor vehicles
are included in the appropriate classes in Group 530.

Primary Activities

Container terminal or park facilities provision (for road freight on a fee or contract basis)

Terminal facilities provision (to road freight or passenger transport establishments on a fee or contract basis)

Toll bridge operation
Toll road operation
Vehicular ferry or
 punt operation (in
 inland waters)
Weighbridge operation

DIVISION

: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE contd

SUBDIVISION

57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT -

contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
572		SERVICES TO WATER TRANS	PORT
	5721		
		This class consists of in the provision of lab discharging of vessels.	establishments mainly engaged our for the loading or
		Primary Acti	vities
		Ship loading or unloading service (provision of labour only)	Stevedoring service
	5722	WATER TRANSPORT TERMINA	LS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation of ship mooring facilities or of passenger or freight sea transport terminals (including sea cargo container terminals and coal or grain loaders) used for the loading or discharging of vessels.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing stevedoring services are included in Class 5721; and (b) in providing other port or harbour services n.e.c. are included in Class 5724.

Primary Activities

Coal loader operation (sea transport) Container terminal operation (marine cargo) Freight terminal operation (sea transport)

Grain loader operation (sea transport) Passenger terminal operation (sea transport) Ship mooring service Terminal operation (sea transport) Wharf operation

5723 SHIPPING AGENTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in arranging stevedoring, provedoring, bunkering, mooring, harbour rates payment, cargo marketing and similar services for vessels operated or managed by other enterprises.

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and	d Description
572		SERVICES TO WATER TE	RANSPORT - contd
	5723	SHIPPING AGENTS - co	ontd
		(a) in ship charter the appropriate class freight forwarding a (c) in providing cuin Class 5743; and in Class 5744. Note: The term "other contents of the contents of the charter of the	Es: Establishments mainly engaged: ring or management are included in sees in Group 530; (b) in sea are included in Class 5742; astoms agency services are included (d) in ship broking are included her enterprises" used above includes ralian branches of non-resident
		Primary	y Activities
		Shipping agency	Ship's agency service

service

5724 SERVICES TO WATER TRANSPORT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing port and harbour services n.e.c. or services to water transport n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in repairing ships or boats are included in Classes 3241 and 3242 respectively; (b) in chartering or leasing ships or boats for the transportation of passengers or freight (except fishing vessels and pleasure craft) with crew are included in the appropriate classes in Group 530; (c) in operating water transport terminal facilities are included in Class 5722; (d) in sea freight forwarding are included in Class 5742; (e) in ship broking are included in Class 5744; and

(f) in operating marina facilities for pleasure craft are included in Class 9144.

Primary Activities

Boat lease, hire or charter (for transport of freight or passengers, for any period; without crew; Lighterage service except on a financial service basis)

Distressed vessel towing service Harbour services n.e.c. Lift span bridge operation Navigation service, water transport

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION		57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd			
Group	Class	Title and Description			
572		SERVICES TO WATER TRANSPORT - contd			
	5724	SERVICES TO WATER TRANSPORT N.E.C	contd.		
		Primary Activities - co	ntd		
		Port services n.e.c. Towboat o Salvage service, marine Tugboat o	peration, navigable,		
573		SERVICES TO AIR TRANSPORT			
	5730	SERVICES TO AIR TRANSPORT			
		This class consists of establishment in providing civil airport facilitie and other airport services to air transents. EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishmen (a) in aircraft repair are included	s and air navigation ansport establish- ts mainly engaged:		

(b) in aircraft leasing without crew, from own stocks, for periods of one year or more, are included in Class 4736; (c) in aircraft leasing or chartering with crew, or in the operation of passenger or freight air transport terminals (whether at airports or not) are included in the appropriate classes of Group 540; and (d) in operating ticket sales offices of nonresident airlines are included in Class 5741.

Primary Activities

Aircraft charter. lease or rental (without crew; from own stocks; for periods less than one year)

Airport operation (civil; except air transport terminals) Airport services
Navigation service, air transport

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
574		OTHER SERVICES TO TRANSPORT
	5741	TRAVEL AGENCY SERVICES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing travel agency services such as transport and/or accommodation booking and tour wholesaling or retailing.
		Primary Activities
		72 1

Booking service

(passenger transport and/or accommodation) Ticket consolidation service (for passenger transport)

Ticket selling (for non-resident airlines) Tour retailing service Tour wholesaling service Tourist bureau service Travel agency service

FREIGHT FORWARDING (EXCEPT ROAD) 5742

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in contracting to transport goods for other enterprises and in using one or more different enterprises to perform the contracted services by way of rail and/or air and/or sea freight transport. (In these cases the 'forwarding' establishment takes on prime responsibility for the entire transport operation specified in each contract for a charge that covers the total operation and in turn pays the actual carriers for transport services rendered to it.)

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in road freight forwarding are included in Class 5114; and (b) in freight brokerage are included in Class 5744.

Primary Activities

Freight forwarding service (except by road)

DIVISION

G: TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION 57 : SERVICES TO TRANSPORT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
574		OTHER SERVICES TO TRAN	SPORT - contd		
	5743	CUSTOMS AGENCY SERVICE	S		
		This class consists of in providing customs s	establishments mainly engaged ervices.		
		,	Establishments mainly engaged ht forwarding are included in		
		Primary A	ctivities		
		Customs agency service Customs clearance service	Export documentation preparation service Import documentation preparation service		
	5744	OTHER SERVICES TO TRAN	SPORT N.E.C.		
			establishments mainly engaged rvices to transport n.e.c.		
		in hiring or leasing p	Establishments mainly engaged allets, from own stocks, for year, are included in Class 6390.		
		Primary A	ctivities		
		Aircraft broking service Crating or packing service (for transport) Freight brokerage service	Transport container, leasing or hiring (from own stock; for any period) Transport container repair or refurbishing Wool dumping service		

Ship broking service

DIVISION

G : TRANSPORT AND STORAGE - contd

SUBDIVISION

58 : STORAGE

Group	Class	Title and Descr	ription	
580		STORAGE		
	5801	GRAIN STORAGE		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaging the storage of cereal grains.		
			Establishments mainly engaged ng facilities at water transpor n Class 5722.	
		Primary Activ	ities	
		Grain elevator operation Grain silo operation	Grain storage Storage service (grain)	
	5802	COLD STORAGE		
			stablishments mainly engaged e, cool storage or controlled ities.	
		Primary Activ	ities	
		Cold store operation Controlled atmosphere store operation Cool store operation	Refrigerated warehouse operation Storage service (cold, cool or refrigerated)	
	5803	STORAGE N.E.C.		
		This class consists of e in providing storage n.e	stablishments mainly engaged .c.	
		Primary Activ	ities	
		Bond store operation 'Free' store operation (storage of goods not under bond)	Furniture storage service Storage service n.e.c. Warehousing n.e.c.	

DIVISION H : COMMUNICATION

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in providing postal, telephone, teleprinter or telegraph communication services. Establishments mainly engaged in radio or television broadcasting to the general public are included in Division L, Recreation, Personal and Other Services.

DIVISION

H : COMMUNICATION

SUBDIVISION

59 : COMMUNICATIONS

Group	Class	Title and Description
590		COMMUNICATION
	5900	COMMUNICATION
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing communication services to the public whether by post, wire or radio.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing communication equipment are included in the appropriate classes in Division C, Manufacturing; (b) in cable laying, transmission line or tower construction or in the installation or repair of telephone or telegraphic equipment are included in the appropriate classes in Division E, Construction; (c) in operating telephone answering services or message delivery services are included in Class 6389; and (d) in operating radio or television broadcasting stations are included in Classes 9134 and 9135 respectives

Primary Activities

Cable service
 (communication)
Communication channel
 service n.e.c.
 (e.g. coaxial cable
 operation)
Communication service
 n.e.c.
Multi-purpose
 communication channel
 operation n.e.c.
Post office operation

Postal services
Radio telephone
services
Satellite communications
service
Telegram service
Telegraph service
Telephone exchange
operation
Telephone service
Telephone service
Teleprinter service
Telex service

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in the provision of finance, in investing money in predominantly financial securities (including mortgages, patents and copyrights), in providing services to lenders, borrowers and investors, in providing insurance cover of all types and services to insurance underwriters and people or organisations seeking insurance cover, in dealing in, valuing or managing real estate (except agricultural or pastoral properties) for others, in renting or leasing (as owners or lease holders) dwellings, residential buildings, non residential buildings (including space in such buildings) or land, or in developing or subdividing land. This Division also includes establishments of holding companies, if they are mainly engaged in holding shares in their subsidiary company (or companies), as well as establishments mainly engaged in the provision of a wide range of business services such as architectural, surveying and other technical services, legal and accountancy services, data processing and other office services as well as advertising, management consultancy, market research, credit assessing and reporting, pest control, cleaning, caretaking, protection and a variety of other services including contract packing of goods (other than agricultural produce, food, beverages and tobacco, or crating or packing goods for transport). Establishments mainly engaged in leasing, renting or hiring industrial machinery, plant or equipment (except transport equipment) without operators for periods less than one year, from stocks physically held for this purpose, are also included in this Division as are establishments mainly engaged in leasing machinery, plant or equipment on a financial service basis. A detailed discussion of the treatment of leasing and hiring activities in this Classification is contained in Chapter 5.

For statistical purposes trusts (entities created by trust deed) and separately constituted superannuation funds are treated as quasi legal entities and hence as enterprises. Establishments of separately constituted superannuation funds are included in Class 6232 and of unit trusts, land trusts and other trusts and foundations whose funds are mainly invested in financial securities are included in the classes of Group 616.

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

SUBDIVISION 61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT

Group	Class	Title and Description
614		BANKING
	6141	CENTRAL BANK
		This class consists of establishments of the Australian central bank mainly engaged in central banking.
		Primary Activities
		Central bank operation
	6142	TRADING BANKS
		This class consists of establishments of recognised trading banks mainly engaged in banking activities.
		Primary Activities
		Trading bank operation
	6143	DEVELOPMENT BANKS
		This class consists of establishments of recognised development banks mainly engaged in banking activities.
		Primary Activities
		Development bank operation
	6144	SAVINGS BANKS
		This class consists of establishments of recognised savings banks mainly engaged in banking activities.
		Primary Activities

Savings bank operation

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group Class Title and Description

615

NON-BANK FINANCE

6151 PERMANENT BUILDING SOCIETIES

This class consists of establishments of recognised permanent building societies mainly engaged in providing loans for home building or purchasing purposes.

Primary Activities

Permanent building society operation

6152 TERMINATING BUILDING SOCIETIES

This class consists of establishments of recognised terminating building societies mainly engaged in providing loans for home building or purchasing purposes.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in carrying out or in managing the operations of terminating building societies on a commission or fee basis are included in Class 6172.

Primary Activities

Terminating building society operation (except terminating building society management on a commission or fee basis)

6153 CREDIT UNIONS

This class consists of establishments of recognised credit unions or co-operatives mainly engaged in lending money to their members for any purpose (except housing).

Primary Activities

Credit union or co-operative society operation

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
615		NON-BANK FINANCE - contd			
	6154	AUTHORISED MONEY MARKET I	DEALERS		
		This class consists of establishments of dealer companies authorised by the central bank to operate in the short term money market.			
		Primary Activities			
		Authorised short term money market dealer company operation Money market dealer company operation (authorised by the central bank)	Short term money market dealer company operation (authorised by the central bank)		

6155 MONEY MARKET DEALERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in lending money for commercial or industrial purposes for contract periods of less than one year n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating in the authorised short term money market are included in Class 6154; (b) in providing hire purchase or instalment credit finance to non-business borrowers (including short term), in factoring trade debts or in lending money (including short term) on the security of trade debts or trading stock are included in Class 6156; and (c) in finance broking or in arranging finance for others are included in Class 6172.

Primary Activities

Bill of exchange
discounting or
financing (except
by banks)

Financing, short term
(for industrial or
commercial purposes)
n.e.c.

Short term financing (for industrial or commercial purposes) n.e.c.

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
(3.5			

615

NON-BANK FINANCE - contd

6156 FINANCIERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in lending money for periods of one year or more n.e.c., or in leasing machinery, plant or equipment purely on a financial service basis (i.e. without physically handling the goods). This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in providing hire purchase or instalment credit finance to non-business borrowers (including short term), in factoring of trade debts or in lending money (including short term) on the security of trade debts or trading stock.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in finance broking or in arranging finance for others are included in Class 6172.

<u>Note</u>: The treatment of leasing activities is explained in detail in Chapter 5.

Primary Activities

Factoring
Financing, medium to
long term, n.e.c.
Financing n.e.c.
Financing, short term
(on the security of
trade debts or
trading stock)
Hire purchase
financing (nonbusiness borrowers)

Instalment credit financing
 (non-business borrowers)
 n.e.c.
Leasing (financial service
 basis only; except real
 property)
Money lending n.e.c.
Short term financing (on
 the security of trade
 debts or trading stock)

616

INVESTMENT

6161 UNIT TRUSTS, LAND TRUSTS AND MUTUAL FUNDS

This class consists of establishments of investment type unit trusts or land trusts (created by trust deed and treated for statistical purposes as legal or quasi legal entities and, hence, as separate statistical enterprises). This class also includes establishments of mutual fund companies.

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
616		INVESTMENT - contd

6161 UNIT TRUSTS, LAND TRUSTS AND MUTUAL FUNDS - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in managing (e.g. on a commission or fee basis) trusts or other investments for others or establishments of trustee companies mainly engaged in providing trustee services are included in Class 6172. Establishments of trusts or funds which are mainly engaged in producing goods or services (other than merely investing money) are classified to the appropriate industry classes in accordance with their major activity.

Primary Activities

Land trust (except
trust management on
a commission or fee
basis)
Mutual fund company
operation (except
fund management on
a commission or fee
basis)

Unit trust (investment type; except trust management on a commission or fee basis)

6162 HOLDING COMPANIES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments of holding companies, as defined in Australian company legislation, mainly engaged in holding shares in their subsidiary company (or companies). (The holding companies referred to in this class definition can include holding companies which are subsidiary companies of other holding companies.)

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
616		INVESTMENT - contd
	6162	HOLDING COMPANIES N.E.C contd
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of holding companies mainly engaged in activities other than holding shares in subsidiary companies are classified to the appropriate industry classes in accordance with their major activity. Note: The head office of a holding company is normally treated as an establishment if the holding company has no other locations which are treated as establishments. If the holding company has other locations which are treated as establishments then the head office location would normally be treated as an ancillary unit, provided it qualifies for treatment as an ancillary unit in accordance with the normal units rules in Chapter 3 of this Classification.
		Primary Activities

Holding company operation (viz. holding shares in subsidiary companies)

6163 HOLDER-INVESTORS N.E.C.

> This class consists of establishments (except establishments of holding companies (other than investment companies), unit trusts, land trusts, separately constituted superannuation funds or mutual fund companies) mainly engaged in investing money on their own account in predominantly financial securities (including mortgages, patents or copyrights).

DIVISION

: FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	

616

INVESTMENT contd

6163 HOLDER-INVESTORS N.E.C. - contd

> EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of investment type unit trusts, land trusts or mutual fund companies are included in Class 6161. Establishments of holding companies, as defined in Australian company legislation, mainly engaged in holding shares in their subsidiary company (or companies) are included in Class 6162. Establishments mainly engaged in managing (e.g. on a commission or fee basis) investments for others (except for separately constituted superannuation funds), or establishments mainly engaged in providing trustee or investment advisory services, in underwriting new security issues, or in buying or selling stocks, shares or other financial securities for others are included in Class 6172. Establishments of separately constituted superannuation funds are included in Class 6232. Establishments of trusts or funds (treated as statistical enterprises) mainly engaged in producing goods or services (other than merely investing money) are classified to the appropriate industry classes in accordance with their major activity.

Primary Activities

Investment club operation Trust or foundation, Investment company operation (except mutual fund company operation) Investment (own account: in predominantly financial securities incl. mortgages, patents or copyrights; except by holding companies (other than investment companies), unit trusts, land trusts, superannuation funds or mutual fund companies)

Taxi cab plate leasing (without vehicles)

charitable, educational, personal or other (except land trust. unit trust or trust mainly engaged in producing goods or services primary to industries other than in Group 616, and except trust or foundation management on a commission or fee basis)

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 61: FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
617		SERVICES TO FINANCE AND INVESTMENT
	6171	STOCK EXCHANGES
		This class consists of establishments of incorporated stock exchanges.
		Primary Activities
		Stock exchange operation

6172 SERVICES TO FINANCE AND INVESTMENT N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in trading in stocks, shares or other financial securities for others, in underwriting new security issues, or in providing nominee, trustee, investment management or advisory services or other services n.e.c. in the field of finance or investment (except insurance or superannuation).

Primary Activities

Bill broking service Broking service (financial securities) Bullion broking service Commodity contracts broking or dealing (on commission) Commodity contracts or futures exchange operation Commodity futures broking or dealing (on commission) Currency exchange service (non-bank) Executor service Finance broking service Finance consultancy service Finance service n.e.c. Investment broking service

Investment consultancy service Investment management (on a commission or fee basis; for unit trusts, land or property trusts, mutual fund companies, or charitable. educational or other trusts or funds; except superannuation funds) Investment service n.e.c. Management company operation (investment; except of separately constituted superannuation funds) Money changing service (non-bank) Mortgage broking service Nominee service

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 61 : FINANCE AND INVESTMENT - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
617		SERVICES TO FINANCE AND	INVESTMENT - contd	
	6172	SERVICES TO FINANCE AND	INVESTMENT N.E.C contd	
		Primary Ac	tivities - contd	
		Patent or copyright broking or dealing (on commission) Portfolio, investment, management (on a commission or fee basis) Security valuation service Share broking (on commission) Share registry operation Share trading (on commission)	Stock broking or trading (on commission) Terminating building society management (on a commission or fee basis) Trustee service Underwriting (new security issues) Unit trust management company operation	

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 62: INSURANCE AND SERVICES TO INSURANCE

Group	Class		Title	and	Description		
623		INSURANCE					

6231 LIFE INSURANCE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing life insurance cover. The establishments included in this class are operated by companies registered under Australian life insurance legislation. Included also are life insurance establishments of State Governments operating under the authority of State legislation.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of separately constituted superannuation funds (treated for statistical purposes as legal or quasi legal entities and, hence, as separate statistical enterprises) managed by life insurance companies are included in Class 6232.

Note: This exclusion does not relate to statutory funds of life insurance companies for the purpose of conducting superannuation business - such funds are part of the assets of the life insurance companies.

Primary Activities

Life insurance

Life re-insurance

6232 SUPERANNUATION FUNDS

This class consists of establishments of separately constituted superannuation funds (treated for statistical purposes as legal or quasi legal entities and, hence, as separate statistical enterprises).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in managing or in carrying out the operations of separately constituted superannuation funds on a commission or fee basis are included in Class 6240.

Note: Superannuation schemes which are not separately constituted funds are not treated for statistical purposes as enterprises and are therefore not classified by industry - they merely form part of the accounts of the entities (enterprises and establishments) which operate such schemes.

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 62: INSURANCE AND SERVICES TO INSURANCE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
623		INSURANCE - contd			
	6232	6232 SUPERANNUATION FUNDS - contd			
		Primery Activ	rities		
		Pension fund, separately constituted (except fund management on a commission or fee basis)	Superannuation fund, separately constituted (except fund management on a commission or fee basis)		

6233 HEALTH INSURANCE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing insurance cover for hospital, medical, dental, pharmaceutical or funeral expenses or costs. This class also includes establishments of public sector financial (trading) enterprises mainly engaged in providing health insurance cover.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of "general government" entities mainly engaged in administering compulsory or voluntary social security schemes (including accident, injury or sickness benefit schemes or medical or hospital expenses reimbursement schemes) are included in the appropriate industries in Division J Public Administration and Defence.

Primary Activities

Dental insurance
Funeral benefit
 provision
Health insurance
Hospital insurance
 (provision of
 insurance cover
 to meet hospital isation costs)

Medical insurance
 (provision of
 insurance cover to
 meet medical expenses)

Pharmaceutical insurance
 (provision of insurance
 cover to meet
 pharmaceutical expenses)

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

62 : INSURANCE AND SERVICES TO INSURANCE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
623		INSURANCE - contd

6234 GENERAL INSURANCE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing motor vehicle, fire, marine, comprehensive household or other insurance cover n.e.c. The establishments included in this class are operated by companies registered under Australian general insurance legislation. Included also are general insurance establishments of the Federal or State governments operating under authority of relevant legislation.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Australian insurance broking establishments of foreign based insurance underwriters, not carrying insurance in Australia, are included in Class 6240.

Primary Activities

Accident insurance All risks insurance Aviation insurance Baggage insurance Boiler insurance Breakdown loss insurance (machinery and equipment) Burglary insurance Canine insurance Cargo insurance Cash in transit insurance Comprehensive household insurance Contract guarantee insurance Credit insurance Employers liability insurance Exports payments insurance Fidelity guarantee insurance Fire insurance Flood insurance Freight insurance

General insurance Growing crops insurance Guarantee insurance Household insurance Insurance n.e.c. Livestock insurance Loss of profits insurance Machinery breakdown insurance Marine insurance Mortgage guarantee insurance Mortgage insurance Motor vehicle insurance Owners liability insurance Personal accident insurance Personal property insurance Plate glass insurance Pluvius insurance Professional indemnity insurance Public risks third party insurance Reinsurance (except life)

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 62: INSURANCE AND SERVICES TO INSURANCE - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description				
623		INSURANCE - contd				
	6234	GENERAL INSURANCE - contd				
		Primary Ac	tivities - contd			
		Riot insurance Sportsman's insurance Storm insurance Television insurance	Third party insurance Travel insurance Workers compensation insurance			
624		SERVICES TO INSURANCE				
	6240	SERVICES TO INSURANCE				
			stablishments mainly engaged roking or agency services, or			

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing insurance broking or agency services, or other services to insurance such as consultancy, claim assessment or adjustment services. This class also includes Australian establishments of foreign based insurance underwriters mainly engaged in insurance broking (not carrying) in Australia, as well as establishments mainly engaged in managing or in carrying out the operations of separately constituted superannuation funds on a commission or fee basis.

Primary Activities

Claim adjustment Insurance broking service Insurance consultancy Claim assessment service Superannuation fund Insurance agency management (on a commission or fee basis)

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

63 : PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

Group	Class	Title and Description
631		REAL ESTATE AGENTS

6310 REAL ESTATE AGENTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in valuing, purchasing, selling (by auction or private treaty), managing or renting real estate for others (except agricultural or pastoral properties).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in valuing, purchasing, selling, managing or renting pastoral or agricultural properties for others are included in Class 4751.

Primary Activities

Broking service (real estate; except agricultural or pastoral properties) Business broking service n.e.c. Real estate agency service (except agricultural or pastoral properties) Real estate auctioning service (except agricultural or pastoral properties) Real estate broking service (except agricultural or pastoral properties)

Real estate management
service (except
agricultural or
pastoral properties)
Real estate rental
agency service
(except agricultural
or pastoral
properties)
Title searching service
Valuing service (real
estate; except
agricultural or
pastoral properties)

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
632		REAL ESTATE OPERATORS AND DEVELOPERS

6321 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OPERATORS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in renting or leasing their own or leased residential properties or dwellings to others. The activity of owner occupiers renting or leasing their own dwellings to themselves is treated as a business activity in the national accounts. (Accordingly this class includes, for purposes of national accounts, the imputed or notional property owning establishments from which the owner occupiers of dwellings rent or lease their dwellings.)

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in operating hotels, motels, boarding or rooming houses, student residences, caravan parks or similar places providing accommodation (except in renting or leasing dwellings) are included in Class 9233.

Primary Activities

Apartment buildings renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Apartments renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Buildings, residential, renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Dwellings, new spec. built, selling (except dwellings built by the same establishment) Flats renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder)

Holiday houses or flats renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Houses renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Houses, new spec. built, selling (except houses built by the same establishment) Property, residential, renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder) Real estate, residential, renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder)

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group Class Title and Description

632 REAL ESTATE OPERATORS AND DEVELOPERS - contd

6322 PROPERTY OPERATORS AND DEVELOPERS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in renting or leasing their own (including leased) non residential properties (including space in such properties) to others. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in land subdivision or development (except construction).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in construction work arising from the subdivision or development of land are included in the appropriate industry classes in Division E Construction; and
(b) in operating hotels, motels, boarding or rooming houses, student residences, caravan parks or similar places providing accommodation (except in renting or leasing dwellings) are included in Class 9233.

Primary Activities

Buildings, non
residential, renting
or leasing (as owner
or lease holder)
Land development or
subdivision (except
construction)
Property, non
residential, renting
or leasing (as owner
or lease holder)

Real estate development or subdivision (except construction) Real estate, non residential, renting or leasing (as owner or lease holder)

633 <u>TECHNICAL SERVICES</u>

6334 ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing architectural services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in managing or organising construction projects are included in the appropriate classes in Division E Construction.

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

63 : PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
633		TECHNICAL SERVICES - contd	
6334 ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES - contd		ontd	
		Primary Activities	
		Architect (own account) Architectural consultancy service (except construction project	Drafting service, architectural
		management)	
	(775	CUDITUTAL CONTINUES	

6335 SURVEYING SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing surveying services (including exploration surveying services).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in exploring for crude oil or natural gas on their own account whether by surveying or other techniques are included in Class 1611; and (b) in exploring for minerals (except crude oil or natural gas) on their own account whether by surveying or other techniques are included in Class 1612.

Primary Activities

Aerial photography service Aerial surveying service Geological or geophysical surveying service (on a contract Marine surveying or fee basis) service
Gravimetric surveying Seismic surveying service (on a contract service (on a or fee basis)

Hydrographic surveying service Land surveying service Map preparation service service (on a contract or fee basis)

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group Class Title and Description

633 TECHNICAL SERVICES - contd

6336 TECHNICAL SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing consultant engineering or technical services n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in managing or organising construction projects are included in the appropriate classes in Division E Construction.

Note: Research and scientific institutions are included in Class 8461.

Primary Activities

Boat designing service Chemical engineering service Civil engineering service Consultant engineering service n.e.c. Drawing office service Laboratory operation (providing chemical, food, electrical engineering or other technical services) Marine engineering service Mining engineering service

Naval architectural
service
Product design service
(for furniture,
fittings, machinery
or equipment)
Scientific or
technical services
n.e.c.
Testing or assay
service (on a fee
or contract basis)
Traffic engineering
service
Wool testing service

637 <u>LEGAL AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES</u>

6371 LEGAL SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing legal services.

Primary Activities

Advocate (own account)
Barrister (own
account)
Legal aid service

Notary (own account)
Patent attorney
(own account)
Solicitor (own account)

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
637		LEGAL AND ACCOUNTING SERVI	ICES - contd		
	6372	ACCOUNTING SERVICES			
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing accounting, auditing or bookkeeping services.			
		Primary Activities			
		Accountant (own account) Auditing service Auditor (own account)	Bookkeeping service Tax agent (own account)		
638		OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES			
	6381	DATA PROCESSING SERVICES			
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing A.D.P. or other data processing or tabulating services.			
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engage in leasing or hiring electronic computers or other data processing equipment (which they have not manufactured but which they physically handle), for periods of one year or more, without operators, are included in Class 4734.			
		Primary Activities			
		A.D.P. services (computer programming service) Computer time sharing service Data processing service Electronic data processing or tabulating service	Microfiche production service Punch card accounting service Tabulating service		

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

63 : PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
638		OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES	- contd
	6382	ADVERTISING SERVICES	
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing advertising services (except sale of advertising space).	
		(a) in selling advertis are included in the appr and (b) in selling adve	Establishments mainly engaged: ing space in printed material opriate classes of Group 264; rtising time in radio or e included in the appropriate
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Advertising agency service	Aerial advertising service
		Advertising placement	Commercial art

Advertising agency
service
Advertising placement
service
Advertising preparation
service
Advertising service
(except sale of

advertising space)

Aerial advertising
service
Commercial art
service
Display advertising
service
Samples distribution
service

6383 MARKET AND BUSINESS CONSULTANCY SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing business or management consultancy services (including business analysis or research, or efficiency or organisation and methods studies), fashion design, market research, personnel management, public relations consultancy or statistical services (except data tabulation services or services of government statistical organisations).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in providing data tabulating services are included in Class 6381; and (b) in providing government statistical services are included in the appropriate classes in Subdivision 71.

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
638		OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES -	contd
	6383	MARKET AND BUSINESS CONSULTANCY SERVICES - contd	
		Primary Act	ivities
		Business management service Business research service Business statistical service (except tabulating service or government statistical services) Efficiency advisory service Fashion design or consultancy service Management consultancy service	Market research service Merchandising consultancy service Operations research service (commercial) Personnel management service Public opinion research service Public relations counselling service Sales advisory service
	6704	EVETNA ANDMATT	NO CERTIFICATION

6384 TYPING, COPYING AND MAILING SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing typing, copying, duplicating, blue-printing, photocopying or stenographic services, in compiling mailing lists, or in providing addressing or mailing services.

Primary Activities

Address list compiling service
Addressing service
Blueprinting service
Copying service
Duplicating service

Letter writing service
Mimeographing service
Multigraphing service
Photocopying service
Secretarial service
Typing service

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
638		OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES	- contd
	6385	COLLECTING AND CREDIT REPORTING SERVICES	
		This class consists of e in debt collecting, or i credit reporting.	stablishments mainly engaged n mercantile or consumer
		Primary Activities	
		Collection agency service (accounts; except real estate) Consumer credit reporting service	Credit bureau or agency service Debt collecting service Mercantile credit reporting service

6386 PEST CONTROL SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing industrial or domestic pest control services.

Primary Activities

Pest control service (industrial or domestic)

6387 CLEANING SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing window, building, telephone or similar cleaning services (except carpet cleaning or shampooing services, or steam cleaning or sand or other blasting of building exteriors).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in the cleaning of building exteriors (including steam cleaning or sand or other abrasive blasting) are included in Class 4249; and (b) in cleaning or shampooing carpets are included in Class 9340.

Primary Activities

Building cleaning service Office cleaning service Cleaning service n.e.c. Window cleaning service

Chimney cleaning service Telephone cleaning service

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

63 : PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
638		OTHER BUSINESS SERVICES - contd	

6388 CONTRACT PACKING SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in packing goods in bottles, cans, cartons, collapsible tubes, plastic sachets, plastic film or bags or other containers or materials on a contract or fee basis n.e.c.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in contract packing of agricultural produce
(i.e. of goods originating in Subdivision Ol Agriculture)
are included in industry classes which cover the
contract packing of particular types of agricultural
produce - these industries are located in Subdivisions
02 and 47;

(b) in contract packing of food, beverages or tobacco (i.e. of goods originating in Subdivision 21 Food, Beverages and Tobacco) are included in industry classes which cover the contract packing of such goods — these industries are located in Subdivisions 21 and 47; and (c) in packing or crating goods for transport are included in Class 5744.

<u>Note</u>: The treatment of packing activities is explained in detail in Chapter 5.

Primary Activities

Contract packing or filling (except agricultural produce, food, beverages or tobacco, or crating or packing goods for transport) Packing or filling service
(on a contract or fee
basis; except for
agricultural produce,
food, beverages or
tobacco, or crating or
packing goods for transport)
Shrink wrapping service

6389 BUSINESS SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing business services n.e.c., such as auctioning or valuing services (except in the case of real estate, wool or livestock), protection or private enquiry services.

DIVISION I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
638	6389	OTHER BUISNESS SERVICES - contd BUSINESS SERVICES N.E.C contd EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in auctioning or valuing wool, livestock or agricultural or pastoral properties are included in Class 4751; and (b) in auctioning or valuing real estate (except agricultural or pastoral properties) are included in Class 6310.

Primary Activities

Armoured car service
Auction rooms operation
Auctioning service
 (except real estate,
 wool or livestock)
Burglary protection
 service (except police)
Business service n.e.c.
Caretaking service
Detective agency service
 (except police)
Enquiry agency service
Interior decorating
 service n.e.c.
Interpreting service

Night watchman service
Protection service
(except police)
Quantity surveying
service
Security service
(except police)
Telephone answering
service
Translation service
Valuation service
(except for real
estate, wool or
livestock)

639

PLANT HIRE AND LEASING N.E.C.

6390 PLANT HIRE AND LEASING N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in leasing, renting or hiring industrial machinery, plant or equipment (except transport equipment) for periods less than one year (without operators) from stocks physically held for that purpose.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in leasing machinery, plant or equipment purely on a financial service basis (i.e. without physically handling the goods) are included in Class 6156.

<u>Note</u>: The treatment of leasing activities is explained in detail in Chapter 5.

DIVISION

I : FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

63: PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
639		PLANT HIRE AND LEASING N.E.C contd
	6390	PLANT HIRE AND LEASING N.E.C contd
		Primary Activities

Amusement machines,
coin operated,
hiring (from own
stocks; for periods
less than one year)
Leasing of plant or
equipment (from own
stocks; without
operators; for
periods less than
one year; except
transport equipment)

Plant or equipment hiring or leasing (from own stocks; without operators; for periods less than one year; except transport equipment)

DIVISION J : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE

This Division includes all Federal, State and Local Government establishments mainly engaged in public administration and regulatory activities, as well as establishments of judicial authorities and commissions, establishments of overseas governments in Australia and the establishments of the Army, Navy and Air Force defence forces and the civilian establishments of the department (or departments) mainly engaged in defence administration.

- The industry classes for Federal, State and Local Government administration exclude establishments, operated by these governments, which are mainly engaged in activities other than public administration; such establishments are classified to the classes appropriate to their activities.
- The industry class for defence excludes establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing activities (such as naval dockyards and munitions factories) and establishments mainly engaged in operating colleges or similar educational institutions for the defence forces.
- In national accounting and public finance statistics, public authority expenditure will continue to be classified according to 'purpose'; it is not practicable or appropriate to incorporate such a classification in a classification of establishments such as the ASIC.

DIVISION

J : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE

SUBDIVISION		71 : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	
Group	Class	Title and Desc	ription
711		GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION	
	7111	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINIS	TRATION
			cablishments mainly engaged nistration (except defence).
		Government or Federal State engaged in activities other are included in classes appearablishments of the Austral establishments of the F	er than public administration opropriate to their activities. tralian defence forces as well
		Primary Acti	ivities
		Agricultural extension service (Federal Government) Federal Government administration (except defence)	Governor-Generals establishment operation Parliament, Federal, operation
	7112	STATE GOVERNMENT ADMINISTR	RATION
		This class consists of est State Government administr	tablishments mainly engaged in ration.

State Government administration.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of State Government or State Government Statutory Authorities mainly engaged in activities other than public administration are included in classes appropriate to their activities.

Primary Activities

Agricultural extension Parliament, State, service (State Government) Governors establishment, State, operation

operation State Government administration

DIVISION J : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE - contd

SUBDIVISION 71 : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
711		GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION - contd
	7113	LOCAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in Local Government administration.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of Local Government authorities mainly engaged in activities other than public administration are included in classes appropriate to their activities.
		Primary Activities

Beach inspection (Local Government) Building inspection (Local Government) City administration (Local Government) Health inspection (Local Government) Local Government administration

Municipal administration (Local Government) Shire administration Town administration (Local Government) Vehicle parking regulation (Local Government)

712 JUSTICE

7120 JUSTICE

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation or administration of judicial authorities or commissions including Royal Commissions or similarly constituted inquiries.

Primary Activities

Arbitration court operation Bankruptcy court operation Conciliation and Arbitration Commission operation Childrens court operation Court of law operation (Federal or State) High court of Australia operation

Judicial authority operation (Federal or State) Law court operation Magistrates court operation Petty Sessions, court of, operation Royal Commission operation Supreme court operation

DIVISION

J : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE - contd

SUBDIVISION

71 : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
713		FOREIGN GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATION
	7130	FOREIGN GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATION
		This class consists of establishments in Australia of foreign governments mainly engaged in governmental service activities such as the provision of consular or diplomatic services. This class also includes establishments of international organisations mainly engaged in the provision of administrative services.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: In Australian official statistics, only the resident component of establishments in this industry are normally covered, overseas diplomatic representatives being regarded as residents of the country they represent.

Primary Activities

Consulate operation
 (foreign government)
Embassy operation
 (foreign government)
High Commission
 operation (Common—
 wealth Government)

International organisation administration Legation operation (foreign government) Trade Commission operation (foreign government)

DIVISION

J: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE - contd

SUBDIVISION

72 : DEFENCE

Group	Class	Title and Description
720		DEFENCE
	7200	DEFENCE

This class consists of all establishments of the Australian defence forces (including those staffed by civilian personnel employed by the defence forces) as well as of Federal Government establishments mainly engaged in defence administration (except establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing activities or in operating colleges or similar educational institutions for the defence forces).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Defence department establishments mainly engaged: (a) in manufacturing activities are included in the appropriate industries in Division C Manufacturing; and (b) in operating academies or research institutions are included in the appropriate industries in Division K Community Services.

Primary Activities

Army engineers establishment operation (except manufacturing)

Armed forces establishment operation (except manufacturing or educational)

Civil defence establishment operation

Defence establishment operation n.e.c.

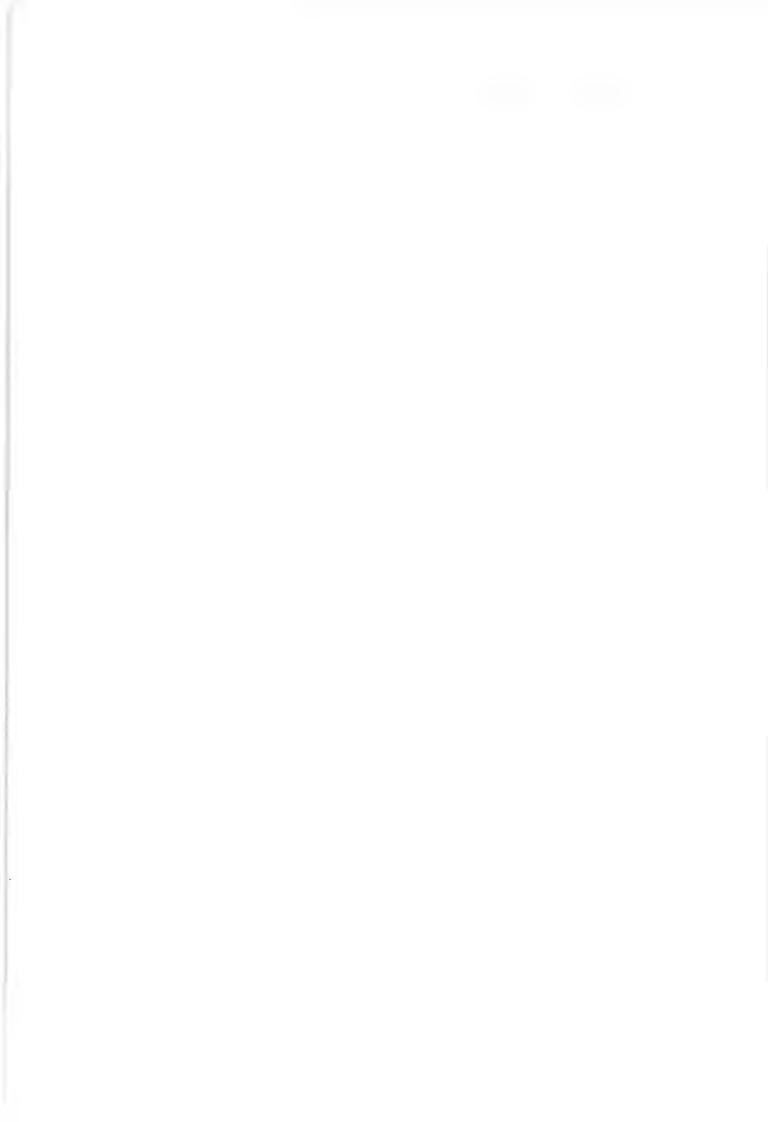
Federal Government administration (defence)

Military establishment
operation (except
manufacturing or
educational)
Naval establishment
operation (except
manufacturing or
educational)
R.A.A.F. establishment
operation (except
manufacturing or
educational)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in providing health, education, library, museum, scientific research, meteorological, welfare, employment, police, prison and fire brigade services. Establishments of certain non-profit organisations such as religious organisations, business, professional and labour organisations, political parties and associations formed to promote community or sectional aims are also included in this Division.

- 2 Groups 823 and 824 in this Division include all establishments which are mainly engaged in providing education. Establishments operated by religious organisations, the defence forces, government departments, companies or other organisations, mainly engaged in providing vocational training for employees or members are included in Group 824.
- In statistics of education, establishments may be classified not only according to ASIC but also according to other classifications e.g. in accordance with the ABS Public Sector/Private Sector classification. Such other classifications are or will be incorporated in separate classification documents.
- The term 'own account' has been used in this Division to qualify certain primary activity descriptions which have usually been specified in terms of an occupation. This approach has been adopted to distinguish between a service provided by employees of an organisation or institution, (which would be classified according to its predominant activity) and the same service being provided by a self employed practitioner conducting his own business.



DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES

SUBDIVISION

81 : HEALTH

Group	Class	Title and Description
814		HOSPITALS AND NURSING HOMES
	8141	HOSPITALS (EXCEPT PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS)
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing hospital (except psychiatric or dental hospital) facilities such as diagnostic medical or surgical services as well as continuous in-patient nursing care.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in providing psychiatric hospital facilities are included in Class 8142; (b) in providing nursing or convalescent home facilities are included in Class 8143; and (c) in providing dental hospital facilities are included in Class 8152.

Note: Hospitals of the armed forces are included in

Note: Hospitals of the armed forces are included in Class 7200.

Primary Activities

Childrens hospital
operation
Eye hospital operation
General hospital
operation
Geriatric hospital
operation (except
nursing home)
Hospital operation
(except psychiatric,
dental, military or
veterinary hospitals)

Infectious diseases
hospital operation
(incl. human
quarantine stations)
Maternity hospital
operation
Obstetric hospital
operation
Repatriation hospital
operation

8142 PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing psychiatric or mental hospital facilities.

Primary Activities

Mental asylum operation
Mental hospital operation

Psychiatric hospital operation

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
814		HOSPITALS AND NURSING HOMES - contd
	8143	NURSING HOMES
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing nursing or convalescent home facilities

(including the provision of nursing or medical care as a basic part of the service).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in providing institutionalised accommodation and care (except medical or nursing care as a basic part of the

service) to handicapped or old people are included in

Class 8304.

Primary Activities

Convalescent home
operation (incl.
provision of nursing
or medical care as a
basic part of the
service; except
hospitals)

Home for the aged
operation (incl.
provision of nursing
or medical care as a
basic part of the
service; except
hospitals)

Nursing home operation
(incl. provision of
nursing or medical care
as a basic part of the
service; except
hospitals)
Rest home operation
(incl. the provision
of nursing or medical
care as a basic part
of the service; except
hospitals)

815

OTHER HEALTH

8151 MEDICINE

This class consists of establishments of registered medical practitioners (including such establishments as medical clinics or group practices) mainly engaged in providing medical services on their own account. This class also includes establishments solely engaged in providing medical services mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations. Establishments mainly engaged in operating pathology laboratories, whether on their own account of not, are included in this class.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 81 : HEALTH - contd

Group Class Title and Description

815 OTHER HEALTH - contd

8151 MEDICINE - contd

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in operating hospitals or nursing homes are
included in the appropriate classes of Group 814;
(b) in providing services of registered medical
practitioners in association with paramedical, nursing
and/or health related social workers' services, mainly
on the account of government agencies or non-profit
organisations, are included in Class 8156; (c) in
providing paramedical, nursing and/or health related
social workers' services (except in association with
the services of registered medical practitioners)
mainly on the account of government agencies or nonprofit organisations are included in Class 8157; and
(d) in providing paramedical or nursing services on
their own account are included in Class 8158.

Primary Activities

Allergist (own account) Anaesthetist (own account) Clinic, medical, operation (own account; except hospital) Clinical psychologist (own account) Dermatologist (own account) Flying doctor service General practitioner, medical (own account) Gynaecologist (own account) Medical service, G.P. or specialist (on account of government or non-profit organisation; except in association with paramedical, nursing or health related social workers' services at the same establishment)

Medical service, G.P. or specialist (own account) Neurologist (own account) Obstetrician (own account) Opthalmologist (own account) Orthopaedic specialist (own account) Otorhinolaryngologist (own account) Paediatrician (own account) Pathologist (own account) Pathology laboratory operation Physician, consultant (own account) Plastic surgeon (own account) Psychiatrist (own account) Radiologist (own account) Rheumatologist (own account) Specialist medical practitioner (own account) Surgeon (own account) Thoracic specialist (own account) Urologist (own account)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title a	nd Description	
815		OTHER HEALTH - conto	1	
	8152	DENTISTRY		
		dental practitioners clinics in which a g for purposes of carr	of establishments of registered or orthodontists, or dental group of dentists is associated ying on their profession. Dental nocluded in this class.	
		Primary Activities		
		Clinic, dental, operation Dental hospital operation Dental surgeon (own account)	Orthodontist (own account) Periodontist (own account)	
	8153	DENTAL LABORATORIES		
		This class consists in making dentures.	of establishments mainly engaged	
		Primar	y Activities	

Dental laboratory Dentures fabrication operation (dentures Dental technician fabrication only) (own account)

8154 OPTOMETRY AND OPTICAL DISPENSING

This class consists of establishments of registered optometrists mainly engaged in testing sight, diagnosing sight defects or in prescribing or dispensing spectacles or contact lenses. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in dispensing hearing aids.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in manufacturing ophthalmic articles or spectacle frames or in grinding spectacle lenses are included in Class 3481.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title and	Description
815		OTHER HEALTH - contd	
	8154	OPTOMETRY AND OPTICAL	DISPENSING - contd
		Primary	Activities
		Contact lenses dispensing	Optician (own account)
		Eye testing (optometrist)	Optometrist (own account)
		Hearing aids dispensing	Orthoptist (own account)
		Optical dispensing	Spectacles dispensing

8155 AMBULANCE SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing ambulance services.

Primary Activities

Aerial ambulance service Ambulance service

8156 COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (MEDICAL)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing services of registered medical practitioners in association with paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of registered medical practitioners mainly engaged in providing medical services on their own account are included in Class 8151 as are establishments solely engaged in providing the services of registered medical practitioners mainly on the account of government agencies or nonprofit organisations. Establishments mainly engaged in operating pathology laboratories are also included in Class 8151. Establishments mainly engaged in providing paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services (except in association with the services of registered medical practitioners) mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations are included in Class 8157, while establishments mainly engaged in providing paramedical or nursing services on their own account are included in Class 8158.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
815		OTHER HEALTH - contd	
	8156	COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (MEDICAL)	

Primary Activities

Community health Nursing service (on centre operation account of government or non-profit (medical) organisation; in Drug referral centre (on account of association with provision of the services of registered medical practitioners government or nonprofit organisation; in association with at the same establishprovision of the services of registered ment)
medical practitioners Paramedical service at the same establish-(on account of government or non-profit organisation; ment) Medical service , G.P. in association with or specialist (on provision of the account of government or non-profit services of registered organisation: in medical practitioners association with at the same establishparamedical nursing ment) and/or health related social workers' services

8157 COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (PARAMEDICAL)

at the same establishment)

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services (except in association with the services of registered medical practitioners) mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in providing the services of registered medical practitioners in association with paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services, mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations are included in Class 8156; and (b) in providing paramedical or nursing services on their own account are included in Class 8158.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
815 OTHER HEALTH - contd		OTHER HEALTH - contd
	8157	COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (PARAMEDICAL) - contd

Primary Activities

Community health centre operation (paramedical) Child health centre operation (on account of government or non-profit organisation: not providing the services of registered medical practitioners) Drug referral centre operation (on account of government or nonprofit organisation: not providing services of registered medical practitioners)

Nursing service (on account of government or non-profit organisation; not in association with provision of the services of registered medical practitioners) Paramedical service (on account of government or nonprofit organisation: not in association with provision of the service of registered medical practitioners)

8158 HEALTH SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing paramedical, nursing or health services n.e.c. on their own account. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in providing blood bank or X-ray clinic services.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in providing the services of registered medical practitioners in association with paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services, mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations are included in Class 8156; and (b) in providing paramedical, nursing and/or health related social workers' services (except in association with the services of registered medical practitioners) mainly on the account of government agencies or non-profit organisations are included in Class 8157.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 81 : HEALTH - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
815		OTHER HEALTH - contd	
	8158	HEALTH SERVICES N.E.C	contd
		Primary Act	ivities
		Artificial limb maker or fitter (own account) Blood bank operation Chiropodist (own account) Chiropracter (own account) Dietitian (own account) Health services n.e.c. Herbalist (own account) Homeopath (own account) Hydropath (own account)	Midwife (own account) Nurse (own account) Occupational therapy service (own account) Ostecpath (own account) Paramedical services (own account) n.e.c. Physiotherapist (cwn account) Speech pathology service (own account) X-ray clinic operation
816		VETERINARY SERVICES	
	8160	VETERINARY SERVICES	
			tablishments of registered This class also includes aged in operating animal
		Primary Act	ivities
		Animal clinic operation Animal hospital operation Animal quarantine	Spaying service Veterinary surgeon (own account)

station operation

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
823		SCHOOL EDUCATION
	8231	PRESCHOOLS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing pre-primary school education.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing pre-primary school education in conjunction with normal primary school education are included in Class 8232; and (b) in providing child minding or day nursery services are included in Class 8305.
		Primary Activities
		Kindergarten, pre-school, Pre-school centre operation (except operation (except child minding centre) child minding centre)
	8232	PRIMARY SCHOOLS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing primary school education (except combined primary/secondary school education).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged

(a) in providing one or more permanently organised grades or years of secondary school education in conjunction with primary school education are included in Class 8234; and (b) in providing student accommodation (except boarding schools) are included in Class 9233.

Primary Activities

Boarding school operation (primary school; except combined primary/ secondary school)

Primary school operation (except combined primary/ secondary school)

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

82 : EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
823		SCHOOL EDUCATION - contd
	8233	SECONDARY SCHOOLS
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing secondary school education (except combined primary/secondary school education).
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing one or more permanently organised grades or years of primary school education in conjunction with secondary school education are included

Primary Activities

in Class 8234; and (b) in providing student

accommodation (except boarding schools) are included in

Agricultural high	Matric
school operation	oper
(except combined	comb
primary/secondary	seco
school)	Second
Boarding school	(exc
operation (secondary	prim
school education;	Second
except combined	(exc
primary/secondary	seco
school)	

Class 9233.

Matriculation college
operation (except
combined primary/
secondary school)
Secondary college operation
(except combined
primary/secondary school)
Secondary school operation
(except combined primary/
secondary school)

8234 COMBINED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing both primary and secondary school education.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in providing student accommodation (except boarding schools) are included in Class 9233.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 82 : EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	cription
823		SCHOOL EDUCATION - contd	
	8234	COMBINED PRIMARY AND SECON	NDARY SCHOOLS - contd
		Primary A	Activities
		Agricultural high school operation (combined primary/ secondary school) Area school operation (combined primary/ secondary school) Boarding school operation (combined primary/secondary school) Central school operation (combined primary/ secondary school)	District school operation (combined primary/secondary school) Secondary college operation (combined primary/secondary school) Secondary school operation (combined primary/secondary school)

8235 SPECIAL SCHOOLS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing education and training (except normal primary or secondary school education) for handicapped children.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in providing normal primary or secondary school education for handicapped children are included in Classes 8232, 8233 or 8234.

Primary Activities

Special school operation (for deaf, blind, retarded or other handicapped children; not providing normal primary or secondary school education)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 82 : EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
824		POST SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUC	CATION
	8241	UNIVERSITIES	
		universities mainly engage undergraduate or post grad EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Es	tablishments of recognised ed in providing university duate teaching or research. stablishments mainly engaged of residence are included
		Primary Act	ivities
		Post graduate school, university, operation Research school, university, operation	Undergraduate school, university, operation University operation

8242 COLLEGES OF ADVANCED EDUCATION

This class consists of establishments of recognised colleges of advanced education mainly engaged in providing advanced level courses.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in operating student halls of residence are included in Class 9233.

Primary Activities

College of advanced education operation

8243 TECHNICAL AND FURTHER EDUCATION COLLEGES

This class consists of establishments of recognised technical and further education colleges which are mainly engaged in providing post school education courses which are not at an advanced level.

Primary Activities

Technical and further education college operation

Technical college operation (recognised TAFE institution)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 82 : EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class Title and Description		
824		POST SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUC	CATION - contd
	8244	EDUCATION N.E.C.	
		This class consists of est in providing post school e education or training.	tablishments mainly engaged education n.e.c. or other
			stablishments mainly engaged sporting or other recreational class 9144.
		Primary Act	ivities
		Art school operation n.e.c. Ballet school operation Ballet teaching (own account) Business college operation n.e.c. Coaching college operation Correspondence school operation n.e.c. Drama school operation Driving school, motor vehicle, operation Education n.e.c. Elocution school operation	Engineering school operation n.e.c. Mannequin school operation Music school operation n.e.c. Music teaching (own account) Nursing college operation n.e.c. Paramedical training college operation n.e.c. Post school education n.e.c. Teachers college operation n.e.c. Tutoring service, academic
825		LIBRARIES, MUSEUMS AND AR	I GALLERIES
	8251	LIBRARIES	
			tablishments mainly engaged ing or reference facilities.
		Primary Act	ivities

Archival service Lending library service Library service Mobile library service Municipal library service

National library service
Phonograph record
library service
Public library service

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 82 : EDUCATION, MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and De	escription
825		LIBRARIES, MUSEUMS AND AF	RT GALLERIES - contd
	8252	MUSEUMS AND ART GALLERIES	5
		in providing museum or an This class also includes	stablishments mainly engaged, et gallery presentations. establishments mainly engaged representations as tourist
		•	Establishments mainly engaged are included in Class 4897.
		Primary Act	tivities
		Art gallery operation (except retail) Museum operation	War memorial museum operation

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

83 : WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS

Group	Class	Title and De	escription		
830		WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS IN	STITUTIONS		
	8304	WELFARE AND CHARITABLE H	HOMES N.E.C.		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engin providing homes for the handicapped, for orphor for the aged, where nursing or medical care provided as a normal service.			
		Primary Ac	ctivities		
		Childrens home operation (except corrective) Deaf home operation Home for the aged operation n.e.c. Home for the blind	Home operation (for the handicapped, the aged or orphans) n.e.c. Orphanage operation n.e.c. Womens refuge operation		

8305 WELFARE AND CHARITABLE SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing welfare or charitable services (including fund raising services for welfare or charitable purposes) n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Adoption service n.e.c. Adult day care centre operation n.e.c. Alcoholics anonymous society operation Blind institute operation (except home or school) Charity service n.e.c. Childminding centre operation (except preschool) Counseling service (charity or welfare) n.e.c. Emergency housekeeping service Family welfare agency operation n.e.c.

Fund raising for charitable or welfare purposes Marriage guidance service Meals on wheels service Nursery, childrens, operation (except preschool) Refuge operation n.e.c. Sheltered workshop operation Social welfare services n.e.c. Welfare centre operation n.e.c. Welfare service n.e.c.

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

83 : WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
830	8306	WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS - contd
	0,00	This class consists of establishments of religious organisations operated for worship or for the promotion of religious activities.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of religious institutions mainly engaged in the provision of education, or operation of hospitals, charitable homes etc., are included in the classes appropriate to these activities.

Primary Activities

Bible society operation (except establishments mainly engaged in the provision of goods or services which are primary to other industries) Church operation Convent operation Dicceson registry operation Missionary society operation (except establishments mainly engaged in the provision of goods or services which are primary to other industries)

Monastery operation
Religious organisation
operation (except
establishments
mainly engaged in
the provision of
goods or services
which are primary to
other industries)
Salvation Army
(except establishments
mainly engaged in
providing goods or
services primary
to other industries)
Synagogue operation
Temple, religious,
operation

DIVISION

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

84 : OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES

Group	Class	Title and Description
846		RESEARCH AND METEOROLOGY SERVICES
	8461	RESEARCH AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTIONS
		This class consists of establishments (except universities mainly engaged in undertaking research in the agricultural biological, physical or social sciences.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged: (a) in providing technical or engineering consultancy services are included in Class 6336; (b) in providing market research or similar services for businesses are included in Class 6383; and (c) in providing testing or diagnostic services for the medical profession are included in Class 8151. Note: Establishments of universities mainly engaged in undertaking basic or applied research are included in Class 8241.

Primary Activities

Aeronautical research institution operation (except university) Agricultural research institution operation (except university) Biological research institution operation (except university) Economic research institution operation (except university) Food research institution operation (except university) Industrial research institution operation (except university)

Medical research institution operation (except university) Observatory operation (except university) Research farm operation (except university) Scientific research institution operation (except university) Social science research institution operation (except university) Space tracking station operation (except as communication service)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 84 : OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
846		RESEARCH AND METEOROLOGY SERVICES - contd		
	8462	METEOROLOGICAL SERVICES		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in collecting, collating or analysing meteorological information or in supplying meteorological forecasts.		
		Primary Activities		
		Meteorological Weather station operation		
847	BUSINESS AND LABOUR ASSOCIATIONS			
	8471	BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS		
		This class consists of establishments of associations mainly engaged in promoting the interests of employers or self-employed persons.		

Primary Activities

Accountants association operation	Farmers association operation
Architects association operation	Graziers association operation
Bar association operation	Hotelkeepers association operation
Builders association operation	Lawyers association operation
Chamber of Commerce operation	Manufacturers association operation
Chamber of Manufacturers operation	Medical association operation
Chemists association operation	Pastoralists association operation
Dentists association operation	Retail traders association operation
Employers association operation	Surveyors association operation
Engineers association operation (except trade union)	Trade association operation (except trade union)

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 84: OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description			
0.45		DUGINDGG AND TAROUR AGGOGIAMTONG 13			
847		BUSINESS AND LABOUR ASSOCIATIONS - contd			
	8472	LABOUR ASSOCIATIONS			
		This class consists of establishments of associations, councils or unions mainly engaged in promoting the interests of employees.			
		Primary Activities			
		Nurses Association Teachers association			
		operation operation			
		Public service Trade union operation employees association operation			
848		OTHER COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS			
	8481	POLITICAL PARTIES			
		This class consists of establishments of political parties.			
		Primary Activities			
		Political party operation			
	8482	COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS N.E.C.			
		This class consists of establishments of associations, clubs or organisations for the promotion of community or sectional interests n.e.c.			
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of: (a) welfare or religious institutions are included in the appropriate classes in Group 830; (b) business or labour associations are included in Group 847; (c) political parties are included in Class 8481; and (d) association clubs or organisations mainly engaged in providing			

entertainment, sporting or other recreation facilities are included in the appropriate classes in Division L.

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION 84 : OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
848		OTHER COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS - contd
	8482	COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS N.E.C contd
		Primary Activities

Accident prevention association operation Associations operation (for promotion of community or sectional interests) n.e.c. Automobile association operation Clubs operation (for the promotion of community or sectional interests; except licensed clubs) Consumers association operation

Housewives association operation Pensioners association operation Ratepayers association operation Society operation (for the prevention of cruelty to animals) Taxpayers association operation

849

OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES

8491 EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing employment agency services. Establishments mainly engaged in providing their own employees to other establishments on a contract or fee basis are included in this class if the contract is for the supply of labour only and not for the provision or performance of specified services or tasks (such as the provision of accountancy, security or repair and maintenance services carried out at the locations of the 'client' establishments and under the direction of the 'client' establishments).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in providing specified services on a contract or fee basis (including establishments which send out their own employees to perform these services at the locations of the 'client' establishments) are included in classes which cover their main activity. Establishments which as a sole or main activity provide the entire workforce (including supervisory staff) for another establishment are classified in accordance with the activities performed by the 'client' establishments.

DIVISION K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 84 : OTHER COMMINITY SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Desc	cription			
849		OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd				
	8491	EMPLOYMENT SERVICES - cont	đ			
		Primary Activities				
		Casting agency service (theatrical, etc) Contract labour supply service (except provision of specific services)	District employment office operation Employment agency operation			
	8492	8492 POLICE				
		This class consists of est Federal or State Governmen forces.				
		Primary Activities				
		Police station operation (Government) Police service (Government)	Security or intelligence organisation operation (Government)			
	8493	PRISONS AND REFORMATORIES				
		This class consists of penal establishments incl prisons, reform schools or homes or similar corr establishments.				
		Primary Acti	vities			
		Childrens home operation (corrective) Gaol operation	Prison farm operation Prison operation Reform school operation			

Gaol operation Reform school operation Penal establishment Reformatory operation operation

K : COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd DIVISION

SUBDIVISION		84 : OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd				
Group	Class	Title and Description				
849		OTHER COMMUNITY SERVICES - contd				
	8494	FIRE BRIGADES				
			f establishments mainly engaged nting or related services.			
		Primary	Activities			
		Fire brigade service Fire detection service	Fire fighting service Fire prevention service			
	8495	SANITARY AND GARBAGE DISPOSAL SERVICES				
			f establishments mainly engaged osing of refuse (except through			
		Primary Activities				
		Garbage collection service	Night soil collection and disposal service			

service and disposal s
Garbage disposal Rubbish dump or service Industrial waste Sanitary disposal collection and disposal service

and disposal service tip operation service

DIVISION L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

This Division includes all establishments mainly engaged in providing entertainment and recreational services, accommodation, catering and personal services.

This Division also includes establishments of such non-profit organisations as sporting and recreational clubs and associations. Non-profit organisations which have been formed to promote community or sectional interests and which are not mainly engaged in providing recreational facilities are included in Division K.

DIVISION

L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

SUBDIVISION

91 : ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL SERVICES

Group	Class	Title and Description	
913		ENTERTAINMENT	
	9131	MOTION PICTURE PRODUCTIO	N
			establishments mainly engaged sion picture film or tape for ejection.
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Motion picture film or tape production Newsreel production	Television film or tape production
	9132	MOTION PICTURE FILM HIRI	ING
		in hiring motion picture	, charitable or other non-
		Primary Ac	tivities
		Motion picture film hiring	
	9133	MOTION PICTURE THEATRES	
		This class consists of e in screening motion pict	establishments mainly engaged cure films.
		Primary Ac	ctivities
		Cinema operation Drive-in theatre operation Motion picture screening	Motion picture theatre operation Newsreel theatre operation

9134 RADIO STATIONS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in radio broadcasting to the general public.

DIVISION L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and	Description
913		ENTERTAINMENT - contd	
	9134	RADIO STATIONS - conto	
		Primary	Activities
		Radio broadcasting Radio programmes recording	Radio station operation
	9135	TELEVISION STATIONS	
			establishments mainly engaged ting to the general public.
		Primary	Activities
		Telecasting Television broad- casting	Television programmes video recording Television station operation
	9136	LIVE THEATRE, ORCHESTR	AS AND BANDS
		in providing live thea	establishments mainly engaged trical or musical presentations pera, ballet or drama).
		Primary .	Activities

Ballet company
Concert hall
Operation
Dance band
Music hall operation
Opera company
Opera house operation
Orchestra

Playhouse operation
Recording studio
Operation n.e.c.
Theatre operation
Oexcept motion
picture theatre)
Theatrical company

9137 CREATIVE ARTS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in musical composition, the literary arts, painting or sculpture. This class also includes establishments mainly engaged in news reporting.

DIVISION

L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION		91 : ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL SERVICES - contd		
Group	Class	Title and Description		
913		ENTERTAINMENT - contd		
	9137	CREATIVE ARTS - contd		
		Primary Activities		
		Artist (own account) Author (own account) Cartoonist (own account) Composing (music; own account) Account) Journalist (free-lance) Painting (artist; own account) Artist (own account) Poet (own account) Sculptor (own account) Song writer (own account) Writer (own account)		
	9138	ENTERTAINMENT N.E.C.		
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing entertainment services (including the operation of amusement parks or arcades, side shows, rodeos, agricultural shows, circuses or shooting		

galleries) n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Agricultural show operation Amusement arcade or park operation Circus operation Dance hall, studio or academy operation

Entertainment services n.e.c. Merry-go-round operation Rodeo operation Shooting gallery operation

914 SPORT AND RECREATION

9141 PARKS AND ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in the operation of parks and zoological gardens such as flora or fauna reserves, national parks, botanical or zoological gardens, tourist caves or wild-life sanctuaries.

DIVISION

L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

91 : ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Des	scription			
914		SPORT AND RECREATION - con	ntd			
	9141	PARKS AND ZOOLOGICAL GARDI	ENS - contd			
		Primary Activities				
		Aquarium operation Botanical garden operation National park operation Parks and gardens operation Picnic ground operation	Recreation ground operation (except sporting) Tourist caves operation Wild-life sanctuary operation Zoological garden operation			
	9142		tablishments mainly engaged in selling lottery tickets.			
		Primary Act	ivities			
		Art union operation Lottery agency operation	Lottery operation			
	9143	GAMBLING SERVICES (EXCEPT	LOTTERIES)			
			tablishments mainly engaged betting or other gambling s).			
		Primary Act	ivities			
		Betting shop operation Bookmaker (own account) Football pools operation	Gambling establishment operation Totalisator agency operation			

operation

operation

DIVISION

L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd.

SUBDIVISION

91: ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL SERVICES - contd.

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This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing sport or recreation facilities (including the operation of ten pin bowling alleys, squash courts, skating rinks, sports grounds, tennis courts, speedways, boxing stadiums, etc) n.e.c. This class also includes establishments of non-licensed sporting clubs which have no clubroom facilities (or which have clubroom facilities but employ no clubroom staff), as well as separately located grounds of sporting clubs which are treated as separate establishments.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of sports clubs with premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages are included in the appropriate classes in Group 924 and establishments on non-licensed sporting clubs with clubroom facilities (and which employ clubroom staff) are included in Class 9244.

Primary Activities

Billiard saloon operation Bowling alley, tenpin, operation Bowling green operation n.e.c. Boxing stadium operation Chairlift operation Dog training Farrier service Game fishing boat hire. charter or lease (from own stocks, with or without crew, for periods less than one year) Golf course or practice range operation n.e.c. Gymnasium operation n.e.c. Horse training Marina facilities operation (for pleasure craft) Pleasure boat hire service (from own stocks; without crew; for periods less than one year)

Race course or track operation n.e.c. Railway operation (by historical railway societies or as a tourist attraction; except amusement park railways) Riding school operation Skating rink operation Ski-tow operation Speedway operation (motor racing) Sporting club or association (with premises not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages and employing no clubroom staff) Sporting club or association (without club premises) Sports coaching Sports ground operation n.e.c. Squash court operationn.e.c. Swimming pool operation n.e.c. Tennis court operation n.e.c.

DIVISION

L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

92 : RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND CLUBS

Group Class Title and Description		Title and Description
923		RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND ACCOMMODATION
	9231	CAFES AND RESTAURANTS
		This class consists of establishments (whether or not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages) mainly engaged in providing meals for consumption on the premises.
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments which offer some food for consumption on the premises but which are mainly engaged: (a) in retailing ready to eat take away foods are included in Class 4886; and

Primary Activities

(b) in selling alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises (except licensed clubs) are included

Cafe operation Cafeteria operation Catering service

in Class 9232.

Grill bar operation Restaurant operation Tea room operation

9232 HOTELS, ETC (MAINLY DRINKING PLACES)

This class consists of hotels, bars or similar establishments (except licensed clubs) mainly engaged in selling alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises or in selling alcoholic beverages both for consumption on the premises and for consumption off the premises (e.g. from bottle shops located at such premises).

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in retailing alcoholic beverages for consumption off the premises only are included in Class 4884; and (b) in operating licensed clubs are included in the appropriate classes in Group 924.

Primary Activities

Bar, licensed, operation (mainly drinking place) Hotel, licensed, operation (mainly drinking place) Motel, licensed, operation
(mainly drinking place)
Tavern, licensed, operation
(mainly drinking place)
Wine saloon operation

DIVISION L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 92 : RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND CLUBS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
923	9233	RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND ACCOMMODATION - contd
	7-77	This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing accommodation.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in renting or leasing their own (including leased) residential properties or dwellings to others are included in Class 6321.

Primary Activities

Boarding house operation
Camping ground operation
Caravan park operation
Fishing lodge operation
Guest house operation
Hostel operation
(mainly accommodation)
Hotel, licensed,
operation (mainly
accommodation)
Hotel, private,
operation
Motel, licensed,
operation (mainly
accommodation)

Motel, unlicensed,
operation
Motor inn operation
(mainly accommodation)
Private hotel operation
Rooming house operation
Ski-lodge operation
Student residences
operation (except
boarding schools)
Tourist camp operation
University halls of
residence operation
Youth hostel operation

924 CLUBS

9241 LICENSED BOWLING CLUBS

This class consists of establishments of lawn bowling clubs or associations (including their grounds) licensed to sell alcoholic beverages.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of organisations (other than lawn bowling clubs or associations) mainly engaged in operating bowling greens are included in Class 9144. Establishments of lawn bowling clubs or associations not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages are treated as follows: (a) those which provide clubroom facilities and employ clubroom staff are included in Class 9244; and (b) those which do not provide clubroom facilities or do not employ clubroom staff are included in Class 9144.

DIVISION

L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

92 : RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND CLUBS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description
924		CLUBS - contd
	9241	LICENSED BOWLING CLUBS - contd
		Primary Activities
		Bowling club or association (with premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages)

9242 LICENSED GOLF CLUBS

This class consists of establishments of golf clubs or associations (including their grounds) licensed to sell alcoholic beverages.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments of organisations (other than golf clubs or associations) mainly engaged in operating golf courses are included in Class 9144. Establishments of golf clubs or associations not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages are treated as follows: (a) those which provide clubroom facilities and employ clubroom staff are included in Class 9244; and (b) those which do not provide clubroom facilities or do not employ club room staff are included in Class 9144.

Primary Activities

Golf club or association (with premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages)

9243 LICENSED CLUBS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments of sporting, social or recreational clubs or associations, licensed to sell alcoholic beverages, mainly engaged in providing club or clubroom facilities (except establishments of licensed bowling or golf clubs).

DIVISION

L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

92 : RESTAURANTS, HOTELS AND CLUBS - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
924		CLUBS - contd	
	9243	LICENSED CLUBS N.E.C contd	
		EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Separately located sporting grounds of such clubs which are treated as separate establishments are included in Class 9144.	
		Primary Activities	

Association or club
 (with premises licensed
 to sell alcoholic
 beverages) n.e.c.
Social club (with
 premises licensed to
 sell alcoholic
 beverages)

Sporting club or association (with premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages; except separately located grounds of such clubs treated as separate establishments, or bowling or golf clubs)

9244 NON-LICENSED CLUBS N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments of sporting, social or recreational clubs or associations mainly engaged in providing club or clubroom facilities, not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged in operating clubs or associations which promote community or sectional interests or the interests of employees, self employed persons or employers are included in the appropriate classes in Division K. Separately located grounds of non-licensed sporting clubs which are treated as separate establishments are included in Class 9144.

Primary Activities

Association (not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages) n.e.c.
Club (not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages) n.e.c.
Social club or association

Social club or association (not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages) n.e.c.

Sporting club or association (with premises not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages but employing clubroom staff; except separately located grounds of such clubs treated as separate establishments)

DIVISION L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION 93: PERSONAL SERVICES

Group	Class	Class Title and Description			
934	LAUNDRIES AND DRY-CLEANERS				
	9340	LAUNDRIES AND DRY-CLEANERS	5		
			tablishments mainly engaged ry-cleaning services (including services).		
		Primary Acti	ivities		
		Baby napkin hire service Carpet cleaning service Carpet shampooing service Dry-cleaning agency operation Dry-cleaning services	Dyeing service, clothes, n.e.c. Linen hire service Laundry agency operation Laundry service Self-service laundry operation		
935		12			
<i>)))</i>	9351	HAIRDRESSERS, BEAUTY SALON MENS HAIRDRESSERS			
		This class consists of est in mens hairdressing.	tablishments mainly engaged		
		Primary Activities			
		Barber shop operation	Mens hairdressing		
	9352	WOMENS HAIRDRESSING AND BEAUTY SALONS			
		This class consists of est in womens hairdressing, or treatment services.	cablishments mainly engaged in furnishing beauty		
		Primary Activities			
		Beauty salon operation Epilation service	Pedicure service Womens hairdressing		

Manicure service

DIVISION

L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION

93 : PERSONAL SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description	
936		OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	

9361 PHOTOGRAPHY SERVICES N.E.C.

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in undertaking portrait or other photography.

EXCLUSIONS/REFERENCES: Establishments mainly engaged:
(a) in developing, printing or other processing of
motion picture or other photographic film are included
in Class 3342; (b) in retailing photographic equipment or supplies are included in Class 4892; (c) in
providing aerial photography services are included in
Class 6335; and (d) in motion picture production are
included in Class 9131.

Primary Activities

Commercial photography
service (except
aerial photography,
motion picture
production or
photographic film
processing)
Photography service
(except aerial
photography, motion
picture production

or photographic
film processing)

Portrait photography
service
Street photography
service
Studio photography
service

9362 FUNERAL DIRECTORS

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in managing funerals.

Primary Activities

Funeral directing

Undertaking

DIVISION L: RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES - contd

SUBDIVISION: 93 : PERSONAL SERVICES - contd

Group	Class	Title and Description		
936		OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	_ contd	
	9363	CREMATORIA AND CEMETERI	ES	
		This class consists of in cremating or burying	establishments mainly engaged the dead.	
		Primary A	ctivities	
		Cemetery operation	Crematorium operation	
	9364	PERSONAL SERVICES N.E.C	•	

This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in providing personal services n.e.c.

Primary Activities

Animal beauty parlours operation Baby sitting service Boarding kennels operation Booking agency operation n.e.c. Brothel keeping Chauffeur service Cloak room service Domestic service (on a contract or fee basis)

Escort agency service Gardening service Lawn mowing service Massage parlour operation Masseur (own account) Pets home operation Sauna bath operation Tattooing service Toilet, public, operation Turkish bath operation

DIVISION

L : RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

SUBDIVISION

94 : PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS EMPLOYING STAFF

Group	Class	Title and Description
940		PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS EMPLOYING STAFF
	9400	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS EMPLOYING STAFF
		This class consists of establishments mainly engaged in employing caretakers, maids, chauffeurs, gardeners, butlers or other servants for domestic purposes.
		Primary Activities
		Private households (employing staff)

DIVISION M : NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS

SUBDIVISION 99 : NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS

Group	Class	Title and Description
990		NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS
	9900	NON-CLASSIFIABLE ECONOMIC UNITS

